"All the News That's Fit to Print."

# The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day and Friday; light, variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 12.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,557. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1914.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere TWO CENTS.

## GET FIVE JURORS FOR BECKER TRIAL

### Bourke Cockran Balked in Six Attempts to Obtain Delay for Defense.

### BITTER ATTACK ON WHITMAN

### Court Denies Contempt Motion Against Prosecutor for Dresner Confession—No Venue Change

### COCKRAN QUITS THE CASE

**Crying "Assassination" — Jurors Chosen in Record Time—May Fill Box To-day—Becker Composed.**

Ex-Lieut. Charles Becker, whose conviction for the slaying of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, was reversed by the Court of Appeals on Feb. 24, was placed on trial for the murder a second time before Justice Seabury in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court yesterday morning. When the court adjourned for the day at 4:20 o'clock in the afternoon five jurors had been selected. Here they are:

1. F. MEREDITH BLAGDEN, 28 years old, unmarried; bond salesman with Redmond & Co., bankers, 33 Pine Street and living at 16 East Tenth Street. Foreman.
2. WILLIAM B. DALTON, 35 years old, married; advertising manager, 2,369 Seventh Avenue and living at 125 West 139th Street.
3. JAMES M. FAUST, 29 years old, single; real estate broker with Cross & Brown Company, 20 East Forty-first Street and living at 58 West Forty-fifth Street.
4. THOMAS W. EDWARDS, 30 years old, chemist, 507 West 186th Street.
5. EDWARD E. VAN EMAN, 36 years old, widower, 455 Fort Washington Avenue; no occupation.

These five men had been selected from seventy-four talesmen, about one-fourth of the special panel drawn, and the record is unprecedented for similar cases. The opinion had prevailed that it would be next to impossible to find jurymen with open minds for the new Becker trial, but as compared with the first trial, in the course of which only one juror was selected on the first day of the trial, there appeared to be much less prejudice and bias. At the rate of progress shown yesterday the jury box ought to be filled at the close of to-day's session.

This record, moreover, was made in the face of sensational incidents in the courtroom. The fireworks were set off by W. Bourke Cockran, who injected his personality into the defense for just a few hours. Within those few hours, however, there was plenty of action. Six different motions were made, and they were all lost by Becker. The appearance of Mr. Cockran was, in fact, a complete surprise. His previous denunciation of Becker, it was thought, had excluded him, and it was expected that the trial would be left solely to Martin T. Manton, his junior partner.

**Cockran Attacks Whitman.**

The reason he entered the case, it soon appeared, was to deliver an oratorical broadside against District Attorney Whitman. In his very first motion he demanded of Justice Seabury that he hold the District Attorney in contempt of court for circulating newspaper stories on the eve of the trial detrimental to Becker. The gray-haired lawyer was in a rage. The District Attorney's answer to the thrusts and gibes was a cynical smile. Even while the older lawyer's fist was clenched the District Attorney kept on smiling. That enraged Mr. Cockran all the more. He tried his best, but he could not win his points. Justice Seabury refused to take his arguments seriously, and when all was over and every point had been lost, Mr. Cockran stalked out of the court room and in the corridors made this remark:

"I am through with the Becker case, through with it. This is assassination."

Justice Seabury opened court at 10:35 A. M. and a minute later Clerk Penny's voice rang out:

"Charles Becker to the bar."

Becker came in from the rear between two Deputy Sheriffs. He walked in long strides and with erectness. His eyes turned first to his wife, who sat near the front of the courtroom, and then to Justice Seabury. He sat down at the counsel table. Representing him were Mr. Cockran, Mr. Manton, ex-Assistant District Attorney Harford T. Marshall, and John B. Johnston of Mr. Cockran's office. District Attorney Whitman sat in front of Becker, and associated with him in the prosecution were Assistant District Attorneys John Delehanty, Frederick J. Groehl, and John F. Minton, Jr.

**Becker Quite at Ease.**

Becker's attitude all through the day's ordeal was that of a man quite at ease. There were no outbreaks of emotion on his part or on the part of his wife. Their eyes did not meet after the first recognition. Becker paid the closest attention to the examination of talesmen, but he was so far from Mr. Manton that he did not once try to converse with him. Whatever he had to say was whispered to Mr. Johnston. In going back and forth to the Tombs he looked straight ahead and did not look for friends in the court room.

His manner was impressive when he arose on the five different occasions to face the jurors. Clerk Penny's sonorous "Defendant, look upon the juror and juror look upon the defendant" was no sooner started than Becker was on his feet. He was by far the tallest man in the courtroom. It was generally remarked that he appeared in good health and that his color had not left his cheeks. Becker has made much of the walks which are permitted in the Tombs courtyard. He has not suffered loss in weight.

As soon as the accused man was seated Mr. Cockran arose to make the first of his series of motions. Referring to the newspaper stories

Continued on Page 2.

## BEST NEWS FROM VERA CRUZ

### London Morning Post Comment on New York Times Dispatches.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 7.—The Morning Post's Washington correspondent, whose dispatches regarding Mexico have been as a whole the most exhaustive and informative of those received by London papers, devotes a column this morning to a summary of dispatches from THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent at Vera Cruz, who, he says, "sends the most succinct and connected account of the rebel operations so far printed."

## MRS. MACKAY CHANGES NAME

### She Will In Future Be Known as Mrs. Alexander Duer.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 6.—Mrs. Clarence Mackay has sent a card to THE NEW YORK TIMES stating that she wishes in future to be addressed as "Mrs. Alexander Duer."

A letter accompanying the card reads:

"My divorce will be inscribed at the Mairie within a fortnight, so, according to the French law, I am at liberty to assume my own name.

"KATHERINE ALEXANDER DUER."

## SWEPT OVER NIAGARA FALLS

### Boatman Broke an Oar on Ice and Could Not Resist Current.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., May 6.—An unidentified man in a row boat was swept over the Horseshoe Falls to-day. The man was crossing the river between La Salle and Chippewa when one of his oars was broken by drift ice, rendering him helpless in the strong current above the cataract. No help could be rendered by spectators on the bank.

The body has not been recovered.

## BABIES CHECKED AT POLLS.

### White Plains Women Elect Mrs. H. P. Griffin to School Board.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 6.—"Leave children in Room 107 to the right," read a placard on the schoolhouse door here this afternoon, which announced that babies might be checked while their mothers cast their ballot in the annual school election.

The women, who had their own candidate, Mrs. Henry P. Griffin, sent notices through the village a week ago that babies might be checked during the time the polls were open, and that automobiles would carry the old and those living at a distance, so there would be no reason for any woman to remain away from the polls. All days long a nurse presided over Room 107.

The women took up the school election so earnestly that no opposition appeared, and Mrs. Griffin and her running-mate, Ambrose F. McCabe an attorney in Liberty Street, Manhattan, were elected. They succeed themselves. Two hundred and fifty-one votes were cast, and 124 women voted.

## BAER'S WEALTH TO KIN.

### Servants Also Named in Will Disposing of $5,000,000.

*Special to The New York Times.*

READING, Penn., May 6.—The will of George F. Baer was filed for probate here to-day by a son-in-law, Isaac Hiester. The document is in Mr. Baer's own handwriting and is very brief.

To his widow he gave $400,000, his home, Hawthorne, in this city, together with all household goods, automobiles, carriages and horses. To each of his thirteen grandchildren he left $10,000, to be invested by their parents until each attains the age of 21. All household servants, including gardener, coachman, and chauffeur, who have been in the family's service more than five years, receive $50 for each year of service. The balance of the estate is divided in equal shares among Mr. Baer's five daughters. Isaac Hiester and W. M. Appel, sons-in-law, are the executors.

The estate is valued at more than $5,000,000, and $1,000,000 of this is in Reading Railway stocks. No public bequests were made.

## FIND WATER VAPOR ON MARS

### Lowell Observatory Scientists Say It Comes from the Poles.

BOSTON, May 6.—The theory of the existence of water vapor on the planet Mars is confirmed by spectograms taken at Lowell Observatory, Flagstaff, Ariz., according to an announcement given out to-night by Dr. Percival Lowell from his office here.

The statement says that, while the amount of water is very difficult to determine, the estimates place it at about one-third that of the atmosphere of the earth.

The photographs were taken in February by Dr. V. M. Slipher, and the measurements have just been completed by Prof. Frank W. Very of Westwood with the spectral band comparator. The statement continues:

"Photographs of the spectrum of Mars have been compared with those of the moon, and the lines indicating atmospheric gases and water vapor in the two kinds of spectra have been measured for relative intensity. For greater accuracy, three spectograms are taken on each plate—two of the moon and one of Mars, the latter between the others—the whole being done in close sequence in point of time. Two such plates, with the planet and the moon equally high in the sky, have been compared by Prof. Very.

"Dr. Slipher has taken advantage of a new stain for his plates, which produces greater sensitiveness in the portions of the spectrum to be examined, so that results are definite ones. They indicate a difference in amount of water vapor in different parts of the planet's surface. Prof. Very is satisfied that the equatorial portions of the planet are very dry, and that the polar precipitation is the source of the moisture. The melting in the Springtime shows a considerable amount of vapor. It is the north pole of Mars that has been the one visible this opposition."

**Latest Shipping News.**

BY MARCONI WIRELESS—SS Imperator, (Hamburg-American Line.) Hamburg to New York, was, 1,271 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 8 P. M.; due 9th, forenoon.

## FRANK PLEA FAILS; WILL TAKE APPEAL

### Judge Hill Denies the Atlanta Prisoner's Application for a New Trial.

### TO GO TO SUPREME COURT

### Jurist Reaches Decision Without Even Hearing Arguments from the Prosecutor.

### STATE'S METHODS ASSAILED

**Next Move Will Be Fight to Set Aside Verdict—Frank Not Surprised by Court's Action.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

ATLANTA, Ga., May 6.—Without hearing arguments from Solicitor Dorsey, Judge Ben Hill this afternoon overruled the extraordinary motion for a new trial for Leo M. Frank at the conclusion of the address of Attorney Reuben R. Arnold. Judge Hill announced that he would grant a bill of exceptions by which the case could be taken to the Supreme Court, and added that in the event of an appeal he would write an opinion on the case. An appeal will be taken at once.

A reporter carried the news to Frank in his cell in the tower.

"What do you think of it?" asked the reporter.

"I had expected that action," said the prisoner. "I have nothing to say."

Frank did not seem particularly discouraged. His wife was with him at the time.

The hearing on the motion to set aside the verdict on the ground that Frank was deprived of his constitutional rights in not being brought into the courtroom when the verdict was rendered will be held on Saturday morning.

Attorneys Rosser and Arnold in their argument for the extraordinary motion bitterly denounced the methods of Solicitor Dorsey and also the witnesses for the State.

"Why you could search the chaingangs, prisons, and penitentiaries over the nation and you wouldn't find a more choice set of crooks than those with whom my friend Dorsey convicted Frank," said Mr. Arnold. "If anything like the conviction of Frank ever occurred outside of Russia I have never heard of it."

Arnold said he did not believe there was any perversion in the case on Frank's part or on Conley's.

**Expect Speedy Verdict.**

Harry A. Alexander, representing Tye, Peeples & Jordan, asked Judge Hill to withhold his ruling on the extraordinary motion until they could appear before him and show cause why it should be withheld until after the motion to set aside the verdict had been submitted and decided.

Judge Hill refused to do this, saying that the two motions had no connection and that there was no reason to withhold his judgment. A comparatively speedy decision on the appeal may be expected from the Supreme Court.

It is not likely that Frank will be resentenced for some time, because the motion to set aside the verdict, in the event that the appeal on the extraordinary motion fails, will have a longer course before it than any of the previous motions made by the lawyers for Frank.

The appeal failing, the motion to set aside is destined to pass through the court of Judge Hill, and, if denied there, to pass on to the Supreme Court of Georgia, whence, if again denied, it will be taken on to the Supreme Court of the United States.

While it is general practice to hurry motions of the sort now in the courts, in the Frank case it is the general opinion that their consideration will require several months before both are settled.

**Warrant Against Epps.**

A development in the case to-day was the issuance of a warrant against George Epps, the newsboy witness, by B. Bernard, a South Pryor Street merchant, who was accused by Epps of participation in the boy's alleged abduction to Birmingham, where he signed a recanting affidavit for the defense.

Bernard denies Epps's charge, and asserts that he will prosecute the boy vigorously. The warrant charges perjury. Charges of criminal libel, it is said, are also likely to be brought against the youth. Bernard was identified by Epps on Monday as one of three men who took him to Birmingham during the early part of the year.

Striking at the weaker links of the State's chain of circumstantial evidence against Frank, Luther Z. Rosser and R. R. Arnold, made impressive arguments before Judge Hill in behalf of the motion for a new trial.

Attorney Rosser, through the newly discovered evidence bearing on Dr. H. F. Harris's comparison of the hair of Mary Phagan and that found on the lathe on the second floor of the pencil factory, argued at length against the State's contention that the hair was from the head of Mary Phagan.

Rosser assailed Dr. Harris, saying:

"Dr. Harris had examined the hair found on the lathe, under a microscope, and had compared it with the hair taken from Mary Phagan's head. He had a better opportunity than anybody on earth to know whether that was the little girl's hair.

"When Harris was on the stand he knew that he had compared the hair. He is a man who claims to be skilled in science. In making the autopsy on Mary Phagan's body he claimed to have used the best microscope in the world.

"I don't want to criticise Dr. Harris too severely, but I submit, your Honor, that in the evidence given by him at the trial, and in his subsequent affidavit, there never was such evasion. He could have given Dickens's 'Artful Dodger' cards and spades and beat him blind. There never was such a stalled-up witness. And with the facts before you, I want to ask, could it be honest dealing?"

Mr. Rosser charged that the power of punishment that rested in the hand of the Solicitor inspired fear in the hearts of witnesses who had told facts favorable

Continued on Page 2.

### A Great Battle Picture

"The Fall of Le Bourget," by de Neuville, a double page reproduction in sepia, by the Times's new rotogravure process, of one of the world's greatest battle pictures, will be a feature of

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

## MARLBOROUGH ACTS AS OWN AUCTIONEER

### Duke, Having Obtained a License, Sells Some of His Oxfordshire Property.

### OTHER SALES TO FOLLOW

**One Reason for the Duke's Course Is That Sale by Auction Lessens the Cost of Transfer.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 6.—By the payment of a fee of $250 the Duke of Marlborough qualified as a fully licensed auctioneer and to-day sold portions of his Oxfordshire estate at the Clarendon Hotel, Oxford.

A small table, standing on larger ones, served as a rostrum, on which was displayed a card inscribed:

"Auctioneer, the Most Noble Charles Richard John, Duke of Marlborough, K. G., Blenheim Palace, Woodstock, Oxfordshire."

The Duke, a smart, slim figure in a country suit and gaiters, proceeded to business as if to the manner born. There was a slight trace of nervousness, "but then," said a professional auctioneer, "a young man is always nervous at his first sale; they don't usually get over it as quickly as the Duke."

The Duke explained the reasons which led him to adopt this unusual course. He desired, he said, to lessen the cost of transfer of small portions of land and to show his neighbors that applications for land in his ownership would receive prompt and businesslike attention.

"Lot 1, several pieces of freehold building land, colored blue on the plan, situate at Wolvercote, about two miles from the centre of the City of Oxford, containing together 59 acres 1 rod 7 perches of nice building land," observed the Duke in the most approved manner, "and convenient and handy for the developing of the city. It is sure to be ripe for building before long. Is there any gentleman who will bid me £15,000 ($75,000) for Lot 1?"

A burst of laughter was the reply.

"What, no bid? Well, I have put it in at a price which made you all laugh. Now I must put it in at a price which will make me cry. Ten thousand."

There was still no answer.

The Duke, still smiling, offered the property at £8,000, then £7,000, and then £6,000. At the last figure an old man in a corner put up his hand. That put spirit into the sale. The price rose to £7,200, and the Duke observed that he was not asking anybody to give more than the Government said the land was worth. The price rose to £11,500 and then stopped.

"Then, gentlemen," said the Duke, "I am afraid we must pass on to Lot 2, the reserve not having been reached."

Gosford Farm and allotments, "suitable for a yeoman farmer or for a week-end residence," comprising fifty-eight acres, was next offered. "Would anybody offer £5,000?" asked the Duke. He would not but somebody offered £3,000, and the property was sold to Wilkie Eson Moore of Oxford. "I sincerely trust," said the auctioneer, "that you and your descendants will long enjoy its possession." Mr. Moore bowed.

Freehold cottages made up the next lots, and women began to bid. Three cottages at Bladon, estimated to be worth £5 a year each, were sold for £115; three at Cassington, to a woman who lives there, for £179; three more in the same village for £150, and four at Handborough for £316. "They say," remarked the Duke, "that the laboring man wants to acquire his own cottage. I am giving him a chance to do so."

It was agreed that the ducal auctioneer made uncommonly good use of his license, and that no old hand could have got better prices. He might have been born to the business. He was in turns entertaining, lively, and smart. The phrases of the professional came trippingly from his tongue—"Did I catch you eye, madam? Don't be shy; you needn't hide behind that tall gentleman."

The Duke made the final bid. "Many of you," he said, "have been bidding here this afternoon. I thank you for your bids. I am going to make one bid to you. It is this—I bid you good afternoon."

Some persons wanted to buy the Ducal auctioneer's hammer, but his Grace reserved it and it will receive a place of honor among the treasures of Blenheim Palace.

### St. Paul Elects a "People's Mayor."

ST. PAUL, May 6.—Winn Powers, the "people's candidate," was elected Mayor over Louis Nash, County Commissioner, at yesterday's municipal

Continued on Page 2.

# HUERTA READY TO QUIT ON CONDITION THAT WE ENTER AND PACIFY MEXICO; REBELS TAKE TWO TOWNS, 3400 MEN

## Carranza Reports Defeat of Federal Force Near San Luis Potosi.

### ALSO WEST COAST VICTORY

### Attack on Saltillo Begun with Scattering of a Huerta Force and Capture of Guns.

### 300 MILES FROM CAPITAL

### Rebels to Strike Simultaneously at Saltillo, San Luis Potosi and Tampico.

### ADVANCE ON GUADALAJARA

### To Follow Up Their Success by a Campaign in the Western States.

### FEDERAL GUNBOAT AGROUND

**Riddled by Constitutionalists at Mazatlan—Heavy Artillery Being Sent to Tampico.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—News of two Constitutionalist victories in Mexico was sent to Washington to-night by Gen. Carranza, First Chief of the Constitutionalist cause, in telegrams from his headquarters at Chihuahua. The messages were sent to Señor Rafael Zubaran, who recently came to Washington from Chihuahua on a confidential mission for Gen. Carranza.

One of the victories was won at Penasco, near San Luis Potosi, which the Constitutionalists expect to take next on their way to Mexico City, after capturing Tampico. The other battle was won at Acaponeta, about 100 miles south of Mazatlan and near the Pacific Coast.

The first of the messages from Carranza read:

Chihuahua, Mexico, May 6, 1914.
Lic. Rafael Zubaran, Washington, D. C.

Gen. Pablo Gonzales informs me that Gen. Torres defeated 3,600 Federals at Penasco, near San Luis Potosi, capturing Gen. Arzarmendi with all the officers of his staff, three military trains, 1,800 prisoners, and a great quantity of arms and ammunition.

V. CARRANZA.

This dispatch shows that San Luis Potosi as well as Saltillo is now a main object of the Constitutionalists in their advance on Mexico City, in conjunction with their campaign against Tampico.

Penasco is the first station north of San Luis Potosi on the National Railway line running south from Saltillo and Monterey. It is not more than ten miles from the city, and the attack indicates that the Constitutionalists intend to attack San Luis Potosi at once. Representatives of Gen. Carranza in Washington admitted to-night that this was their plan of campaign.

The second dispatch from Gen. Carranza to Señor Zubaran was as follows:

Chihuahua, Mexico, May 6, 1914.
Lic. Rafael Zubaran, Washington, D. C.:

Gen. Alvaro Obregon informed me yesterday that he had captured Acaponeta. All the Federal garrison, composed of 1,600 men, captured. He captured 2,000 Mausers, three field guns, several machine guns, and 1,000,000 rounds of ammunition. He has completed the siege of Mazatlan. The Federal gunboat El Morelos was grounded at the Island of Piedra and was put out of commission by our artillery.

V. CARRANZA.

**Blocks Another Way of Escape.**

Acaponeta is in the territory of Tepic, about 100 miles south of Mazatlan, on the Southern Pacific line. Its capture blocks the only railway by which Huerta might escape to Mazatlan. It is on the main route from Mazatlan to Guadalajara, the capture of which would also cut off Huerta's other convenient west coast route of flight to Manzanillo.

A straight line drawn from Tampico westward across Mexico to Acaponeta almost passes through San Luis Potosi, and this line marks the southern limit of the advance of the Constitutionalists toward Mexico City. Word was received by Senor Zubaran to-day that Constitutionalist reinforcements with heavy artillery had arrived at Tampico from Monterey, and with these the rebels expected to be in possession of Tampico within a week.

The dispatches from Gen. Carranza assert that Gens. Gonzales and Obregon have in these two battles taken 3,400 Mexican Federals as prisoners, and the loss of these men is regarded as a severe blow to the Huertista cause.

Gen. Gonzales is a Division Commander whose jurisdiction covers the States of Coahuila, Nuevo Leon, Tamaulipas, and San Luis Potosi. Monterey was taken in the campaign in Nuevo Leon and Tampico is in the State of Tamaulipas. Gen. Obregon is Division Commander whose jurisdiction covers the

REAL MOTOR RUN TO LAKEWOOD—Golf, Polo, International practice games; Sinsian Orchestra; dancing. LAURELS HOUSE, A. J. MURRAY, Manager.

### *Secretary Lane and Richard Olney Suggested as Peace Delegates From the United States.*

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, is thought likely to be one of the representatives whom this Government will send to the Niagara Falls conference. He had a conversation to-day with Mr. Naon, the Argentine Minister, who is one of the mediators. Mr. Lane has the confidence of the President, and it has been the gossip in Washington that if Mr. Bryan should retire from the Cabinet, Mr. Lane would be considered in connection with the filling of his place.

Since the declination of Richard Olney of the President's tender of the office of Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, his name has been brought forward prominently in the discussion of American representatives in the Niagara Falls negotiations.

Secretary Bryan said to-day that while this Government had agreed to be represented at the conference, it had not been determined how many representatives each side would appoint.

## GEN. FUNSTON FREE TO EXTEND LINES

### Garrison Admits Sending Him Complete Discretionary Authority.

### PLAN OF ADVANCE READY

**War College Has a Tentative Programme for a Cavalry Dash to Mexico City.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.—Secretary Garrison, acting under instructions from the President, has sent to Brig. Gen. Funston, the American Military Governor at Vera Cruz, discretionary authority to extend his lines from Vera Cruz to protect the town from an attack by the Federals under Gen. Maass, and for the protection of waterworks outposts at El Tejar. That such authorization had gone forward to Gen. Funston was admitted by Mr. Garrison. This confirmed statements previously made in Washington dispatches to THE TIMES.

In view of the reports that have been received from Vera Cruz during the week concerning the mobilization of 10,500 Mexican Federals at Soledad, Jalapa, and Palma, and of the mining of the two main routes of railway from Vera Cruz to Mexico City, the Army War College in Washington has been working out a very extensive cavalry movement plan. This plan has not been generally adopted, but if the time comes for the American troops to take up their advance on the Mexican capital, the details will be completed and quick orders can be issued for putting it into effect.

Officers who have been working on this cavalry plan of advance against Mexico City believe they have perfected a plan by which they can force the Mexican troops under Gen. Maass to abandon their defenses along the Mexican and International Railways and retire upon their capital. The successful accomplishment of this plan would be followed, in the event of the Mexicans making a stand at Mexico City, by the use of artillery in laying siege to the Mexican capital.

The plan as it now stands would require the use of six regiments of cavalry, contingents of the Signal Corps, with wireless telegraphy field outfits, and an aviation squadron. Having tentatively worked out this plan the military authorities have called Brig. Gen. James Parker, commanding the First Cavalry Brigade, to Washington from the Texas frontier.

As now planned, the cavalry movement scheme would comprise a series of detours from the railroad by the cavalry in its movement westward from Vera Cruz, but always with the view of closing in upon Mexico City after forcing the retirement of the Mexican Federals along the two lines of railway. It is believed by army officers here that, despite what Gen. Maass has done, the Mexican troops can be forced back on Mexico City with the loss of comparatively few men by the Americans.

The plan under consideration and tentatively worked out entails the reconstruction of the railroad by the American Army as it forges ahead, with the aid of the cavalry flanking movements, so as to have the railroad available for use in handling heavy artillery. It also calls for special arrangements with reference to the use of wireless telegraph field outfits for communication with the advance base at Vera Cruz.

The War Department has obtained reports that special field apparatus used on the Texas border has produced extraordinary results. With this apparatus messages have been sent as far as 150 miles under "ordinary conditions along the border."

During the last few days the Signal Corps here has been trying out a field wireless outfit on a specially built, heavy automobile truck. These tests have not been completed; but officers in charge of them now believe they have developed the special apparatus so as to be able to send messages, in a pinch, 200 miles.

Under such an arrangement the army could go 200 miles from its base at Vera Cruz and still be able to communicate with the base without relay. Under the arrangement thus tried the same power that operates the automobile truck would be utilized in operating the radio apparatus on the truck. These trucks, army officers believe, can be used in a country as rough as that between Vera Cruz and Mexico City.

On the Texas border there are now portions of seven regiments of trained cavalry that could be drawn upon at once for use in such a cavalry movement. None of these cavalrymen has been on the border more than a year, and reports to the department show that they are all in fit condition. The tentative plan for such a cavalry movement, in the event of an advance being ordered on Mexico City, calls for filling the places of the cavalrymen on the border with a patrol composed of specially selected companies of State militiamen.

## MEXICAN GARRISON SLAYS ITS OFFICERS

### Soldiers at Chavarria Said to Have Mutinied, Sacked the Town, and Then Fled.

### HUERTA GETTING MORE ARMS

**Big Supply from Japan Reported Near—His Partisans Fleeing to Vera Cruz.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ May 6.—The rumor reached here to-day that the Mexican Garrison at Chavarria, whence the city of Puebla gets its light and power, mutinied and killed a lieutenant and petty officers, sacked the town, and took to the hills leaving Pueblo and its suburbs in darkness.

A Spaniard who arrived here this morning from Pueblo says that trouble was feared in the city, owing to the lack of light. No rioting had occurred there, however, when he left yesterday.

All was quiet in Vera Cruz to-day and no sign of Mexican activity was observable from the outposts. Most of Gen. Maass's men are said to be at Soledad.

All the American war vessels dressed ship to-day in honor of the accession of King George of England, and fired at noon a salute of twenty-one guns.

Many Mexicans were greatly stirred up over the terrific cannonading, and some were even frightened, thinking it a bombardment of the city. All were soon reassured.

A special squadron is to be organized under the command of Rear Admiral C. McR. Winslow with the New York as his flagship. The squadron will include all the scout cruisers, gunboats, and small craft in general, the New York being the only battleship in it.

This is taken by many as an indication of the early withdrawal of the Atlantic fleet from this port to Guantanamo for the annual target practice and manoeuvres.

Seven South Americans will be the first persons tried by the military court here. They are five civilians who were caught "sniping" from a merchant vessel in the early days of the fighting here, and thus endangering the lives of non-combatants on the vessel because of the possibility of drawing the fire of the United States warships.

While no indictment has yet been found, they face a charge of murder. It is expected that the judgment reached will constitute an important precedent.

Refugees arriving here from Mexico City report that the conditions there are practically unchanged, although the exodus of Americans, fleeing from the rebels, continues with the constant alarming rumors regarding the advance southward of Villa's forces. The majority of the reports are unconfirmed and based on hearsay.

The refugees who are arriving here are mostly drawn from the middle class. They report that rebel agents have drawn up lists of those persons who are to be executed should the rebels capture the capital, their property being confiscated; also lists of those who are to be held up for ransom, together with the amounts which they will be expected to pay in order to have their lives spared.

Prominent rebel sympathizers say that they fear the excesses of Villa and his forces, following the capture of the capital, may result in discrediting the revolution before the whole civilized world.

The report comes from Mexico City, but is not confirmed, that Huerta is about to receive several million rounds of rifle ammunition and ten thousand stands of rifles from Japan. The dealers are anxious to deliver the guns, because otherwise they will be unable to collect for them under their contract.

A prominent American business man, who refused to allow his name to be used because he was returning

Continued on Page 2.

## Mexican Peace Delegates Known to Favor Our Intervention.

### CALLED ONLY SOLUTION

### Huerta Would Quit Only if We Would Save His Followers from Rebel Reprisals.

### OTHERWISE WILL NOT YIELD

### Would Seek War Rather Than Have Huerta Go and Let Us Refuse to Take Control.

### MEDIATION MAY COLLAPSE

### Washington Predicts Failure of Niagara Falls Conference with Carranza Out.

### LITTLE IS LEFT TO DISCUSS

**But Huerta Will Blame Us if Nothing Is Done to Restore Normal Conditions in Mexico.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 6.—I learn from a prominent Mexican politician, who is cognizant of opinion in the capital where he lives, that the appointments by President Huerta of mediation delegates met with general approval in Mexico City, all the principal factions being represented.

Augustin Rodriguéz was a member of the Cientifico group of the Diaz régime and was also involved in the Felicista uprising. Emilio Rabasa is a well-known Liberal, whose political activity, however, has been slight, he being the John Bassett Moore of Mexico. Louis Elguero represents the Catholic and Clerical faction, of which he is the floor leader in the Chamber of Deputies. He is, however, regarded as extremely liberal in his views.

The politician says further:

"Whatever stand the envoys may take officially, there is no doubt that they sincerely believe that if yielding to Washington means the fall of Huerta without an American occupation, they would greatly prefer war. In fact, probably all three desire to have the Americans come in and restore order, and believe this to be the only possible solution of the present problem."

**Peace Delegates Start To-morrow.**

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 6.—Mexico's peace delegates will depart for Niagara Falls Saturday.

Gen. Blanquet, the Minister of War, said to-night that Saltillo and San Luis Potosi were safe.

**Think Huerta Is Trying to Unload.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Friends of the Administration showed keen interest to-night in THE TIMES dispatch from Vera Cruz stating that the representatives named by Huerta for the peace conference favored intervention by the United States, holding that if the President was to retire we must occupy Mexico to restore order, and unless the United States would do this they would prefer war.

When Senator Shively, recently acting Chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, was told of the contents of THE TIMES dispatch from Vera Cruz, he said:

"I am not surprised at all over the statement that this might be the attitude of Huerta's representatives. It looks ingenious, and is just like Huerta. However, I don't care to comment on it."

A prominent member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, who did not wish his name to be used, said he could not see how the development of such a policy by the Huerta representatives of the Niagara Falls Conference could change the situation.

"The United States Government," said this Senator, "insists that Huerta must go. That will undoubtedly be the position taken by any mediation representatives appointed by the United States. It looks like an attempt by Huerta to get us to enter Mexico and fight his battles against the advancing Constitutionalists. Why does not Huerta fight these battles himself?

"He insists in remaining in power and pretends to be able to crush the revolution. Then why does he want to unload the situation on the United States?

If Huerta is able to take care of his job, as he professes to be, why does he not stop the advance of the Constitutionalists?

"I cannot see where a proposal, if made along these lines, would change the situation. It would leave it just where it is. We are holding Vera Cruz. We intend to hold it a while and let him go on fighting the Constitutionalists. If he wants to take on the job of putting us out of Vera Cruz, in addition to his troubles with the Constitutionalists, he is welcome to it.

"It may be that they want Carranza brought into the conference against his will and bound to some agreement not to allow outrages when his forces take Mexico City. Carranza ought to be willing to bind himself to giving assurances that there will be no outrages when the Constitutionalists enter there."

## FEAR CONFERENCE WILL FAIL.

### Mediators Will Put Blame on Carranza if Efforts Prove Vain.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The effort of Argentina, Brazil, and Chile to adjust the troubles of Mexico seems to-night in a precarious condition, with the chances leaning toward failure. This is understood by the mediators, but they intend to proceed on the present lines in the hope that something of a favorable character will turn up.

Abandoning for a moment the reticence they have observed, the mediators let it be known to-day that they were going ahead on the understanding that Gen. Carranza had been eliminated from the mediation plan. But it was admitted that the door had been left open for Carranza to participate if he should change his present attitude. Strong pressure is being brought to bear by the United States to induce him to consent to the proposal of the mediators for the inclusion of the Constitutionalists in the meeting of mediators and the parties in interest at Niagara Falls, Ont., beginning May 18.

There is a faint hope that Carranza will send representatives to the conference. Gossip to-day had it that permission would be given Carranza to have unofficial representatives present more as observers than as participants, the idea being that an exchange of views might open the way for the Constitutionalists to join in the effort to bring peace to Mexico. But in their present temper the mediators are not inclined to compromise with Carranza, and the conference will be confined to representatives of the United States and the Huerta Government and the mediators.

It is likely probable that the necessary documents of the meeting will be set forth in general terms that will not bind this Government to agreeing to an adjustment of simply the incident growing out of the indignity offered the American flag at Tampico. The Administration does not intend that the mediation shall be confined to this subject.

Should the conference adjourn without result, leaving affairs in the Mexican republic unchanged, the mediators would probably seek to place the responsibility for the failure, mainly to avert any criticism that they had allowed themselves to be used in order to help one or another of the contestants involved in the Mexican situation.

The surface indications are that this responsibility would be put on Carranza. The mediators are much dissatisfied with the way their efforts have gone awry and mean to show that if the mediation is fruitless some outside influence is to blame.

Secretary Bryan, in accepting the original proposal of the mediators, stipulated that the scope of the effort for peace should be broadened to include all of Mexico's troubles, including the revolutionary movement intended to drive Huerta from power. The mediators accepted the broadened plan as outlined in Mr. Bryan's note, and have proceeded along that line in their dealings with the United States, the Huerta Government and the Constitutionalists.

Things have so turned out, however, through Carranza's refusal to parley with Huerta, that the mediation plan is back to the original narrow principle suggested by the diplomats of the three powers in their note of April 25, addressed to the Secretary of State, which tendered their good offices to adjust the differences that had arisen between the United States and Mexico.

Carranza accepted the proposed mediation in principle, but sought to have it understood that the internal troubles of his country should not be a subject of the mediation, and declined to agree to the request of the mediators that hostilities be suspended pending the outcome of the conference. Carranza's position was that he was the representative of constitutional government in Mexico, and was entitled, therefore, to participate in a conference intended to settle a question that involved the landing of an armed force on Mexican soil. His contention was that the taking of Vera Cruz affected him as much or more than it affected Huerta, as the head of a Government which Carranza declined to recognize as consitutional.

### Steps in Carranza Exchanges.

Seven messages were exchanged between the "A B C" mediators and Carranza during the effort to persuade him to accept mediation, suspend hostilities, and consent to the inclusion of the entire Mexican problem within the scope of the mediation. When finally Carranza insisted on knowing the terms of mediation before he would send representatives and refused to consent to the inclusion of the Mexican civil war in the mediation, the mediators withdrew the invitation to Carranza to send representatives.

THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent to-night was informed on authority that the steps embraced in the seven messages that passed between the "A B C" mediators and Gen. Carranza were as follows:

First—The mediators addressed Carranza, asking him to accept their good offices in the conflict between Mexico and the United States.

Second—Carranza answered by telegraph, saying he would be glad to accept, in principle, the good offices of the A B C powers of South America for mediation of the conflict between Huerta and the United States.

Third—The mediators then addressed Carranza a second time, saying that as he had accepted their good offices in principle, they thought it would be a good thing if Carranza would order a suspension of hostilities by the Constitutionalists against the Huertista Government.

Fourth—Carranza answered this telegram by saying that he would not suspend hostilities, because he thought such a suspension would accrue to the benefit of Huerta, and because of other reasons, stating that he regarded the struggle between the Constitutionalists and Huerta as independent of the clash between the United States and Huerta.

Fifth—Before the mediators received this telegram from Carranza they had invited him to send representatives to confer with the mediators for the purposes of the mediation. This invitation was tendered before the mediators had received his refusal to suspend hostilities and before they were aware officially that Carranza regarded the civil war in Mexico as separate from the trouble between the United States and Huerta.

Sixth—When he received the invitation to send representatives, Carranza sent the mediators a telegram, asking them to define the terms of the proposed mediation before he would participate through delegates.

Seventh—Upon receiving Carranza's demand for a definition of the terms of the mediation before appointing representatives, the mediators telegraphed him that his refusal to suspend hostilities because he thought Mexico's internal troubles independent of the conflict between the United States and Huerta, did not accord with their views, and so they felt that they must withdraw their invitation to Carranza to send mediation representatives.

This statement of the situation brings the correspondence between Gen. Carranza and the mediators down to date. There the matter rests, with the prospect confronting the mediators of having their conference at Niagara Falls confined to adjustment of the question involved in the American demand that the flag be saluted—a question which the United States had refused to submit to arbitration at the request of Huerta, on the ground that such a matter could not be arbitrated.

At a regular meeting to-day of the Governing Board of the Pan-American Union, composed of Secretary Bryan and the Ambassadors and Ministers of Latin-American countries, a motion was adopted approving the efforts of the mediators.

### Huerta in Superior Position.

In some respects, according to opinion here, Huerta is in a stronger position than either of his adversaries to assert that there has been no qualification in his acceptance to the peace proposal.

A refusal by the United States to come to any agreement with Huerta at Niagara Falls on the contention that settlement of Mexico's internal troubles was impossible through mediation on account of the failure of the Constitutionalists to participate would give ground for Huerta to assert that the effort at peace was a failure for reasons for which he was not responsible.

But it is believed here that, driven as hard as he is, Huerta will strive, to the utmost to prevent a fruitless outcome of the negotiations, which afford him a chance of escape from his present dilemma. It is not doubted in Washington that he will seek to have the Niagara Falls conference result in putting on this Government th eresponputting on this Government the respontion of normal conditions in Mexico.

The supposition is that Huerta's representatives will point out that if the revolutionists get control of affairs in Mexico City disorders are likely to continue, and only the strong arm of the United States will be able to suppress them and bring about the condition of peace for which this Government is striving.

The Washington Administration appreciates that the triumph of the Constitutionalists may not solve the Mexican problem, and it is no less anxious than Huerta to have Carranza send representatives to Niagara Falls. Its disappointment over Carranza's attitude may be heightened by the thought that a continuation of the revolutionary campaign will soon drive Huerta from power, but, nevertheless, it is anxious to have Carranza join in the mediation, so that a formal agreement for peace in Mexico will have binding force on him as well as on Huerta.

## PERSONALITY OF MEDIATORS.

### Da Gama, Naon, and Suarez Have Had Wide Diplomatic Experience.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—John Barrett, Director General of the Pan-American Union, to-day furnished the following authoritative sketches of the three South American diplomatists who have undertaken to adjust Mexico's troubles through the exercise of their good offices:

Dr. Domicio da Gama, the Ambassador of Brazil, is the successor of the lamented Joaquim Nabuco, who accomplished so much to increase the friendship between his country and the United States, to which he was accredited. Ambassador da Gama is from the State of Rio de Janeiro, where he began his professional life as a journalist. In 1887 and 1888 he was Paris correspondent of The Gazeta de Noticas, and wrote brilliantly to other Brazilian and foreign periodicals, his essays reappearing in book form. In 1893 he was appointed as secretary to Brazil's special commission in Washington, where President Cleveland was arbiter in a question between Brazil and Argentina. From 1896 to 1900 he was connected with special missions in Europe. In 1901 he was made Chargé d'Affaires at Brussels. In 1903 he assisted in the negotiations that led to the purchase by Brazil of the Acre Territory. In 1907 he was Brazilian Minister to Peru, and in 1908 he was transferred to Argentina, and while there was Vice President of the Fourth Pan-American Conference in Buenos Aires. In 1910 he represented his Government at the Independence celebration in Chile. In June, 1911, Ambassador da Gama was transferred to the United States.

Dr. Rômulo S. Naön, the Minister of Argentina, was first recognized in public life when he won a gold medal at the University of Buenos Aires by an able thesis on a matter of great interest to his native country. In 1900 he was appointed official secretary to Bernardo de Irigoyen, Governor of the Province of Buenos Aires. In 1902 he was elected to the lower house of the Federal Congress, and also in 1906, distinguishing himself throughout as an able debater and as a competent student of public affairs. When President Alcorta assumed office, he appointed Dr. Naön Secretary of Justice and Public Instruction, because of his public service and because he had already been professor of civics in the National College and of International Law in the University of Buenos Aires. While Secretary of Public Instruction he founded schools of secondary instruction in the interior of his country, the first industrial school for laborers, and established normal schools in the national territories, as well as a superior normal school and a university preparatory institute in the capital. As Secretary he was noted for his high ideals, executive ability and capacity for hard work. He was appointed Minister of Argentina in Washington in April, 1911.

Eduardo Suarez Mujica is a native of Santiago, the capital of Chile, and studied law at the National University there. Very soon after obtaining his degree he received a responsible post in the office of the Minister of Foreign Affairs, and soon afterward was made Assistant Secretary of State. While thus in close touch with diplomatic life he had numerous intricate international problems to handle, which he carried to a very successful conclusion. Devoting himself then for some time to his profession, he advanced rapidly therein, but was called by his fellow citizens to become the Intendente of the Province of Aitacama, which he later represented in the National Congress. In 1908 the late President Montt gave him the portfolios of Justice and Public Instruction, and while discharging the duties of these offices he presided over the Pan-American Scientific Congress in December, 1908. Senor Suarez Mujica entered the diplomatic service of Chile in 1909, when he was appointed Minister to Mexico and Cuba. When the death of Anibal Cruz, in 1910, left vacant the post of Minister from Chile to the United States, Senor Suarez Mujica was the logical successor and was appointed in June, 1911.

## PREPARING FOR MEDIATORS.

### Clifton House, at Niagara Falls, Ont., Will Open on May 16.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., May 6.—The announcement that the "A B C" mediators will meet in Niagara Falls, Ont., on May 18, has set the Canadian city in a flutter.

The Clifton House had planned to open on the twenty-third, but reservations poured in on the management so rapidly that a quick decision to open on May 16 was forced. Already steps have been taken to increase the telegraphic facilities, so that the newspaper correspondents may have a first-class service when the war correspondents in Mexico step aside for the peace correspondents of Niagara.

### Surgeons Told to Prepare for Call.

ST. LOUIS, May 6.—Twenty physicians and surgeons of St. Louis, who are First Lieutenants in the Medical Reserve Corps of the army, have been requested by Surgeon General Gorgas to hold themselves in readiness for active duty. The Medical Reserve Corps was organized several years ago to supplement the regular army surgical corps in case of war.


5th Avenue Restaurant

FIFTH AV. BUILDING. Entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.

5 to 9 P.M. THE Large Orchestra

"DOLLAR DINNER"

BANQUETS A SPECIALTY.


# SENATE WON'T ASK WILSON ABOUT VILLA

### By Overwhelming Vote It Tables Lippitt's Resolution Directed to President.

### STONE UPHOLDS HIS POLICY

### Deplores Pity for "Innocent Mexicans," Who, Sniping, He Says, Got What They Deserved.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—After a sharp debate this afternoon the Senate laid on the table by an overwhelming vote the resolution of Mr. Lippitt of Rhode Island, asking the President whether he intended to recognize Pancho Villa as President of Mexico. In supporting his resolution, Mr. Lippitt asserted that he believed the Administration was leaning more and more away from neutrality in Mexico and was developing a policy of open assistance to the rebels.

For the sake of diverting Gen. Huerta's attention to the south, he said, while the rebels assailed him from the north, the President directed the seizure of Vera Cruz at the cost of the lives of "some of our people and about 200 innocent Mexicans."

Mr. Norris of Nebraska, a radical Republican, and Mr. Stone of Missouri, the Democratic Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, said that it was improper for the Senate to examine the President about a newspaper report. Mr. Lippitt insisted that the newspaper report in question expressed the opinion of many men and seemed to be supported by the facts and he was still explaining his position when Mr. Stone's peremptory motion to table the resolution closed the debate.

"The Government," said Mr. Lippitt, "has so far made no attempt to get reparation for American property and lives lost in Mexico. The contradiction between what was promised and what has been done makes me think I must be with Alice in Wonderland. There is peace with one part of Mexico and in the other a carnival of blood, a confetti of bullets flying from American guns put there with the approval, consent and encouragement of the President. This is not neutrality."

Mr. Lippitt reviewed the incidents leading up to the seizure of Vera Cruz, drawing the conclusion that the whole expedition was an act of friendship to the Constitutionalists. The President should inform Congress, he said, of all that had passed between the American Government and the rebels, particularly of the details of the conference at Nogales, between Gen. Carranza and Dr. William Bayard Hale.

Mr. Stone took Mr. Lippitt to task for saying that the capture of Vera Cruz had resulted in the death of "innocent Mexicans." The Mexicans, he said, were engaged in "sniping" American soldiers, contrary to the rules of war, and they got no more than they deserved. The Americans, he said, killed them in self-defense.

"The whole country approves our action at Vera Cruz," said Mr. Stone, "except possibly the Senator from Rhode Island, (Mr. Lippitt.) The President took the only means in his hands to punish Huerta for what he had done."

"Does the Senator approve the lifting of the embargo in favor of the rebels?" asked Mr. Lippitt.

Mr. Stone did not answer the question, and shortly afterward moved to table the resolution. Mr. Clark of Wyoming, a leading Conservative Republican, said that he, too, thought the President should have gone further in taking the country into his confidence.

## GERARD THANKS GERMANY.

### Conveys Government's Acknowledgment of Aid to Tampico Refugees.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 6.—Ambassador Gerard to-day received instructions to convey officially the American Government's thanks to the German Government for the action of the commanders of German warships in Tampico in assisting American refugees to reach the warships of their own country.

The Ambassador immediately went to the Foreign Office and fulfilled his instructions.

## FEDERALS SEEK UNION.

### Constitutionalists in Sonora Have Spurned Their Appeals.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 6.—Federal commanders at Guaymas have made every effort to bring about a union of the Constitutionalist and Federal forces in the State of Sonora, according to American refugees who arrived here to-day from that port.

Several conferences were held outside Guaymas, but the Federals were unable to win over any of the Constitutionalist leaders.

The Constitutionalists, it is said, take the stand that the American Government is acting solely against the Huerta Government and that Mexican sovereignty is not threatened.

# CARRANZA REPORTS FEDERAL DEFEAT

Continued from Page 1.

Sinaloa, Jalisco, and the Territory of Tepic.

It is not understood to be the purpose of Gen. Obregon to pursue his West Coast campaign further south than Manzanillo and the region around Guadalajara. From these points his energies will turn eastward toward Mexico City. The region south of Mexico City is being left to Zapata, who, while not officially identified with the Constitutionalists, and operating independently, is in sympathy with the Constitutionalist opposition to Huerta.

Mexican Federals still have a force at Saltillo, but the Constitutionalists here have advices informing them that the evacuation of that place is expected soon. They do not expect any trouble in taking Saltillo. They assert that the focus of the Central Mexico campaign is now far south of Saltillo, at the gates of San Luis Potosi, where, according to the message from Gen. Carranza received here to-night, the Huerta forces, numbering 3,600, were defeated at Penascos.

### Attacks on Mazatlan.

Admiral Howard reported to-day from Mazatlan that the Constitutionalists entrenched on Piedra Island fired continuously all day yesterday with rifles and field guns on the Mexican gunboat Morelos, lying in the harbor, and that the fire was returned by the Federalists from batteries on shore. The dispatch from Gen. Carranza received here to-night asserts that the Morelos was put out of commission by the Constitutionalists.

The Navy Department announced to-night that heavy firing was reported around Tampico yesterday forenoon, but had quieted down during the afternoon. Admiral Mayo has reported to Admiral Badger that "it is said that the majority of the Constitutionalist forces now before Tampico have moved from the vicinity of Dona Cecilia and Arbol Grande to the northern approaches of the Alta Mira Road and the so-called American colony," also that "the Constitutionalists are said to be daily expecting reinforcements and artillery from the north."

This message was delayed in transmission.

Admiral Badger has forwarded to the Navy Department the following summary of a report received by mail from the American Consul at Tampico, which was transmitted to him by Admiral Mayo:

"On May 1 the Mexican Government announced through Zaragoza that an armistice had been agreed to by the Federal Government and the United States, and also by the Constitutionalists. The reason for the armistice was given out by the commander of mediation. This news was received joyfully, and even hopefully, by the general public, which appears to be in favor of peace if secured with honor and dignity to the Mexican Government.

"The Americans and their money are sadly missed, and responsible persons would greatly favor a peace arrangement which would permit the wheels of business to run again."

## VICTORY NEAR SALTILLO.

### Federals Scattered, Leaving Guns and Ammunition to Rebels.

EL PASO, May 6.—Gen. Pablo Gonzales, the rebel commander who captured Monterey, met and defeated a strong force of Federals near Saltillo on May 4, according to a message received to-day by Rafael Musquiz, rebel consul here.

Gen. Gonzales succeeded in cutting off the Federals from Saltillo and scattered them after the position they had taken had been outflanked. Gonzales captured six field guns, one Hotchkiss rapidfire gun and a large quantity of ammunition.

Word was received here that Los Vacas, opposite Del Rio, Texas, had been occupied to-day by Constitutionalist troops.

Gen. Murgia, commander of the rebel garrison at Piedras Negras, has sent strong scouting parties into the field near Monclova, where scattered bands of the Federal garrison, which evacuated Piedras Negras, are reported to have looted ranches.

## REBELS TO DIVIDE ATTACK.

### Villa to Strike at Saltillo and Aids at San Luis Potosi.

TORREON, Mexico, May 6.—Preparations under way here have made it evident that the plan of campaign of Gen. Villa against the Federals provides for a simultaneous attack on Saltillo and San Luis Potosi. He, himself, has decided to lead the attack on Saltillo, while Gen. Maclovio Herrera and Gen. Benavides will lead a strong force against San Luis Potosi.

The attack on San Luis Potosi will have the effect of practically isolating the Saltillo garrison.

Should the Federals under Gen. Maass be unable to hold Saltillo, nothing would remain for them but surrender or death by hunger and thirst if they were cut off from San Luis Potosi by an attacking force there. The country between the two points is almost barren, and if the railroad were cut to the south, as Villa undoubtedly intends, but few fugitives would have a chance of making their way through the stretch of desert on horseback or on foot.

There are, approximately, 10,000 men in the garrison at Saltillo now and about 6,000 in San Luis Potosi. It is believed here that the loading of troops reported to have taken place at Saltillo was for the purpose of reinforcing the San Luis Potosi garrison in expectation of a simultaneous attack.

A detachment of Villa's troops stationed here entrained to-day for Monterey, which will be the base of operations in the rebel campaign against San Luis Potosi and Saltillo. The troops which left will detrain at Hipolito, whence they must march overland to Monterey.

BROWNSVILLE, Texas, May 6.—Reports from Monterey to-day through Constitutionalist headquarters in Matamoros announced that Gen. Pablo Gonzales, with his staff and a strong rebel force, would leave there this week for Tampico to join Gen. Luis Caballero in a final assault on the gulf seaport.

## HEAVY LOSSES AT MAZATLAN.

### Federal Gunboat Riddled by Rebel Shot—Refugees Leave.

By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA, via SAN DIEGO, Cal., May 6.—The rebels continue their attack on Mazatlan. The remaining Americans left on the San José when clearance was given by Gov. Rodriguez at the request of Admiral Howard. The relations between the American ships and the port officials are agreeable.

The Federal gunboat Morelos is stranded on a sand bar off Chivios Island with dead and wounded on board. The Morelos has been riddled by rebel fire from Piedra Island. The rebel position is effectively sheltered. Gen. Obregon is drawing closer to the city with a large force. The losses must be heavy.

A rebel biplane dropped manifestoes into the town yesterday urging the people to assist the independence of Mexico on the national holiday.

WASHINGTON, May 6. — Admiral Howard reports that, through the courtesy of the Governor of Sinaloa, the steamer San José was permitted to clear from Mazatlan yesterday for San Francisco. She carried 23 refugees from Mazatlan, and 44 from Salina Cruz. He says the cruiser Albany and the destroyers Hull and Lawrence have arrived at La Paz, and that the destroyers Preble and Truxtun have reached Manzanillo. He reports that T. Wells, regarding whom inquiries have been made, is safe.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., May 6.—A telegram from Gen. Obregon, Constitutionalist commander at Guaymas, received to-day by Jorge U. Orozco, declared that while manoeuvring near Mazatlan on Sunday, the Federal gunboat Morelos ran hard aground on an uncharted island near Uries. The vessel, Gen. Obregon says, was about 500 metres from the Constitutionalist shore positions, and about 600 metres from the Federal entrenchments.

Gen. Obregon discovered the predicament of the vessel while reconnoitering and at once ordered rifle and artillery fire directed at the vessel. The firing continued Monday night and Tuesday morning, when the guns on board the vessel, which could be brought to bear on the Constitutionalist shore positions were silenced. Obregon said he hoped to announce the taking of the vessel soon, although any boarding party approaching in boats would be under the fire of the Federal trenches.

## AMERICANS TO PAY RANSOM.

### Outlaws Allied with Huerta Forces Threaten Ranchmen.

*Special to The New York Times.*

EL PASO, Texas, May 6.—Huerta Federal filibusters have demanded ransom from three big American ranches in Western Chihuahua, and have threatened to destroy the windmills, water tanks, and ranch houses of the American ranchmen if the ransom is not paid within twenty-four hours. The leader of the Huerta forces is Rodrigo Quevido, who was a Federal Commander at the battle of Ojinaga, but escaped when the Federals crossed the Rio Grande.

With his brother Quevido has organized a gang similar to that commanded by Maximo Castillo and has been riding over the mountainous country of Western Chihuahua looting, robbing, and demanding ransoms of all of the settlers, including the Mormons. To-day an agent of the American ranchmen reached here with orders for $6,000, which was to be paid to release the ranchmen.

If the water tanks and windmills are wrecked at this time thousands of cattle will die of thirst as water is very scarce on the range. The ranches threatened are the Palomas Land and Cattle Company, the Gibson Cattle Company, and the Babicor Cattle Company.

Villa is preparing to leave Torreon for Saltillo on Sunday and will take personal command of the rebel troops which are being ordered to attack that town. Gens. Benavides and Herrera will attack San Potosi at the same time. While these towns are being besieged, Gen. Pablo Gonzales will be attacking Tampico. Gen. Natera is now fighting before Zacatecas.

Villa has 25,000 men in his main command, 60 field pieces, 42 machine guns and plenty of ammunition.

Gen. Maass, in command at Saltillo, has again tried to influence a rebel General to join the Federal forces against the Americans. He offered Gen. Natera a command in the Federal Army if he and his force would join Maass. Natera declined. In his message Gen. Maass attacked President Wilson bitterly. Natera denounced Maass for this and declared that Wilson was a statesman.

## VERA CRUZ FACES FAMINE.

### Garrison Warns That Food Supply Is Short and City Overcrowded.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Secretary Garrison issued a bulletin at 11 o'clock to-night on the food situation at Vera Cruz showing that the city is overcrowded, the food consumption is exceeding the supply, and ultimately it may become necessary to send supplies from this country to Vera Cruz to avert a famine. Secretary Garrison's statement was as follows:

From Gen. Funston's dispatches to-day I learn that many people are coming into Vera Cruz from Mexico City, and other large towns between Vera Cruz and Mexico City; that this is causing embarrassment because Vera Cruz is already overcrowded, and the consumption of food each day exceeds the amount brought in each day.

Two hundred came in on the train yesterday and a larger number were expected to arrive to-day. There is testimony from many sources that the inhabitants of Vera Cruz are very much pleased with the conduct of the officers who are administering the civil government. All observers remark on the exemplary conduct of our troops.

This announcement destroyed the impression gleaned from a dispatch from Gen. Funston, received this morning, saying that some food was entering the city from the north and south. The following statement was issued earlier in the day by Secretary Garrison on the basis of Gen. Funston's morning message:

From dispatches received from Gen. Funston the War Department learns that everything is quiet at Vera Cruz. While food is not coming in from the west, it is on the beach from the north and from Tejar on the south.

There is no definite information regarding movements of Mexican troops, and it is thought probable that such concentrations as they have made are only for the purpose of defending the lines of both railroads in case the United States troops advance. The natives report that the track of the Interoceanic is being torn up.

## TEMPS PRAISES OUR POLICY.

### Says Huerta and Carranza Are Enfeebling Mexico's Cause.

PARIS, May 6.—The semi-official Temps to-day publishes an editorial article distinctly favorable to the United States because of the Latin-American policies of the present Administration. The editorial shows a remarkable change in the attitude of the Temps, which is the most important newspaper, politically, in France.

Favorable comment is made on the American policy of accepting mediation in Mexico; on the fact that Panama Canal tolls "are about to be abrogated," and on the American-Colombian treaty for the settlement of the Panama question—a convention in which expression the regret of the United States to a weaker power and provides for the payment of an indemnity.

"This policy," the Temps says, "is really worthy the confidence and approbation of the civilized world. Mexico misfortune has been, in the opinion of the world, by the ambitions of her rival leaders; Gen. Huerta by obstinately refusing to admit the possibility of the elimination of his person, and Gen. Carranza by declining to accept an armistice."

## BIG ORDER FOR SHRAPNEL.

### Frankford Arsenal to Furnish Government with 100,000 Shells.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—Orders for 100,000 three-inch shrapnel shells were received last night at the Frankford Arsenal in this city from Secretary Garrison of the War Department.

Col. George Montgomery, in command at the arsenal, said this was one of the largest orders ever received and that while until June 1915, had been given to fill it, he expected to complete the order before that date. He issued a call for 150 skilled workmen in addition to the 1,200 already employed and the plant will be run twenty-four hours a day.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Ammunition to supply the field artillery of the organized militia was to-day ordered manufactured at the Frankford arsenal by Gen. Crozier, Chief of Ordnance. The order was for 170,000 rounds of ammunition for three-inch field guns. This amount will give the sixty-three batteries of field artillery in the militia about one-half of their full complement of shells.

## U. S. AEROPLANE FIRED AT.

### Lieut. Bellinger's Machine Hit Twice While Passing Over Soledad.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From a Staff Correspondent.

VERA CRUZ, May 6.—Mexican Federals yesterday fired on a hydroaeroplane operated by Lieut. Bellinger. The Lieutenant was more than 1,000 feet up when over Soledad. He heard no shots, saw no rifle smoke, and did not know he had been fired on until he came down and found two holes in the wings of his machine.

Owing to the noise of the engine it was impossible, the aviator says, to hear a rifle report at a higher altitude than 100 feet.

# DECIDE ON HONORS FOR NAVY'S DEAD

### City Will Receive Bodies of Sailors and Marines on Monday at Pier A.

### EXERCISES AT CITY HALL

### Gen. Horace Porter Chairman of Citizens' Committee—Route of Procession and Rules at Navy Yard.

Many of the plans formed by the navy and the city for the reception here of the bodies of the men who lost their lives when Vera Cruz was taken two weeks ago, received yesterday the sanction of the Secretary of the Navy and were made public. The dreadnought Wyoming and the armored cruiser Tennessee will leave the Brooklyn Navy Yard on Saturday or Sunday morning and steam down the coast to meet the Montana, which has the bodies on board. With the President's yacht Mayflower, bearing the Secretary of War, the Secretary of the Navy and other officials, the two battleships will convoy the Montana into port.

The Montana brings seventeen bodies of sailors and marines, and three of these the battleship will carry on to Boston for burial in New England.

It is now officially announced that the bodies will be landed at Pier A, about 9 o'clock on Monday morning. On the plaza in front of the pier will be drawn up the naval militia and the marines and sailors who will form the escort. To the right will be the carriages of the President, the City Committees, the invited guests and others who will follow in the procession. In front of the pier, draped with American flags will be the fourteen caissons upon which the bodies will be borne to the Navy Yard. The caissons will be in charge of fifty-six men, four to a caisson, of the First Field Artillery, New York National Guard. This will be the only detail of the National Guard in the line. Many of the officers, however, will be among the guests or on the committees.

The bodies will be brought to Pier A on a Navy Yard tug from the Montana, accompanied by a detachment of marines. When word of the coming of the tug is received by the Dock Department, which occupies the pier, word will be telephoned which will stop all city business for one hour as a tribute to those who died.

Mayor Mitchel announced yesterday that Gen. Horace Porter would be Chairman of the Citizens' Committee. There will probably be 150 men on this committee. Their names will be announced to-day. In order to expedite the working out of certain of the plans for the ceremonies, Mayor Mitchel appointed yesterday this Working Committee: President McAneny, of the Board of Aldermen, Corporation Counsel Frank L. Polk, Dock Commissioner R. A. C. Smith, Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, and the Mayor's Secretary, Theodore Rousseau.

Secretary Rosseau and Deputy Police Commissioner McClintock, in charge of traffic met Capt. Gleaves, Commandant of the Navy Yard, and Lieut. E. G. Blakeslee, his aid, and went over the plans for receiving the bodies and conveying them to the Navy Yard. Many of the plans cannot be announced now as the Secretary of the Navy has not approved of them. The general plan only for the reception and march was made public.

The cortège will reach Broadway from Pier A, by way of Battery Place. The route will be up Broadway to City Hall, crossing City Hall Plaza, up Park Row, to Centre Street, thence to Canal Street and through Canal Street to the Manhattan Bridge.

It is the plan of the Bridge Commissioner to have Manhattan Bridge draped in white and black bunting. When the Brooklyn side of the bridge is reached the funeral procession will turn to the left into Nassau Street, and thence to Flushing Avenue.

The cortège will enter the Navy Yard by the Marine Barracks gate. The Sands Street gate will be closed. Automobiles and other vehicles will enter at the Flushing Avenue gate, at the foot of Morris Avenue, in the Navy Yard. All vehicles will proceed down Sixth Street into Flushing Avenue. They will stop at the entrance to the marine parade ground, and there passengers will alight. They will leave the yard by the Clinton Avenue gate.

All visitors on foot will enter at two gates, one on each side of the Marine Barracks gate, through which the escort will pass. These are the gates known as the Commanding Officer's House gate and the Officers' Quarters gate.

The memorial services will be held on the parade ground of the Marine Barracks. They will begin at 11 o'clock. There will be a religious ceremony, it was said, but the plans for the exercises have not received official sanction and so will not be made public at this time. They will probably be brief, and the President will speak, as has already been announced. The clergyman to conduct the religious exercises has been selected.

Late yesterday Lieut. Blakeslee gave out an official order barring motion-picture machines from the yard on Monday. Capt. Boots, senior marine officer at the yard will have charge of the arrangements for admitting the general public.

It was announced officially that when the funeral cortege reached the City Hall it would be halted for a quarter of an hour for the city to pay tribute to the dead. The plans for this part of the ceremony are in the hands of the Mayor's Committee, and Mr. Mitchel said late yesterday that no definite plan had been decided upon. The tentative plan, and one which the Mayor said would probably be followed in the main, is to have drawn up along the line from the Broadway entrance to the City Hall Plaza to the Park Row entrance, the various organizations which desire to attend. It is known that the Spanish-American war veterans will have a prominent place in the line. Massed upon the steps of the Hall will be some 500 school children, who will sing.

It is possible that Mayor Mitchel will make a brief address from the steps of the Hall, but the nature of the exercises will depend upon the navy officials and the wishes of the President, who is expected to accompany the cortege from the Battery. Mr. Wilson's wishes will be law in this, as in the formation of other details of the services. When the President enters a navy yard he is entitled to a salute of twenty-one guns. It was said at the Navy Yard that this salute would probably be omitted on Monday.

The Board of Trustees of the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue, at Central Park West and Seventieth Street, sent a letter yesterday to Capt. Albert Gleaves, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy Yard, offering to bury in holy ground in the congregation's cemetery at Cypress Hills the bodies of the sailors and marines of Jewish faith who were killed when Vera Cruz was occupied by the American forces.

ALBANY, May 6. — Flags on all armories garrisoned by the National Guard of the State will be displayed at half-mast from the time of the arrival of the steamship Montana in New York Harbor until sunset of the day of the funeral of the sailors and marines killed at Vera Cruz. Orders directing this tribute to the memory of the American dead were communicated to National Guard officers to-day by Adjt. Gen. Hamilton at the direction of Gov. Glynn.

## REPORT 2 AMERICANS SLAIN.

### But Refugees Say It Was Not Done by a Hostile Mob.

VERA CRUZ, May 6.—An unconfirmed report of the killing of Messrs. Williams and White, Americans employed at the big American mining property of the El Favor Mining Company at Hostotipaquillo, in the State of Jalisco, was brought here to-night by American refugees from Mexico City.

No details were obtainable of the affair, but the refugees said the men were not the victims of an anti-American demonstration.

## POPE MOVES FOR PEACE.

### Asks Mexican Catholics to Work for It—Huerta Is "Grateful."

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 6.—The Archbishop of Mexico received a cablegram to-day from Cardinal Merry del Val, expressing the hope of Pius X. that the efforts at mediation of the Powers would be seconded by Mexican Catholics, and asking the Archbishop to communicate this hope to President Huerta.

This was done, and Gen. Huerta answered the Archbishop as follows:

"The cablegram which the Sovereign Pontiff, His Holiness Pius X., addressed to your Grace under today's date has been communicated to me. In the said cablegram the Sovereign Pontiff deigns to express the fervent hope that the generous initiative of the three South American Republics, on behalf of peace, may receive the efficacious support of Mexican Catholics for the public tranquility and prosperity of our country.

"I entreat that your Grace may be pleased to answer the cablegram of His Holiness Pius X., stating that the republic, through me, esteems at their full worth and is duly grateful for his prayers and fervent wishes.

(Signed) "V. HUERTA."

The Well Dressed New Yorker
Edited by Beaunash

THE globe broad, from Cadiz to Irkutsk, and from Buenos Aires to Vancouver, a *Stein-Bloch Suit* "belongs" in any meet of good form and good fellows.

"There is neither East nor West; border, nor breed, nor birth," if you have on a Stein-Bloch. Its style is not of a city, but of the world.

England, which *sends* us its fashions, *wears* Stein-Bloch Clothes. They are sold in midmost London. Why?

*Suits and Topcoats*
*Tailored by Stein-Bloch*
$20 to $45

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

"Quick-Look Bulletin

*Black Flannels* spanned with fine white Tracery Stripes—⅛ lined Coats—Patch or Plain Pockets — Skeleton Waistcoat with Athletic Armholes—in spicy style, a veritable pepper-box— $25

*Blue Cheviots* overlaid with clear-etched White Stripes—⅛ lined Coats—Patch Pockets—Skeleton Waistcoat — "Pike's Peak or Bust" was our goal, and we've gained the Peak of Value at $20

*Shower Coats* in loose-draping Rubberized Tweeds of a special resist-twist weave—ideal for motor runs, as well as for a sprint to the Subway—proof against rain, dust and everything, but theft—$10 would be no excessive price— $5.95

*Crochet Four-In-Hands* in "stunning" College and Club Stripes—dark grounds with a vivid bar of many colors below the knot—this will set you a-tingle to wear a "knit" again— 65c

*Attached-Collar Shirts* for the nets, the links, the deck and the saddle—fine White Oxfords and Cheviots, Plain or Striped—Coat style or Shirt and Drawers in one—wrist or elbow sleeves—for seasoned sportsmen— $2

*Coat Undershirts* and Knee Drawers of every brand in demand—Olus, B. V. D., Gotham, Reis—Mesh, Nainsook, Mercerized Pongee—we can fit you though you be muscled like the village smithy— $1

*Tub Silk Shirts* of hefty, full-bodied, pure-fibre silk — don't bracket these with tin-weighted, sleazy [illegible]



Handsome Graduation Gifts at prior-to-removal reductions

Lovely pieces of jewelry exquisitely wrought and set with precious stones in original designs—these are commencement gifts the girl graduate cherishes forever.

Discounts of 10%, 20% and 30% now prevail throughout our entire collection of gold jewelry and of precious stones, mounted either in platinum or in gold and platinum.

These discounts afford you an unusual opportunity to secure a lovelier graduation gift at an expenditure considerably smaller than you had expected to make.

E. M. GATTLE & CO.
Fifth Avenue at Thirty-eighth Street

# REFUGEES CHARGE ATTACKS ON WOMEN

## Arrivals at New Orleans Accuse Mexican Soldiery of Shocking Brutalities.

## SHOT A RANCHER DEAD

### His Wife and Two Daughters Assailed—Woman and Children Imprisoned and Ill Fed.

*Special to The New York Times.*

NEW ORLEANS, May 6.—Shocking stories of the ill-treatment of American women by Mexican soldiers were told to-day by refugees from the Medina Agricultural colony. About 100 Americans were isolated there, in danger of death or torture, until they were rescued and finally brought to this country by the Monterey and other ships.

Henry M. Pierce, who arrived on the Monterey told a story of a Mexican crime, which he said was typical. Mr. Pierce lives in Canton, Texas. He said:

"William H. Shope lived in Medina with his wife and two daughters, age 9 and 11. Shope was shot dead by Mexicans and his wife and two daughters were treated with extreme brutality. Rescued finally they had to be taken to the Tierra Blanca Hospital. Nothing was done to bring the offenders to justice. The mother finally escaped from the country with her two daughters and got on a ship that went to California. This happened before the Tampico affair."

Mrs. A. F. Meissner and her eight children are among the refugees brought by the Monterey. She said that she and the children were thrown into a foul prison at Cordoba and kept there two days practically without food. Their clothing was taken away. When they boarded the Monterey at Vera Cruz they had no shoes, and their clothing was pieces of rags sewn together.

G. L. Germon, former acting American Vice Consul at Progreso, who reached here last night, says Americans in Yutacan are in a perilous situation. According to Mr. Germon, circulars have been distributed in Progreso ordering Americans to get out of the country. Several of the circulars are said to be scurrilous in nature.

There are about twenty missionaries among the refugees brought by the Monterey, including representatives of the Baptist, Methodist, and Presbyterian denominations.

The Rev. George H. Brewer of New York, who is accompanied by his wife and two children, bitterly denounced the "uncertain and undefined policy" of the United States Government in handling the situation in Mexico. Mr. Brewer was in charge of the Baptist missions in Mexico, and had headquarters in Mexico City.

"Yes, thank God, we managed to escape, but He only knows what has happened to the friends and coworkers left behind us," said Mr. Brewer. "I am a man of peace, but as conditions are in Mexico to-day there is but one course—intervention. By intervention I mean decisive action, not mere mediation or parleying with a people who must be taught to respect Americans. There are many good people in Mexico, but they are incited to riot by the military leaders, who profit by their patriotic display. It is the bounden duty of the United States to go in and give Mexico a chance to turn her attention to peace and friendship for Americans.

"When the Vera Cruz news reached Mexico City we were driven to take shelter in a hotel. Here we hid ourselves while the howling mobs swarmed the streets, cursing and yelling 'Death to the Gringoes.'

"When we finally managed to get to the coast we discovered that Misses Hayes and Wheeler, two American girls doing missionary work in the Republic, were missing. I have every reason to believe that they were incarcerated in the jail at Saltillo, and I hope God will abide with them and deliver them from captivity."

Mr. Brewer left Mexico City for Puerto Mexico on April 28, and he and his family were taken on the United States transport Hancock to the Monterey at Vera Cruz.

"The United States has taken the first steps in Mexico," concluded Mr. Brewer, "and there is nothing to do but go ahead with it. Unless Mexico is taken in hand and her governmental affairs reorganized, we Americans can never go back to the republic beyond the Rio Grande."

## SAYS YUCATAN WAS "WILD."

### Missionary Refugee Asserts Riots Were Started by Mexican Officials.

Conditions forcing the departure of Americans from Mexico after the taking of Vera Cruz are described in a letter received yesterday by the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions in this city from the Rev. J. T. Molloy, on his arrival at Mobile, Ala., on May 1, on an English freight steamship, from Merida, province of Yucatan.

"Peaceful Yucatan went wild at the report of the taking of Vera Cruz, and the cry of 'Death to the Americans' was attended with such demonstrations as to make all feel that the only prudent thing to do was to flee without delay," wrote Mr. Molloy. "Our presence in Merida or in Progreso not only endangered our lives, but exposed our Protestant people to attack on our account. In an anti-American demonstration, murmurings against our religion were mixed with cries of 'Death to the Americans.'

"The home of a well known and well liked business man was approached by a mob crying 'Death to the Americans.' They tore off the top of an auto that was standing at the door, turned the machine over, shot into the house, broke in the door and but for the arrival of the police would have demolished the house. The family escaped by going upon the roof. As this took place in the next house to us, we expected an attack upon ourselves at any moment.

"We are thankful to have had a way of escape. There was no communication with Mexico City, no chance to send a wire to any part of the world; there was no way out but to take an English freight boat bound for Mobile, and we gladly took it.

"I think it is only fair to the people of Yucatan to say that, left to themselves, they would have behaved well, but the people were inflamed by false reports. Extras were got out one after another, bogus telegrams were circulated, such as 'Vera Cruz has fallen, bathed in blood, but she fell bravely—even women slew Americans,' 'the blond-faced brutes are marching for the centre of the republic,' 'Mexicans, now as ever, let us cry, "Viva Mexico."' One thing was clearly seen—the whole uprising was brought on by officials, and it was said that an employe of the Post Office led the riot of which I have spoken."

## GIVE FULL STORY OF TAMPICO.

### 372 Refugees Bitterly Reproach the Navy for Withdrawing Ships.

Brief descriptions of the conditions at Tampico before the escape of American citizens and excerpts from resolutions condemning the withdrawal of American warships of Admiral Mayo's command from Tampico harbor have appeared in the last ten days, but the full text of a statement of facts drawn up by the first refugees to reach Galveston, 372 men and women aboard the steamship Esperanza, did not reach New York until yesterday.

The statement, which was indorsed unanimously by those on board the Esperanza as she lay in quarantine, depicts vividly the plight of Americans when the warships withdrew and the news of hostilities at Vera Cruz was received at Tampico. The statement was brought here by O. T. Bolin, a young engineer in the employ of a dredging company, which was doing work at Tampico. Mr. Bolin, who was one of those aboard the Esperanza, sailed yesterday for New Orleans on the Creole, on his way back to Mexico.

It has been explained in dispatches from Washington that the withdrawal of Admiral Mayo's ships was intended as a measure of protection for Americans in Tampico, but the statement to which Mr. Bolin and his fellow-refugees subscribed takes quite a different view. It follows:

During the battle between Federals and rebels, which raged in the suburbs of Tampico from April 6 to 11, during which much American property was destroyed and Americans driven from their homes and occupations, bitter feeling on the part of the Mexicans toward Americans, whom they curiously blame for all of Mexico's troubles during the past three years, became so intense after the battle that many Americans with all kinds of business in the surrounding country considered it unsafe to move beyond the outskirts of Tampico and could only do so on special passes issued by Gov. Zaragosa, which allowed them to pass the three Federal gunboats anchored in the Panuco River, as most of the traffic for 100 miles in the vicinity of Tampico is handled on rivers. The railroads have been abandoned for months.

This bitterness in Tampico became general, and nearly to the extent of viciousness, the Americans keeping as closely as possible to their homes and places of business, with self-reliance and confidence in themselves and that their flag to protect their lives and property wherever they might be.

At nearly the height of this dangerous crisis and through somebody's stupidity, the flagship Dolphin, cruiser Chester and gunboat Des Moines in the harbor and already stripped for action, raised anchor at 9 A. M., April 21, and sailed tranquilly out to sea, withdrawing the last vestige of American protection in Tampico, and with them went from the breasts of 2,000 Americans, men, women and children who witnessed it, the last hope, admiration and pride in their American citizenship and the American flag.

The removal of these vessels and this protection at this crisis of extreme danger and exposure to the mercy of a population who have only a thin crust of civilization, little reason and no morals, was little short of an administrative and naval crime. On the Americans who were left behind it had the effect of a funeral procession, which might be followed by many others before the day was done.

No explanation for the withdrawal of the fleet was offered, none as to whether it would ever return. It was still lying tranquilly at anchor on the high seas on April 24, apparently awaiting for the fragile Mexican gunboats to come out.

While Americans, at about 4 P. M., April 21, were anxiously discussing the misfortune caused by the removal of the fleet and that every man must now be the protector of his own life and that of his family, his little interests having been already abandoned, the news of the taking of Vera Cruz reached Tampico.

### Outbreak of Mob Violence.

Brown, howling mobs, armed with clubs, stones and pistols, immediately congregated all over the city, parading the streets and howling for "Gringo" blood. To a Mexican everything with a white face is a hated "Gringo."

Americans immediately rushed to their homes or places of imaginary safety. Englishmen and Germans appealed to their Consuls and were hurried aboard their cruisers and merchant ships near the Custom House. There was but one small American ship in the harbor, a private yacht, which did not dare to display her American flag. The American Consul, Miller, working like a Trojan, with a serious and almost hopeless situation to preserve the lives of his countrymen, was in consternation. Hundreds of Americans could not reach him through the mobs to ascertain his plans for their protection, if he had any.

Poor Miller, the United States Consul, deserted by the American fleet like the rest, left Tampico on a British ship, under the British flag, with the last of the American refugees. American women were refused asylum on British ships until British women were all aboard. Some 150 Americans, men, women and children, assembled at the Southern and Imperial Hotels, locked themselves in, and made the best, hurried preparations they could to sell their lives as dearly as possible.

A mob of approximately 600 infuriated Mexicans smashed the windows of American hotels and residences and wrecked Sanborn's American drug store in the corner of the Southern Hotel, beat the hotel doors for two hours in their quest for American blood and possession of the American flag, which floated over the hotel. The flag remained and was still floating there when the imprisoned refugees finally left the hotel at midnight.

### Say Germans Saved Them.

The American Administration, not content with subjecting 2,000 of their citizens and countrymen to these dangers and insults, must force them to drink the cup to its dregs, to assassinate the last vestige of pride for their citizenship and flag by permitting, if they knew it at all, the spectacle of two German officers from the German cruiser Dresden coming ashore and notifying the Mexican authorities that if the mobs did not disperse immediately German marines would disperse them, and rescuing the fortified American inmates of the Southern and Imperial Hotels, and taking them at midnight in a drenching rainstorm aboard the German cruiser Dresden, where they finally arrived in safety with the exception of a few cut heads and bruises, thankful to God and the German officers that it was nothing worse.

With shame to American manhood, American Administration, and naval capacity and sense of responsibility be it said, that every American man, woman and child, abandoned by the only force that should have protected them, was sneaked out of Tampico on ships flying the German and British flags, commanded by German and British officers.

The American yacht Wakiva of the Huastoca Petroleum Company, anchored two miles below Tampico, was notified by the Mexican gunboat that if she moved she would be sunk. She finally left the harbor flying the British flag.

The American yacht Wild Duck, to which many of the Americans were transferred from the German cruiser Dresden, was taken out to the large American fleet as sea, flying the German flag and in command of a German naval officer from the cruiser Dresden.

The spectacle of American Administrative blundering stupidity and humiliation at Tampico is ended and 2,000 disgusted Americans who experienced it, are on their way to their own country with all their little worldly possessions abandoned to the mercy of semi-savages. Many of these refugees are without friends or resources in the United States, too old to secure occupation in the already crowded field of competition, and with only the clothing they, their wives and children wore in the hurried flight from their homes in the endeavor to preserve their lives.

## REFUGEES WALK 18 DAYS.

### Ostrich Ranchman Encounters Many Perils on Long Journey.

*Special to The New York Times.*

GALVESTON, Texas, May 6.—American refugees from the Pacific coast of Mexico who reached here to-day tell of the indignities heaped upon foreigners by plundering bands of Mexicans. Until recently they say the Mexicans of the State of Zacatecas have been orderly, but since the taking of Vera Cruz foreigners who remain there are in peril of death at the hands of the natives.

J. E. Boyd, an ostrich ranchman of Aguascalientes, was among those who arrived to-day. Mr. Boyd abandoned property in Mexico valued at $250,000 and he has forwarded a claim for that amount to the United States Government. He has lost everything and was glad to escape alive with his wife and their two-year-old child.

Their flight from Mexico was perilous. For six weeks they encountered dangers. A shot from ambush wounded Mr. Boyd in the leg. Once he was beaten until he could stand with difficulty.

For eighteen days, he says, he and his wife walked with their baby seeking a safe refuge. Mr. Boyd and his family left on the Mallory liner Concho for New York to-night.

## DESCRIBES MOB'S ATTACK.

### Refugees Give More Details of Attack on Tampico Hotel.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DENVER, May 6.—Two American refugees who fled from Tampico reached here to-day on their way to Alaska. They are M. K. McGowan and Frank Horne.

"The commander of the German cruiser Dresden came to the Southern Hotel," said McGowan to-day, "and ordered us to get out and go to the pier. The American warships had withdrawn to 'prevent riots' when it was heard that Vera Cruz was being taken. The German commander had told the Mexicans before this that he would shell the town if the mob was not dispersed.

"We were among 150 Americans who were besieged by the mob at the hotel. The German and British flags finally afforded us protection.

"We had the iron doors barricaded, and waited inside to defend ourselves, agreeing not to shoot unless the mob got inside. We had thirty rifles, five shotguns, and a few revolvers. A dozen of us waited in the lobby, and others were upstairs in the balcony.

"Fifteen mounted Federals outside made no attempt to disperse the mob, but kept their rifles pointed at the hotel. They did not know it, but some Americans on the roof of a building belonging to a British firm kept them covered with rifles.

"When the German captain got the mob dispersed we had no chance to pick up our things. Some of the men had to flee without even a change of clothing. We were taken to Galveston on the battleship Connecticut."

## GET NO CLUE TO SILLIMAN.

### Whereabouts of Saltillo Vice Consul Is Still a Mystery.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Efforts on the part of the State Department to find James Silliman, Vice Consul for the United States at Saltillo, have been unsuccessful. Secretary Bryan said to-day that these efforts had been directed through three channels, but nothing had been obtained to indicate Mr. Silliman's whereabouts. It had been reported that Mr. Silliman was in prison at San Luis Potosi.

The State Department obtained official information to-day from the Brazilian Minister at Mexico City that Dr. Edward W. Ryan, who was brought from Zacatecas, would be delivered to the Brazilian Minister one hour before the departure of the refugee train from Mexico City to-morrow evening.

The French Ambassador informed Secretary Bryan to-day that he had information from Mexico City that the national holiday had been celebrated there yesterday without disturbance.

The State Department, it was learned to-day, has no information to confirm a report that W. L. Bonney, Consul at San Luis Potosi, was in prison for a time. Bonney, it now is known, is safe.

## REFUGEES LEAVE CAPITAL.

### Many More American Women and Children in Last Night's Special.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, May 6.—The second American refugees' special left here at 7:15 to-night for Coatzacolcos. It was in two sections, the first composed of four first-class cars and two Pullmans; the second, of two first-class cars and three Pullmans.

The proportion of women and children in the party is greater than in the case of the first special.

# MEXICAN GARRISON SLAYS ITS OFFICERS

Continued from Page 1.

to Mexico City, said to-day that the more prominent Mexicans and foreigners in Mexico City believed the trouble was bound to be a long drawn out affair, because the Federals and rebels were still fighting and there was no probability that they would reach a decisive engagement very soon. He estimated two months as the minimum time in which Mexico City would even be menaced by the rebel attack. He added that by that time anarchy would probably cover a belt of country a hundred miles wide, extending between the rebel lines at Monterey westward to Torreon, and the Federal lines around Guadalajara and east to Orizaba.

He further says that neither the Federals nor the rebels are making any effort to maintain order in places other than those strategic positions where large forces are temporarily stationed.

While he does not believe the peace conference will be successful, he says it is likely Huerta will prolong the matter as long as possible, knowing that the rainy season is about to begin, when campaigning will be extremely difficult.

### Huerta Partisans Flock to Vera Cruz.

By The Associated Press.

VERA CRUZ, May 6.—Among the refugees that are arriving here from Vera Cruz are hundreds of Mexicans who are convinced that their lives would be forfeited if they remained in the capital until the arrival there of Villa or Zapata. Unless they exaggerate the fright that has been caused by the approach of the rebels to the capital, the problem of caring for a large native population within the American lines will soon be added to the work of Gen. Funston and his officers.

Many of the Mexican refugees seeking safety under the Stars and Stripes here have been actively supporting President Huerta and his Government in one capacity or another. Most of them, however, are merely business men and their families who fear that the substitution of another régime for that of Huerta would be accompanied by serious disorders.

Among the Mexicans coming to Vera Cruz are many who have been forced to abandon homes in towns which have fallen into the hands of the rebels. They say they have witnessed scenes after the rebel victories which determined them not to go through anything more of a similar nature. The refugees say that Villa will probably have with him not only Zapata, but thousands of the lower class element in Mexico City.

Zapata has long boasted that not only Huerta and his official family, but hundreds of others would have to die when he came to the capital. Zapata once sent word to the capital that he would set up a guillotine in the square in front of the national palace and accumulate there a pile of the most aristocratic heads in the city. It is said that Zapata's vengeance is directed largely against the wealthier class.

### Many Americans Stay in Capital.

Americans to the number of 2,000 or 2,500 will still be left in the capital after the exodus of the 600 who were expected to depart to-day for Puerto Mexico, according to the opinion of a prominent railroad official here. Most of those remaining in Mexico City have come in from outlying districts, but there is a large percentage of permanent American residents of the capital who are disinclined to leave at present.

As far as is known, no American in Mexico City was killed or even injured during the riotous period, the railroad official stated in an interview.

He says the capital has resumed virtually its normal aspect. Clubs and business houses with few exceptions have re-opened their doors. Among these is the American Club, which was attacked by a mob during the first few days after the American occupation of Vera Cruz, but is now open under the protection of the police. The Country Club also is open, and is much frequented by American golfers.

Since the mobs disappeared from the streets after the first excitement, the official continued, no business house or private residence has been molested in any way.

The interests of Americans are being watched over by a committee of American residents, whose President is Gen. M. C. S. Agramonte, a civil war veteran. The Vice President is K. M. Van Zandt, a banker, while Charles E. Cumming, cable superintendent, is Secretary. Among the active members are Carlos R. Hudson, C. W. Fish, W. F. Payton, and E. N. Brown, officials of the National Railroads, and H. M. Dierfenbach and A. Weill. These men hold daily sessions to consider the situation, and they also advise and aid their countrymen.

### Khaki Uniforms for Sailors.

Another step toward preparing the American forces here to meet any emergency was taken to-day when the fleet received 5,000 khaki uniforms for the bluejackets in case they should be called upon for service ashore. The conspicuousness of the white uniforms worn by many sailors of the landing parties cost many lives during the first days of the occupation of Vera Cruz.

Many bluejackets had dipped their white uniforms in coffee or muddy water to darken them, but this process did not avail much.

The organization of the sailors has now been completed, and if ordered to land, they will be formed in three distinct regiments.

The men of the fleet will soon resume small arms practice. Rear Admiral Badger decided to-day to send the vessels to sea, one at a time, for this purpose.

# FRANK PLEA FAILS; WILL TAKE APPEAL

Continued from Page 1.

on the witness stand, and that it was this fear which impelled them to recant their recantations when confronted with the prospects of prosecution.

Mr. Rosser defended the agents of the defense who had gathered the evidence presented in the extraordinary motion, and referred to numerous affidavits supporting the defense. He assailed the city detectives who had been employed on the case and jocularly remarked that, from the number of Headquarters men working with Dorsey, it was no wonder that the City of Atlanta was suffering from a crime wave.

### State's Witnesses Assailed.

Mr. Arnold opened with a denunciation of Solicitor Dorsey's methods and the witnesses for the State. He said:

"Nothing could have been more unfortunate to the community than the Mary Phagan tragedy. No punishment can be too severe for the guilty. The original tragedy, though, was no more horrible than the trial of the man who was convicted.

"If your Honor will look at the trial record you will see that the State's main witnesses were dreadful criminals—Albert McKnight, Jim Conley, C. R. Dalton, J. E. Duffy, and George Epps. They are the five men on whom conviction rested almost exclusively. And what a lot they are. Their pasts were submerged in secrecy at the time of the trial.

"The jury was forced to take them purely at their face value. But now the light has been thrown on each of them. Developments in our retrial motion have thrown a flood of luminance upon their viciousness and the careers of crime they have led. And this revelation will produce an entirely new effect in the new trial.

"Furthermore, nearly all the counter-evidence of the State revolves around these men. The perjuries committed by them and others of their ilk was enough to sicken any man. Whether or not their original testimony was correct, it has been shown that they are wholly unworthy of belief."

Mr. Arnold then took up the argument. "God alone knows the truth about these recanting witnesses. They seem to have stories to fit any necessity. These confessed perjurers are responsible for the conviction of Leo M. Frank. If not, then he was convicted on no evidence at all. Why, you could search the chain gangs, prisons, and penitentiaries over the nation and you wouldn't find a more choice set of crooks than those with whom my friend Dorsey convicted Frank.

"I have never seen such depravity in mankind as has been developed in these witnesses and in the entire case. It has forced me to believe in utter depravity. If anything ever occurred outside of Russia like the conviction of Leo Frank I have never heard of it."

Following his attack upon the various witnesses who had repudiated their testimony time and again, Mr. Arnold mentioned the Ragsdale episode, saying that Ragsdale's lie was insignificant in comparison with the lie told on the witness stand by Jim Conley.

"There was where Dorsey had an excellent chance to indict witnesses," he said. "Conley admitted on three distinct occasions that he had perjured himself. Dorsey had an excellent opportunity then and at other times to do a little indicting of men in his own camp.

"We were justified in putting in Ragsdale's affidavit, because he was a minister of good position, connected with a respectable church, and vouched for by the Rev. John E. White. If he told a lie, it is only an addition to the thousands that have been told in the Frank case.

"There has been nothing unclean in our methods. We have sought nothing but the truth, and our constant instructions have been to touch nothing but the truth. But, bless you, when we get the truth, the detectives take it away from us. In time, God will reveal it. It may be after Frank is hanged, but it will be revealed. That can be depended upon."

At this point of his address Mr. Arnold took up what he designated as two outstanding weak points in the State's chain of evidence, which, he declared, had been highly instrumental in convicting Frank. They were the hair found upon the lathing machine and the blood spots.

"First of all," he said, "we'll exclude the hair, because Dr. Harris, it has been snown, has said that it was not Mary Phagan's hair. The blood spots were chipped up and examined by a man who was the State's witness, Dr. Claude Smith. He found one blood corpuscle to the lot, and he stated that it could have been the blood of a rat or a mosquito which had sucked human flesh. Also, he stated that the blood could have been on the floor one or four years or more.

"All this practically eliminates the State's theory that Mary Phagan was murdered on the second floor. And, certainly, it was absolutely necessary for the crime to have been committed there for Frank to have been guilty."

Mr. Arnold said that Conley first brought the perversion charge into the case at the trial.

"I believe all of this perversion talk is rot," said he. "I don't believe there has been any perversion in the case on the part of Conley or of Frank."

Mr. Arnold then took up the Becker note proposition, remarking again that the hand that wrote the notes killed the girl. He submitted a photograph of the notes, furnished by the solicitor—not the one used by the defense—to the court, and asked him to examine the number on the order blank.

"That is No. 1,018," he said. "That is one thing in this case that they won't to drive me away from, although I will admit that if these detectives started to dispute the fact that this table is here I might begin to believe that it has disappeared in thin air."

Judge Hill looked at the photograph of the note for a moment and said:

"That looks like 1,018 to me."

"It is altogether probable that Chambers, Gantt, and others went through the basement looking for trash and overlooked these carbon copies of the order blanks," said Mr. Arnold. "It is not to be assumed that they found all of the scraps of paper. There has never been any pretense that the whole basement was ever cleaned up before this tragedy. All they say is that the main trash pile was burned.

"Conley is an habitual note writer. That has been demonstrated. At first he denied he could write, and then, when he could deny it no longer, he admitted he could write, but said all he could write was what somebody else told him.

"Aren't these notes important enough to justify another investigation? For weeks after the murder everybody said the writer of the note committed the crime. But that was before the case had been worked up against Frank. It was before they were on Frank's heels. When they had pushed the case so far they were afraid to change about.

"I am going to ask you to read these notes written in jail by Conley to Anna Maud Carter. They are unutterably vile.

"The original tragedy was horrible, but it was not more deplorable than the trial."

Mr. Arnold then described Conley's character as "bestial."

### Thinks Burns was Mistaken.

"Mr. Burns, after reading those jail notes, declared he was of the opinion that Conley was a pervert. I give Mr. Burns full credit for honesty and sincerity. It may be that he does not thoroughly understand the negro nature, and that Conley isn't a pervert, but I think to call him a pervert is to pay him a compliment.

"Conley admitted in his affidavit that he knew Anna Maud Carter. I believe she has told the truth about Conley's relations with her. The fact is not denied that she knew Conley, and that she exchanged notes with him, and the truth of her affidavit is strengthened by the fact that Conley in his own affidavit does not deny that he wrote the notes to her."

Mr. Arnold compared the jail notes with the murder notes, and the murder notes with the evidence given by Conley on the witness stand. He pointed out numerous similarities in the use of words and in phrasing. He said that instead of there having been two murder notes there was one murder note which was written on two pieces of paper.

"They say," said Mr. Arnold, "that the murder note was Frank's conception and Conley's execution. I contend in the light of these jail notes and the similarity of words and phrases used by Conley on the witness stand with the words and phrases in the murder note, that it was Conley's conception and Conley's execution.

"I am limiting my argument to three physical facts—the carbon copy of the order blanks, which was never in Frank's office nor on the second floor; the hair which Dr. Harris declared not to have been Mary Phagan's hair, and the subsequent notes written in jail by Conley. I am doing this because I think they come squarely and genuinely within the law for an extraordinary motion."

Mr. Arnold insisted that Conley's impulse was to write notes, that it would never have occurred to anybody else to write these jail notes.

"We have presented this case," he said, "under great difficulties. All of the facts brought out by us have been subjected to the closest scrutiny, and if any of them stands muster they should receive due consideration. We had to go to their camp to get Dr. Harris on the hair.

"Without the testimony of Ragsdale, Epps, and the others, shouldn't these three physical facts—the hair, the carbon copy of the order blank, and the subsequent notes written in jail by Conley—entitle Leo M. Frank to a new trial? Wouldn't these facts justify a jury in sweeping aside Conley's evidence?

"Any fact we have shown has been subjected to the vilest and most merciless attacks. And, therefore, these facts which did stand muster certainly are meritoricus of deep consideration. Your Honor, Leo M. Frank deserves a new trial. It is just that he be given one."


*These goods not on Sale till Friday*

**Franklin Simon & Co.**

Fifth Avenue

**"Young Men's Shop"**

16 West 38th St.—Store Floor

*Entirely Separate from Fifth Avenue Store*

**An Important Sale**

FOR (To-morrow) FRIDAY, MAY 8TH, ONLY

**Silk Lined Suits**

FOR YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 42 CHEST

Hand-tailored three-button sack models of English worsted or cassimere, in pencil stripes, pin or club checks, navy serge or Oxford vicuna. *Value $32.50* **20.00**

**Hand Tailored Suits**

FOR YOUNG MEN, 33 TO 42 CHEST

In navy, black or gray pencil striped cassimeres, tartan or club checked worsted, homespuns, Oxford vicuna and navy serge. Three or four button English sack models. *Value $35.00* **20.00**

**"Aquascutum" Top Coats**

*Made by Aquascutum, Limited, of London, England*

FOR YOUNG MEN, 32 TO 42 CHEST

Balmacaan or raglan models, also Box Coats with plain sleeves, of hand-woven Irish homespuns or English whipcord. *Value $35.00* **20.00**

WILL CLOSE OUT (To-morrow) FRIDAY

**56 Young Men's Top Coats**

Of imported Scotch homespun, cheviot or tweed; yoke and sleeves silk lined, sizes 33 to 42 chest.

**10.00** *Heretofore $18.50*

**"Boys' Clothing Shop"**

8 and 10 West 38th St.—Store Floor

*Connecting with Fifth Avenue Store*

WILL HOLD A SALE (To-morrow) FRIDAY

**Boys' Norfolk Suits**

WITH EXTRA KNICKERS. 7 TO 18 YEARS

Of tweeds, cheviots and homespuns in gray or brown colorings. **6.75** *Heretofore $10.00*

**Boys' Blue Serge Suits**

WITH EXTRA KNICKERS. 8 TO 17 YEARS

Norfolk models of high grade navy blue serge; and with yoke plait or plain back, patch pockets; coat mohair lined. *Value $12.50* **10.00**

**Palm Beach Norfolk Suits**

FOR BOYS, SIZES 7 TO 18 YEARS

Of genuine "Palm Beach" cloth, in natural tan, also tan or gray with pencil stripe. *Value $8.00* **6.95**

**Washable Norfolk Suits**

FOR BOYS, SIZES 7 TO 17 YEARS

Norfolk models of tan or gray crash, olive or tan army khaki; also white duck. *Value $4.00* **2.95**

WILL CLOSE OUT (To-morrow) FRIDAY

**180 Boys' Reefer Coats**

Double breasted reefers of Scotch homespuns, mixed tweed and coverts, sizes 2 to 10 years.

**3.75** *Heretofore $7.50*

*FIFTH AVE., 37th and 38th Sts.*



**To The Newspaperman**

¶ The newspaperman is supposed to be not only familiar with the happenings of each calendar day, but to understand and explain their economic significance.

¶ He is or should be the interpreter of What Was, the critic of What Is, the prophet of What May Be, and the champion of What Ought To Be.

¶ And when the New York newspaperman neglects to buy Saks clothes, it is because his clothes are a sacrifice to the demands of his profession.

¶ But there are a lot of newspapermen who never let anything interfere with their getting the best—apropos of which we saw New York's most capable reporter in here buying clothes only the other day.

¶ First and foremost in his profession, he is just as delectable in his choice of attire as he is in his choice of adjectives—as discriminating in clothes as he is in prose.

¶ Think it over.

*Suits* $17.50 to $45
*Overcoats* $15.00 to $38

**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th Street



**You will never lose your shirt!**

nor your shirt studs, nor your sox, nor your pajamas—nor your self control—provided you put your faith and your travel equipment

**in a Saks-Hartmann Rite-Hite Wardrobe Trunk**

¶ Being one-half composed of drawers, one of which is readily convertible into a hat section, it duplicates all the conveniences of a chiffonier.

¶ And being the other half composed of hangers which are unusually easy to get at, it has a degree of usefulness not even dreamed of in the average wardrobe at home.

¶ A wonder of comfort, compactness, and convenience, bringing to the trials and tribulations of travel a great deal of the satisfaction of staying by your own fireside.

**10 models—$30 to $120**

**Men's FITTED SUIT CASES, $47.50**

*Made of heavy English cowhide and Morocco leather lined. Nine handsome fittings, the bottles having German silver tops, and the brushes solid ebony backs. Mirror and manicure pad included.* Basement Floor.

**Saks & Company**

Broadway at 34th Street.



**The Only Skeleton In Our Cupboard**

IS the skeleton lining in many of our Summer suits.

We would like to have you take a good look at it.

* *

In no way can the real quality of tailoring be better disclosed.

Weber and Heilbroner skeletonized coats and waistcoats afford you a peep behind the scenes—a genuine demonstration of custom tailoring applied to ready-made clothes.

* *

The fashionable hang of every garment depends on workmanship alone—and you will see WHY New York men have discovered in these clothes a difference that makes them desirable.

Suits and overcoats, $20 to $45.

* *

Spring hats—soft and stiff shapes—which depend upon accurately observed style tendencies rather than tradition.

The new foreign colors, with contrasting bands and English hand-tied bows.

$3, $4 and $5.

Largest Distributors of Manhattan Shirts

**Weber and Heilbroner**

*Eleven Stores*

241 Broadway, 392 Broadway, 767 Broadway, 1183 Broadway, 46th and Broadway, 1184 Broadway, 35 Nassau, 159 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 27 West 42nd and Fifth Ave. Clothes at 27 West, 241 Broadway, 1183 Broadway, 46th & Broadway, 42nd & 5th Av.



**WE PUT OURSELVES IN THE PLACE OF THE TENANTS**

**We Make It Our Business to See That They Get What They Pay For.**

We maintain a corps of competent employees for the sole purpose of giving immediate and proper attention to the needs of our tenants.

We have for rental in West 72d, 73d, 74th, and 85th Streets a number of high-class dwellings. They are situated in exclusive sections.

These dwellings are within a short walking distance of elevated and subway stations.

In construction, equipment, and appointment, a number of them surpass any private dwellings ever offered for rental in New York City, and are fitted with modern conveniences, such as electric elevators and interior telephones.

Your own Architect might have designed them to suit your own special needs.

The rentals range from $1,700 to $6,000 a year

*For particulars, booklets, apply to*

**CLARK ESTATES**

Telephone 1430 Cortlandt **149 Broadway**

Janitor, 67 West 72d St.



**AUTOMOBILE ORDERS**

We can reduce fair

**INSURANCE COST**

25% in Best Companies.

**Immediate Action Necessary**

Phone us—1884 Cortlandt.

**M. MORGENTHAU, Jr. CO.**

Insurance Experts,

95 LIBERTY ST.

# DE PINNA

FIFTH AVENUE
AT THIRTY-SIXTH ST.
NEW YORK

## Special Value Sale

**Summer Dresses for Misses and Girls**

**To-day, To-morrow and Saturday**

This is a special opportunity, offered early in the season, to secure

**SPECIALLY PRICED**

garments and dresses which exhibit all the care of selection and thoroughness of workmanship that always characterize De Pinna clothes for young people. It includes an entirely new, fresh stock of

**Girls' and Misses' Summer Dresses**

Practical linen and ratine dresses, in white and colors, sizes 13 to 20 years.

Special at $10.50.
Values up to $22.00.

Also special values in white dresses, suitable for Class Day and Graduating Dresses; in crepe de chine, taffeta, net, white cotton crepe and French voiles.

Exceptional Values at $19.50 and $22.00.

**Special Tub Silk Outing Dresses**

Particularly adapted to tennis, golf and other outdoor sports. Two distinctive models. Best quality of washable silk in stripes of any color.

Priced at $19.50

**Misses' Separate Skirts**

There will be offered all the smart new things in separate skirts, made especially for golf, tennis and outing; eight different models in khaki, linen and ratine.

Special Prices, $5.50 to $12

**Blouses and Waists for Girls**

Regulation middy blouses—colored collars and trimmings, $2.75.

Misses' tailored waists, suitable to wear with the separate skirts, $5

**Dresses for Girls Four to Fourteen**

Quaint and attractive little Summer frocks — in imported Anderson ginghams, linens and chambrays.

Special Prices, $5 and $8

Also afternoon dresses in voiles, lawns, crepes and other Summer materials.

Special Prices from $7.50

**Special Importation Girls' Panama Hats**

For this occasion—for girls and misses of every age; very special value at $8.

Introducing the new Roman stripe Scarfs and many other new ideas in trimming.

**DE PINNA**

Exclusive Outfitters for Young People

Fifth Ave. at Thirty-Sixth St.


# SKEPTICISM OVER ROOSEVELT RIVER

### English Authorities Believe Colonel Mistaken in Reported Discovery.

### SEEMS TO GO UP HILL

### Suggestion Made That Party, Losing Its Way, Touched Two River Courses.

### COLONEL STILL VERY WEAK

### Has Lost 55 Pounds—Intends to Go to London to Lecture on His South American Travels.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, May 7.—Col. Roosevelt's report of his adventurous journey in Brazil are displayed here in large headlines, but, according to The Daily News, English geographers are skeptical as to the alleged discovery of another Brazilian river 1,000 miles long.

It is asserted that ignorance of any large affluent of the Madeira such as the "exuberant" Colonel describes is extremely unlikely, for the Rio Madeira runs through a famous rubber country, where Brazilian concessionaires, prompted by as large an appetite for rubber as Col. Roosevelt has for adventure, would have seen its possibilities long ago.

A Daily News correspondent asks why, if this new river is as large as the Colonel describes it, a recent traveler on the Rio Madeira to a point nearly 1,000 miles above where the Roosevelt party emerged, saw nothing of it. He says that it is true that very little is known of the country anywhere inland from the banks of the Madeira, because it is a region of jungle, as is nearly the whole Amazonian country, but that all the Madeira's affluents have been traced inland for some distance.

"I am certain," continues the correspondent, "that it will presently be found that Col. Roosevelt's party have been voyaging down the Rio Tapajos. If they have not, then they have discovered far more than a new river. They have discovered water which flows up hill as well as down dale. His party, he says, embarked in 12.1 south latitude, and 60.15 west longitude in Matto Grosso. That places them on the Rio Camarare, the headwater of the Tapajos, one of the great tributaries of the Amazon, a black-water stream which enters the great river by the Santarem. In latitude 1.58, they say, they struck a big affluent flowing from the right; that could be the Arinos. In 9.49 they found another flowing from the left; that could be the Barratz.

"The ravines they passed through, according to a previous message, were those of the Sierra Morena. The last rapids, in 7 south, were probably the well-known Cachociras das Capoeiras, but they entered the Madeira in about 5 degrees south, and here comes the puzzle, for that would bring them out between Manicore and Tabacol, with large and important Brazilian villages, which I visited on the lower Madeira.

"My suggestion is that they crossed the watershed by means of the Gapo, a flooded forest, for they were there in the rainy season, and they would not be the first exploring party in Brazil to get on to the wrong river by mistake.

"The lower Madeira country in the rainy season is a region of inundated and almost uninhabited jungle, and strangers could easily miss a river course and get across country to the next river and still retain a definite impression that they were making no mistake about it."

Sir Clements Markham, ex-President of the Royal Geographical Society, interviewed by The Standard, expressed himself as somewhat incredulous as to the Roosevelt discovery. He said:

"The details given do not seem to fit in with known aspects of the country. The new river, according to Col. Roosevelt's particulars, is in a latitude and longitude which apparently make it rise on the other side of the great Cordillera del Norte range, at a point in the Valley of the Tapajos River. Then the river would, according to this account, take a northerly direction and would then, apparently, have to cross at least a dozen other rivers before flowing into the Madeira.

"The fact, however, is that at the present time quite a number of rivers are indicated on the survey map, there being at least fifteen to twenty flowing in a northerly or northwesterly direction into the Madeira.

"It is just possible that Col. Roosevelt from a southerly direction reached one of these rivers, not improbably the Canuma. Col. Roosevelt may possibly have traced the Canuma further south than it had hitherto been explored. The actual length of the river, then, from its source to where it enters near the mouth of the Maderia River would be about 300 miles, certainly not a thousand, unless every turning and twist of the river is counted.

"I am afraid, however, that the river discovered is not a new one, because the region where it is stated to flow into the Madeira is frequented by the Mundruca Indians, a well known tribe, who must be familiar with that territory, apart from the fact that the rivers in that region are already, I feel, sure to have been geographically located, excepting the southern source of the Canuma, to which I referred."

The Daily Graphic says in an editorial article:

"From the tenebrous depths of unknown Brazil the showman's drum has boomed, and Mr. Roosevelt appears with tales of adventure and achievement which Munchausen himself might envy.

"It is true that President Wilson has been making some noise in the world, but, after all, his performance is not new. The Mexican war is only a revival, and leaves our jaded appetite unresponsive, but it is a different thing to have discovered a darkest Africa in the new world, to have explored it, and to have brought from its fearsome wilds a bag of not only 2,100 strange birds, beasts, and fishes, but also a thousand-mile river of which geographers had hitherto not dreamed."

"And what a river! Every explorer has the river he deserves, and this particular river has clearly been reserved for Mr. Roosevelt's heroic taste in the matter of wonders and strenuousness. It was not only unknown. It is not only a thousand miles long, but has rapids on a scale which would have blanched the cheek of Livingstone or Stanley. It has also doublings and twistings which almost defy gravitation, and certainly eclipse the fabled accentricities of our own overlooked Meander. The story of the discovery, too, holds us breathless with its thousand miles or circuitous mälstroms.

"If all this does not entitle Mr. Roosevelt to a speedy return to the White House the American people must indeed have lost their sense of the truly heroic."

The River Canuma joins the Madeira in the State of Amazonas in latitude 3 degrees 58 minutes south after a northerly course, according to the maps, of 250 miles, not reckoning its windings.

## THE COLONEL RECOVERING.

### But Still Quite Weak from Effects of the Abscess on His Leg.

PARA, Brazil, May 6.—Col. Roosevelt, during his exploring trip through the wilds of Brazil, lost over 55 pounds in weight.

The Colonel was still very weak today, but his condition was better, and he is recovering from the abscess on his leg, from which he suffered after bruising himself while working on a canoe in the rapids of the River Duvida.

The Colonel again expressed his enthusiasm over the beauty and richness of the regions through which the expedition passed.

It is the intention of the Colonel to deliver a lecture before the Royal Geographical Society in London. It is said he will in that lecture controvert the accuracy of some of the affirmations of A. Henry Savage Landor, the British explorer, in regard to the interior of Brazil, which was traversed by Mr. Landor in 1910-12.

## SEND HER BABY TO CONVICT.

### Sheriff Will Take the Child to Woman Pining in Auburn.

ROCHESTER, May 6.—Upon representations of Auburn Prison officials that Mrs. Teresa Marino, a prisoner from Monroe Country, was pining away for her baby, refusing either to eat or sleep, Justice William W. Clark to-day ordered the Sheriff to take the infant to the mother. Sheriff Brown will take the child to Auburn to-morrow in an automobile.

Mrs. Marino pleaded guilty to manslaughter, second degree, and was sentenced to serve not less than five or more than ten years.

The defense asserted that she killed Frank Mastrodonato on March 10 in defending herself from attack. She is 35 years old and has five children. An effort will be made to have Governor Glynn commute the sentence.

# GET FIVE JURORS FOR BECKER TRIAL

Continued from Page 1.

about the confession of Karl Dresner, who named Police Lieutenant John Becker, brother of ex-Lieut. Becker, as the master mind behind the Dresner perjury plot, Mr. Cockran said:

"I ask that Charles S. Whitman, District Attorney of this county, be adjudged in contempt for deliberately giving out statements on the eve of this trial to injure the interests of this defendant. I submit to your Honor an affidavit charging the District Attorney with giving out this statement."

**Shakes Fist at District Attorney.**

There was before Justice Seabury at the time the technical motion of District Attorney moving for the Becker trial and the Justice immediately ruled that Mr. Cockran's motion was out of order. But the lawyer had no intention of stopping there. He shook his fist at Mr. Whitman and repeated the charge and then began to read from a long affidavit made out by Attorney Johnston. This affidavit contained the newspaper stories complained against and another affidavit from John Francis, formerly connected with The Morning Telegraph, corroborating Mr. Johnson's statement. Mr. Johnston swore that he had heard George F. Flannery, a Criminal Court reporter for The City News Association, say over the telephone that the Dresner interview had been handed out at the District Attorney's office in typewritten form and that it was instigated by the District Attorney himself.

"I will not hear you now," said Justice Seabury. "I will hear your argument on that motion at 1 o'clock."

Justice Seabury's idea, as he later explained it, was to hear the arguments at a time when there were no talesmen in the court room. Mr. Cockran consented to this, but the trial did not continue here. First the lawyer moved for an adjournment. This was denied. Then he moved for a change of venue on the ground that recent newspaper articles had made it impossible for his client to get a fair trial. Before Justice Seabury could reply Mr. Whitman was on his feet.

The District Attorney talked in an easy manner, and did not appear to be very much excited over the charge of contempt. He denied that he had given out the Dresner interview, and asserted that he was not in his office when the story "broke." Mr. Cockran had charged that the story had been given out in the District Attorney's office, and that the newspaper men had been requested to say that the interview took place in the Tombs so as to clear the District Attorney of responsibility. Mr. Whitman then pointed out that Becker himself, while in the Tombs, had made a number of statements, many of them attacking the District Attorney, and intended to damage the District Attorney's case. The District Attorney said that he could not control the newspapers, and that they had rights which were inviolable; the newspapers had only recently printed stories about his new witnesses, he said, which he regretted very much.

"On my oath of office I deny that anything came from me," said Mr. Whitman.

"I'll prove it!" yelled Mr. Cockran.

"You heard what I said," said Mr. Whitman, turning on Mr. Cockran. "I did not. But I'll say now that I believe Dresner's story about John Becker to be true."

"Your secretary gave it out," retorted Mr. Cockran.

**No Change of Venue.**

Justice Seabury succeeded in getting order and then denied the motion for a change of venue. The talesmen all over the room were straining their ears to hear every word. Justice Seabury wanted it understood that there was to be no more argument on the contempt motion until 1 o'clock and Mr. Cockran left the room.

The first talesman was in the chair when Mr. Manton made a request. He wanted to have Mrs. Becker, wife of the defendant, as near her husband as possible, so that she might confer with him. Mr. Whitman objected on the ground that she might be later used as a witness. Mr. Manton told the Court that he could not say whether she would be used as a witness or not, and Justice Seabury, saying that he would take the lawyer's word for this, consented to let Mrs. Becker take a seat about six feet from her husband outside the court railing.

At 1 o'clock, when two jurors were seated in the jury box, Mr. Cockran again walked into the room and Justice Seabury ordered an adjournment of the trial proper until 2:30 o'clock, and ordered the court room cleared of jurymen and talesmen. Then a second programme of fireworks was offered, with Mr. Cockran and Mr. Whitman again as the principal figures.

Mr. Cockran began by declaring that he took exception to Mr. Whitman's previous assertion that Dresner's statement about John Becker's complicity in the perjury plot was true. Instead of arguing to the motion to adjudge the District Attorney in contempt of court he moved that the whole panel of jurors be discharged because of the District Attorney's statement in open court.

"I didn't say Dresner's story was true," flashed Mr. Whitman. "I said that I believed it was true and I repeat that now. I say that I believe that Karl Dresner told the truth about John Becker."

Mr. Cockran was again on his feet, but Justice Seabury denied his motion for discharging the panel, saying that such an action would be wholly unjustified.

"Then I move that the two jurors be discharged," roared Mr. Cockran.

"I deny that motion, too," said the court.

"Then I ask that the special panel be instructed to disregard the statement which the District Attorney made about the Dresner story and to be instructed that the District Attorney was in error in making such a statement."

There was no direct ruling on this motion, but Justice Seabury expressed the view that this motion was foreign to the case and that he did not believe the District Attorney's statement had made any effect on members of the panel.

**Reverts to Contempt Motion.**

When he had been defeated in all of these requests, Mr. Cockran reverted to the contempt motion, for which the special hearing had been set aside.

"I move that the District Attorney be held in contempt of court," began the lawyer. "In this affidavit, which I hold in my hands, appear the facts telling how the reporters were especially summoned to the District Attorney's office yesterday with the deliberate and shameful purpose of affecting this case; how this unfair statement was there given to them, but with the injunction that it must not appear as coming from the District Attorney's office but from the Tombs. For this culminating atrocity the District Attorney is directly responsible. There was an insidious plot to affect with this statement the talesmen already impaneled, a statement purporting to come from the heart of a repentant perjurer, but actually prepared in the office of the District Attorney for the purposes of publicity, malevolently timed."

"I haven't been served," said the District Attorney, rising.

"We haven't had time," said Mr. Cockran, as he passed the affidavits up to the bench.

"This offense strikes at the administration of the law," continued Mr. Cockran. "The Court of Appeals has held that it is the civil right of a defendant in a criminal case to have a fair trial. The public prosecutor ought to insure a fair trial to every defendant, and now we have him giving out stories against the interests of a defendant. When Charles Becker was ready for trial in this court there was an attempt to prejudice the case when there should have been a silence as if in the presence of God."

Justice Seabury read the affidavit and announced that he could find in it nothing but hearsay, things which John B. Johnston and John Francis reported as having heard from Flannery, the Criminal Court reporter. The court also made it clear that it could not find in the affidavits all the things alleged by Mr. Cockran in his argument.

**Wants Reporters Called.**

Mr. Cockran, however, would not accept defeat. It was the duty of the court, he said, to thrash the thing out, particularly to call to the witness stand the reporters present at the interview with Dresner. Still the court refused to take the matter seriously. Then Mr. Cockran became more indignant and complained that the court was accusing him of an attempt to make a "frivolous motion."

"I am satisfied that this affidavit has no merit," finally said the court, "and I shall act on that judgment. I deny your motion and will note your exception."

"Won't you call Flannery to the stand?" protested Mr. Cockran.

"I will not call Flannery," said the court. "I do not want to hear any more argument about this."

"Won't your Honor call the reporters?" persisted the lawyer.

"The same ruling holds," said the Justice. "I think you are attaching entire too much importance to this matter."

Mr. Cockran did not sit down and continued talking to the motion. Then Justice Seabury reminded him that it was the practice to hear no arguments on a motion after a decision had been rendered. That ended the discussion. At that point a messenger from Mr. Whitman's office entered the room with a copy of the speech which Mr. Cockran had delivered at the dinner to ex-Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss at the Hotel Astor on Jan. 25, 1913, a few months after Becker had been convicted of murder. Mr. Whitman had obtained the copy from the stenographer who took it down. The speech was not offered to the court, but after the adjournment reporters glanced through it. In it Mr. Cockran attacked ex-Lieut. Charles Becker, although he did not mention his name. He said:

"We are here to offer a tribute of warm gratitude. The city suddenly awoke to find that the institutions of social order were apparently rocking on their foundations as crimes, stupendous crimes, were not merely tolerated, but were encouraged and actually perpetrated by officers especially appointed to prevent them. * * *

"It is the worst, the most distressing, the most sinister feature of this calamity that among numbers of the force, especially organized and armed by society for its defense, some were found actually using the weapons intrusted to them for the enforcement of law and protection of life, to violate law and destroy human life. * * *

"Mr. Whitman was the heart of the force that directed this triumphant conflict for the vindication of justice."

During the intermission District Attorney Whitman found Flannery, and asked him about his conversations with Johnston and Francis. Flannery told Mr. Whitman, and also the reporters that he had been imposed upon by persons who feigned friendship. He denied that he had charged District Attorney Whitman with giving out the Dresner confession. He made an affidavit, which Mr. Whitman introduced into the record at the beginning of the afternoon session. The affidavit contradicts the affidavit made by Johnston and Francis. Here is Flannery's affidavit:

George F. Flannery, being duly sworn, deposes and says:

I hereby state willingly and of my own free accord, in order to correct an erroneous impression that has apparently been created, that I have made no affidavit in connection with the statement of an alleged confession of Carl Dresner, which appeared in Tuesday morning's papers, and that I was not asked to make any such affidavit.

I also wish to state that I never said to any one that the District Attorney of New York County gave out such a statement, or that such a statement was given out with the knowledge of the District Attorney.

GEORGE F. FLANNERY.

**No Hypothetical Questions.**

In the examination of talesmen no hypothetical questions were used by either side. Those who expressed a prejudice were released without objection. Under the law the District Attorney and the defense were allowed thirty peremptory challenges each. Mr. Whitman exhausted eight of his yesterday and Mr. Manton used only four. Several talesmen were excused after talking privately with the Justice. The majority of them simply stated that they would enter the jury box with convictions if selected and were then excused by the Court with the consent of the two sides.

At the last Becker trial the defendant insisted on having only married men on the jury. He was the final judge in each instance of the men to be selected. Mr. Manton took a great deal of this responsibility on himself yesterday and only once consulted Becker. In that instance Becker shook his head and a challenge had to be used. There was some surprise when it turned out that the first juror was unmarried.

Mr. Whitman confined most of his questions to the subject of prejudice. He had read to the talesmen in the court room, however, a list of 133 names, and as each talesman took the stand he inquired whether he knew any of the persons on the list. The list was the same as that printed in THE TIMES on Monday. It included all the witnesses of the prosecution and defense at the first trial, and also the names of persons who made affidavits for Becker's application for a new trial. The names of the lawyers for the defense in the present trial were also included.

Mr. Manton laid stress on the newspaper stories of the first Becker case, the gunmen's case, the police graft investigation, and particularly on the stories which appeared during the last few days. He wanted to know in almost every instance whether the talesman had any acquaintances among the gambling fraternity. He also asked each one whether he had any acquaintance with the District Attorney and his assistants, ex-Assistant District Attorney Moss, with Max Steuer, attorney for "Bridgie" Weber, or Bernard S. Sandler, attorney for Jack Rose, Harry Vallon, and Sam Schepps. Morris Luban, Max Margolis, and the new Whitman witness, Harry Cohen, were also included among the names to which Mr. Manton referred.

**Trouble Over One Question.**

One question caused Mr. Manton some trouble. It is this:

"Will you do this? If in the course of the trial new evidence is produced purporting to build up the case, will you nail it and throw it out?"

The District Attorney objected to this question a number of times and it was modified, but Mr. Manton adhered to the substance. It seemed as though he had in mind an attack upon the credibility of each of Mr. Whitman's new witnesses.

There was a disposition on both sides to favor young men. The youngest man selected was the foreman, 28 years old, and the oldest was the last man chosen, 36 years old. Intelligence was another qualification desired. So was neatness. Several shabbily dressed and unkempt men were excused even without the formality of asking a single question. A nod to the court by Mr. Manton and Mr. Whitman was sufficient.

The foremen, F. Meredith Blagden, was the tenth talesman examined. His youthful appearance is striking. He came to court with a book in his hand and his manner was that of a collegian. He is a graduate of Harvard, in the Class of 1909 and was a star on the Varsity football team. He remained at Harvard after graduation for study in the Law School. It was the first time in Mr. Whitman's career that a whilom law student was selected to serve on a jury in a murder case. Mr. Blagden said that he gave up studying law to enter the real estate business and recently became connected with the banking house of Redmond & Co. He said that he knew ex-Police Commissioner Rhinelander Waldo, who appeared as a witness for Becker at the last trial, but Mr. Whitman did not object to this. He said that his mind had been made up at one time, but that it was free now.

"I suppose a year and a half at Harvard Law School gave you a smattering of the law, didn't it?" asked Mr. Manton. The witness smiled.

William B. Dalton, the second juror, appeared as Talesman No. 22. He said that he had been married for twelve years. He had not read the newspapers after receiving notice that he must serve on the panel, he said.

"Did you discuss the Becker case with your friends?" Mr. Manton asked.

"Not to any extent," said Mr. Dalton. "Persons who knew that I was on the panel asked me how I was going to get out of it, and I told them that I didn't want to serve if I could possibly get out of it."

"Accepted by the people," said Mr. Whitman quickly.

**Surprise for Juror No. 2.**

"Accepted by the defense," added Mr. Manton, while the talesman looked astonished. His innocent statement had lent weight to his impartiality.

Many talesman appeared at the afternoon session before a juror could be drawn, and in almost every instance the men expressed biased opinions. James M. Faust broke the spell. He said that he was little interested in the stories about the underworld, and that he had read very little about the gunmen's case. He was Talesman No. 38.

Thomas W. Edwards, the fourth juror, also said that persons had asked him how he was going to get out of serving on the Becker jury. He said that he had searched his mind, but that he could not think of a single reason why he should not serve. He had not heard the case discussed since last month, he said. He was the forty-seventh talesman examined.

In Edward E. Van Eman, the last juror selected, Mr. Manton discovered just the man he had been looking for. Mr. Van Eman said that he came from Missouri and that he had lived in Baltimore when Rosenthal was murdered. He had read of the murder in the Baltimore papers, he said, and wasn't much interested in the case.

Among the other talesmen examined was William H. Newell, brother of Edward A. Newell, the lawyer accomplice who figured in the police Inspector's conspiracy. Mr. Whitman excused him. Robert Appleton, the publisher, was also called. Mr. Appleton admitted that he had never served in a criminal or civil case. He said that he was not biased, but got into difficulties when he said that he would render a verdict on his "conviction." He was finally excused by consent. C. Van Dyck See, an electrical engineer, said that he had expressed his opinion so freely that it wouldn't be fair for him to enter the jury box.

Mr. Manton said after the afternoon session that he might not put in any defense at all.

"It all depends on the District Attorney's case," he said. "If he submits practically the same case that was submitted last time we will not attempt to put in any defense."

"Will you place Becker on the stand?"

"I can't tell at the present time," he replied.

"Does Becker want to take the stand?"

"He is very anxious to take the stand," replied Mr. Manton.

Mr. Whitman would not discuss the State's case, but it is believed that the order of presentation will be materially changed. The District Attorney, it is understood, will plunge right into the so-called Harlem conference, where Becker is alleged to have perfected the murder plot with Rose, Webber, and Vallon. The new witness, Harry Cohen, as told in yesterday's TIMES, will give corroborative testimony as to this conference. There was further intimation that there would be corroborative evidence for the conference which is alleged to have taken place between Becker, Rose, and Webber in front of the Murray Hill Baths immediately after the murder. It was also said that the District Attorney had found a negro, Walter Washington, who could tell that he had seen certain persons at this conference. Washington was a porter in Webber's poker rooms at Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue. He could not be found during the first trial. Detective Thomas Maxwell lured him to New York recently, with the fact that he would get the negro a theatrical engagement in New York. He served him with a subpoena when he had crossed the river.

Mr. Whitman believes that his case has been hurt by the publication of stories about his new witnesses. Of the four or five new witnesses he has found, at least three are known. It cost the county $500 to keep Harry Cohen, the chauffeur and star witness, in seclusion only to have him detected by the newspapers the day before the start of the trial.

The Becker trial will continue before Justice Seabury at 10:30 o'clock this morning. The second group of 100 talesmen out of the total lot of 300 will not be permitted in the court room until the first group is exhausted. Arrangements for ample police protection from the Elizabeth Street Station have been made. There will be policemen all around the Criminal Court Building as soon as the case gets under way. A special room will be set aside for the Whitman witnesses, and the informers, in particular, will be guarded by men from Mr. Whitman's staff. Webber, who is being produced by Max Steuer, has refused to come to Manhattan from his home in Passaic, N. J., without a special bodyguard. Many of the witnesses will be kept at hotels during the course of the trial.

## BURWELL IN BELLEVUE.

### Confessed Perjurer Taken to Hospital Suffering from Rheumatism.

William Burwell, 25 years old, of Waterbury, Conn., one of the confessed perjurers, who appeared as a witness for the four Rosenthal gunmen in the attempt to obtain a new trial for them two days before they were executed, was transferred from the House of Detention in a patrol wagon from the Mulberry Street Police Station to the prison ward in Bellevue Hospital late last night, ill and lame with rheumatism. His right side and right foot are affected.

Burwell, with Karl Dresner, also a prisoner and lodged in a cell in the Tombs, testified before Justice Goff in Part Seven of the Supreme Court on the Saturday before Easter. A few days after the unsuccessful hearing Burwell was picked up.

## NO PRIMARY LEGISLATION.

### Glynn Again Asserts He Won't Submit Amendments to Legislature.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—Gov. Glynn to-night reiterated his determination not to recommend to the present extraordinary session of the Legislature the amendments to the direct primary law which failed of enactment at the regular session.


**GOING ABROAD?**
**Why not invest your idle funds in**
**GUARANTEED MORTGAGES**
**netting 5% per annum**
**and free your mind from worry?**
LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital & Surplus $8,750,000
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
128 Montague Street, Brooklyn

WHEN Sam Weller was askt, at the trial of Mr. Pickwick, how he spelt his name, he replied "That depends upon the taste and fancy of the speller."

When prospective clients inquire how our kind of service can help them, we enjoy no such latitude—ours is but one kind of Insurance Service, and that the best and most capable we know of.

I. TANENBAUM SON & CO
*Specialists in Insurance and Installers of Automatic Sprinklers*
*Singer Building*
*New York*

**DANSANT PUMPS**

for men and women who seek ease, grace and strict propriety when dancing. These are made in imported patent leathers, selected for their glovelike softness.

In cutting the uppers of our hand-sewn dress pumps, great care is taken that they are foot-fitting at every point—though they fit comfortably, they cannot slip off.

Our men's pumps are neat and dignified. Our women's more elaborately trimmed.

*Custom Department in Connection.*

MARTIN & MARTIN
BOOTMAKERS FOR MEN AND WOMEN
1 East 35th St., New York

CIVIL SERVICE.

**Photographer**

Usual Salary $1,200 a year

Applications for examination for this position will be received by the MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION

Until 4 P. M., THURS., MAY 21.

Candidates must bring own camera and equipment to take photos of persons, articles or flat prints. In mental test candidates must show intimate knowledge of photographic processes, solutions and apparatus. Amateur experience not sufficient.

Minimum age, 21.

There is one vacancy at $900 a year in the Board of City Magistrates, where the appointee will be engaged on finger print photos. The list will also be used for similar positions in other departments when vacancies occur.

For Application Blanks, apply Application Bureau, Room 1425, Municipal Building, Manhattan, *or sent by mail on receipt of stamps.*

MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

IF YOU ARE
**DEAF**
**THE HARPER ELECTRIC ORIPHONE**
will prove invaluable to you. (Invention of Mr. Chas. W. Harper.)
Free Demonstration daily, 9 to 5.
305 5th Av., N.Y. 294 Washington St., Boston

For Economy, Cleanliness, and Convenience, use
*SIMPLEX INK TABLETS*
Made in blue-black, black, blue, red, green, violet.
Ask your stationer or send for sample to
SIMPLEX INK COMPANY,
507 5th Av., New York.
Phone Murray Hill 5807.

**OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO**
34th Street—New York

*Exceptional values offered To-day (Thursday)*

**350 Young Men's Suits**

*Suitable for medium size men—32 to 42 chest*

Hand tailored suits, three or four button, soft roll front English models, of Cassimeres, Unfinished Worsteds and Cheviots in stripes and Tartan checks, also Navy Serge, part or full lined.

Regular 22.50 values **12.50**

**James McCreery & Co.**

*34th Street* *5th Avenue*

**Semi-Annual Sale Men's Wear**

Commencing To-day, May the 7th

**Remarkable Values**

***Men's Suits, Haberdashery, Shirts, Straw Hats, Outing Trousers, Shoes, Office Coats, Raincoats, Swimming Suits, Bath Robes, Pajamas, Half Hose, Underwear, Traveling Accessories, Umbrellas, and Boys' and Youths' Apparel.***

**J. M. Gidding & Co.**
564-566-568 FIFTH AVENUE AT 46TH ST.

ANNOUNCE A SALE OF

FLOWER-TRIMMED MILLINERY

Formerly $25 to $45, at $10 & $15

Beautiful styles, highly desirable for present wear.

*Also Equally Attractive Values in*

Tailleur Suits, $45 & $58 (formerly to $85.)

Costume Suits, $75 & $95 (formerly to $175.)

Capes, Coats & Cape-Coats, $35 & $45

*Important Reductions on Dinner Gowns, Dance Frocks, Afternoon Frocks, etc.*

***Storage of Furs***

In dry cold air preserves their lustre and softness and insures them against injury.

Requests by telephone or mail receive prompt attention.

TEL. PLAZA 6248.

**Clark and Weinberg**
634 Fifth Avenue

# TRANSATLANTIC CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

## STOLE GEMS HERE; ARRESTED IN PARIS

### Kislinger and Miss Bonner Wanted by Maiden Lane Gem Dealers.

### GOT AWAY WITH $150,000

### "Diamond Queen" and Her Accomplice Decamped with Precious Stones Intrusted to Them.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 6.—The police this evening arrested Joseph B. Kislinger, aged 45, and Antoinette Pink Bonner, aged 28, both of whom were born in Rumania.

They say that some months ago Kislinger decamped from New York with $150,000 worth of pearls and other precious stones which had been intrusted to him. The American police lost his track, but the French authorities discovered it through correspondence addressed to him in Paris. When he was arrested Kislinger had in his possession a large number of the missing jewels.

Miss Antoinette Bonner, called "the Diamond Queen," and her partner, J. B. Kislinger, until their disappearance, about Oct. 31, 1913, had a small office in the Marbridge Building, at Sixth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. After their disappearance ten or more diamond merchants, with establishments for the most part in Maiden Lane, went before the Grand Jury and testified that the man and woman had built up extensive credit with the jewelry trade by dealing honestly until they were able to disappear suddenly with goods having an aggregate value of $150,000, delivered to them "on memorandum."

The memorandum system, commonly employed by diamond merchants, is that of giving jewels to an agent with an agreement that he shall return the jewels or the cash value on demand. The title to the jewels remains with the merchant until he accepts the purchase price from the agent, but he has practically no protection when dealing with a dishonest agent.

The loss of the diamond merchants was made known through the arrest early in November of Francis E. Cocks, a diamond broker, of 7 Maiden Lane, living at 511 East Fifth Street, Brooklyn. Cocks had been in business for more than twenty years and had built up a reputation for probity. He was organist in a Brooklyn church.

He told the police that he had let Kislinger and Miss Bonner have "on memorandum" jewels worth $183,000, which he in turn had obtained "on memorandum" from other diamond dealers. He received from the man and woman $105,000 in payments on the $183,000 worth of jewels, so that the value of the jewels lost through him was $78,000. Cocks's creditors made a demand upon him that forced him to call for payment from Miss Bonner and Kislinger; but when he went in search of them he found that the pair had not been seen since Oct. 31.

On Nov. 13, diamonds, pearls, and other valuables valued at $9,000 were found in the pawnshop of B. Gutter & Sons, 135 Bowery, where the police learned they had been pledged by two men and a woman. One man was supposed to be Kislinger and the woman, the police learned, fitted the description of Miss Bonner. The office of the District Attorney, with a description of the second man, found Sol Brecher, a watchmaker in Maiden Lane, and a brother of J. B. Brecher, who assumed the name of Kislinger about two years ago.

At the time of the disappearance of Miss Bonner and Kislinger the police were unable to find out for what city they had started, but they were informed that Miss Bonner had cabled $7,000 to some one in Paris about two weeks before her disappearance. Before she left New York she lived with two sisters at 38 West 116th Street.

For the jewels which Cocks said he had intrusted to Miss Bonner and Kislinger, on memorandum, he still owes M. A. Sawyer & Co. and E. D. Washburne & Co. of 7 Maiden Lane; D. C. Townsend & Co. of 170 Broadway; George Schmielewski of 14 Maiden Lane; Norbert Salter of 71 Nassau Street; Charles L. Seale, Inc., of 180 Broadway; W. L. Collin, of 14 Maiden Lane; Oppenheimer & Strauss of 87 Maiden Lane; W. J. Durfee of 7 Maiden Lane, and W. S. Hedges & Co. of 170 Broadway, and others.

## BODIES OF 16 MEN FOUND.

### Probably Victims of Atrocities in Argentine Plantations.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BUENOS AIRES, May 6.—Sixteen bodies of murdered men, bearing bullet and knife wounds, have been unearthed by floods on the Upper Parana River territory.

The bodies are probably those of victims of atrocities in the Yerba Maté (Paraguayan tea) plantations.

Detectives have been sent from Buenos Aires.

When you make a gift nothing bespeaks your regard better than the high quality in KOH-I-NOOR Propelling Pencils. A variety of exquisite designs, smooth lead, easy-writing. A lasting remembrance.—Adv.

## HIGH PRICES FOR DRESDEN.

### A Centrepiece Brings $4,987.50 at the King Sale in London.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 6.—The sale of H. J. King's collection of Dresden porcelain at Christie's to-day realized a total of $54,150. This makes the grand toaal thus far $102,460.

A centrepiece with oval basket painted with coats of arms in colors, and boldly modeled at the ends with caryotid female figures, brought $4,987.50.

A vase and cover of inverted pear shape, with painted panels, the lower part of the vase supported by figures of three eagles, sold for $1,365.

A series of twenty-two pieces, some boldly modeled with figures of Bacchus, satyrs, and amorini and others surmounted by figures of Ceres, Flora, and Mars, went for $2,625.

A gentleman and a harlequin standing beside a table, upon which are various bottles, realized $1,522.50.

"The Seasons," a set of four groups of children with flowers, sold for $1,260.

A pair of ewers and covers, modeled as figures of Chinamen holding jars and riding cocks, brought $1,128.75.

"Jupiter" and "Juno," a pair of figures fifteen inches high, sold for $2,205.

"The Senses," a set of five allegorical figures of nymphs, went for $1,076.25.

A group of a lady seated on a chair with her lover kneeling beside her, and a negro page at his back, realized $4,305.

A pair of figures of jays perched on stumps of trees, among the branches of which are squirrels and beetles, brought $3,937.50.

"The Monkey Band," a set of twenty-four monkey musicians in costume, with a conductor and ten music stands, went for $1,895.

The sale will be concluded to-morrow.

## LADY SCOTT NOT REMARRIED

### Friends Characterize American Reports as Nonsense.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 6.—Inquiries made in London fail to elicit anything in the nature of the confirmation of reports of the remarriage of Lady Scott, the widow of the antarctic explorer.

The suggestion that Sir James Barrie was the happy bridegroom came as a complete surprise to the genial novelist and playwright, who told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that he had first heard of his good luck that afternoon, when somebody asked him if the report was true.

"You may say it is without foundation," said Sir James.

Another report from America to the effect that Lady Scott had been secretly married some weeks ago to a member of her late husband's expedition—presumably Commander Evans—was characterized as nonsense by a friend of both parties.

"There is no reason why Lady Scott should not remarry," he said, "and equally there is no reason why, if she decides to remarry, she should keep the matter secret."

## RARE BOOKS AT SOTHEBY'S.

### First Edition of the New Testament in Welsh Brings $270.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 6.—The sale at Sotheby's to-day of a selection of books from the library of Lieut. Col. H. B. L. Hughes of Kinmel Park, Abergele, North Wales, brought a total of $7,125.

Quaritch paid $1,450 for Jean de la Fontaine's "Fables Choisies," four volumes, folio, Paris, 1755-59, with portrait and 275 engravings after Oudry by the best French engravers of the period. The books are in binding by Derome.

A fine copy of the first edition of the New Testament in Welsh quarto, London, 1567, brought $270. It contains a dedication in English to Queen Elizabeth. Not more than two or three perfect copies are known.

A complete set of the "Archaeologia Cambrensis," 1846-1911, sold for $255.

### Canal Pontoon Bridge Completed.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, May 6.—The pontoon bridge at Paraiso was swung into place across the canal yesterday, marking another step in the completion of the waterway.

### Shackleton Still Needs $50,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 6.—Fifty thousand dollars is still needed to complete the equipment of Sir Ernest Shackleton's Antarctic expedition.

## MRS. SEWALL SEEKS TO OUST COUNTESS

### American Delegate to International Council of Women Starts a Dispute.

### TROUBLE IS NOT PERSONAL

### Lady Aberdeen President Twenty Years—Mrs. Sewall Says Another Nationality Should Have Chance.

ROME, May 6.—The second day's meeting of the quinquennial session of the International Council of Women, now being held in Rome under the Presidency of the Countess of Aberdeen, developed an effort to depose the Countess from this position, which she has been held for twenty years.

Mrs. May Wright Sewall, of Maine, has caused to be circulated to the delegates a book entitled "The Genesis of the International Council of Women." Whether or not it should be permitted to go out caused a heated discussion. Its purpose is to bring about the removal of the Countess from the Presidency of the organization, to which post the council plans to re-elect her, in the course of the present session, for another five years.

Mrs. Sewall is at the head of a faction favorable to rotation in the Presidency. She maintains that the principle of the organization cannot be international if one nationality is always represented in the Presidency. Mrs. Sewall does not advocate an American for the post, but she does want some woman other than an Englishwoman. She advances the argument that twenty years under Lady Aberdeen has gradually transformed the International Council into a purely English organization.

At the morning session of the standing Committee on Peace Mrs. Sewall proposed that the Council indorse a movement to obtain the Nobel Peace Prize this year for the late W. T. Stead, the fund to be used for the benefit of working women all over the world. This proposal was passed by a large majority.

There then followed a spirited discussion before the committee on Mrs. Sewall's proposal to free the International Council from any national control. Mrs. Sewall delivered a brilliant speech supporting her ideas, and a resolution embodying this proposal was carried by twenty countries to one. Fräulein Dr. Gertrude Baumer, a German delegate, alone voiced opposition. Two delegates did not vote.

The inaugural address of the Countess of Aberdeen, distributed yesterday, lays particular emphasis on the impetus obtained by the woman's movement throughout the world. Women, says the Countess, being true to the golden rule, comprehend the needs of humanity more than do men. She reviews previous sessions of the council, and says the sessions held in America will be ever memorable to those who experienced the warmth of the reception by their sisters on the American continent. The American meetings gave to all a new understanding of the real significance of the International Council of Women.

The Countess then greets the delegates from the twenty-three national councils in Rome, and especially the women from Servia, Finland, and Portugal, which countries have recently joined the international movement. She regrets that illness has prevented the coming of the delegates from South Africa.

Lady Aberdeen draws particular attention to the handbook distributed to the delegates entitled "The Position of Women in the Laws of Nations" which shows that virtually every country in the world has laws making distinctions between men and women which are unjust to the latter. This, she declares, is an argument for woman's suffrage.

The Osservatore Romano, the organ of the Vatican, discussing the Congress to-day, expresses opposition to some of the aims of the women, especially the proposal to give to the wife identical rights with the husband in the family. It says this idea is subversive of family order.

### Plea for Samuel Altman.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, May 6.—The American Ambassador to-day delivered a note to the Foreign Office on behalf of Samuel Altman, formerly the representative of the Canadian Pacific Railway in this country, who is a naturalized American citizen. Altman was some months ago taken into custody on a charge of inciting Austrians to emigrate to Canada, which charge, it is stated, is without foundation.

## PATY DE CLAM REAPPEARS.

### Alleges Forgery and Treason Against Some Person Unknown.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 6.—Lieut. Col. Du Paty de Clam, of Dreyfus case fame, has emerged from his retirement.

This stormy petrel of French politics was the cause of M. Millerand's resignation as War Minister some time ago, when it was discovered that the Minister had sanctioned Du Paty de Clam's attempt to re-enter the army and get himself placed on active service in Morocco.

The Colonel has now lodged with a juge d'instruction a complaint against an unknown person of forgery and the abstraction of documents "affecting the exterior security of the State." He further alleges that documents relating to his trial were falsified.

## DANGERS OF SKIN MOLES.

### Indicate a Predisposition to Cancer, a French Doctor Says.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 6.—The dangers of moles on the skin, which in France are known as "grains de beauté," and are supposed to add to woman's charm, were the subject of a communication made to the Academy of Medicine by Prof. Borrel of the Pasteur Institute to-day.

Dr. Borrel looks upon the mole as an indication of a predisposition to cancer, and says it may also develop into a malignant tumor. Fortunately its baleful possibilities diminish with years, and the average mole is inocuous as long as it is let alone and no attempt is made to remove it.

## MAYOR AT POLICE DINNER.

### Speaks with Wood and Bingham Before Mounted Men.

Mayor Mitchel, Police Commissioner Woods, and ex-Police Commissioner Bingham were received with uproarious enthusiasm at the seventh annual dinner of the Mounted Police Association of Greater New York, held last night at Raub's, 8 Nevins Street, Brooklyn. About 350 were present, including all of the Deputy Commissioners. Lieut. Maurice Hannon of the Far Rockaway Precinct was toastmaster.

"I wouldn't object to your job myself," said Mayor Mitchel to the mounted men. "A man who rides a horse daily should have a pretty clean conscience and a sane outlook on life."

The Mayor said the present administration intended this to be an epoch-making administration of the Police Department.

"Woods is to be the Commissioner," he went on. "No man in the department need look to the Mayor for special favors; what he has to ask let him ask through the Commissioner."

Mr. Mitchel also referred to the brave deeds of various policemen, and in particular to Patrolman Michael J. Kiley, who was killed in Brooklyn last Monday.

Gen. Bingham opened his speech with the remark: "Woods has a devilish job." He suggested as a remedy for some evils in the department the creation by the men on the force of a committee of their own which should look into the case of any policeman who was known to be falling below the ideals of the department and warn him to brace up or get out.

Commissioner Woods promised a policy of "straight dealing," and said no aid was needed from persons outside the department.

## TWO HURT IN SUBWAY.

### Woman Falls to the Track and Little Girl is Crushed by Car Door.

While alighting from a southbound Subway express train at the Fourteenth Street Station last night Margery Reilly, 18 years old, of 82 Nevins Street, Brooklyn, fell between the platform and train to the tracks below. The girl was taken to Bellevue Hospital suffering from contusions and hysteria.

Earlier in the evening six-year-old Margaret Clancy of 276 Woodbine Street, Brooklyn, was painfully injured at the Grand Central Station of the Subway. As she was entering a car with her mother the door was closed on her and her head was caught between the door and the jamb. A man on the platform thrust his foot in the door and thus prevented the child from being injured further.

The man whose foot was injured in saving the child refused to wait for the arrival of the ambulance surgeon and hobbled away without giving his name.

## RECOVER PEABODY JEWEL.

### Detectives Arrest Man Trying to Pawn Stolen Brooch Worth $1,500.

A diamond brooch, worth $1,500, which was stolen in October, was recovered yesterday by Mrs. A. Russell Peabody of 27 Waverly Place, through the efforts of Detectives Devanney and Owens of the West Sixty-eighth Street Station. The detectives arrested a man, who said he was James Ward of 240 West Sixty-seventh Street, when he attempted to pawn the jewel in a shop in Ninth Avenue, near Fifty-second Street. The brooch bore the name of Tiffany's, and there it was learned that the purchaser was the late A. Russell Peabody.

## WOMAN SUFFRAGE DEFEATED IN LORDS

### Bill Rejected by 44 Majority—Archbishop of Canterbury for It.

### FEMALE ELECTORATE 'PERIL'

### Lord St. Aldwyn Points Out That Women Are in the Majority in the United Kingdom.

LONDON, May 6.—The Woman's Suffrage bill was rejected to-night by the House of Lords by a vote of 104 to 60.

Speeches in favor of the bill were delivered by Lord Courtney of Penwith, the Earl of Lytton, and Lord Willoughby de Broke, while Lord Weardale, the Marquis of Crewe, and Viscount St. Aldwyn spoke against it.

Lord St. Aldwyn, in the course of his speech, said the arguments for the extension of the Parliamentary suffrage to women, which were based on the results obtained in those States of the United States where it had been tried, did not apply in the United Kingdom because in those States men were in the majority, while in the British Isles they were in the minority. Consequently, he argued, the granting of the Parliamentary vote to women in the British Isles would mean the handing over of the destinies of the country and of the empire to a female electorate, which was a perilous step to take.

Among those who voted for the bill were Viscount Morley of Blackburn, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishops of London, Hereford, Bangor, and St. Asaph.

Those who voted against the bill included the Marquis of Lansdowne, Viscount Esher, the Marquis of Salisbury, the Earl of Halsbury, and the Duke of Northumberland.

## BUY AN OLD LONDON FIRM.

### Harrods Acquire the Controlling Interest in Dickens & Jones.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 6.—A big London business deal is announced in a notification by the Directors of Harrods, Limited, the well-known department store, to their shareholders that the famous old house of Dickens & Jones, Ltd., founded as far back as 1803, will in future come under their control.

Dickens & Jones have for generations occupied a prominent island site in the middle of Regent Street, covering no less than 35,000 square feet of ground space. It has done a large business in high-grade drapery goods and enjoyed the patronage of the Queen and other royalties.

Harrods will increase the business on progressive lines and in due course will erect a seven-story store. Argyll Place, which forms the southern boundary of the site, will be widened to accommodate the increasing traffic.


ADVERTISEMENT.

**A Week or Two in the Rockies this Summer**

Will give you new life for the rest of the year. If you've drained your forces and strained your vitality, in Colorado nature will take you in hand, put new corpuscles in your veins, stimulate your imagination, clear the cobwebs from your thoughts, drive the languor from your system and steep you in the magic ozone of the mountain forests.

Let me tell you how little the cost will be, what to see and do when you get there and all about the "Rocky Mountain Limited," the finest train between Chicago and Colorado. Other fast trains over a splendid roadbed—finest, modern all-steel equipment.

We maintain a Travel Bureau at 1,238 Broadway, New York City. Our representatives are travel experts, who will help you plan a wonderful and an economical vacation, give you full information about hotels, camps, boarding places, and look after every detail of your trip.

Write, phone or drop in for our fascinating picture-books of wonderful Colorado. K. E. Palmer, G. E. P. A., Rock Island Lines. Phone 2350 Madison Sq.

Low Fares June 1 to September 30.

**Tartan Plaids**

At "The Store Where Style Reigns Supreme."

¶ It's a far, far cry, indeed, from the picturesque "Kilties" of the Scotch Highlands, where the bonnie heather blooms, to the superbly styled, snug shouldered, form-hugging smart Spring Sack Suits shown in "the store where style reigns supreme," but—

¶ The "Tartans of the Clans," or rather the most handsome adaptations of them, await your selection here, in wide variety—

Tartan Plaid Suits, $20, $22, $30 and $35

Tartan Plaid Balmacaans $20.00 and $25.00

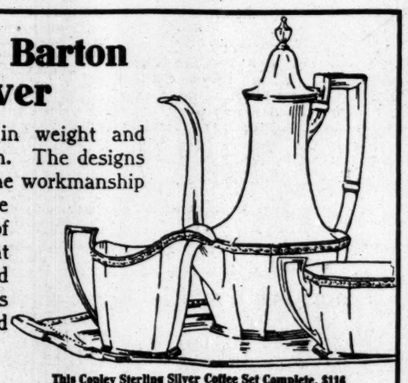
Brill Brothers

BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET

"The Store Where Style Reigns Supreme."

**Reed & Barton Silver**

always excels in weight and beauty of pattern. The designs are exclusive; the workmanship and finish are the combined effort of the best thought and skill, backed by a century's experience and reputation.



This Copley Sterling Silver Coffee Set Complete, $116

Reed & Barton

Established 1824

Jewelers and Silversmiths

Fifth Avenue and 32d Street — 4 Maiden Lane

**STERN BROTHERS**

42nd and 43rd Streets, West of Fifth Avenue

Special Order Department

On the Fourth Floor. Orders will be accepted for making

*Tailleur Suits, Dancing Frocks, Afternoon and Evening Gowns.*

Reproduced or adapted from the latest Foreign Models at the following very moderate prices:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Tailleur Suits, . . | at $65.00 | and | upwards |
| Afternoon Gowns, | " 85.00 | " | " |
| Dancing Frocks, .. | " 79.50 | " | " |

Attention is directed to their exceptional facilities for

Cold Dry Air

STORAGE OF FURS

Fur Garments and Oriental Rugs

insured against theft, moths and fire, at very low rates.

Special price concessions on alterations and repairs during the Spring and Summer months.

Lace Curtains carefully cleaned and laundered at moderate cost; and stored until wanted, free of charge.

Draperies and Hangings Stored.

Estimates submitted and articles called for upon request made in person, by mail, or Telephone: Bryant 6700.

**WORLD'S END**

*A Story of Virginia*

BY AMELIE RIVES

(Princess Troubetzkoy)

*Author of "The Quick or the Dead"*

1st Best Seller New York

1st " " Baltimore

2nd " " Philadelphia

Published by STOKES — $1.30 net

**GIMBELS**

It's Time to Put Your Furs Away!

You won't need them again for six months, and every day that you leave them unprotected increases the danger of damage to them.

*The GIMBEL Cold Dry Air Fur Storage Vault*

is the ideal home for them this Summer.

(1)—It is in our own modern thoroughly fire-proof building.

(2)—It keeps your furs safe from burglars, moths, dampness and dust—and properly insured.

(3)—It is so large that your fur garments are hung without touching each other, in a constantly circulating current of pure, cold dry air.

(4)—Charges are moderate and based on your own valuation.

*Repairing and Remodeling*

at very favorable prices during the Summer—including free storage, if work is considerable.

*Let Us Call for Your Furs Today*

Notify us by letter or telephone and we will send a motor, with a trustworthy messenger, who will be responsible for their safekeeping.

Fur Storage Desk, Third floor.

*Golfers!*

The Summer Greens Are Open

*The GIMBEL Golf Store Ready for All Comers*

This is a *real* Golf Store—with all that the name implies.

It is in charge of a man who got his golfing education on the famous links of St. Andrews in Scotland—and it is a thorough one.

He can answer golf questions with the accuracy born of practical knowledge—help you to pick out the proper clubs and tell you what is the matter with your swing.

*A Fine Collection of the Best Golf Clubs*

Among the leading American makes:

*Spalding McGregor Slazenger Hard-Wrigh*

Especially selected by our expert abroad for this season:

*The Tom Morris (St. Andrews) Golf Clubs*

*The Forgan Gold Medal Golf Clubs*

Makers by Appointment to the Royal Family.

You can try out any club you choose from driver to putter, with its proper stroke, at our driving net, or on the putting green.

*The Favorite Golf Balls*

are here at standard prices:

Domino Dimple No. 4 — Baby Dimple

Domino Dimple No. 6 — Wright & Ditson Black Circle

Glory Dimple — Arch and Bramble Colonel

*And All Golf Sundries*

Including Golf Umbrellas, with 50-in. spread, at $3; also Tees, Golf Ball Enamel, Aluminum and Rubber Sponges, Gloves, Caddie Bags, etc.

Fourth floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS

BROADWAY—NEW YORK—33rd STREET

FOUNDED 1856

**BROKAW BROTHERS**

MEN'S & BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS & FURNISHINGS

Having once inspected our comprehensive showing of Suits and Overcoats—noting the vast range of styles, patterns and fabrics, and learning the genuineness of the values we offer—you will understand some of the reasons why our new customers invariably become regular ones.

Astor Place & Fourth Avenue

ONE BLOCK FROM BROADWAY — SUBWAY AT DOOR

STORE YOUR FURS IN BROOKLYN

Balch Price Fur Storage

INCLUDING INSURANCE Costs 2% FOR THE SEASON

TELEPHONE 5900 MAIN

376 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Only 15 Minutes by Subway from Grand Central to Borough Hall Station

*Clearance Sale*

Thursday, Friday and Saturday,

of model gowns, suits and blouses from the leading Paris houses.

Prices range from $45.00 to $100.00

No exchanges or alterations

Frances Building, Room 603 — 665 Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

**Loeser's**

*The Brooklyn Store*

***A Three Days' Sale for Men***

***Shirts Underwear Suits Hosiery***

Thursday — Friday — and Saturday. Three days dedicated especially to a great sale of Men's Wear. It has had careful preparation. It has been arranged with leading makers. It will set new standards of value-for-price.

Stocks are very large, but some of them will undoubtedly sell out before the third day. We suggest that you make today—the first day—your day of selection.

***$20 to $28 Spring Suits, $16.50***

***$20 to $25 Overcoats, $15***

Every Suit and Overcoat was made especially for us by our regular makers. All are tailored in the Loeser *built-in*-shape system.

Fabrics are the latest patterns, and finishing is first-class in every detail.

Savings come because these Suits were made from short ends of cloth. Smart and conservative styles in cheviots, worsteds and cassimeres.

4,000 Madras Plain Negligee Shirts, 69c
2,400 Percale Plain Negligee Shirts, 59c
$1 White Plaited Shirts, 79c
1,200 Mercerized Soft Shirts, 79c
1,800 Mercerized Soft Shirts, $1.15
1,800 Plaited or Plain Shirts, 98c
500 Silk-Mixed Shirts, $2 and $2.50
600 Pure Silk $5 Shirts, $3.50
$1 to $3.50 Pajamas, 79c to $1.65
50c Solid Color Four-in-Hands, 25c
$3.50 Toweling Bath Robes, $2.95
25c to $1 Underwear, 18c to 69c
15c to $1.50 Silk, Cotton and Lisle Socks, 10c to $1

***New White Sale Opportunities***

Drawers at 25c to 98c, of fine cambric, nainsook and crepe.

Corset Covers, 19c to 98c, of soft nainsook. Also camisoles of rows of lace and embroidery.

Chemises, 39c to 98c, trimmed with a variety of laces and embroideries. Knee lengths in some.

Petticoats, 49c and up, of cambric and nainsook, with fancy flounces of embroidery or lawn and lace.

Combination Garments, 59c to $4.98, skirt or drawer models, of nainsook or cambric, with trimmings of embroidery or lace.

Nightgowns, 39c to $1.85 and up, of cambric, nainsook, plain and figured crepes, trimmed with lace, embroidery, medallions, ribbon beadings, ribbon, etc. All styles of necks.

***$5 and Even $6 Dresses at $2.85***

Made of fine rice crepes, ratine crepes with embroidered figures, embroidered crepes and linens, in all the season's pretty shades.

Some have peasant waists over fancy guimpes. Some are trimmed with satins and velvets. Some have guimpes of allover embroidery and fancy collars. Many have tunics.

All in charming colors. Sizes 34 to 44. Never were such Dresses sold for a smaller price.

***55c Satin Ribbons, 39c***
***45c Dresden Ribbons, 29c***
***50c Satin Edge Moire Ribbon, 33c***

Three of the best Ribbons for millinery and children's wear at low prices.

Those at 39c are 6½ inches wide, in pale blue, pink, white, black, and all colors of the season.
29c Dresden Ribbons are 6 inches wide, in white grounds with floral patterns.
Satin Edge Moire Ribbons are full 6 inches wide. In all the new millinery shades and for children's wear.

Fredrick Loeser & Co.
Subway to Hoyt Street—17 Minutes from Grand Central Station.


# ASSEMBLY LEADERS FIGHT COMPROMISE

## Appropriation Bill as Introduced Provides No Funds for Delaney or Ahearn.

## ANTI-BARNES MEN OBJECT

## Want Issue Tided Over to Next Legislature — Conservation Commissioners' Salaries Cut.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—The Ways and Means Committee's Appropriation bill was introduced in the Assembly this afternoon. It contained no provision for the continuance of the Department of Efficiency and Economy or the Fire Marshal's Bureau. It was the insistence of the Republican Assembly that these departments, headed by stanch Tammany men, must go that led to legislative deadlock and prevented passage of any appropriation bill at the regular session.

While agencies were at work to-day with a view of clearing away the obstacles in the way of an agreement between the two houses at this extraordinary session the Assembly leaders this afternoon, after the appropriation bill had been introduced, were just as emphatic as ever in asserting that they would oppose to the end any compromise on the basis of providing even in part for the maintenance of these departments in the annual appropriation bill. Should they persist in this attitude it is a safe prediction that the present session will conclude, as did the regular session, without providing for the support of the State Government after Sept. 30, when the present fiscal year ends.

Speaker Sweet and Majority Leader Harold J. Hinman apparently have the backing of the Republican organization in their attitude of resistance to the Democratic demand that the two departments be provided for, at least until Feb. 1 next. Republican State Chairman William Barnes led the editorial page of his local newspaper this afternoon with a blast which appeared under the caption "No Compromise Without Dishonor."

Soon after the Barnes editorial appeared half a dozen Republican legislators, looked upon here as anti-Barnes men, got busy in an effort to make converts among the Republican Assemblymen for a compromise which would involve the appropriation of sufficient funds to keep the two departments running smoothly until the next Legislature should take hold. Senator Seth G. Heacock of Herkimer, looked upon as a prospective Republican candidate for Lieutenant Governor in case District Attorney Whitman should become the candidate for Governor, took a leading part in these proselyting efforts. Senator Heacock is considered the leader of the anti-Barnes element in the Senate. The principal argument used was that the compromise would render possible an early adjournment of the special session, a plea that in almost every instance fell on willing ears.

**Compromise Talk Ineffectual.**

That the compromise movement had had no effect on the Republican leaders was apparent when the Appropriation bill was introduced minus appropriations for the two Tammany departments—this despite the fact that the attitude of Senator Heacock and his friends was reflected at the Republican conference yesterday by half a dozen dissenters from the stand-pat programme of the leaders.

"We will pass the Appropriation bill in its present form next Monday night," said Speaker Sweet.

"If the Senate should amend the bill, as expected, by inserting appropriations for the Department of Efficiency and Economy and the Fire Marshal's office, would the Assembly concur?" the Speaker was asked.

"I do not think so," was his reply.

Majority Leader Hinman declared he would oppose any compromise based on appropriating money for either department.

"And I believe the Republican majority will take the same view," he added. "I do not see how we can do otherwise without confessing that we were in error when we voted to abolish the two departments at the regular session."

Despite the protestations of the leaders the impression is gaining ground at the Capitol that the two houses may get together on the basis suggested yesterday by Senate Leader Wagner—appropriations merely sufficient to keep the two departments going until February. In the meantime those Republicans now doing missionary work for compromise and early adjournment believe that the continued existence of the departments as result of the stubborn attitude of the Democratic Senate would furnish them with an effective campaign issue.

Altogether, five fiscal bills were introduced in the Assembly to-day. These include, besides the Annual Appropriation bill, the Supply bill, the bill providing for new construction at the State's institutions, a bill re-appropriating $1,200,000 for maintenance and repair work on the highways already authorized by legislation, and a measure appropriating $30,000 for surveys and maps of barge canal lands.

The appropriation bill embodies reductions from the amounts provided for in the bill passed by the Assembly at the regular session which aggregate $1,148,185. There are increases rendered mandatory by legislation enacted since that bill was prepared aggregating $241,516. These include $50,000 for free State employment bureaus in connection with the Labor Department and $35,000 for the new bureau in the State Banking Department to supervise private bankers. The net decrease is $906,669.

**Democratic Salaries Cut.**

In the general scaling down of appropriation by the Ways and Means Committee, some Democratic department heads were hit hard. In the Conservation Department, headed by three Democrats, the $10,000 salaries of the Commissioners have been slashed $2,000 each, though no legislation has been enacted to justify this course. Here is a tabulated statement showing all the decreases and increases in the appropriation bill:

| Department. | Decrease. | Increase. |
|---|---|---|
| Governor | $1,500 | $2,100 |
| Secretary of State | 16,500 | 1,600 |
| Controller | 6,000 | 19,320 |
| Attorney General | 9,300 | 15,000 |
| Civil Service Commission | 1,500 | 5,000 |
| Judicial | 1,500 | 1,700 |
| Health Department | 12,770 | 1,800 |
| Labor | 6,500 | 64,780 |
| Public Service Commission, First District | 1,000 | ..... |
| Public Service Commission, Second District | 6,000 | 5,000 |
| Health Officer, Port of New York | 7,500 | 5,720 |
| Supt. Weights and Meas. | 1,500 | 1,500 |
| Education | 42,515 | 5,020 |
| Agricultural | 74,970 | 20,000 |
| National Guard | 73,000 | ..... |
| Prisons | 151,200 | 850 |
| State Hospital Com. | 47,230 | ..... |
| Fiscal Supervisor | 3,500 | ..... |
| Charities | 92,500 | 27,500 |
| Conservation Commission | 57,100 | 18,000 |
| Palisades Park | 26,500 | ..... |
| State Engineer | 750 | 1,000 |
| State Architect | 350 | ..... |
| Insurance | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| County Treasurers | 100,000 | ..... |
| Public Works | 400,000 | ..... |
| Board of Claims | ..... | 2,400 |
| Inst. Malignant Diseases | ..... | 10,876 |
| Protective | ..... | 750 |
| Highway | ..... | 1,000 |
| Banks | ..... | 42,000 |
| Total | $1,148,185 | $241,516 |

The total appropriated in the Supply bill, which provides for deficiencies in the budget for the present fiscal year, is $1,500,000, or $400,000 less than was provided for in the Supply bill prepared at the regular session. The Construction bill carries roughly $1,600,000, which is about the same the bill prepared at the regular session provided for.

**Advanced to Third Reading.**

The three principal bills were advanced to third reading as soon as introduced, over the vigorous protests of ex-Speaker Smith, now Democratic leader of the House. When his protest was ignored he moved a call of the House, which showed that only thirty-four members were present when the bills were advanced. A quorum is seventy-six.

Chairman Frawley of the Senate Finance Committee was still at work to-day on the Democratic Appropriation bill which it is intended to introduce in the Senate on Monday. The issue between the Democratic Senate and the Republican Assembly will then be joined and squalls may be looked for.

In discussing the appropriation bill with the Republican Assembly leaders to-day, Minority Leader Smith said that personally he would be satisfied if the salary of John H. Delaney, head of the Department of Efficiency and Economy, were included. This would continue the life of the department, he said, and he added that he understood Fire Marshal Ahearn had enough money on hand to run his office until the question of an appropriation for it could be submitted to another Legislature.

## GLYNN APPEALS TO PARTIES

### Asks Them to Agree on Able Men for Constitutional Convention.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—Gov. Glynn wrote a letter to-day to William Church Osborn, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, urging him to communicate with the Chairmen of the Republican and Progressive State Committees with a view to bringing about an agreement among the parties on a plan that would involve the election of prominent lawyers, educators, business men, and students of social and economic conditions as delegates to the prospective Constitutional Convention on non-partisan lines.

"Petty partisanship and selfish interest should not be allowed to enter into the remodeling of the New York laws," said the Governor in a statement issued to-night.

"It is imperative that the delegates to the Constitutional Convention should be men of capacity and integrity. Only men with these qualifications should be intrusted with a matter so vital to the present generation. In order to secure men of this type the voters of all parties should sink their individual differences and assist one another to elect delegates who are equipped for the tremendous responsibility they must assume."

The Governor believes that whatever the political complexion of the Constitutional Convention, it will listen to men of real leadership regardless of their political faith. He urges that the States committees of each party select half a dozen representative lawyers and business men of their own respective party faith and, in consideration of the unanimous support of the other parties for these men, agree in turn to support delegates selected in a similar manner by the State Committees of the two other parties.

"It seems to me that partisanship can gracefully make this concession to the best interests of 11,000,000 people," says the Governor in concluding his statement.

**Judgment for $90,000 Upheld.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—The judgment for $90,000 obtained by Marion Low as executrix of Augustus Low against the New York Central Railroad was affirmed with costs by the Appellate Division to-day. The action was for damage alleged to have been done the private preserve of the plaintiff in St. Lawrence County by fire, the claim being that the railroad failed to remove inflammable material along its right of way.

# GLYNN URGED TO AID IN PRIMARY REFORM

## Judge O'Dwyer Points to Recent Frauds as Reason for Action at Extra Session.

## OFFERS FOUR AMENDMENTS

## Similar Proposals Were Rejected by the Legislature at the Regular Session.

Edward F. O'Dwyer, Chief Judge of the City Court and President of the National Democratic Club, sent a telegram to Gov. Glynn yesterday urging him to submit to the present extraordinary session of the Legislature the amendments to the new direct primary law, which were proposed some time ago by the club.

President O'Dwyer pointed out that the scandals of the recent special election in certain districts of the city now being investigated by the District Attorney proved the need for the amendments.

The amendments provide for bi-partisan watchers at the polls, for holding the primary elections on the first day of registration, the application of the signature law, and sending sample ballots in advance to voters. The amendments were submitted to the Legislature at its regular session, but were not acted upon. Later President O'Dwyer asked the Governor to submit them again, but the Governor replied that only financial measures would be taken up at the extra session. President O'Dwyer's second appeal to the Governor follows:

New York, May 6, 1914.

Gov. Martin H. Glynn, Albany, N. Y.

Sir—The scandals of the recent special election in this city are filling the press of the country. They have proved beyond a doubt the imperative necessity of the amendments to the Primary law proposed by the National Democratic Club, providing for bi-partisan watchers at the polls, for the holding of the primary elections on the first day of registration, the application of the signature law, and the sending out in advance of sample ballots to the voters. Had similar provisions been in force at the recent election, no doubt of the honesty of its results could have originated.

You sent these amendments with your recommendation to the last regular session of the Legislature, which failed to act upon them. Now Your Excellency has declared that the present extra session will be asked by you to consider only financial measures.

But few days still remain of this session, ample time, however, in which to consider and pass the National Democratic Club's amendments if submitted by you.

In view of the scandal and the shame heaped upon the State of New York by the disclosures of the criminal methods practiced at the recent election and made possible by the present election law as it stands to-day on the statute books; in consideration of the future of honest government in this State, and of the best interests of the Democratic Party within its borders, and in consideration, further, of the transcendent importance to the people that the first primaries under the new direct primary law shall be honest and truly representative; in view, finally, of the interest you have shown heretofore in the amendments and what they stand for and will bring to pass, the National Democratic Club respectfully presents to Your Excellency the urgency of action, and the importance of instant submission to the special session of the Legislature of the National Democratic Club's amendments.

EDWARD F. O'DWYER,
President National Democratic Club.

The amendments proposed by the National Democratic Club have had the approval of many civic and other organizations, and of independent Democrats, Republicans, and Progressives.

## REJECT BIG BOND ISSUE.

### Assembly Won't Carry Out Gov. Glynn's Suggestion, Leaders Say.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—The recommendation made by Gov. Glynn in his recent message to the Legislature that a bill be passed for a referendum next Fall on issuing $30,000,000 bonds for permanent improvements at the various State institutions, will be ignored by the Assembly, according to a statement issued to-night jointly by Speaker Sweet, Majority Leader Hinman, and Assemblyman McDonald, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee.

These leaders declared that a blanket bond issue such as that urged by the Governor, would be in defiance of the Constitution, and asserted that Gov. Glynn himself in his speech before the Democratic State Convention urging the Constitutional Convention for next year, had admitted as much.

"The Governor was formerly Controller of the State, the statement goes on. "His position on State finances is clothed with the weight of experience and authority. If he should commit so grave an error with regard to a matter involving $30,000,000 on the faith and credit of the State, what confidence can be reposed in his judgment upon minor matters involved in the appropriation bills now in controversy at the extra session?"

## ROTTEN BEEF FOR LUNATICS

### Commissioner Delaney Reports Graft In Supplying State Hospitals.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—Commissioner John H. Delaney, of the Department of Efficiency and Economy, to-day submitted to Gov. Glynn a preliminary report dealing with certain phases of the disclosures made through the investigation by his department of the State's institutions for the Feeble-minded and Insane.

The material which has been placed in the hands of Gov. Glynn, it is understood, has to do chiefly with the growth of political machines among the employees in the various State institutions under the supervision of the State Hospital Commission. The Commission, it was stated to-day, had sought in vain to correct the conditions, all efforts made in this direction having been balked by the influence of local politicians and of the local boards of managers, which under the present system hold almost despotic sway over the institutions with which they are connected.

Commissioner Delaney sent a letter to the State Hospital Committee this evening in which he told how his Inspectors had discovered that rotten meat and bad milk supplied to the Hudson River State Hospital at Poughkeepsie, were being served to the inmates in the institution despite the protest of the Inspectors who were present when these supplies were received. The rotten beef, according to Commissioner Delaney's letter, was being delivered to the institution as beef of good quality at $11.47 per 100 pounds.

One such shipment, consisting of 4,000 pounds, which arrived on April 14 and was described by Mr. Delaney's investigators as "unfit for human consumption," was rejected.

On April 24, the Commissioner said in his letter, his examiners intercepted another car shipment of beef which was "decayed in spots and rapidly decomposing."

Protest was made against the shipment. After calling in a hospital inspector and a local veterinary surgeon, however, the hospital officials decided that the beef could be served to the insane patients after "trimming," and it was accepted and placed in the storeroom of the institution. The beef contractor was notified that 5 per cent would be deducted from the contract price on this shipment. When the Health Department, in response to a request from the Department of Efficiency and Economy, sent an inspector to examine the beef, this official was told that it had all been used up.

With regard to the milk supply the investigators found that as a general rule it was of inferior quality, and that subterfuges were resorted to for the purpose of permitting the dealers to charge a price not fixed by competitive bidding.

## CHINESE PIRATES LOOT SHIP

### Killed Keeper of Stores and Carried Off $30,000, Japanese Report.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Details of a raid made by Chinese pirates on the steamer Shingtai on March 31, in which a number of the ship's officers and crew were killed and $30,000 stolen, were brought here yesterday by the Japanese liner Nippon Maru.

The Shingtai, a Chinese-owned vessel which flies the British flag, sailed from Hongkong in the evening with seventeen passengers who proved to be pirates. Three hours out of port a prearranged signal was given and the pirates drew pistols and knives and attacked four soldiers who had been supplied by the Canton Government to guard the vessel's treasure. One soldier was killed and another injured.

The pirates then rushed into the engine room and took charge. There the keeper of the ship's stores tried to intervene and was killed.

By disguising himself as a coolie and hiding, the Chinese skipper escaped with his life.

According to the Nippon Maru's officers the entire coast of China is infested with pirates. The Government, being without funds to operate a coast patrol, is powerless.

Thus far only native vessels have been attacked.

### British Organist for the Fair.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 6.—Edwin H. Lemare, a British organist and composer, will be the organist for the Festival Hall at the Panama-Pacific Exposition, it was announced at Exposition Headquarters to-day.

## ROOMS FIRED TO HIDE CRIME

### Woman Left for Dead Really Killed by Flames—Man Arrested.

SARANAC LAKE, May 6.—Investigation by District Attorney Fred M. Laduke to-day reached a point where Melvin Hicock of Wilmington was arrested on a charge of murder, growing out of the death by fire of Mrs. Hannah Ovett, aged 51, in her apartments at Lake Placid Sunday morning.

The body of the woman was found by firemen after a fight with flames in her rooms. She was partly disrobed and lying face downward under a couch in her living room. A feater mattress was wrapped about her. It was at fist thought she had upset a lamp which going to bed and had been overcome by smoke while trying to escape.

Coroner Laduke says the woman was beaten in a quarrel with two lumberjacks who spent part of the evening in her rooms, that she became unconscious, that her body was thrown under the couch and the place fired to conceal what the perpetrators thought was their crime of killing her. An autopsy showed that smoke and flame caused death, and that the woman had struggled after being thrown under the couch.

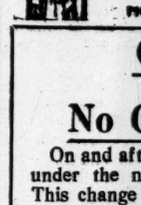
John Cannon was held as a material witness against Hicock. Both are lumberjacks, and District Attorney Laduke, after a three-day investigation, says they are the two men who were with Mrs. Ovett just previous to her death.


**Peck & Peck**

*ALWAYS MOST ECONOMICALLY PRICED in any and all qualities. We have specialized in* **Stockings and Socks** *for twenty-nine years. "Peck & Peck Quality" means highest possible qualities at lowest possible prices, in any and all designs, colors and textures for men, women and children.*

***Peck & Peck***

*588 Fifth Avenue, at 48th St.*
*448 Fifth Avenue, at 89th St.*



**J. B. GREENHUT, PRES.**
**GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.**
**THE BIG STORE**
BOTH SIDES OF SIXTH AVE.—9TH TO 10TH ST.
NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE.

**Change of Name**
but
**No Change of Ownership**

On and after May 18th this business will be conducted under the name of the "J. B. Greenhut Company". This change of name involves no change of ownership, as Captain J. B. Greenhut has been the chief owner and controlling head of this establishment since 1902.

*MAIN BUILDING*
25% to 35% Reductions on
**Auto and Carriage Lap Robes**

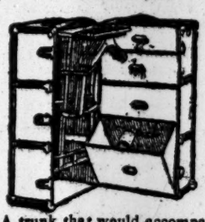
$10 and $11.25 ALL-WOOL RUGS—Scotch plaids; sizes 64x84 and 60x100. Assorted new patterns; reduced to ..... $7.50 and $8.25

$4.75 to $7.50 ALL-WOOL RUGS—Scotch plaids; sizes 60x78 and 64x84, in Brewster green, steel grey, seal brown, navy blue and maroon; reduced to ..... $3.95, $4.75 and $5.75

$3.50 WOOL RUGS—these are in green and black plaids; reduced to ..... $1.95

All these rugs are suitable for Auto, Steamer, Coaching, Mountain, Seashore and Home use.

*MAIN BUILDING*
Sale of $27 "Neverbreak"
**Wardrobe Trunks At $19.50**



A trunk that would accompany you round the world, and at the end of the journey would bring its certificate of character with it as having defied the worst efforts of the baggage smasher.

It is made of 3-ply veneer, heavy duck covered; massive steel trimmings; vulcanized fibre binding; twelve hangers; 4 deep, roomy drawers; bottom drawers arranged to carry women's or men's hats. *Also Many Other Interesting Items for the Traveler by Land or Sea.*

*MAIN BUILDING*
*Special Purchase!*
***2,000 Pairs of Union-Made* Trousers**
From Brand Bros., Prominent Garment Manufacturers

*Usual $3 to $6 Grades in Today's Sale at* ..... $2 & $3

ISSUED BY AUTHORITY OF UNITED GARMENT WORKERS OF AMERICA 7041144 UNION MADE

High-class trousers—best grades for business, dress and outing wear.

*Striped Worsteds, Cassimeres, Cheviots and Black Thibets, Plain Blue Serge, Popular Grays and Blacks.*

All sizes for men and youths in this sale.

Even biggest men will be fitted perfectly.

*"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"*

*Double S. H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter*

**B. Altman & Co.**

**The Black Silk Department**

has now ready a very large assortment of Black Silks for Summer wear, including Bathing Suit Satin, Shower-proof Foulards, Waterproof Habutai, Chiffon Taffetas and Crepe Moires.

**Unusual Values now being offered in Black Silks include**

IMPORTED BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA
40 inches wide . . per yard $1.90

IMPORTED BLACK CHIFFON SATIN
40 inches wide . . per yard $1.78

IMPORTED BLACK SATIN DE CHINE
38 inches wide . . per yard $1.58

BLACK SILK CREPON
40 inches wide . . per yard $1.10

BLACK WATERPROOF HABUTAI
27 inches wide . . . per yard 95c.

**B. Altman & Co.**

**Storage and Safe Keeping**

for Furs, Fur Garments, Portieres, Rugs and Lace Curtains, Moderate Charges.

Modern Storage Vaults and most approved method of cleansing.

(Telephone 7000 Murray Hill)

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

**Oscar Michael**

Announces the purchase and entire ownership of the well-known firm

**W. V. Snyder Co.**

**Newark, New Jersey**

**697 to 705 Broad St. and 1 to 17 Cedar St.**

The establishment will be closed temporarily for reorganization and adjustment of stocks, and will reopen shortly. The business was established in 1855 as a Dry Goods Store, and for nearly sixty years progressed steadily and successfully upon the fundamental principles maintained by the founder. In taking the property over from the successors of W. V. Snyder & Co., we shall aim to uphold its former prestige with the shopping community. Our endeavor shall be not only to maintain the high standards of the past, but to inaugurate new advances which shall make this store the shopping centre for the leading City of our State.

Respectfully,
OSCAR MICHAEL, *President.*
CHARLES MICHAEL, *V. Pres. & Treas.*

**Beginning this morning a special three days'**

**Clearance of Men's Shirts at the most substantial reductions.**

¶ Our incoming shipments are crowding us and we have no alternative but to get rid of the shirts on hand as fast as we can. It involves a considerable sacrifice in money, but we are prepared to make it, and if we have erred at all it is on the side of liberality. We have revised old prices downward like a Democratic Tariff, and the opportunity for a man to put in a substantial supply of smart Summer shirtwear at a trifle of the customary cost was never better, and just now is nowhere else as good as it is at Saks' today.

**$1.50 & $2 Shirts at $1.00**

Negligee shirts, with soft turnover cuffs; made of woven Madras and mercerized fabrics in a splendid range of fancy patterns and colorings.

**$3.50 Shirts at $1.65**

High grade negligee shirts, with soft French cuffs. Imported woven Madras, silk and Madras and mercerized cloths in a big variety.

**$3.50 to $5 Shirts at $2.85**

These are pure silk negligee shirts, made of extra quality washable silks in an extra quality way. An excellent assortment of patterns.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

***Like Fine Pictures?***

Everyone does. The fascination possessed by striking pictures is as general as humanity itself, knowing no race, no creed, no condition of life. The human mind turns instinctively to pictures, and through them the mind from the first gray light of history has sought to express itself.

If you are not a regular reader of The New York Sunday Times you are missing the Picture Section containing, week by week, the most inspiring and striking pictures of current interest obtainable in the picture market of the world.

Next Sunday's Pictorial Section, in addition to many other attractive features, will contain a full page of photographs from Vera Cruz, the choicest of those to reach New York since the navy gave way to the regular army under Gen. Funston. There is no blurring in these pictures. They themselves and the figures in them stand out sharp and clear. You see the history-making scenes in Vera Cruz as clearly as if you saw them with your own eyes.

***"Times Pictorial Section Supreme in Pictures"***

## Quit Buying Tires

The history of the average car is a long list of tire troubles. Stop buying tires, tires, tires—and buy tire service instead of tire fabric.

**Empire Tires** WEAR LONGEST

are a new deal all round for motorists. Empire Tires are made of new, live **red rubber**. They are sold on a basis that is as fair as "two for you and two for me." *You must be satisfied*—that is our standard—and it means you get 100 cents wear for every dollar you spend and you are the one to call quits.

Get a **Red Rubber** Empire Tire on your car next tire you buy and begin to get tire value.

Empire Tires are sold by leading supply dealers. Your garage man can easily get one for you.

*"The man with a red tire knows."*

**EMPIRE RUBBER AND TIRE CO.**
**240 W. 55th St., New York.**
Factory and Home Office, Trenton, N. J.
Makers of "Peerless" *Red Rubber* Inner Tubes



## Women's Legs Get Longer

THEY are *shortest* for a few weeks before she buys a new pair of shoes. In the street car her feet are barely visible.

But how much longer when her feet are smartly dressed in a new pair of Oxfords—Mayfairs!

We agree with her that the newest last and the newest shade should be *seen*. *You* should see them to-day in the store, so others will see them *to-morrow* in the street car.

R. & H. Shoes for men, women and children: Educators, All Americas, Signets, Mayfairs.

**SIGNET SHOE CO**

Bronx Store: 3d Ave. & 149th Street
Harlem: 112 West 125th St.
Brooklyn: 557 Fulton St.



**FENWAY**

Scarf slide space and lock front

**Lion Collars** Oldest Brand in America

UNITED SHIRT & COLLAR CO. TROY N.Y.



(RUBINAT)

**LLORACH**

Look for the Yellow Label

Natural Laxative Water From Spain

Approved by Academy of Medicine, Paris.

**Llorach Assists.**

It is nature's own remedy for constipation.

Small quantity suffices. Wineglassful only.

ASK YOUR PHYSICIAN

Sold by all Druggists.

LUYTIES BROS., N. Y. Sole Agents, U. S. & Canada.



**AMERICAN ART GALLERIES**
MADISON SQUARE SOUTH NEW YORK CITY

FREE VIEW 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC SALE

To-morrow (Fri.) at 2:30 and 8 P. M.

**Old Japanese Color Prints**

and Paintings by

Japan's Modern Masters

Forming the Private Collection of

MR. J. B. MILLET, BOSTON

The sale will be conducted by MR. THOMAS E. KIRBY, assisted by Mr. Otto Bernet of the American Art Association, Managers



**OFFICE OAK MAHOGANY PARTITIONS**

MOUNT & ROBERTSON
49 Broad St. Telephone 1957 Broad


# 'MOURNERS' AFTER WM. ROCKEFELLER

### Picket His Fifth Avenue Home After Vain Search for Him at 26 Broadway.

### TO HAUNT COAL DIRECTORS

**They're Next for a "Social Chill"—Marie Ganz Goes to Prison—To Heckle Rockefeller Pastor.**

The leaders of te Free Silence League sought in vain yesterday at 26 Broadway to get in touch with William Rockefeller or his son, Percy, and bring them within the scope of the movement designed to force concessions to the striking miners of Colorado by inflicting the "social chill" on the men responsible for the attitude of the coal operators in that State. They were permitted to enter the building, but were told by the Secretaries of the men they sought that neither of the Rockefellers was in.

Later a member of the league wrote a long letter to William Rockefeller and sent it by special messenger to 26 Broadway. It was said to be the intention of the league to devote its attention henceforth to William and Percy Rockefeller and other Directors of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. As to John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and his father, it was assumed that the "social chill" had already been inflicted to some purpose, and the "ban" on them so far as their city home was concerned, was lifted.

"We've driven them all out of town," said one of the league's leaders to the mourning pickets in front of 26 Broadway. "They're not in—there's not one of them in."

Because of the failure to find any member of the William Rockefeller branch of the family at 26 Broadway the league last night dispatched a squad of pickets to the home of William Rockefeller on Fifth Avenue near Fifty-fourth Street. The squad was led by Max Appel and Nathan Messman, both of whom figured in the picketing of the Rockefeller Estate at Pocantico Hills last Sunday. They arrived at William Rockefeller's residence at 6 P. M. and remained on patrol for two hours..

Plans talked over in the headquarters of the Free Silence League at 8 Trinity Place last night called for a demonstration in force at Pocantico Hills next Sunday, the demonstration to include a large number of women Socialists and others interested in the movement.

The mourners who kept up the watch at 26 Broadway yesterday were joined by a party of young women who refused to give their names but said that they were college girls. The young women promised to be back among the mourners to-day.

At the Church of St. Marks-in-the-Bouwerie, at Tenth Street and Second Avenue, it was said that the Rev. William M. Gamble, who appeared in front of 26 Broadway last Sunday and read a service for the dead in Colorado, had handed in his resignation as assistant to the Rev. Dr. William H. Guthrie, the pastor in charge.

Dr. Guthrie declined to discuss the reason for the resignation, but it was said at the parish house that the service conducted by the Rev. Mr. Gamble at 26 Broadway had nothing to do with it.

An explanation of the resignation was that the Socialist service the Rev. Mr. Gamble had been conducting after the close of the regular service each Sunday night had not proved as successful as expected, and that differences of opinion arose between the pastor and his assistant as to the reason therefor. The position now vacated by the Rev. Mr. Gamble was formerly occupied by the Rev. Irwin Tucker, a Socialist, who also resigned.

The members of Bouck White's recently formed Church of the Social Revolution met at 11 West Eighteenth Street last night to draw up plans for provoking a discussion with the pastors of the Calvary Baptist Church, which John D. Rockefeller, Jr., attends, upon the question, "Did Jesus teach the immorality of being rich?"

The meeting authorized Bouck White to send to the Rev. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the Calvary Baptist Church, a statement of the Colorado situation and John D. Rockefeller, Jr.'s, personal responsibility for it, with a challenge to Dr. Woelfkin to discuss the attitude of the Saviour toward rich men. White's followers also voted to attend the Calvary Baptist Church in a body on Sunday morning and to support their "pastor" in a personal demand, to be made during the service, for an answer to the challenge.

Speaking of his plan to go to the church, White said he was sure the police would not dare to arrest him, and that even if they should do so no jury would convict him for interrupting a church service with a question.

White's letter notifying the Rev. Dr. Woelfkin that he would be on hand on Sunday morning with his followers was signed, "Yours in the Fraternity of the Carpenter."

### MARIE GANZ GETS SIXTY DAYS.

**She Laughs at Prison Sentence for Threatening a Rockefeller.**

Marie Ganz, who threatened to "shoot John D. Rockefeller, Jr., down like a dog," was convicted of disorderly conduct yesterday in the Chief Magistrate's Court at 300 Mulberry Street and sentenced by Magistrate Murphy to sixty days in the workhouse on Blackwell's Island. A score of policemen in plan clothes mingled among those in the courtroom, but no I. W. W. demonstration was attempted. Chief Magistrate McAdoo sat beside Magistrate Murphy during the hearing.

Miss Ganz was taken to the Tombs to spend the night. She will be sent to Blackwell's Island this morning. Becky Edelson, who recently conducted a fifty-six-hour hunger strike, accompanied her to the prison and obtained a permit to visit Miss Ganz in the Tombs. Inside the prison walls Miss Edelson attacked the prison system and condemned the sanitary arrangements at Blackwell's Island in a speech so loud that it was heard by keepers and prisoners. She was permitted to talk herself hoarse without molestation.

K. Henry Rosenberg, counsel for Miss Ganz, said an appeal would be taken on the ground that the alleged threats, if made at all, were made in the First Judicial District, and that the conviction was illegal since it was rendered outside of that district. Magistrate Murphy, who had begun the hearing while sitting in the Tombs Court, took it with him when transferred to the Mulberry Street Court.

In sentencing Miss Ganz, Magistrate Murphy said the situation confronting the Magistrates was a serious one. "It is a question of whether law and order shall be preserved," he said, or whether lawlessness shall have its way. This prisoner has flouted the law and challenged the courts. I must take up the challenge. I propose to do my duty in the best light that I see it. If she were one of the ring leaders I should give her the fullest penalty of the law."

Miss Ganz laughed as she heard the sentence. "I would much rather be what I am and be going where I am going," she said, "than be John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and bound where he is going." She said hunger strikes were entirely out of her line, and that she wouldn't miss a meal while serving her sentence if she could help it.

### ROCKEFELLERS ARE GUARDED.

**John D., Jr., Able to Take a Walk and His Father Plays Golf.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., May 6.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., will not return to New York this week. He is still suffering from a cold, and although improved enough to go out to-day, he is not yet well enough to go to his office in New York.

Mr. Rockefeller walked from his father's home, where he is staying, to inspect the addition which he is building to his home. The estate is still heavily guarded, every gate is under lock and key, and a watch is kept for agitators. None appeared to-day.

John D. Rockefeller, Sr., played golf this morning with two friends.

# PREVENTS LEAP OFF BRIDGE

**Inspector Henry Grabs Man Ready for Jump from Queensboro Span.**

Overcome by the war fever, Thomas Costigan, 54 years old, of 77 Broadway, Brooklyn, while sending and receiving imaginary wireless messages from the fleet at Vera Cruz, worked himself into such a pitch of frenzy that he started to jump off the Queensboro Bridge late yesterday afternoon, but was prevented by Police Inspector Henry.

Inspector Henry was crossing the bridge from Manhattan to Long Island City by way of the south footpath when he had his attention attracted to the antics of Costigan, who was some distance ahead. Hurrying toward him, the Inspector caught up to him just as he had climbed on top of the latticed iron work and was poising himself for a leap into the factories in the Vernon Avenue and Ravenswood section below, a distance of more than sixty feet. As the Inspector lifted him off his perch and made him descend to the footpath, Costigan offered no resistance.

At this juncture Patrolman Hugh Smith of the Twenty-fifth Precinct, who was returning from Brooklyn, appeared, and the Inspector turned his prisoner over to him. When he was arraigned, Magistrate Leach concluded to send him to the Queens County Jail on a charge of intoxication in order to give him an opportunity to get over his wireless fad.


**Arnold, Constable & Co**

Store opens at 9 a. m.

## SPECIAL MAY SALES

### TAILOR SUITS

**Especially Attractive Late Models in All Sizes for Women and Misses from 14 Years to 44 Bust.**

SUITS—of Imported Moire, smart dressy model—Coat satin trimmed with plaited collar—double tunic Skirt—Black, Navy, Holland and Voilet—Sizes 14 years to 44 bust.

SUITS—of French Summer Serge—smart Coat attractively trimmed with taffeta—new Maxixe Collar lined with White Moire—Russian Tunic Skirt—Black, Navy, Holland, Shepherd's Check—Sizes 14 years to 44 bust.

**22.50** *Actual value $32.50*

### COATS *for Women and Misses*

**All Sizes From 14 Years to 44 Bust. Latest Styles and Materials for Evening or for General Wear.**

COATS OF IMPORTED MISTRAL—in Black and Navy Blue—handsomely trimmed with Moire Silk, lined with various shades of Silk—a dressy stylish garment suitable for day or evening wear—Sizes 14 years to 44 bust. *Actual value $26.50* **19.50**

COATS OF ENGLISH AND SCOTCH HOMESPUNS—Latest Drecol Model—Sizes 14 years to 44 bust. *Actual value $16.50* **11.50**

### Smart Summer Dresses

*Of Attractive New and Fashionable Materials, Made Up After the Most Effective Models, All Sizes for Women and Misses From 14 Years to 44 Bust.*

DRESSES OF PRINTED SILK CREPE DE CHINE—from our own silk department—Waist with embroidered organdy collar and revere, new draped tunic Skirt—pipings of contrasting shades of taffeta—Colors: Navy, Saxe, Rose, Taupe and Tan—Sizes 14 years to 44 bust. *Actual value $22.50* **15.00**

DRESSES OF IMPORTED WHITE COTTON VOILE—Hair line stripe in black and colors—Front of Waist and Fichu of Net, Lace trimmed—double tunic Skirt, Satin Girdle—Sizes 14 years to 44 bust. *Actual value $16.50* **9.50**

*"LA SYLPHE" Quality*

### Pure Silk Gloves for Women and Misses

A Silk Glove of unusual quality and perfect in fit and finish—made for and controlled by us— **85c** 6 pairs **75c** pair 3 pairs **80c** pair

16 button length—Paris point embroidery—Extra durable double finger tips—Black and White—All sizes. *Value $1.25 pair*

### *Glace and Doeskin Gloves*

*For Women and Misses. Some Most Advantageous Prices on the Gloves in Every Day Demand.*

GLACE—16 button length, white. *Value $3.75 pair* 6 pairs **2.65** pair, 3 pairs **2.75** pair, single pair **2.85**

DOESKIN—12 button length, white. *Value $2.50 pair* 6 pairs **1.70** pair, 3 pairs **1.75** pair, single pair **1.85**

DOESKIN—1 clasp or 1 button, white. *Value $1.25 pair* 6 pairs **75c** pair, 3 pairs **80c** pair, single pair **85c**

### Silk Petticoats

*For Women and Misses.*

TANGO CREPE PETTICOATS—Dresden figure accordion plaited flounce. *Regularly $3.00* **1.85**

MESSALINE PETTICOATS—Superior quality, new tube plaiting. *Regularly $3.75* **2.75**

CHIFFON TAFFETA PETTICOATS—Changeable and solid colors, accordion plaited. *Regularly $5.00* **3.85**

JERSEY "PURE SILK" PETTICOATS—Tube plaiting of Jersey. *Regularly $5.75* **3.85**

SAMPLE PETTICOATS—A sample line "newest models," from one of New York's most exclusive manufacturers, desirable fabrics for dancing, street or home wear. *Regularly $3.00 to $15.00* **1.95** to **9.95**

Broadway & 19th Street



**BE KIND TO YOUR LIVER!**

Don't force a balky Liver with drastic purgatives. Use a gentle remedy and avoid irreparable injury. Take the Right Remedy which will satisfy your Liver and yourself. 1 or 2 Pills at night relieve constipation. Get a box of

**Hunyadi Janos Pills**

at any up-to-date Drug Store, or if he has not got it, send 25 cents in stamps NOW by mail to Andreas Saxlehner, New York



*Just consider how much you get for which you pay so little when you have the new Encyclopaedia Britannica in your home. Here is a great book, made by great men to serve the public—"The Finest Body of Exact Information Ever Issued"—which you can buy—if you are prompt—at a price which is actually less than it is worth, less than previous new editions cost, and far less than you pay for ordinary books in the bookstores. Line for line, page for page, and volume for volume you get better value—MORE FOR YOUR MONEY—than in the case of any other book you can name. The present low prices will not be good after a very few days.*

## If You Have Had a College Education You Still Need This Book—If You Have Not, You Need It Just As Much, If Not More

IF you are among the great majority of people whose circumstances are cast in the average lot, you possibly have not had the chance to go to school as much as you would have chosen. You have had to get out and into life early. You have had to consider the question of a livelihood. A thousand times a day the workers and earners and home-makers of America regret that they do not know as much as they would like to know about the very things that have to do with their earning power.

"If I could only have gone to a technical school,"—"If I could have taken a course in a practical school of my own industry." Or it may be that the clerk in a big store, or the man buying a house, or the young couple with children to rear will find, to their sorrow, that *if they had known more*, they could have done so much better.

The new Britannica, a book of all knowledge, covering everything that can possibly concern or interest a civilized community, was

### Written by Men Who Know for Those Who Do Not Know

No man of energy and initiative, no woman of ambition is stopped by obstacles. They *will* get ahead. To-day thousands of people of this temperament go to great trouble to study during their spare hours and acquaint themselves with what they need to know. They are using every advantage available.

### *Now* is the Time to Buy the New Britannica

On May 28th the present low prices of the new Britannica are to be advanced in all bindings. The reasons for this have strictly to do with the unprecedented original investment by the publishers. Enough to say the present price cannot be maintained, and it was never the intention to keep it as low as it now is.

### *Buy Now* and Make a Substantial Saving

Especially is it important that you place an immediate order if you desire immediate delivery. Our advertising of the advance in price has doubled our orders in the last 30 days. This is rapidly exhausting our supply of bound sets. In a few days these will be entirely sold *and delivered*. If you order at once we can guarantee to send you one of the few remaining sets without any delay. But those who put the matter off will surely find that their applications must be filed on a waiting list.

If you order any time before May 28th you will get the present low price and the privilege of buying on the plan of

### $5.00 Down and $5.00 a Month

This plan appeals to people of moderate means, and has been used by some 48,000 persons—four out of five of our subscribers.

Or you can pay spot cash and get the lowest cash price. Or you can make 4, 8, or 12 equal monthly installments.

### Whatever Your Situation in Life This Great Book Can Help You

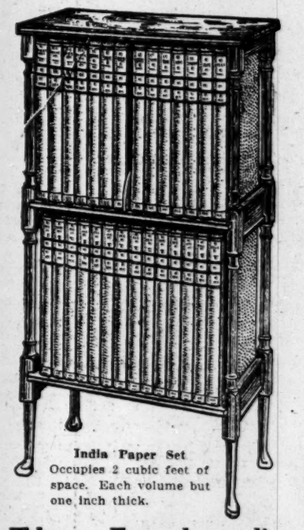
You will find that it will become more and more valuable, and more and more interesting to you as you learn to appreciate it. If you are the head of a family, your children will welcome it equally with the older members of your household.

### To Help You to Decide Ask Us to Mail You

**Our New Pamphlet**

### "67 Kinds of Books" All in One Big Book

This Pamphlet tells you what the Britannica is, for nobody likes to buy a pig in a poke; and tells you from 67 points of view wherein this book is **different** from any other book ever written. Why it is more valuable, more useful, more instructive, more indispensable than any other book; why, no matter what other books you may own, **you ought to have it**, in common with some 60,000 other persons who have already bought it, tested it and are using it with the greatest satisfaction.



India Paper Set
Occupies 2 cubic feet of space. Each volume but one inch thick.

### The Encyclopaedia Britannica is the Great Storehouse of Knowledge for All the People.

IN arranging for the writing and editing and illustrating and indexing of this vast new summary of up-to-date knowledge, the University of Cambridge, (England,) the publishers of the new Britannica, have created, as one purchaser describes it, "one of the wonders of the world."

Here in concentrated form are the answers to millions of essential facts. And all these facts are given in readable and intelligible form, with many thousands of instructive illustrations.

Ten years ago such a work, while possible from an editorial standpoint, would have made a set of books that would have completely filled several bookcases. To-day, because of the modern miracles of paper making, printing and binding, all this material, 44,000,000 words; 41,000 articles; 14,689 illustrations, 450 full page plates in color and in black and white, and 300 maps covering the world, is published in 29 slim, beautiful volumes that measure 29 inches in total thickness. Each volume, printed on thin but strong and opaque India paper, is as easily handled as the average magazine.

### A Reader's Guide to the Britannica.

And a companion volume is published—free to each purchaser of the set—in which some 66 courses of reading are described; readings for pleasure or for practical study or special investigation along any line a man's fancy, hobby or interest may lead him.

These courses of reading have to do with business, banking, music, art, the sciences, the professions, the trades, politics, history—with every department of everyday human interest.

If you would like to see a copy of this Reader's Guide to the Britannica before you decide whether to buy the book itself, we will gladly send it to you; and if you then decide to buy the Britannica, you can keep the Courses of Reading. If you decide not to buy, we will send you the postage to return the volume to us.

**The Britannica in its various beautiful bindings may be seen in the display room on the ground floor of**

**120 West Thirty-Second Street**

**half a block west of Broadway. You will not be urged to buy if you call. It is also shown at Charles Scribner's Sons, 597 Fifth Avenue; Brentano's, Fifth Avenue at 27th Street, and at Malkan's, 42 Broadway; McBride's Theatre Ticket Office (Cortlandt Street Arcade), 165 Broadway.**

**Application for the Pamphlet "67 Kinds of Books."**

ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA
120 West 32nd St., New York

Please send me free your new Pamphlet, "67 Kinds of Books," descriptive of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, together with prices, easy payment terms, etc.

Name .....

Address .....

Town or City .....

THREE THINGS

SOMEONE has said there are three things that should go with every business—Profit, Permanence, and Pride.

Our business has shown a Profit each year for more than a quarter of a century. In good years and in bad.

This in itself means Permanence and our continued ability to make good our title policies.

What we have done to simplify and safeguard real estate transfers in New York is our greatest source of Pride.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co
Capital . . $ 5,000,000
Surplus (all earned) 11,000,000
176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn.
350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

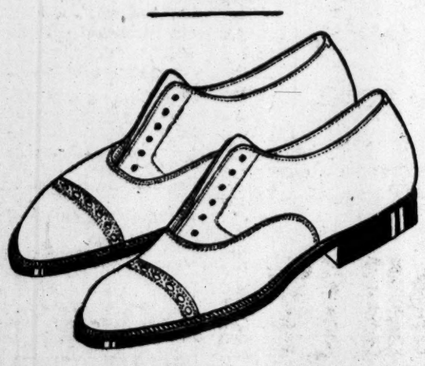


AMERICAN HENLEY
Spring Day at Cornell
ITHACA, MAY 23
YALE
PRINCETON
CORNELL
Crews to Race
Observation train follows course.
YALE & CORNELL
Baseball Game
$8.10 Round Trip
Tickets good on evening train leaving New York 8:30 P. M., May 21, and all trains May 22, except Black Diamond Express. Return limit leave Ithaca as late as 11:08 P. M. May 25.
Lehigh Valley Railroad
'Phone Bryant 4212 for tickets to be delivered by special messenger.
City Ticket Offices:
Broadway 1460 1236 401 94
Brooklyn—30 Flatbush Ave.
Newark—211 Market St.



Cold Dry Air Fur Storage
SAFE AND SANITARY
Telephone 5230 Madison Sq.
H. JAECKEL & SONS
THIRTY-SECOND STREET, WEST
NUMBER SIXTEEN.
(OUR ONLY ADDRESS.)



The Coward Shoe

English Tan Oxfords
London toe, custom heel, easy tread and snug-fit upper, on a smart last that appeals to young men.
JAMES S. COWARD, 264-274 Greenwich St., N. Y.
(NEAR WARREN STREET)
Mail Orders Filled SOLD NOWHERE ELSE Send for Catalogue


# BRITISH ULTIMATUM SUCCEEDS IN HAITI

## Bank Loans Government $62,000 Indemnity Demanded by an English Subject.

## BACKED UP BY A WARSHIP

### Consternation Was Caused by the Ultimatum, Time Limit of Which Expired Last Evening.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, May 6.—The National Bank to-night advanced to the Haitian Government $62,000, the amount of indemnity claimed by Mr. Peters, a British subject, whose sawmill had been destroyed by fire in the course of the Leconte revolution. The payment had been demanded to-day in an ultimatum from the British diplomatic representative.

The incident is now regarded as closed.

Consternation had been caused in the capital by the British ultimatum, the time limit of which expired at 6 o'clock this evening, and which was supported by the presence of the British cruiser Suffolk.

A joint session of Congress was called immediately, but was soon dissolved owing to the inability of the legislators to reach a decision.

Bitter criticism of the Cabinet was expressed for not being in a position to meet the payment which had been awarded to Mr. Peters by a court of arbitration.

A resolution was adopted calling on the President of the Republic to demand the resignation of J. N. Leger, Minister of Foreign Affairs, or to dismiss him from the Cabinet, as he was held responsible for the incident.

Later in the evening the resignation of M. Leger was announced, and this brought about an abatement of the excitement.

In the northern part of the Republic the partisans of the revolutionary leader, Senator Davilmar Theodore, still offer resistance to the Government troops in the vicinity of Ouanaminthe.

# DIPLOMAT'S WIFE A SUICIDE.

### Despondent Over Huerta's Failure to Send Husband to New Post.

Mrs. Louise Echegaray-Ricoy, wife of President Huerta's Minister to Costa Rica, ill from worry and anxiety over conditions in Mexico that interfered with the financial affairs of her husband and caused him to be separated from her for a year, killed herself by leaping from a window of her apartment on the fifth floor of the Fairholm, at 503-7 West 121st Street yesterday morning.

Her body was found at 5:15 o'clock, hanging over an iron bar that separated the areaway to the iron fence that inclosed the stairway to the basement entrance. She was alive when taken to the Knickerbocker Hospital, but did not regain consciousness. She died soon after 6 o'clock.

Woman friends in the house found her infant daughter, Louise, sixteen months old, asleep in the apartment. On a table in the same room was a check for $50, which Mrs. Ricoy had received from her husband on Monday.

Mrs. Ricoy had not seen her husband since a year ago, when he went back to his post at Costa Rica. She had been with him there until two years ago when her health became affected by the climate. Then Mrs. Ricoy, who was Miss Louise Muller before her marriage, went to the home of her brother in Essen, Germany, where her daughter was born. She returned here a year ago and was met by her husband. Mrs. Ricoy wanted to go to Costa Rica, but was advised by her husband that it might not be safe for her and their child.

President Huerta, at the request of Ricoy, had promised to transfer him to the Mexican Legation in Portugal. Mrs. Ricoy expected to join her husband there months ago, but funds for his transfer to the new post were withheld and he was unable to carry out the plans. Mrs. Ricoy brooded over this disappointment for weeks. Ten days ago she became ill of fever and had since been under the care of Dr. J. Gardner Smith of 21 West 122d Street.

Mrs. Ricoy was 28 years old. Her husband is older.

### Bunau-Varilla Upholds Wilson.

Philip Bunau-Varilla, former chief engineer of the Panama Canal for the old French Company, arrived yesterday on the Olympic to visit the canal and also to greet Theodore Roosevelt on his return from South America. He said that he was in full accord with President Wilson over the canal tolls question and that to give American ships free passage through the new waterway would be akin to action of the robber barons in the Dark Ages.

### Child Labor Law Stands.

BOSTON, May 6.—An effort to amend the child labor law so that children between 14 and 16 years old, who had passed a physical test, might be employed in textile industries, was defeated by a vote of 164 to 43 in the House to-day. The bill was favored by representatives from textile centres, who contended that the present law, forbidding the employment of children under 16 years, was too severe.

# BANKER'S WIFE A SUICIDE.

### Worry Over Illness Leads Mrs. John T. Perkins to Shoot Herself.

Mrs. Caroline Worcester Perkins, wife of John T. Perkins, a Vice President of the Corn Exchange Bank, and sister of the Rev. Dr. Elwood Worcester of Boston, head of the Emmanuel movement, committed suicide by shooting herself in the right temple at her home in Greenwich, Conn., early yesterday morning. Mrs. Perkins had been suffering for several years from eye trouble and had undergone several operations. Recently she received treatment for a hardening of the optic nerve. For several weeks she had been under the care of Miss Kate Gorman, a trained nurse, at the Perkins home, 48 Church Street, Greenwich.

Shortly before 6 o'clock yesterday morning Mrs. Perkins awoke and told the nurse that she felt much better. A few minutes later the nurse left the room in order to prepare Mrs. Perkins's medicine. She was recalled to the sleeping room almost immediately by a revolver shot, and found Mrs. Perkins with a bullet wound in her right temple. Mr. Perkins, awakened by the sound of the shot, ran from his room, near by, only to find his wife unconscious and dying. A revolver that had been kept in the house for years lay on the bed near her.

Mrs. Perkins was well known in Greenwich as a church and charity worker. She took an active personal interest in many needy cases and brought them to the attention of other wealthy women of the town.

one time an officer of the Greenwich Aid Society; and until that organization was merged in the United Workers of Greenwich disbursed its charity funds. Afterward she came into less personal touch with the charity cases. Mr. Perkins is a member of Christ Episcopal Church and active in its work. He is the Treasurer of the Greenwich Taxpayers' Association, and has taken an active interest in town affairs.

Mrs. Perkins was in her fiftieth year. Her brother, the Rev. Dr. Elwood Worcester, is the author of "The Living Word" and co-author of "Religion and Medicine, or Moral Control of Nervous Disorders." His teachings attracted wide attention and comment several years ago.

Mr. and Mrs. Perkins have four sons. The eldest, Worcester Perkins, is now at Harvard. The other sons are Richard, George, and David.

# $2,500 BROOCH HIS UNDOING

### Hotel Biltmore Watchman Arrested After Woman Loses Gems.

Charged with having pawned a diamond brooch valued at $2,500, the property of Mrs. Joseph Baldwin, of Boston, Mass., James Quest, a watchman in the Hotel Biltmore, was arrested in the hotel last night on a charge of grand larceny.

A dance was held in the hotel on the afternoon of April 30, and Mrs. Baldwin fastened the pin, containing three centre stones of nine karats each, surrounded by a cluster of smaller diamonds, on her dress. When she went to her room after the dance she missed the brooch. Police detectives made a tour of the pawn shops and learned that an Italian had attempted to pawn the pin.

Further inquiries led to Salvatore Malank, who has a bootblack stand at Fifty-third Street and Third Avenue, who said the brooch had been given him to pawn by Quest. Quest at first denied all knowledge of the brooch, but later admitted having found it and said that he had pawned it for $600. Mrs. Baldwin was notified in Boston and left on a late train for this city.

# NEW HAVEN ENGINEER FREED

### Miller, Who Figured in North Haven Wreck, Is Acquitted.

NEW HAVEN, May 6.—August B. Miller, a locomotive engineer, charged with involuntary manslaughter as the result of the wreck on the New Haven Railroad, at North Haven last September, was acquitted by a jury in the Superior Court to-day.

Miller was in charge of the White Mountain express, which ran into the Bar Harbor express causing twenty-one deaths. The engineer, with Flagman Charles H. Murray and Conductor Brace C. Adams of the Bar Harbor train, were arrested on bench warrants last Fall, after Coroner Mix had held them responsible for the disaster.

Murray recently pleaded guilty and was sentenced to a year in jail, but the sentence was suspended. Adams is yet to be tried.

# BARON WIMBORNE'S POLO TEAM ROUTED

## British Experts Say Buckmaster's "Four" Should Be Sent Here as Challengers.

LONDON, May 6.—No official action has been taken so far with regard to postponing the challenge sent this year by an English team for the polo cup held by the Meadow Brook Polo Club. It is generally believed that the results of the matches to be played to-day and on Saturday, when Baron Wimborne's team will meet players of international calibre, will have a considerable influence on the final decision.

Major Green, Secretary of the Hurlingham Polo Club, through whom any change in Baron Wimborne's programme would have to pass, said to-day he had heard nothing regarding a possible withdrawal of the challenge beyond current gossip.

In the match played at Ranelagh this afternoon Baron Wimborne's players were defeated by a team consisting of Walter S. Buckmaster, Mr. Grenfell, Capt. Leslie St. C. Cheape, and Lord Wodehouse. The score was 8 goals to 6.

Baron Wimborne would say nothing after the match concerning his intentions, but other members of the team, including Maor F. W. Barrett, said so far as they knew the team was going to America as it stood at Ranelagh.

The victory to-day of Buckmaster's team was even easier than the score indicates, for after they had won a lead of 7 goals to 3, they eased up. Rearrangement of Lord Wimborne's team did not in any way improve their play, and polo experts this afternoon expressed the opinion that the best thing Lord Wimborne could do would be to get out of the challenge as gracefully as he could, or substitute Buckmaster's team for the one that played to-day.

"Officially the American Polo Association knows nothing about the report from London of the apparent demoralization in the polo team that was to come here to play for the International Cup. We have received no word from either the Hurlingham Club or Lord Wimborne to the effect that there was even a possibility of the challenge being withdrawn," said H. L. Herbert, Chairman of the association yesterday. "Players invited to compete for places on the American team will continue their work of preparation as usual, until something more definite than newspaper reports are received to interfere with our plans."

That Capt. "Monte" Waterbury decided early yesterday morning to have one more game at Lakewood before the ponies were taken to Westbury was not a result of the situation in England, according to one member of the team, but rather to the fact that it would be better to get another day of play before the ponies were shipped. This it was decided would be best all around, as the ponies would need a day or two of rest after the trip, and it would be more convenient for the players to play at Lakewood this afternoon than to play at Meadow Brook on Friday. So the plans were changed, and the final practice at Lakewood will take place this afternoon and the caravan of ponies be moved on Friday to their quarters at Westbury, with the first game on the grounds there on Sunday.

It is admitted in polo circles that a change in the make-up of the challenging team would be no surprise. Friendly "scouts" who have seen the British officers at work in Spain have insisted during the past month that the material was not of international merit, either as to men or ponies. The trouble, these critics say, is due to the fact that the team as proposed is a "one-man affair," and that while Lord Wimborne is a good sport, he is hardly the man to manage a polo team in such an important event as an international cup contest.

"His selection seems to have been confined to personal friends very largely, and among army officers only. His choice has certainly not been of the five best players in England, but of a team of five army officers, refusing to consider as possible members of a team as good, if not better, civilians who play the game. Unfortunately, too, for the British, he neglected to invite some of the best players in the army to compete for places on the team. Under such conditions, which are well understood in polo circles in this country, it is not surprising that dissatisfaction exists among the lovers of the game at Hurlingham and Ranelagh, and that the selection is the subject of adverse criticism by the writers who know polo and the polo players of Great Britain perhaps better than does Lord Wimborne." This was the criticism of a gentleman who has played polo abroad as well as in this country.

### Polo Schedule Announced.

George A. Miller, manager for the Associated Polo Clubs of Long Island, announces this preliminary schedule for polo at the Long Island grounds for the coming season: Great Neck, low goal, May 11-16; Piping Rock, invitation event, May 18-23; Piping Rock, under 17 goals, May 25-30; Great Neck, low goal, June 1-6; Piping Rock, for the British Cup, June 8-13; Rockaway, high goal, and Meadow Brook, low goal, June 15-20; Meadow Brook, flat event and Smithtown, low goal, June 22-27; Rockaway, flat event, and Islip, low goal, June 29 to July 4; Meadow Brook, high goal, and Rockaway, low goal, July 6-11.

The scene of the sport will then shift to Narragansett Pier, where the Point Judith Club has arranged for the following events: July 18, special matches; July 20-25, Polo Association junior championships competition for Army and Navy Cups, handicap events for teams not exceeding 10 goals; July 27 to Aug. 2, open championship; Aug. 3-8, junior championships, for teams not exceeding 20 goals; Aug. 10-15, Atlantic Cups; Aug. 17-22, one day handicaps.

Games under the auspices of the Westchester Polo Club are scheduled to be played at Newport on July 25 and 30 and Aug. 1, 6, 8, 13, 22, 27, and 29. The contests for the Newport championships, the Thorne Challenge Cup, the Westchester and other cups will be played on these dates, the allotment for the several cup games to be made later to suit the convenience of the teams entered.

# CRANE LOSES IN FINALS.

### American Court Tennis Player Defeated for British Title.

LONDON, May 6.—E. M. Baerlein today won the British amateur court tennis championship, defeating Joshua Crane, Jr., of Boston, in the finals at Queen's Club by three sets to love. The score was 6—2, 6—1, 6—2.

The winner to-day became the British amateur champion, Neville S. Lytton, the holder, having announced his decision not to defend the title this year.

Baerlein played at the top of his form and his victory was an easy one. The result was a surprise, as it generally had been expected that Crane would take the British championship to America to join the world's court tennis title captured in March last at Philadelphia by Jay Gould from George F. Covey, the English professional.

Crane, however, never was able to find his real form. He could not keep the ball low enough, and his service, which throughout the preliminaries had proved so deadly, was ineffective to-day against his younger opponent.

# PENSION FOR DONOVAN.

### New York A. C. Boxing Instructor Gets $1,200 a Year for Life.

After thirty years' service as boxing instructor of the New York Athletic Club, Michael J. Donovan has been pensioned for life. By a resolution passed last night at a special meeting of the members of the club Donovan was made Instructor Emeritus of Boxing at a salary of $1,200 a year, which is half the amount he has been receiving for the past thirty years. The resolution is to take effect Sept. 1, 1914. This will enable Donovan to draw full salary for four months, during which time there is little doing in boxing at the club.

Nearly four hundred members of the club attended the meeting, which was held in the gymnasium of the clubhouse, Fifty-ninth Street and Sixth Avenue. A letter apprising the veteran boxer of the action of the club was sent to Donovan last night.

### To Dance for Orphans' Outing.

At a meeting of the General Committee in charge of the tenth annual orphans' automobile day outing announcement was made by Mrs. Joan Newton Cuneo and Hal K. Sheridan, the committee in charge of the orphans' charity dance, that they had decided to hold the event in the ballroom of the Hotel Marie Antoinette, Broadway and Sixty-seventh Street, on Thursday evening, May 21.

Tickets are now one sale at $2 per couple, extra single tickets at $1 each, and may be purchased from a number of automobile dealers along the row. Tickets and further information regarding the dance also can be obtained from Mrs. Cuneo, Scarsdale, N. Y., or from the Secretary, A. L. Prindle, 7 East Forty-second Street.

# HARVARD CREW IN CRASH.

### The "Four," Without a Coxswain, Wrecked Against a Bridge.

CAMBRIDGE, May 6.—The Harvard 'Varsity eight to-day had its first trial race since the changes which were made after its defeat by the middies at Annapolis. It won from the second crew by half a length over a mile and seven-eighths course. The time was 10 minutes 27 seconds.

The four, without a coxswain, entered for the regatta at Philadelphia crashed into a bridge during practice to-day. The boat was wrecked, and two of its occupants had to swim ashore. It is uncertain whether a new boat can be obtained in time for the Schuylkill race.

The annual interclass race was won by the sophomores, who defeated the juniors and seniors in that order. The time was 10:47. The winning eight will meet the champion Yale class crew later in the season.

# WATER ROUGH FOR CREW.

### Columbia Unable to Go Out for Spin on the Hudson.

Rough water on the Hudson River yesterday prevented the Columbia eight from having further practice at home before going to Princeton for the triangular regatta with Princeton and Pennsylvania for the Childs Cup on Carnegie Lake next Saturday. The Columbia shell was shipped last night to Princeton, and the crew will leave this morning. With weather and water conditions favorable the men hope to get practice over the Carnegie Lake course to-day and Friday, and perhaps Saturday morning.

Coach Rice's final selection of his crew, as announced last night, is as follows: Stroke, MacCarthy; No. 7, Hadsell, (captain) No. 6, Bratton; No. 5, Pitt; No. 4, Sanborn; No. 3, Williams; No. 2, Rothwell; bow, Naumer. Substitutes Cronenburg and Robinson will be taken along.

# DEFIANCE DECK FITTINGS.

### Cup Defender Tuning-Up Trials May Be Held at Marblehead.

BATH, Me., May 6.—Deck fittings were placed aboard the racing sloop Defiance to-day, the white pine deck was planed and the floor of the cradle placed under the craft in preparation for the launching.

It was announced that the yacht's tuning-up trials would probably be held off Marblehead instead of at Booth Bay, as originally planned. This matter will be definitely settled next Monday upon the arrival of George M. Pynchon, the managing director.

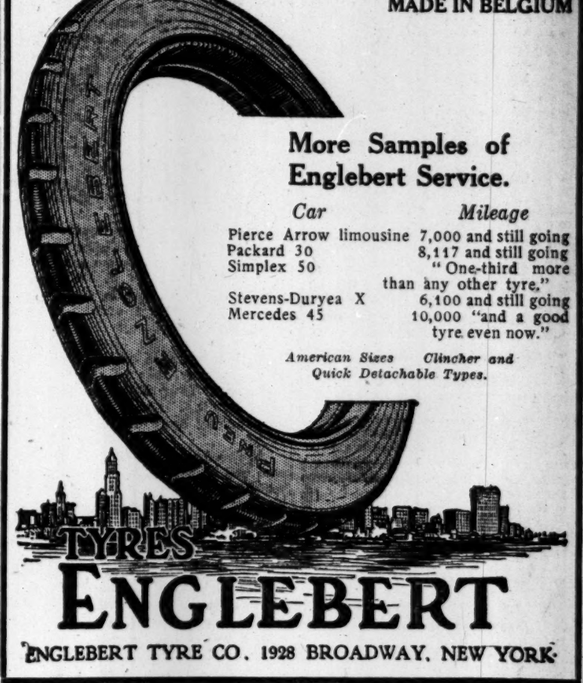
A new type of gear, consisting of an automatic winch, is to be installed for handling the centreboard, which is unlike that of either the Resolute or the Vanitie. Instead of using a chain, a bronze cable will be substituted, with a spring in the winch to take up the slack.


Mortgage Money
is now plentiful and there is a tendency toward lower rates. We have a limited number of first mortgages for various amounts on New York City real estate netting
5% PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST GUARANTEED
New York Mortgage & Security Co.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, $2,500,000
Under Supervision N. Y. State Banking Department,
135 Broadway, New York City.

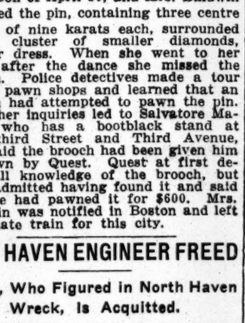


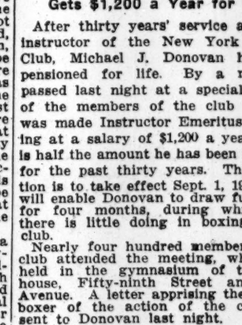
MADE IN BELGIUM
More Samples of Englebert Service.

| Car | Mileage |
|---|---|
| Pierce Arrow limousine | 7,000 and still going |
| Packard 30 | 8,117 and still going |
| Simplex 50 | "One-third more than any other tyre." |
| Stevens-Duryea X | 6,100 and still going |
| Mercedes 45 | 10,000 "and a good tyre even now." |

American Sizes Clincher and Quick Detachable Types.

TYRES
ENGLEBERT
ENGLEBERT TYRE CO. 1928 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.



A Good Resolution!
Decide to make your next trip to Philadelphia over the
New Jersey Central


Your Watch Is Your Time Table.


This splendid service will appeal to you, and we believe will make you a regular patron—as it has others.
Fast trains leave Liberty Street every hour on the hour from 7 a. m. until 10 p. m. and at midnight, with sleeping cars, (open at 10 p. m.) Ten minutes before the hour from West 23rd Street.



A GREAT PICTURE
THE SOLDIER IN ACTION AS SEEN THROUGH THE EYES OF A GREAT PAINTER
It is impossible to describe in words the great battle picture which readers of The New York Times will receive next Sunday. The size is impressive; two full pages. The velvety browns and delicate tinting of the rotogravure process give a richness of light and shade rarely equalled in art reproductions of any kind. The original painting hangs in the gallery of the Metropolitan Museum devoted to the Vanderbilt collection. The original is wonderful; the copy as a copy is equally wonderful. Those who have seen advance proofs marvel that it is possible for a daily newspaper to give its readers such a superb production. It is scarcely more than forty years since the siege of Paris by the Germans. It is a scene of this terrible war which the artist, A. de Neuville, chose for his battle masterpiece. He has pictured the heroism and the horror of that war in a form more dramatic than any historian could possibly record. There is something in the heart of humanity which loves a fight; a fight for existence, a fight for honor, a fight for principle; and the faces and figures as drawn by this artist show all these mighty human forces in the intensity of battle; magnanimous in victory and unflinching in defeat. This great picture is sure to be immediately and immensely popular. It has a lesson of patriotism, a lesson of devotion, a lesson of heroism, and a lesson of self-sacrifice. Your friends will want it when they see your copy. Tell them about it to-day so that orders may be placed with newsdealers at once. This is the greatest rotogravure picture yet issued by The New York Times.
THE NEW YORK TIMES
NEXT SUNDAY

# NAP RUCKER HUMBLES GIANTS--CALDWELL BLANKS THE SENATORS

## RUCKER COMES TO LIFE WITH VICTORY.

### Brooklyn Southpaw Pitches His First Game of Season and Beats Giants, 5 to 3.

The Brooklyn team should desist from worrying Manager Wilbert Robinson. His hair is turning gray fast enough without the Dodgers causing his heart to jump up into his throat every time they play a game. For instance, at the Polo Grounds yesterday, the Dodgers were playing the Giants and Napoleon Rucker, making his season's début, pitched a great game and had the Giants shut out 5 to 0 up to the ninth inning. Then the Brooklyns seemed to be stricken with the idea that it was all over. They became careless and Otto Miller permitted the enemy to run wild on the bases without even throwing the ball to try to halt them. The first thing Brooklyn knew the Giants had three runs and Uncle Robby emerged from the rathskeller and began to tear his hair in anger, but Brooklyn won the game by a score of 5 to 3.

Mr. Rucker has been ill and has lost much weight. But he can still pitch. Al Demaree hasn't had a day of sickness this year, but he was hammered hard. Rucker's side-wheel service was at its best. He gave five scattered hits up to the ninth. He fanned four of the Giants and during the whole game only five balls were knocked to the outfield. The other Brooklyn players thought that because Rucker was getting away with it so easily their day's work was over in the eighth inning.

Last night Uncle Wilbert called the Dodgers together and impressed upon them that hereafter he would very much appreciate it if they would keep right on playing until the end of each game.

With the Alpharetta, Ga., southpaw mingling his tangents with perfect control and judgment and with the Dodgers giving him air-tight support, especially Red Smith and Dick Egan, the Giants were never a factor in the proceedings. The Dodgers played with vim and dash and were urged all the time by Robinson and Elberfeld on the coaching pulpits to do their best.

Al Demaree's resin ball has won him two victories this year, but the Brooklyns found no difficulty in rapping the slow, wide cruves of the Mobile stogie. The Brooklyn bats waved triumphantly in the sixth inning and Demaree was pounded for four hits and as many runs, two generous bases on balls being thankfully received by the Dodgers. Art Fromme was rushed to the warming-up gridiron in right field, made famous by Otis Crandall, but Demaree settled down after the sixth and began to pitch good ball after the damage had been done and the débris cleared away.

Brooklyn's activity began in the fourth. Cutshaw beat out a bunt and Daubert skied to Merkle. Wheat's single to right sent Cutshaw to third and he scored on Smith's sacrifice fly to Bescher.

Rucker himself started the real fireworks in the sixth, when he singled to right. Dalton walked and Cutshaw was safe on a short hit and crowded the bases. Demaree lost all control and walked Daubert, forcing Rucker home. Wheat singled to right and scored Dalton. Cutshaw also ran far beyond third and the base paths were jammed with players scampering here, there and everywhere. The Giants tossed the ball around in all directions and finally Larry Doyle tagged Cutshaw out at third base. While Fletcher was throwing out Smith at first, Daubert scored and Stengel's smart rap to centre scored Wheat.

In the eighth, Stock beat out an infield hit and went to third on a single by Meyers. "Sweet" Pierz went in to run for the Indian and Larry McLean batted for Demaree. Larry failed to produce and then Bescher hit into a double play.

Here was Brooklyn with the game all won and nicely stowed away and right off they became careless. Burns walked and stole second and third base standing up while Miller looked on with admiring approval. Fletcher lined to Cutshaw and Doyle rolled to the infield. The ball was played to the plate to head off Burns, but he got back safely when Miller hit him in the back with the ball and Doyle rushed to second. Merkle was fouled to Miller, after Miller had already muffed one of his foul pops. Snodgrass singled, scoring Burns and Doyle. Snodgress stole second and Miller did not even try to throw him out. Stock singled to left, registering Snodgrass. Elmer Johnson, the Omaha catcher, ended the hostilities when he fanned. The score:

| BROOKLYN. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| D'lt'n, cf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| C'ts'w, 2b. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| D'b'rt, 1b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 15 | 1 |
| Wheat, lf. | 4 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Smith, 3b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Steng'l, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Egan, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| Miller, c. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 7 | 0 |
| Rucker, p. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Total.. | 30 | 5 | 10 | 27 | 14 |

| NEW YORK. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bch'r, cf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Burns, lf. | 3 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Fl'r'r, ss. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Doyle, 2b. | 4 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 2 |
| M'klie, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 |
| S'g'l, rf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Stock, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 2 |
| Meyers, c. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| *Pierz .. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| J'nson, c. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Dem'ee, p. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| †McLean.. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| From'e, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total.. | 34 | 3 | 7 | 27 | 16 |

*Ran for Meyers in eighth inning.
†Batted for Demaree in eighth inning.
Error—Miller.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Brooklyn | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 5 |
| New York | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 |

Two-base hit—Egan. Sacrifice fly—Smith. Stolen bases—Burns, (2,) Snodgrass. Left on bases—New York, 5; Brooklyn, 2. Double play—Egan, Cutshaw, and Daubert. Bases on balls—Off Demaree, 2; off Fromme, 1; off Rucker, 1. Struck out—By Demaree, 3; by Fromme, 1; by Rucker, 4. Passed ball—Meyers. Hits—Off Demaree, 10 in eight innings; off Fromme, none in one inning. Time of game—One hour and forty-three minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Orth and Byron.

### Benton Shuts Out Cardinals.

ST. LOUIS, May 6.—Benton was invincible with men on bases to-day, while his teammates hit Sallee and Steele when hits counted, and Cincinnati won from St. Louis, 3 to 0. In the first inning Moran doubled and scored with Bates on the latter's home-run drive. In the ninth session, with Steele pitching, Niehoff trinled to left and counted on Rawlings's single. St. Louis had the bases full on two occasions with but one out, but the counting hit was not forthcoming. Score:

| CINCINNATI. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Moran, rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Groh, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| Bates, cf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Mays'a, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Hob'l, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 15 | 0 |
| Nieh'f, 3b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Rawl's, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Clark, c. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 5 | 1 |
| Benton, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Total.. | 31 | 3 | 9 | 27 | 15 |

| ST. LOUIS. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hug's, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 |
| Beck, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| Butler, ss. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 4 |
| Wilson, rf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| J. Mil'r, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 9 | 0 |
| Magee, cf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Cruise, cf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Steele, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cather, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Snyder, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 3 |
| Sallee, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| *Dolan | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| †White | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total.. | 36 | 0 | 5 | 27 | 14 |

*Batted for Sallee in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Steele in the ninth inning.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Cincinnati | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 |
| St. Louis | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Two-base hits—Moran, Huggins. Three-base hit—Niehoff. Home run—Bates. Hits—Off Sallee, 7 in 8 innings; off Steele, 2 in 1 inning. Sacrifice hits—Moran, Niehoff. Stolen bases—Miller (2.) Double play—Beck, Huggins, and Miller. Left on bases—St. Louis, 7; Cincinnati, 8. Bases on balls—Off Sallee, 2; off Benton, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Sallee, Groh. Struck out—By Sallee, 1; by Benton, 3; by Steele, 1. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Quigley and Eason.

### Adams Wins Pitchers' Battle.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., May 6.—A walk to Konetchy, Vlox's sacrifice, Keating's error on Mitchell's grounder, and a wild pitch by Cheney gave the locals the only run of today's game, making it the second string of seven consecutive victories for Pittsburgh this season. With Konetchy on third in the ninth inning Cheney made the wild pitch while trying to walk Hyatt, who was batting for Gibson. Adams pitched a remarkable game, holding the visitors to two hits, one of these on a scratch by Good. Cheney held Pittsburgh to four hits, but walked five men and made two wild pitches, the second one costing him the game. The locals fielded in a sensational manner. Wagner, Mowrey, and Kelly making fine plays with Chicago runners on bases. Score:

| PITTSBURGH. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Kelly, cf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Carey, lf. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Mow'y, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| Wag'r, ss. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 4 |
| Kon'y, 1b. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 10 | 0 |
| Viox, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |
| Mitch'l, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Gibson, c. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| †Hyatt | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Adams, p. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Total.. | 28 | 1 | 4 | 27 | 11 |

| CHICAGO. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Leach, cf. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Good, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Will's, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Zim'n, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Moll'z, 1b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| Sw'ney, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Keat'g, ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Archer, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 8 | 4 |
| Cheney, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total.. | 28 | 0 | 2 | 24 | 9 |

*Viox out, hit by batted ball. One out when winning run was scored.
†Batted for Gibson in ninth inning.
Errors—Zimmerman, Mollwitz, Keating, Gibson.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Chicago | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

Two-base hit—Gibson. Stolen base—Carey. Sacrifice hits—Leach, Viox. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Pittsburgh, 8. First base on errors—Chicago, 1; Pittsburgh, 3. Bases on balls—Off Cheney, 5; off Adams, 2. Struck out—By Cheney, 3; by Adams, 4. Wild pitches—Cheney, (2.) Double plays—Leach and Archer; Wagner and Konetchy. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Hart.

### INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

AT MONTREAL.

| | | | | | | | | | | R.H.E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Jersey City | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0—2 11 4 |
| Montreal | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0—2 9 2 |

Batteries—Verbout and Pierce; Mason and Madden.
Called at the end of the sixteenth inning; darkness.

AT ROCHESTER.

| | | | | | | | | | | R.H.E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Rochester | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —1 4 1 |
| Newark | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —2 9 1 |

Batteries—Holmquist and Heckinger; Hughes and Williams.

AT TORONTO.

| | | | | | | | | | | R.H.E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Toronto | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | —5 12 2 |
| Providence | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2—4 8 1 |

Batteries—Bailey and J. Onslow; Hearne and Kelly.

AT BUFFALO.

Buffalo-Baltimore game postponed; wet grounds.

### FEDERAL LEAGUE.

AT KANSAS CITY.

| | | | | | | | | | | R.H.E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 0 | 3 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | —16 15 0 |
| Kansas City | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | —4 13 2 |

Batteries—Walker, Adams, and Berry; Harris, Stone, Hogan, and Easterly.

AT ST. LOUIS.

| | | | | | | | | | | R.H.E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | —8 11 4 |
| St. Louis | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | —7 8 1 |

Batteries—F. Smith, Quinn, and Jacklitsch; Brown, Crandall, a dnSimon.

AT CHICAGO.

| | | | | | | | | | | R.H.E. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 0 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 | —12 10 4 |
| Buffalo | 3 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —4 7 3 |

Batteries—Moran, Anderson, and Blair; Hendrix, Wilson, and Block.

### National League Bulletin.

Changes of scheduled games, playing dates for postponed contests, and action in regard to several players were announced yesterday by President John K. Tener of the National Baseball League. George F. Walsh has signed a contract with the Brooklyn Nationals, and Jesse Barnes has signed with the Chicago Nationals.

Releases have been granted to George Beck from Boston to Cleveland, (A. L.;) Harvey Utrecht, unconditionally, by Chicago; Charles Stewart, from Chicago to Birmingham, (C. S. A.;) Albert Wickland, from Cincinnati to Dayton, (C. L.;) Wayne Barham, from Cincinnati to San Francisco, (P. C. L.;) J. C. Haislip, from Philadelphia to Denison, (T. L.;) William J. O'Neill, from Philadelphia to Harrisburg, (T. S. L.)

A change in the playing schedule shows that Cincinnati is to play its St. Louis game scheduled for June 8 on May 8 and that the St. Louis game at Cincinnati scheduled for Sept. 14 will be played June 8.

Open dates which have been utilized for the playing of postponed games are: At Pittsburgh—June 4, St. Louis; Sept. 15, Cincinnati. At Cincinnati—June 24, Chicago; Aug. 31, Chicago. At Chicago—Sept. 14, Pittsburgh.

### New York State League.

At Syracuse—Wilkes-Barre, 2; Syracuse, 1; At Utica—Utica, 5; Scranton, 1.
At Albany—Albany, 5; Elmira, 1.
At Troy—Binghamton, 6; Troy, 3, (ten innings.)

### Eastern Association.

At New Haven—New Haven-New Britain; wet grounds.
At Springfield—Waterbury, 7; Springfield, 4.
At New London—New London, 10; Bridgeport, 3.
At Pittsfield — Pittsfield - Hartford; wet grounds.

### Tri-State League.

At Reading—Reading, 4; Allentown, 2.
At Wilmington—Wilmington, 4; Trenton, 3.
At Harrisburg—York, 3; Harrisburg, 2.

### American Association.

At Kansas City—Indianapolis, 13; Kansas City, 3.
At Milwaukee—Louisville, 3; Milwaukee, 1.
At Minneapolis — Minneapolis - Columbus game; rain.

## GALDWELL'S THIRD SHUT-OUT VICTORY

### Washington Gets Only Three Hits Off New York American Star Pitcher.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 6.—With Ray Caldwell twirling airtight ball, the New Yorks took the final game of the series from the Senators here to-day, 4 to 0. To-days' performance gives the tall twirler a record of twenty-five scoreless innings. He had handed Philadelphia and Boston goose eggs previous to the seven innings of to-day's game. Caldwell allowed but three scattered hits, and caused the Senators to pop up fourteen times. This was two-thirds of the number of men retired, as the game was called at the end of the seventh inning to allow the New Yorks to catch a train for Boston.

While Caldwell was running along smoothly, Jim Shaw, a recruit hurler for Washington, was having his troubles, the New Yorks getting to him for eight hits and four runs.

In every one of the seven innings the New York team had chances to score. They succeeded in three. In four innings the Senators were sent back to the bench in order.

The first run came in the opening inning. After McBride had thrown Maisel out at Gandil's corner, Hartzell shot a double to left centre. Milan and Shanks collided going after the ball and Milan was spiked, but continued in the game. Walsh was passed, and Holden came through with the hit which brought Hartzell over.

In the second inning three New York players got on the sacks before anybody was out, but the necessary punch to send them across was not forthcoming. Peckinpaugh was safe on Morgan's error, and took second when Truesdale was passed. Caldwell followed with an infield hit, filling the sacks. Maisel hit to Shaw, who threw Peckinpaugh out at the plate. Hartzell dropped a fly to right, under which Moeller camped. Walsh grounded to Foster, and Caldwell was flagged at third base for the final out.

Holden started the next round with a double and went to third when Sweeney hit to Shaw, who threw to Foster. Truesdale singled, sending Holden home. Caldwell fanned, and Maisel gave Moeller a long chase after his fly.

The final runs of the game were scored in the sixth. Maisel hit safely for a starter, and then stole second and third bases. Hartzell skied to Morgan, and Walsh was passed. Williams at this point injected a three-base clout into the proceedings, clearing the sacks. He was caught a moment later when he attempted to steal home.

The Griffmen had a chance for a run in the third inning, when Morgan opened with a single. McBride forced him at second, Peckinpaugh tossing to Truesdale. Jim Shaw followed with a hit to right field, but Peckinpaugh took care of Moeller's high fly.

In the sixth, with two down, Milan shot a triple to right field which would have been a home run if he had not been spiked. Gandil ended the round by fanning. Harry Williams was also spiked, Jim Shaw cutting a gash in his arm. Williams's injury was not of a serious nature, and he continued in the game. The score:

| NEW YORK. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M'sel, 3b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| H'tz'l, rf. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 |
| Walsh, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| W'ms, 1b. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| H'den, cf. | 4 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 0 |
| Sw'y, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| P'p'gh, ss. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| T'dale, 2b. | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 3 |
| C'well, p. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Total.. | 30 | 4 | 9 | 21 | 4 |

| WASHINGTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| M'ler, rf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Foster, 3b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Milan, cf. | 3 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Acosta, cf. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| G'dil, 1b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 1 |
| Henry, c. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 5 | 2 |
| Shanks, lf. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| M'gan, ss. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| McE'e, ss. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Shaw, p. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Total.. | 24 | 0 | 3 | 21 | 10 |

Errors—Henry, Morgan.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| New York | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 4 | |
| Washington | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Two-base hits—Hartzell, Holden. Three-base hits—Williams, Milan. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh, Maisel, (2,) Walsh, Truesdale. Left on bases—New York, 11; Washington, 6. First base on balls—Off Caldwell, 1; off Shaw, 6. First base on error—New York, 1. Struck out—By Caldwell, 2; by Shaw, 2. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Dineen.

### Athletics Wield Bat Heavily.

PHILADELPHIA, May 6.—Hard hitting and sensational fielding enabled Philadelphia to defeat Boston here to-day by 7 to 3. Bush pitched a fair game, his team mates "robbing" the visitors of several hits, and he also made the first home run of the season at Shibe Park. Oldring made two driving catches, one of them being the capture of a drive off Janvrin's bat, which glanced off Daley's glove after the latter tried to get it by a leap into the air. Strunk hurt his hand trying to make a diving catch of a fly by Speaker. The score:

| PHILADELPHIA. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mur'y, rf. | 4 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 0 |
| Oldring, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| E. Sh'k, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Baker, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| McIn's, 1b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 12 | 1 |
| Strunk, cf. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Daley, cf. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Orr, ss. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 |
| Schang, c. | 4 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 0 |
| Bush, p. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Total.. | 35 | 7 | 15 | 27 | 13 |

| BOSTON. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Engle, lb. | 5 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 0 |
| Hooper, rf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Scott, ss. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 |
| Lewis, lf. | 5 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| G'dner, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Yerkes, 2b. | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Scott, ss. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| J'vrin, ss. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Carri'n, c. | 2 | 0 | 1 | 6 | 1 |
| R. Coll's, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Bedient, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| †Henrik'n, | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| ‡Reig | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total.. | 36 | 3 | 8 | 24 | 15 |

*Batted for R. Collins in fourth inning.
†Batted for Scott in fifth inning.
Errors—Scott, Baker, Orr, Schang.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Philadelphia | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 7 |
| Boston | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 |

Two-base hits—Speaker, Lewis, Carrigan, Orr. Three-base hit—Speaker. Home run—Bush. Hits—Off R. Collins, 6 in 3 innings; off Bedient, 9 in 5 innings. Sacrifice hit—Strunk. Stolen bases—Hooper, Murphy. Double play—R. Collins, Scott, and Engle. Left on bases—Boston, 10; Philadelphia, 7. First base on balls—Off R. Collins, 1; off Bedient, 1; off Bush, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 2. Struck out—By R. Collins, 2; by Bush, 4; by Bedient, 3. Passed ball—Carrigan. Time of game—2 hours. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Evans.

### Cobb and Crawford Detroit Stars.

CHICAGO, May 6.—Cobb's base running and Crawford's brilliant catch of Alcock's fly when Chicago had the bases filled in the fourth inning helped Detroit defeat Chicago 4 to 2 to-day. Cobb stole three bases and scored two of the visitors' runs, and came very close to scoring in the first inning, when he attempted to count from second base on a sacrifice fly. He would have stolen home in the eighth inning if High had swung at the ball, but when the batter stepped back Cobb was caught a few feet from the plate. Score:

| DETROIT. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Bush, ss. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Kav'h, 2b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 5 | 0 |
| Cobb, cf. | 3 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Cr'f'd, rf. | 3 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| High, lf. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 0 |
| Burns, 2b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 1 |
| Mor'y, 3b. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| Stan'e, c. | 4 | 0 | 1 | 7 | 1 |
| Hall, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| †Vitt | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Reyn's, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Dauss, p. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |
| Total.. | 32 | 4 | 6 | 27 | 10 |

| CHICAGO. | AB | R | H | PO | A |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dem't, cf. | 3 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 |
| Alcock, 3b. | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Chase, 1b. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 6 | 1 |
| Coll's, rf. | 5 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| Weaver, ss. | 5 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 0 |
| Daly, lf. | 4 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| Bl'k'e, 2b. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 4 |
| ‡Russell. | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Berger, 2b. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Mayer, c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 0 |
| §Bodie. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Schalk, c. | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 |
| Scott, p. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| *Fournier. | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Cicotte, p. | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 |
| Total.. | 34 | 2 | 9 | 27 | 14 |

*Batted for Scott in the fourth inning.
†Batted for Blackburne in the seventh inning.
‡Bated for Mayer in the seventh inning.
§Bated for Hall in the fourth inning.
Errors—Chase (2,) Collins, Schalk, Scott, Kavanaugh, Stanage.

| | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —4 |
| Chicago | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | —2 |

Two-base hits—Cobb, Chase, Alcock. Three-base hit—Crawford. Hits—Off Hall, 3 in 3 innings; off Reynolds, 2 in 2 innings; off Dauss, 4 in 4 innings; off Scott, 5 in 4 innings; off Cicotte, 1 in 5 innings. Sacrifice hit—Alcock. Sacrifice fly—Crawford. Stolen bases—Cobb (3,) Crawford, Collins, Weaver, Burns. Double plays—Demmitt, Alcock, and Mayer; Stanage and Moriarty. Left on bases—Detroit, 4; Chicago, 13. First base on balls—Off Hall, 2; off Reynolds, 3; off Cicotte, 3; off Dauss, 2. Struck out—By Scott, 4; by Hall, 1; by Cicotte, 3; by Reynolds, 1; by Dauss, 4. Passed ball—Stanage.

## BASEBALL

### Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn, 5; New York, 3.
Pittsburgh, 1; Chicago, 0.
Cincinnati, 3; St. Louis, 0.
Boston-Philadelphia—Rain.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York, 4; Washington, 0.
(Game called end of 7th inning.)
Philadelphia, 7; Boston, 3.
St. Louis, 7; Cleveland, 1.
Detroit, 4; Chicago, 2.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Jersey City, 2; Montreal, 2.
(16 innings.)
Rochester, 1; Newark, 0.
Toronto, 5; Providence, 4.
Buffalo-Baltimore,
(Wet grounds.)

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Indianapolis-Brooklyn,
(Wet grounds.)
Chicago, 12; Buffalo, 4.
Pittsburgh, 10; Kansas City, 4.
Baltimore, 8; St. Louis, 7.

### Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Pittsburgh | 14 | 2 | .875 |
| Philadelphia | 8 | 4 | .667 |
| Brooklyn | 7 | 5 | .583 |
| New York | 6 | 6 | .500 |
| Cincinnati | 8 | 9 | .471 |
| St. Louis | 4 | 12 | .308 |
| Chicago | 6 | 12 | .333 |
| Boston | 3 | 9 | .250 |

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Detroit | 14 | 6 | .700 |
| New York | 8 | 6 | .571 |
| Philadelphia | 8 | 6 | .571 |
| St. Louis | 10 | 8 | .556 |
| Washington | 8 | 8 | .500 |
| Chicago | 9 | 11 | .450 |
| Boston | 5 | 9 | .357 |
| Cleveland | 5 | 18 | .278 |

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Newark | 7 | 4 | .636 |
| Rochester | 7 | 4 | .636 |
| Baltimore | 8 | 5 | .615 |
| Toronto | 6 | 6 | .500 |
| Jersey City | 5 | 6 | .455 |
| Buffalo | 4 | 6 | .400 |
| Montreal | 4 | 7 | .364 |
| Providence | 4 | 7 | .364 |

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

| | W. | L. | Pct. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Baltimore | 11 | 4 | .733 |
| St. Louis | 11 | 7 | .611 |
| Brooklyn | 7 | 6 | .538 |
| Chicago | 10 | 9 | .526 |
| Indianapolis | 8 | 8 | .500 |
| Buffalo | 6 | 8 | .429 |
| Kansas City | 7 | 11 | .389 |
| Pittsburgh | 4 | 11 | .353 |

### Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
Boston at New York.
Brooklyn at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at St. Louis.
Chicago at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
New York at Boston.
Philadelphia at Washington.
St. Louis at Cleveland.
Detroit at Chicago.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE.
Newark at Rochester.
Jersey City at Montreal.
Providence at Toronto.
Baltimore at Buffalo.

FEDERAL LEAGUE.
Brooklyn at Chicago.
Buffalo at Kansas City.
Baltimore at Indianapolis.
Pittsburgh at St. Louis.

## HORSES WITH MARKS IN SLOWER CLASSES

### Board of Review Passes Rule Favoring Horses Which Have Not Raced to Form.

The semi-annual meeting of the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association closed yesterday at the Murray Hill Hotel, when many applications for the removal of suspension and expulsion were passed upon and rulings made regarding time allowances. An official interpretation was also made on the rule referring to three-heat races. The object of the time allowance in the ruling is to give horses which have not been racing up to their true form an opportunity to compete in the lower classes until they can equal or reduce their records or win a race.

It is estimated by Secretary Gocher that this ruling will affect about one-third of the horses on the American turf and help to stimulate the racing game among the small owners. For the benefit of local secretaries, Mr. Gocher has in preparation an Eligibility Book, which will give a full description and the record and "winrace" of more than 10,000 race horses. The book will be ready for distribution in a few weeks and in the meantime patrons of the sport will have to become accustomed to the new term "winrace."

Among the cases that came up for decision by the board was that of W. S. Scott of Bridgeport, N. S., who was expelled for starting the horse The Painter, 2:29¾, out of his class and under the name Byron J., at Glace Bay, N. S., last Fall. W. R. Fleming of Waterville, N. Y., and A. C. Jackson of Oxford, Mass., owner and driver, respectively, of the mare Mattie, alias Babbie S., were both expelled for racing the mare out of her class and under an alias in Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania.

Frank P. Sherbine of Lisbon, Ohio, and R. Walters of the same place, together with the mare Carrie M., 2:13, alias Bab Actell, were expelled for starting out of their class and for the change of name in Pennsylvania and Ohio.

The same punishment was meted out to T. J. O'Neil of Montreal and the bay gelding Dr. Archdale, 2:09¼, alias Direct Medium. Unlawful winnings of $700 were accumulated throughout Ontario, Quebec, Pennsylvania, Massachusetts, and Maryland last season.

James C. Lamar of Mooreland, Ind., who was expelled by the American Trotting Association at its meeting in Chicago on Tuesday, suffered the same punishment by the board. Lamar was found guilty of starting the bay stallion Electro Hal, 2:10¾, alias Doubtful Hal, out of his class at Staunton, Va. His winnings were withheld at the time of the race.

S. F. Palin of Russiaville, Ind., was suspended until he returns to the association $511.50, the unlawful winnings of Dan O., who was started out of his class in Ohio. Secretary W. H. Gocher was instructed to bring charges against the owner, Paul Jamieson of Newcastle, Ind.

J. A. Agel of Boston, Mass., and J. T. Derham of East Douglas, Mass., were both expelled on charges growing out of the performance of the horse Com, 2:13¾, under the name of Joe A., at Sturbridge, Mass., last August.

One of the first cases to come up under the new time allowance ruling was that of L. H. Washburn of Haverstraw, N. Y., owner of the chestnut gelding Fritz. The horse was applied for the time allowance due his horse, claiming that he started in 1912 at Syracuse, N. Y. The judges' book did not show that the horse had started, but the owner swore he did and produced the driver, who declared that he finished the first two heats each time, and then was drawn. Investigation of the starter's book showed that the statement was true, and the horse consequently entitled to a four-second time allowance on half-mile tracks, making him eligible for the 2.23 class. The official records were ordered corrected.

The application for reinstatement of Charles Dickerson of Philadelphia, Penn., expelled in December, 1912, for "ringing" the horse Red

# The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
Adolph S. Ochs, Pres't. B. C. Franck, Sec'y.
Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
TELEPHONE 1000 BRYANT.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex....43d St., west of Broadway
Downtown.....15 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....263 West 125th Street
Bronx.....149th St. and Bergen Av.
Brooklyn.....304 Washington Street
Staten Island....Ferry House, St. George
Jersey City.....538 Jersey Avenue
Long Island City....363 Jackson Avenue
Hoboken.....61 Second Street
Paterson.....13 Park Avenue
Elizabeth.....90 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
CHICAGO.....1,202 Tribune Building
ST. LOUIS.....409 Globe-Democrat Building
SAN FRANCISCO.....613 Call Building
DETROIT.....826 Ford Building
LONDON.....2 Fall Mall East, S. W.
PARIS.....32 Rue Louis le Grand
BERLIN.....60 Friedrichstrasse

ONE CENT Greater New York, Jersey City, Newark. Elsewhere Two Cents. Five Cents Sunday.

Subscription Rates—by mail, Postage Paid.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Week.....$0.17
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Month..... 0.75
DAILY AND SUNDAY, per Year..... 8.50
DAILY, per Week..... 0.12
DAILY, per Month..... 0.50
DAILY, per Year..... 6.00
To Foreign Addresses—Daily and Sunday, $2.00 per month; Daily, $1.30 per month.
SUNDAY, with Picture Section and Review of Books, per Year..... 2.50
To Canada, per Year..... 3.00
To Foreign Addresses, per Year..... 8.20
THE ANNALIST, per Year..... 4.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES BOOK REVIEW, per year (to Canada $1.50)..... 1.00
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX. Quarterly—Paper Cover, per Copy, $1.50; per Year, $6.00; Full Cloth, per Copy, $2.00; per Year, $8.00.

Entered as second-class mail matter.

*Readers of The New York Times may have the Daily and Sunday Editions mailed to any part of the Country at the rate of 75c. per month. Daily Edition, 50c. per month. Orders may be sent through newsdealers, directly to the Publication Office, or telephone Bryant 1000.*

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1914.


## RASCALS SOUGHT, NOT ECONOMY.

Senator FRAWLEY, who voted to whitewash STILWELL, now in Sing Sing, says that the Sullivan Graft Investigating Committee ought not to have the $40,000 voted by the Assembly. He gives this reason:

> In my opinion a legislative committee, such as the Sullivan Committee, would be powerless to do anything that would result in effecting economies in the State Administration.

The State prisons are equally powerless to effect economies. The prison keepers, the State and county prosecuting officials, the police, and the courts are not supported by the people as fiscal agents. They are commissioned to aid in bringing the guilty to justice. Would Senator FRAWLEY abolish them because they are not public instruments for saving money?

Incidentally, the Sullivan Committee might effect economies. It might become a means of saving the State tens of millions yet to be spent on its works, by running down, jailing, or deterring the looters of tens of millions already spent for values not received. Does the Democratic Senate consider $40,000 devoted to this object a bad public investment?

The State should pay for this investigation. The funds for it should not come out of the pockets of private individuals. When the Assembly in 1894 refused to support the Lexow Investigating Committee of the Senate, private aid was furnished and a historical exposure of corruption in this city's government followed. Doubtless the Sullivan Committee could accomplish much in exposing and punishing the State ringsters, even if they made themselves beholden to private givers of funds. The shrinking from its support by the Democratic Senate is warrant for the belief that the political corruption charged may be substantiated. It is legitimate in our scheme of political government for one party to expose the weaknesses and crimes of the other. The investigation would not necessarily fail because it was partisan. But it would be a wise procedure for the Democratic Party of New York to assist in its own housecleaning.

## SINGLE TAX IN THE BRITISH BUDGET.

The reformers of New York must have leaped with joy when they read that the British budget contained their own newest and dearest proposal. The Chancellor proposes a system of valuation of land and improvements separately, to the end that a tax may be laid discriminating in favor of the improvements as against the land, and in proportion to the investment in the improvements.

This is a Yankee notion, a half-way station toward HENRY GEORGE'S single tax. Our single taxers tried to get something of the kind through the Legislature last Winter. The title of the land, under the single tax plan, is to be left in the private owner. All that is to be taken is the income. The income being taken, society cares nothing what is done with the title, or who owns it. Neither in England nor in New York is it proposed that the tax total shall be lessened. All that is proposed is a redistribution. The redistribution means nothing to the man who owns improvements upon land. If his bill is the same his property is worth neither more nor less, for there is no way of having a building without land, nor of separating their values without the consent of the owner of both. The British Chancellor's idea is to make buildings better property by exempting them in part from the burden of taxation. But what profits it to the owner if what is taken off the building is put upon the land? His net remains the same. If the tax is unaltered the city is not benefited, and if the tax is reduced the city is prejudiced.

Bitter experience has taught New Yorkers the difference between tax values and market values. As tax values rise market values fall, other conditions remaining the same. It is true that specific influences may affect market values in either direction to a greater extent than tax nostrums, but that is no argument in favor of innovations. It is a coincidence that within a day or two of the Chancellor's adoption of what New York thus far has rejected an experiment in actual life came to an unhappy end. Eighteen years ago Fairhope colony was organized to try out the theory of the single tax. The colony was to pay all the taxes to the State, and was to collect them upon the single tax idea. JOSEPH FELS was one of the organizers of the colony, which collapsed a few days ago. The conditions were said not to be favorable. The excuse is sufficient. But the conditions were thought to be favorable by the highest authorities regarding the single tax. If they were mistaken about the conditions of the experiment it is possible that they may be mistaken also about the principles which they invented and support.

## BUSINESS MEN AND THE MILITIA.

That business houses should give time to employés for service in the National Guard and the Naval Militia, with full pay and without deducting the time of service from the regular vacation period, is the text of resolutions passed by the Merchants' Association that is in every way to be commended.

This is a time of agitation, of widespread disregard of law. The militia is trained not only to assure obedience to law, thus providing proper conditions for the peaceful pursuits of business and industry, but the young men who form it become more valuable to their employers as they submit to its discipline and examples of restraint, respect for authority, and physical health. The Merchants' Association believes that "both patriotic duty and enlightened self-interest" should impel employers to favor the enlistment of their men. It also makes the request, in the interest of employers, that the services transact all militia business outside regular hours of employment.

## THE BRITISH AND MEXICO.

Sir EDWARD GREY maintains his attitude of friendly reserve toward the United States in regard to Mexico, and in doing so undoubtedly reflects the sentiment of the great body of intelligent Englishmen. There is no question that the people as well as the Government of Great Britain believe that our Government is animated by worthy motives in its course toward Mexico and is doing its best to preserve peace and to secure the ultimate establishment of law and order in that distracted land. They have no wish to hamper the efforts of our Government, and they will not do so unless there shall arise some unfortunate situation involving the rights of British subjects to a degree not yet realized.

At the same time there is to be noted in the British press, quite without reference to party, the expression of the feeling—in some cases, of a deliberate and reasoned opinion—that the only possible final outcome of the situation is the active intervention of the United States, the occupation of Mexico, and its reorganization on the lines of order and safety. Generally this is regarded as the logical conclusion from the wish of our Government to be left alone in dealing with Mexico. Our assumption of the right is held as carrying with it the duty of dealing with Mexico and of doing so in a way that will adequately provide for the protection of the rights and interests of other countries. Our Government has not acknowledged the correctness of this assumption, and there is no sign that it will do so in the near future. But the fact that this view prevails in a friendly country of the importance of England is one that cannot wholly be ignored. We have no doubt that it is in the mind of the President and his advisers.

## A PROPAGANDA FOR PROSPERITY.

The country is to be congratulated that Mr. LA FOLLETTE of Wisconsin is only a Senator. As such he has an individual's influence upon one of the two houses which must reach an agreement before there can be any result, and none then unless the President approves. The Senator would be more important if he were an Interstate Commerce Commissioner. As such he would alone be one-quarter of a majority, and if only three Commissioners were to agree with him there would be no hope of prosperity for the railways, and therefore none for the country. It would be a calamity if a position of such importance were held by an official of the cast of mind illustrated by the Senator's remarks upon the alleged propaganda for the advance of railway rates by influence brought to bear upon the Commission.

Nothing Mr. LA FOLLETTE said is so important as the self-revelation of his remarks. The sort of thing which he fears will influence the Commission is the sort of thing which would influence him, and which, in fact, has influenced him, in public affairs. His remarks were upon the answer to his requisition to the Commission to send to the Senate "all anonymous letters "and communications, and all written "or printed letters, and communica-"tions received with signatures there-"to, and all circulars, clippings, news-"papers or magazine articles, marked "or otherwise, received by the Com-"mission or members thereof, which "were manifestly designed to influ-"ence the action of said Commission," with more of the same insinuating sort. That is the sort of mental food upon which the Senator fed when he produced his masterpiece regarding the concentration of wealth in the United States, and fired the shot which has been heard wherever the echoes of the Pujo investigation have penetrated.

Many of these "anonymous and other" communications had been rubber stamped out of the Executive offices by one of the President's clerks, and the Senator more than suspected that the President had been hobbled by the interests in the manner which he feared for the Commission. The Senator's sensation, we are told, rivaled the Mexican topics, the Chamber was filled, and the Senator was allowed to proceed without annoying interruptions by the incredulous. Thus are we governed, and this is the calibre and the frame of mind of our governors. The Interstate Commerce Commission shines by contrast. Never once has it betrayed fear of bribery or assassination if it persisted in its determination to reduce rates at any and every cost. Never has it shown the weakness of mind or conscience which the Senator's speech accuses it of. There is not the slightest proof that any Commissioner ever saw any of the "anonymous or other" communications which nobody besides the rubber stamp clerk in the Executive office is known to have seen. The Senator's own shocking story is the Commission's sole and sufficient defense against a charge too preposterous to find favor outside of a company of hasheesh dreamers. There certainly are signs of what the Senator calls "depraved ingenuity" in the case, but it is not the Commission which is guilty.

## CONGRESSMEN AND COURAGE.

The House of Representatives is reported to be in a panic. The members of the Judiciary Committee were the first to feel it, and from them it has spread to the rank and file. It springs from two proposed amendments to the Federal Constitution, one relating to prohibition, the other to woman suffrage. These have been pending a long time and the advocates of them have become impatient and exacting. Practically all the supporters of the suffrage amendment are women, and the most strenuous, irritated and irritating supporters of the prohibition amendment are also women. They have been urging members of the House, with alternating blandishments and menaces, to bring the amendments to a vote. The members have used the committee as a buffer against these attacks, declaring that nothing could be done until the committee reported. So the agitators have centred their efforts on the committee. Finally the committee has become as flabby as the average member and has reported the two amendments to the House without recommendation. The women are naturally and quite rightly delighted. Now they can get at the members of the House directly and they will do it. There is no good reason why they should not.

The members are accusing the committee of cowardice. The charge is well founded. It is inconceivable that the committeemen have no convictions as to either of the amendments, and, whether they are for or against either or both, it would be far more manly, far more just to their constituents and to the country, if they voted according to their convictions. Undoubtedly the House is entitled to the aid of the committee in reaching a conclusion on matters referred to it. That is what committees are for. It is a betrayal of trust, an evasion of duty, it is weak and pusillanimous for a committee to send such resolutions back to the House with no advice, no help, from the committee.

But since the committee has dodged its obligations, has been cowardly and shuffling in matters of grave concern, it does not lie in the mouths of the members of the House to blame them if they follow their example. Let each member make up his mind and vote accordingly. Beyond question there is risk in doing so. The agitators may defeat the members who refuse to accept their doctrines. That does not change the duty of members. Representatives are not the mere blind and heedless servants even of majorities. They are chosen to bring to the service of the nation their intelligence and their conscience and not to be subservient to all the demands of their districts. We are aware that this is not the view to be inferred from the general practice of Representatives, but it is the rule that the best of them observe and the only one consistent with self-respect and true loyalty to the people. If a large majority of the voters really wish prohibition or woman suffrage, they will get it in time. It is the business of honest Representatives to see that the time is long enough to test the real desire of the nation.

## TRAINING SUPERMEN.

That there is a precocity of training different from the precocity of disease is the belief on which Prof. LEO WIENER of Harvard has acted in the education of his son NORBERT. "The "Education of KARL WITTE, or the "Training of the Child" is the title of Prof. WIENER'S translation from the German of a book written by WITTE'S father, whose method the professor adopted.

KARL WITTE was trained by his father. Reading fluently five languages besides his own at 9, and at that age thoroughly familiar with Homer, Plutarch, Virgil, Cicero, Ovid, Fénelon, and Metastasio, besides Schiller and other classic German writers, WITTE got his Ph. D. degree at Leipsic at 14, and was appointed to the teaching staff of the University of Berlin at 16, with the degree of Doctor of Laws. His body was always robust, and he died at 83.

Master WILLIAM JAMES SIDIS and NORBERT WIENER, both sons of Harvard Professors, were consciously trained by the Witte method. SIDIS'S accomplishments, which have been much bruited, were feeble compared with his prototype's, and although young WIENER got his degree of Master of Arts at 18, and a doctorate at 19, his achievement was nothing like KARL WITTE'S. Prof. WIENER says of him:

> NORBERT is not precocious. He is simply developed intelligently. I could take almost any child and develop him in the same way. It is merely the method of imparting learning.

KARL WITTE was born nearly a century ago. The lives of GASSENDI, DESCARTES, LEIBNITZ, PASCAL, BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, MONGE, and AMPERE, among many others, show that children who are undoubtedly sane and healthy may under favoring conditions very early have well-trained mentalities.

## THE OLD OPEN STREET CAR.

The past Winter having been one of unusual severity, it had been hoped that the open surface cars of the old type had all been split up and burned for fuel. Yet with the coming of warmer weather cars of this type have reappeared in no small number, especially on the Broadway line. Like the men of Bunker Hill, these venerable vehicles, with their transverse seats built like church pews and the running board on the off-side, have come down to us from a former generation.

We condemn as an exaggeration and out of place the statement that it is almost as hard to get aboard one of these cars as it is to climb Mount McKinley. The ascent of the mountain is much more difficult, of course, yet it does require great physical exertion to get into one of these old cars. To alight from them is in some respects like jumping off the Palisades. The sheer drop is not so great, but the risk is considerable, especially for the aged or the obese. They are undoubtedly the most inconvenient type of street cars ever devised.

But the crowning outrage is the way in which their construction compels standing passengers to tread, recline, and wallow upon those who are seated. There is no room for standing passengers, yet passengers will get on board, and are permitted to get on board, after all the seats are taken. They at once become an object of hatred and profanity to the seated passengers upon whose rights and persons they wantonly trespass. Overcrowding in this kind of surface car is so offensive and infuriating that we can readily believe the report that the deplorable increase among the clergy of the habit of carrying firearms is due to it. There are other types of the open car not open to these objections, and the contrast between these ancient structures and the stepless cars of the new torpedo-boat-destroyer type is really too great to be tolerated. The old open bucket and the old open car have no proper use in these days save as museum pieces.

## TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

**Hard Blows Struck at Mysticism.**

After prolonged and evidently careful and intelligent investigation of psychotherapy in its many forms, and of the claims for and explanations of its efficiency made by practitioners ranging from real pyschiatrists down to ignorant or vicious charlatans, a committee composed of eminent British clergymen and physicians has reached conclusions that are in almost complete accord with the strictly scientific views on this unquestionably important subject.

From most of the healing cults there will come, of course, vehement negation of what is the most significant statement in the committee's report. This is in effect that the seeming diversity of the various systems is only in name, and that all, by using more or less skillfully what the scientists call "suggestion," effect proportionate results, never passing beyond the relief of functional disturbances. The opinion thus formulated fully justifies the belief in the efficacy of prayer which is expressed in the report, but to this assertion is added that the results of prayer involve no violation of natural law, and that prayer should never preclude the utilization in treating disease of the resources of medicine.

Being composed of sensible and truthful people, the committee wholly rejects the contentions of those who deny the reality of disease, and in no single instance did it find worthy of acceptance what was offered as proof that distinctly organic lesions had been cured by "suggestion" under any of its many names.

Why the committee deemed it necessary to put in the form of an admission, as if implying some reluctance, the statement that some suggestionists are more successful than others is not made clear by the synopsis of the report now at hand. That is a fact well known to every psychiatrist, but its recognition does not involve acceptance of the once widely accepted, though wholly false, notion that certain persons wield over the minds of others a mystical power not to be explained. In these matters, naturally, personality—the ability to gain confidence and command obedience—plays its large part, but every psychotherapist uses the same tool, and the differences in results achieved are no more mysterious than are the like differences in the work of carpenters or sculptors.

**Why Make Needless Admissions?**

"Anti-vivisectionist Mercy," a poem by Dr. SAMUEL BRICKNER recently printed on this page, so well stated, and not the less strongly because humorously, the absurd demands of the animal-worshippers that it has attracted much attention and been widely copied. From the medical journals, of course, it received complete and enthusiastic approval as a striking presentation of the inconsistency of those who, while demanding that the doctors cure us of our assorted ills, would deprive them of the means proved by experience to be far more productive than any other of useful additions to medical knowledge and power.

Most of the newspapers that have commented on the poem take the same view of it, but though none of them coming to our attention has fallen wholly, or even deeply, into the anti-vivisection heresy, some show an unfortunate tendency to admit that for the charges of the zoophilists there is some basis of truth—an admission that supplies the fanatics with just the basis needed for the restrictive action they hope in time to turn into absolute prohibition of experiments on animals.

Thus The Wisconsin, published in Milwaukee, though it commends Dr. BRICKNER'S verses and ridicules imposing on biologists rules as to the infliction of pain which nobody dreams of imposing on stock-raisers and butchers, yet talks solemnly about "headlong, heedless scientists who make human patients unwitting objects of doubtful experiments which turn out ill." It as solemnly asserts that "inhumanity should be reprobated in the laboratory as well as elsewhere," and that "even a dog has rights which human beings should be bound to respect."

Only anti-vivisectionists ever heard of such scientists as are here described, and the statement of undenied and unquestionable truths is argument only with people dull enough to accept the implication that those attacked both question and deny. Of course animal vivisection should be regulated; it is regulated, since it is only performed by men whose one purpose is to lessen for both men and animals the dreadful total of the world's pain. This they have done and this they will do in exact proportion as they are not discouraged by vicious slander or hindered by ignorant interference.

**Literature Unjustly Denounced.**

Our Ambassador to England, lessoned by recent somewhat painful experiences, has turned from international policies to the rewards of literature as a subject for the display of his oratorical powers. Thus he avoided some kinds of criticism, but he will probably find that he invited others. For Mr. PAGE, having had revealed to him, and been even more amazed than grieved to learn, the names of certain eminent British authors whose necessities are such that they have been obliged to accept doles from the Royal Literary Fund, was so deeply moved that he proceeded to condemn the writing trade or art as so ill-paid that nobody with "barnyard gumption" would dream of entering it.

For a steady income, he said, one could more confidently trust to gambling than to the production of good prose or verse, and no man who can avoid authorship has a right to take it up.

These be hard words and they will be bitterly resented by many a blackener of good white paper. The scrivening fraternity are more than likely to tell the Ambassador that he needn't look far to find somebody to whom literature has been generous as well as kind, and, as for "barnyard gumption," he will be told that while that is undoubtedly a fine thing and a useful possession in its place—which is in the barnyard—there are other places and other wisdoms that many besides himself prefer.

Literature gives even moderate wealth to few of its votaries, and not even a comfortable living to them all, but it enables an innumerable multitude to earn more than they could in any other way, and always it offers the chance of honest fame to those who will or can deserve it. In all occupations the failures outnumber the successes, but none gives more of instant, personal satisfaction, than writing, for to every writer with a real "call" his own work or hers seems good, whether it sells or not.

Probably even the objects of Mr. PAGE'S indignant sympathy had and have their due reward and are not as unhappy as he thinks. "The public," after all, isn't such a bad critic, nor does it pay so grudgingly for what it wants. And there's no conceivable reason why it should pay much or little for anything else.

## THE BUSIEST TERMINAL.

### Hudson River Tunnel System Claims That Distinction.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

In your recent editorial article on "The World's Busiest Spot" it is stated that the Charing Cross Station in London handles 15,000,000 passengers yearly, with an operation of 900,000 trains. That is an average of only 16 2-3 passengers per train. When the word "train" is used I assume that you do not mean "car," a car being a single unit, whereas a train must necessarily mean two or more cars coupled together. Therefore, the passenger traffic per train in the Charing Cross Station is certainly modest and would be nothing to boast of as compared with the traffic handled by some of the American roads.

Your article defends American railroads by citing a traffic of 22,405,295 passengers for the Grand Central Station in New York and 28,347,399 passengers for the South Station in Boston, with 450 trains per day at the Grand Central and 843 trains per day at the South Station.

In your figures you have overlooked the Hudson Terminal, probably because of the modesty of the managers of the Hudson River Tunnel System, who are making no extravagant boasts, but nevertheless are carrying more passengers through the Hudson Terminal at Cortlandt and Church Streets, New York, than you have mentioned either for Charing Cross Station, Grand Central or South Station.

In the twelve months ended March 31, 1914, the passenger traffic through the Hudson Terminal was 30,535,500, there being an average of 858 trains operating on week days and 670 trains on Sundays, making 5,818 trains per week, with an average of 101 passengers per train.

This is not "street car" traffic, as in effect the Hudson Terminal is simply a removal of the Pennsylvania, Erie, and Lackawanna Railroad stations from the New Jersey side of the Hudson River to New York City, with a consolidation of all into one big terminal enterprise. Of course, there is a very heavy commuting element going out into the New Jersey towns and cities within thirty or forty miles of New York, but there are also millions of passengers each year leaving the Hudson Terminal for far distant points, such as Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Chicago, Atlanta, and all points South and West.

I trust, therefore, that in your tabulation of "The World's Busiest Spot" you will place the Hudson Terminal at the head of the list until some one else can come forward to occupy that distinction.

P. COMPTON MILLER,
Hudson & Manhattan Railroad Company.
New York, May 5, 1914.

### Modest Styles for Women.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your correspondent, "Desperation," need not despair. I am a woman 44 years of age, and I do not wear low-necked gowns, hobble skirts, hip drapery, or any other of the present monstrosities of style; yet I know I always look nicely dressed. I have a dressmaker who will make my things as I tell her to, and she charges me very little for it. She will also remodel all my old things to a sufficiently up-to-date style so that I can again wear them with pleasure.

This is not an advertisement, but simply to suggest to "Desperation" how one woman has solved the problem. I, too, can only afford a very small expense for dress.

BRONX DWELLER.
New York, May 5, 1914.

## LET THE RAILROADS LIVE.

### Increased Rates Will Result in Benefits to Business.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Your editorial article, "Let the Railroads Live," is most timely. The railroads have their enemies, and probably in many instances opposition to the railroads has been justified, but the railroads of the United States, with but few exceptions, deserve the support and consideration of the general public, for the good that is in them far exceeds the evil.

It would be hard to find a better form of invested capital than we have in our railroads, or capital that responds so quickly to public demands. Thirty years ago the express train time between New York and Chicago was thirty-six hours. This time has been cut in two. The shortening involved the expenditure of hundreds of millions, but the railroads met the demand. Chauncey M. Depew, many years ago, said, "The boilers of the locomotives must be enlarged, the bridges must be rebuilt, the rails must be heavier." It has all been done.

"Time is money"; the railroads have increased their speed with comfort and safety and turned the wasted hours of former days into national wealth which we all enjoy. In the 80s the transcontinental express rolled across the soft prairies at freight train speed; to-day they make sixty miles an hour on stone ballast and give the passenger greater comfort. Everywhere the mountains are being lowered, the valleys filled, and the way broadened that the steel monster may pull its train over a straighter course in less time and with less risk.

Surely, the railroads should live. They ask for an increase in rates, that is, they want a larger return on the capital invested. They reinvest their incomes largely in improvements, and pay it out in wages. Improvements call for the consumption of products of mill, forest, and mine, and business is made better. Wages mean purchasing power, distributed among their employes, which means increased consumption, augmented production, and better times. Our railroads have become controlling factors in the business world. Their purchases in our markets are followed by other purchases, and purchases make the wheels of industry revolve. In these days of business depression we should see that our railroads do live, for millions live when they live and millions die when they die.

The rent receiver should agree to increased railroad rates because it will help business; the wage earner should agree because it will stimulate the labor market and bring higher wages; the general public should agree because the railroads must have the money to continue their expansion and improvements. The railroads are live wires in our system of production and distribution and they should be given what current they need, ungrudgingly and in large measure. They are safe in our hands because we have brought them under control. The governmental eye is continually on the service they perform, and the charge. The efficiency of that service increases as the years go by. Modern railroads are marvelous examples of man's ingenuity and enterprise. Let the good work go on! Give them the increase, that our transportation system may not become second to that of any nation on the globe.

JAMES P. KOHLER.
Brooklyn, N. Y., May 5, 1914.

## THE PARTISAN SUFFRAGISTS.

### "Antis," in Their Place, Would Not Have Assailed the Mayor.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Oh, these charming non-partisan suffragists! They will seek to defeat our excellent Mayor because he is too lukewarm a suffragist to suit their impatient blood!

Cannot the men see the kind of partisans they are going to let loose upon the community in giving the vote to women who will be oblivious to every issue save the one that happens to concern them at the moment? The suffragists have shown all over the country a determination to ignore fitness in office and actual accomplishment for the one desideratum: belief in woman suffrage. If a public official is competent, fearless, off with his head since he does not bend the knee before this banner, "Votes for Women"; if he is the best Senator, the best Governor, or the best Mayor known in his part of the country, nevertheless no mere considerations of patriotism should save him.

Hereby I register the greater sense of civic duty within the ranks of the anti-suffragists. However warmly had the Mayor espoused the suffragist cause the other night at Carnegie Hall, we should have questioned his judgment in that particular matter, (judgment often overruled by courtesy and chivalry,) but so long as he proved a wise, fearless chief executive of our city, we should have given him all the support that lay in our power, loyally, unquestionably.

Have not the suffragists again and again proved themselves that very element in the body politic which is least sound, least wise, least contributing to the real good of the society we live in, and yet there is danger that that small vociferous element is listened to as voicing the sentiments of all women.

I for one—and there are many thousands behind me—resent the attempt of the suffragists to speak for a sex to which I proudly belong.

ANNIE NATHAN MEYER.
New York, May 5, 1914.

## THE HUMANE SOCIETY.

### Its Operations in the Bronx Warmly Denounced.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

I have been asked so often what became of my case against the Humane Society of New York that I thought it my duty to write a few lines. I finished my hearing on April 21 before Deputy Attorney General McQuaid, and do not know just what will be done. Attorney General Carmody has to pass on the evidence, and, as it was of considerable volume, I may have to wait some time for his decision. I feel that I have already forced the society to mend its ways, and with a fighting attorney, Willoughby B. Dobbs, and myself, we will force all the humane societies to do right.

The American Society and the Humane Society's agents have been doing wrong, and are still doing so, but we must wait. You cannot change everything in a year. I have always thought these societies were doing wrong by collecting all the fines, amounting to $30,000 annually, and dog licenses, redemptions, and duplicate dog tags for 1913, amounting to $86,866. This money should be collected by the city and not go into private corporations to enrich them. I claim it is unconstitutional for any society to collect fines or dog taxes. They belong to the city, and there is no other place on earth where the people would stand for it excepting here.

Men and women are now being hounded and brought to court unjustly by these so-called humane societies. It is all wrong, but nobody cares or seems to care. They think the easiest way is the best. I expect to clean them out of Bronx County.

They used to arrest twenty-five or thirty drivers a week a year ago. Now they arrest one to three a week, saving the Bronx men about $150 a week, or about $8,000 a year.

W. A. MALLETT.
Bronx, N. Y., May 2, 1914.

### Borglum to Talk on 'American Art.'

In the Craftsman Building Club rooms Gutzon Borglum will talk this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock on "American Art from an Individual Point of View." There is no admission charge, and a discussion will follow the lecture.

## INDUSTRIAL DEMOCRACY

### Its Many Suggestive Forms Were Shown in Business Exhibit.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

The Exhibit for Better Industrial Relations, held under the auspices of the Business Men's Group of the New York Society for Ethical Culture, presented material that deserves thoughtful attention and study.

We have heard so much talk about the democratization of industry, and have seen so little of it, that the records which have been brought together from many different States and cities, showing that it actually did exist, gave the exhibit inspiring power.

The charts presented the indisputable facts that there are now hundreds of firms in which the employer and the employes consult together, and that there are many in which the employes, through their representatives, actually have a voice in controlling the number of hours, the wages, and other fundamental matters. Among certain great groups of people the cash-in nexus is being destroyed and a human relation is being established in its place.

Indeed, the exhibit might have been called "Beginnings of the human factor in industry."

The recognition of this new factor in industry has begun to work many beneficent changes, particularly in the matter of settling labor disputes, substituting an orderly method, based on justice, through arbitration and conciliation for the old method of wrangling and haggling by groups of employers and employes.

The methods of arbitration of England, Germany, Australia, Canada, as well as those of America, were given in simple form, so that even a girl or boy could get some idea of the workings of this new conception of the relation of employer and union.

Next in importance to the charts showing the industries of Germany and of the United States, in which the policy of the business firms was determined by the employer and the laborer consulting together and working together, and those showing the methods of arbitration, the charts that showed the different methods of profit-sharing attracted, perhaps, the most attention.

That many firms, some of them large, some of them small, regarded the profits of the industry as belonging to all those engaged in it, and that various methods are now being worked out for the distribution of these profits, interested a great number of people. The plan adopted by Procter & Gamble, Ford, and many others, were placed side by side, and it was easy to find what was the exact nature and extent of each. It became evident that profit-sharing had not gone far, but it was valuable to know the methods adopted and to notice the beginning of a tendency that is now finding far wider acceptance in this country than ever before.

Two extensive alcoves were given to industrial education. It was instructive to observe how many different groups were carrying on industrial education. It was possible to compare the work done by a State such as Wisconsin with that done by a city community, and with that carried on by the individual employers, unions, and private societies.

It was clearly shown that we have not any one type of industrial education in this country. Different communities, and groups of people, sometimes organized as to localities, sometimes as to interests, sometimes representing employer, sometimes the employes, and sometimes the community, were making efforts, and often effective efforts, to discover the right way of inducting the young worker into his calling. Each of the methods displayed doubtless has its good features as well as its defects.

No attempt was made to cover up evil conditions, or to present panaceas; but, in having presented this exhibit, which shows not only some of the good results obtained by the recognition of the human factor in industry, and the worth of a human being as a human being, but also the need for a further extension of the influence of this idea, the Business Men's Group has made a distinct and perhaps even a great contribution to the further spread of some of the great moral and social forces in this country.

J. L. ELLIOTT.
New York, May 6, 1914.

### The Times's Circulation.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

There is one thing that particularly attracts my attention and that is the fact that while THE NEW YORK TIMES has all along refused to cater to public clamor but rather has made its appeal to the intelligence and reason of its readers, it has steadily grown in circulation and influence until it has reached the enormous circulation of 246,118 for the daily and Sunday papers. This would seem to indicate that there is a field for clean, decent, and sane journalism. For THE TIMES to have a circulation larger than The Herald, Sun, and Tribune combined is indeed a wonderful achievement.

C. H. BETTS,
Editor The Lyons Republican.
Lyons, N. Y., May 6, 1914.

### Government Seeds Satisfactory.

*To the Editor of The New York Times:*

Amateur gardeners like Mr. Byington of Ballard Vale, Mass., are always finding fault with the free Government seeds.

After reading his letter of April 27, I have reached the conclusion that he pointed the seeds the wrong way. Once upon a time a gentleman farmer like Mr. Byington wrote to Congressman Kinkead of Jersey City that he had sent more seeds than he had ground to plant them in, and asked what he'd do about it. He was told to plant 'em in folding beds.

For years I have been the recipient of free seeds and can assure you that the same have never failed me. This season's crop is coming along in great shape.

H. A. PODMIL.
Jersey City, N. J., May 5, 1914.

## AT THE SIGN OF THE DUST PAN.

Myself when young, a strenuous Mother had,
Who every year went quite house-cleaning mad;
Queen of the broom and dust-cloth, eke was she—
Oh, those were parlous times for me and Dad!

Yea, every one must bend an aching back
To wrestle with the stubborn carpet tack!
No baseball games nor fishing trips for us—
Our pastime, dusty rugs and old to whack!

Let Father linger n'er so long in town,
Dear Mother 'd meet him with a martyred frown,
And hurry supper through, that he might have
More time to lay the long stair carpet down!

House-cleaning tyranny I knew when small!
Now, grown, I steadfast keep bachelor's hall.
No maid annexes me until she swears,
Across her heart, she'll not clean house at all!

M. V. CARUTHERS.

## COLUMBIA SOCIETIES PLEDGED TO REFORM

### Sixteen of Twenty-four Fraternities at the University Enter Into Agreement.

### OUTCOME OF A LONG FIGHT

### Initiates Restricted to Students with Certain Scholastic Standing—Definite Pledge Day Is Fixed.

After a long fight sixteen of Columbia's twenty-four fraternities signed an interfraternity agreement yesterday pledging themselves to put into practice several reforms.

The terms of the agreement dealt chiefly with the pledging and initiating of new members, and a definite pledge day was fixed for the first Wednesday in November of each year. Furthermore, the fraternities agreed to initiate only students whose scholastic standing was above a certain grade at the mid-term examinations. The fraternities in the agreement pledged themselves to pledge no one who was not a student of Columbia University, and students in the extension courses were excluded.

No fraternity was to accept a pledge from a student before the Monday following the November pledging day, and in the period between the pledge day and the day on which the pledge could be accepted no student eligible to be pledged was to be permitted within any of the fraternity houses.

One paragraph limited initiates to those students who had maintained an average of at least C-D. This average was to be computed by giving values to each scholastic mark. A equaled one, B two, &c., and a C-D average on this basis was equal to three and five-tenths.

Any fraternity desiring to withdraw from the agreement would be obliged to give notice to all other fraternities in the agreement on March 1 of the preceding academic year. The agreement also arranged for a perpetual interfraternity council to which each fraternity was entitled to send one delegate.

The fraternities in the agreement were: Alpha Chi Rho, Alpha Delta Phi, Alpha Sigma Phi, Beta Theta Pi, Delta Kappa Epsilon, Delta Psi, Delta Tau Delta, Delta Upsilon, Phi Gamma Delta, Phi Kappa Psi, Phi Kappa Sigma, Phi Sigma Kappa, Sigma Alpha Epsilon, Sigma Chi, Zeta Psi, and Zeta Beta Tau. Theta Delta Chi also probably will sign the agreement.

The opposition retained several of the prominent fraternities at Columbia in its ranks. Phi Delta Theta, with Delta Phi and Psi Upsilon, opposed the agreement on the grounds that they had made elaborate inquiries and found that in several universities where such a scheme had been tried out it had been a failure. But none of the fraternities went so far as to say that they would not join if the plan seemed to be a success.

The agreement was the outcome of a long fight at Columbia, beginning several years ago. Such measures were proposed back as far as 1909, but they never went through. But interfraternity conferences were organized and the movement never died out. The action taken last year by the Faculty suspending the Barnard secret societies stirred up the Columbia fraternities this year. The agreement was the result of many secret meetings and conferences.

The working of the plan will be closely watched, the collegians expect, not only at Columbia, but at other universities where fraternity reform is being agitated.

## SANITARY CODE CRITICISED.

### Merchants Want Distinction Made Between Factories and Stores.

The Industrial Board of the New York Labor Department, created a year ago on the recommendation of the Factory Investigating Commission, met at the Council Chamber in the City Hall yesterday to discuss the proposed sanitary code and rules regulating the width of aisles in factories.

E. W. Bloomingdale, representing the Dry Goods Association, and B. G. Lorenz, of the B. Altman Corporation, protested against a single sanitary code for department stores and factories. The conditions, they said, were quite different, and the department stores, equipped with the best elevator service, should come under separate rules.

For the Clothiers' Association, Julius Henry Cohen asserted that the proposed code, which would materially cut down the floor space in many factories, would result in more unemployment, especially among the needleworkers. Employers, he said, could readily reduce their forces, and the high price of floor space in the city would make such a step necessary.

Prof. Charles E. A. Winslow of the Central Council of Public Health said the proposed code would not work any material hardship to the employers. Dr. George M. Price, Director of the Joint Board of Sanitary Control, indorsed the code after suggesting minor changes.

The suggestion was made by Miss Lillian Wald, a settlement worker, that the code be amended to provide for a physician in each of the large business establishments. Small establishments, she said, could arrange with the nearest visiting nurses' association and provide for frequent visits by a nurse. In reply members of the board expressed the belief that with the workmen's compensation law in effect the employers would find it to their advantage to make some such arrangements.

The board consists of James M. Lynch, Chairman; John Williams, Secretary; Pauline Goldmark, Charles C. Fraesch, Richard J. Cullen and Maurice Wertheim. Dr. Lucien A. W. Chaney of the Federal Board of Labor, Washington, D. C., attended the session. There will be another meeting at 10 o'clock this morning.

## METHODISTS PLAN BUDGET.

### Appropriations for Seven Church Boards Total $4,125,000.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., May 6.—According to reports submitted to-day to the Commission on Finance of the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, which is in session at Haddon Hall, appropriations aggregating $4,125,000 will be asked the coming fiscal year for the foreign missions, home missions, and Church extension, Freedman's Aid, Sunday school work, education, the American Bible Society, and the Church Temperance Society.

The commission, which is comprised of Bishops Earl Cranston of Washington, Charles W. Smith of

# M'ADOO--WILSON WEDDING TO-DAY

### Marriage License Gives Secretary of Treasury's Age as 50; President's Daughter, 24.

### SENATE'S GIFT A BRACELET

### Ceremony Rehearsed by Wedding Party—Revenue Cutter May Take Pair on Honeymoon.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The marriage license of Secretary of the Treasury William G. McAdoo and Miss Eleanor Wilson, who are to wed at 6 P. M. today in the Blue Room of the White House, was taken out late this afternoon. The applicant was Irwin H. Hoover, of the White House staff, who performed the same office for F. B. Sayre, when the latter became the President's son-in-law. Mr. Hoover went to the City Hall in one of the White House motors just before the offices were closing for the day.

Mr. McAdoo's age was given as fifty, that of his bride-to-be as twenty-four. Washington was given as the residence of both. Mr. McAdoo and Miss Eleanor Wilson, who attended the circus with the President last evening, this evening attended the National Theatre where their party occupied four boxes for the play "What's Wrong."

In the company were Mrs. Charles Kellogg, Miss Margaret Wilson, Miss Marjorie Brown, a cousin of the bride-to-be, Miss Helen Hunter, Miss Ethel Duffield, Miss Susanna Fine, Miss Stadelman, all of whom are here for the wedding; Fitz and James Woodrow, Major Winship, Lieut. Todd, Lieut. L. C. Dunn, all of the army; Lieut. F. H. Poteet, U. S. N., Dr. Cary T. Grayson, who will be Mr. McAdoo's best man, and Mr. Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis B. Sayre arrived at the White House this afternoon. The diamond-studded bracelet selected as the wedding gift of members of the Senate was sent to the White House. It cost $1,000. The New Jersey delegation in Congress has also sent a present to Miss Wilson in the shape of a large silver tray, of beautiful workmanship. This was selected by Mrs. Scully, wife of Representative Scully of New Jersey. It is oval in shape and engraved with the bride's initials, "E. R. W."

The wedding party rehearsed the ceremony to-day. The affair will be simple and strictly private, the only officials invited being the Vice President and members of the Cabinet. There will be no newspaper representatives present as at previous weddings, according to an announcement to-day. The Rev. Sylvester W. Beach of the First Presbyterian Church at Princeton, N. J., who officiated at the last White House wedding, will perform the ceremony.

Miss Wilson's six girl chums who would have been her bridesmaids had the wedding been an elaborate one were guests at the White House to-night. They are Miss Helen Hunter of Portsmouth, Va.; Miss Henrietta Stadelman of Wilmington, Del.; Miss Marjorie Brown of Atlanta, Ga.; Miss Susan Fine and Miss Elizabeth Duffield of Princeton, N. J., and Mrs. Charles Kellogg of Athens, Penn.

All day the White House was busy preparing for to-morrow's event. Relatives and friends were arriving, and though the wedding party will comprise less than a hundred, the activity about the Executive Mansion was much the same as at the Sayre wedding last November. Decorators were at work placing palms and flowers in the parlors.

The United States revenue cutter Seneca has been ordered to Washington, and it is said that she will carry Secretary McAdoo and his bride away from Washington after their wedding to-morrow night.

## MISS ETHEL K. ALBEE WEDS.

### Married to Dr. Edwin G. Lauder, Jr., at the Plaza Before 200 Guests.

Miss Ethel Keith Albee, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward F. Albee of New York and Larchmont, was married last evening to Dr. Edwin George Lauder, Jr., of Philadelphia at the Hotel Plaza. The wedding took place in the main ballroom of the hotel, the bride's pastor, the Rev. Richard Cobden of Larchmont officiating.

The bride's father gave her away. She carried a luxurious bouquet of white orchids showered with lilies of the valley. Miss Albee wore white satin with a bodice of Limerick point lace, lace tunic, and court train, and a Dutch cap of lace held her veil in place. Her attendant was Miss Estelle I. Mitchell, who wore pink taffeta with tulle and carried Princess of Bulgaria roses. The best man was Dr. Eugene K. Krauss of Philadelphia, and the ushers were William P. Hallinger of Philadelphia, Leroy Leighton of Worcester, Mass.; Edwin W. Hiscox of New York, and Reed A. Albee, the bride's brother.

The ballroom where the ceremony was performed was trimmed with roses, pink and white hydrangeas, smilax, fern and palms. The altar on the north side of the room stood under a canopy of palms and wistaria showered with white roses. Alabama smilax covered the walls and columns which were surmounted by hydrangeas. The corridors leading to the ballroom were turned into rose bowers.

After the wedding ceremony dinner was served to 200 guests in the library room on the Fifty-eighth Street side of the hotel, where they were entertained by dancing led by Joan Sawyer and John Jarrott.

Dr. and Mrs. Lauder will spend their honeymoon at White Sulphur Springs. Among those present were William L. Mitchell, Mrs. Martin Beck, A. Paul Keith, Mrs. W. McFarland, the Rev. Richard Cobden, R. A. Albee, Mrs. L. Williams, Miss Nettie Mitchell, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hunter, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Murdock, Mr. and Mrs. Max Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Philip F. Nash, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey L. Watkins, Mr. and Mrs. William Hiscox, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Vincent, Dr. and Mrs. W. D. Taylor, Dr. and Mrs. F. M. Kirkpatrick, and Dr. and Mrs. William Watts.

## MISS RUTH APPLETON TO WED.

### Engaged to Wm. G. Wendell, Son of Prof. Wendell of Harvard.

The engagement is announced in New York and Boston of Miss Ruth Appleton, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis R. Appleton of 26 East Thirty-seventh Street, to William Greenough Wendell, a son of Prof. Barrett Wendell of Harvard University and Mrs. Wendell, and a brother of Barrett Wendell, Jr.

Miss Appleton, who made her début two years ago, has a younger sister, Miss Alice Appleton. Francis R. Appleton, Jr., and Charles L. Appleton are her brothers. Her mother was Miss Fanny Lanier, a daughter of Charles Lanier. Miss Appleton is a niece of Mrs. Gerald L. Hoyt, Mrs. George E. Turnure, and James F. D. Lanier. She is, of course, related to the Appletons of Boston.

Mr. Wendell is a Harvard graduate, Class of 1900, and is related to the New York Wendells. He lives in Boston. His mother was Miss Greenough. No date has been mentioned for the wedding.

### SCHIRMER—NICHOLLS.

Gustave Schirmer, a son of the late Gustave Schirmer and Mrs. Schirmer of 317 East Thirty-fifth Street and a nephew of Rudolph E. Schirmer, and Mrs. Katharine A. Nicholls were married at 5:30 yesterday afternoon in the Broadway Tabernacle, the Rev. Charles W. Wilcox of Lawrenceville, N. J., officiating. Neither Mr. Schirmer nor his bride had attendants. She wore a traveling gown, and none except the immediate families were present. Mr. and Mrs. Schirmer are booked to sail to-day on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, and will remain abroad several months.

### McELWAIN—NICHOLAS.

Recorder and Mrs. D. C. McElwain, of Cohoes, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gretchen Welting McElwain to Minoa J. Nicholas, of this city. Mr. Nicholas is a graduate of Cornell University. No date has been set for the wedding.

## SOCIETY TO DANCE ON PIER.

### Benefit for Social Service Bureau of Bellevue Hospital on May 14.

Society is interested in the dance which is to be given for the benefit of the Social Service Bureau of Bellevue Hospital on the Recreation Pier, Fiftieth Street and North River, on Thursday evening, May 14. Among those actively interested in the success of the dance are Mrs. Courtlandt Nicoll, Mrs. Linzee Blagden, Mrs. J. W. Fuller Potter, and Miss Ruth Morgan.

On that night the committee announces there will be a full moon and a high tide, which will add much to the picturesque novelty of dancing on the pier. For the accommodation of the guests, omnibuses will run from Fiftieth Street and Lexington Avenue west to the river front, stopping at Park, Madison, and Fifth Avenues and Broadway, returning until 12:30. A small fare will be collected for the ride. Evening dress is not required.

A buffet supper is to be served, and exhibition dancing has been arranged by Mrs. E. Roscoe Mathews and Mrs. Belmont Tiffany. Tickets, at $2.50 each, may be had from Mrs. Courtlandt Nicoll, 405 Park Avenue. The Floor Committee consists of E. Coster Wilmerding, Chalmers Wood, Jr.; Le Grand C. Griswold, Jr., Wistar Kendall, James L. Breese, Jr.; T. Chesley Richardson, and George Jarvis Geer.

Mayor and Mrs. Mitchel will occupy a box; also Mr. and Mrs. William F. McCombs, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Steele, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Bliss, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. William Church Osborn. Many prominent society women are among the patronesses.

## MISS McCALL ENGAGED.

### Niece of Edward E. McCall to Wed Nicholas T. Conway of Troy.

Mrs. Ambrose McCall is announcing this week the engagement of her daughter, Miss Sally McCall, to Nicholas Thomas Conway of Troy, N. Y., and this city. Miss McCall is the niece of the late John McCall and of Edward E. McCall, Chairman of the Public Service Commission, and Justice Thomas F. Donnelly. She made her début a year ago, and is well known as an amateur dancer in society.

She was graduated from the Convent of the Sacred Heart, at Albany, N. Y., which her sister, Miss Nora McCall, entered last Autumn.

Mr. Conway is the son of Henry A. Conway of Troy, and is a nephew of Daniel Conway, former Mayor of that city. He is a graduate of Georgetown University.

Justice Thomas F. Donnelly is to give a luncheon for his niece and young friends next week at the National Democratic Club, 617 Fifth Avenue, this city. The wedding will take place in the Autumn.

## SOCIAL NOTES.

Mr. and Mrs. George G. Bourne of 383 Park Avenue, are being congratulated on the birth of a daughter yesterday. Mrs. Bourne was Miss Helen C. Whitney, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Whitney, formerly of Boston. Mr. Bourne is the son of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick G. Bourne of Oakdale, L. I.

Mrs. Benjamin S. Guinness will not sail to-day for her annual visit to England. Her children, however, are sailing on the Baltic.

Mrs. James Abercrombie Burden is sailing for Europe to-day on the Kaiserin Auguste Victoria.

Mrs. James Speyer, Mrs. F. W. Vanderbilt, Miss E. M. Clark, Miss Edith Ames, and Mrs. C. C. Cuyler are among those who have taken tickets for the illustrated lecture on Alaska for the benefit of the watering stations maintained by the Women's League for Animals. The lecture will be given at 27 West Forty-fifth Street at 8:15 o'clock this evening.

A sidewalk café for the benefit of the Virginia Day Nursery will take place this evening at Sherry's. Miss Margery Shannon and Shannon Meany will dance, and they will also be professional exhibitors.

Lady Alan Johnstone arrived yesterday on the Olympic, and will visit her mother, Mrs. James W. Pinchot, in Washington, D. C., and her brother, Amos R. E. Pinchot, in New York.

Others arriving on the Olympic were Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott Cameron, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund C. Converse, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Houghton, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis S. Morris, Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen Townsend, Miss Adeline Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Whitehouse, and Miss Kathryn Steele.

The wedding of Miss Mary H. Brooks, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frederick H. Brooks, and A. Tingley Wall, Jr., of Providence, R. I., will take place on June 18 in St. Thomas's Church, Fifth Avenue and Fifty-third Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Elbert H. Gary will entertain this evening at their residence, 856 Fifth Avenue, with a dinner in honor of Prince Muenster von Bernesburg and the Ambassador from Austria-Hungary, Dr. Dumba.

### J. S. Barneys' House Party.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Stewart Barney are entertaining a house party for the week end at Yama Farms Inn, Napanoch, N. Y. They have engaged the entire hotel, excluding all other guests, and their guests will remain until Monday.

Among the guests are Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Jay Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Allen Gouverneur Wellman, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. Stuyvesant Pillot, Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Perry, Mr., and Mrs. Harry Peters, Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Snowden Fahnestock, the Misses Angelica Brown, Clara Fargo, Liza Suydam, Evelyn Witherbee, Marjorie Curtis, Alexander S. Webb, Coleman Drayton, James Cutting, Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, T. Chesley Richardson, Miss Cornelia Roche, W. Rhinelander Stewart, Jr., W. Forbes Morgan, George H. Warren, and James H. Ridder.

### Luncheon for Mrs. C. Bower Ismay.

Mrs. George R. Schieffelin entertained at luncheon yesterday for her daughter, Mrs. C. Bower Ismay of Haselbech Hall, Northampton, England. Mrs. Ismay is making a brief visit here and is with her aunt, Mrs. Hamilton Fish. She will sail at the end of May for her English home. The luncheon was of eighteen covers and the decorations were Spring flowers. The guests included Mrs. Hamilton Fish, Miss Elvine L. Neeser, Miss Norrie, Mrs. Fellowes Davis, Mrs. William North Duane, Mrs. George H. Hull, Jr., Mrs. Clarence C. Chapman, Mrs. Barron, and Mrs. Minturn Post Collins.

### Sans Egal Club Dances.

The Sans Egal Dancing Club held its weekly meeting last night at the Plaza. Among those present were Mr. and Mrs. Frank B. Keech, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur J. Cumnock, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw, Mr. and Mrs. John H. Rhoades, Mr. and Mrs. James Lee, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest A. Bigelow, Mr. and Mrs. George Q. Palmer, Mrs. Julius S. Walsh, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wagstaff, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Willard Brown, Miss Juliana Cutting, Horace Stebbins, Mr. and Mrs. Lindsley Tappin, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Durant, Count Salm-Salm, William Brewster, Miss Brewster, and Alphonso Navarro. The next meeting will be held on May 13.

### Benefit Concert at Rebarer Studios.

For the benefit of the Mizpah Bible Class of the Harlem Presbyterian Church a concert will be given on the evening of May 12 at the Rebarer Studios, 420 Madison Avenue. John Rebarer, pianist, will play numbers by Beethoven, Chopin, and Rubinstein. Otto Schubert, baritone, will sing von Fielitz's song-cycle, "Eilliland," in costume, and Jean Riddell, reader, will give humorous poetry to the accompaniment of music written by Mr. Rebarer.

### Lydig Hoyt's Ushers.

Lydig Hoyt, whose marriage to Miss Julia W. Robbins, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Julian W. Robbins, will take place on June 3 in St. George's Chapel, has selected for his ushers Sheldon Whitehouse, Edmund P. Rogers, Chalmers Wood, Jr., Samuel A. Welldon, Elliot Cross, Bertram de N. Cruger, Spencer Turner and Henry Worthington Bull. As already stated his cousin, Charles L. Appleton, will be his best man. The date and place of his bachelor dinner have not yet been decided upon.

# HIS CANCER CURED BY RADIUM, HE SAYS

### City Solicitor Patterson of Asbury Park Announces Result to His Friends.

### TREATED AT JOHNS HOPKINS

### Dr. H. A. Kelly, After Three Applications, Healed Affected Tongue and Restored Speech.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ASBURY PARK, N. J., May 7.—City Solicitor Samuel A. Patterson, who was obliged to give up his law practice some time ago owing to a cancerous growth on his tongue, returned here from Baltimore to-day and announced to his friends that he was cured. In addition to his own confidence in the cure, he said, he had the assurance of Dr. Howard A. Kelly of Johns Hopkins University Medical School, who had treated him with radium and who yesterday pronounced him completely cured.

Mr. Patterson first noticed the cancer on his tongue six months ago, while he was arguing a case in the Court of Common Pleas at Freehold. A gold crown on one of his teeth had come off, and the jagged tooth, cutting into the right side of his tongue far back in the mouth, inflicted a painful wound. He consulted a local physician, who diagnosed his case as cancer and advised him to go to New York and take treatment by a physician there. Mr. Patterson did so, and received what was said to be a radium treatment, but without beneficial effect.

About six weeks ago, some little time after Congressman Robert Bremner was treated with radium by Dr. Kelly, Mr. Patterson went to Baltimore to try the radium treatment there. At Johns Hopkins University, when he first applied, little encouragement was given to him. Later, however, Dr. Kelly examined him and told him that he had a chance of cure.

Mr. Patterson decided to take the chance. At that time his speech was so thick and his enunciation so indistinct that he was obliged to withdraw from several cases he had been trying in court. His friends could scarcely understand him when he spoke.

His first treatment under Dr. Kelly consisted of an application of a radium tube for two hours along the right side of his tongue and along the right side of his neck. The treatment burned his tongue and neck, and prevented him from wearing a collar for two weeks, but it effected a noticeable improvement in his speech.

Two weeks ago he returned to Baltimore for the second treatment. This time the radium was applied for less than an hour. Again a marked improvement resulted, and Dr. Kelly informed him, he says, that he was even then practically cured. He returned to Asbury Park and was able to resume his law practice.

On Monday Mr. Patterson went once more to Baltimore for final treatment by Dr. Kelly. The physician, however, according to Mr. Patterson, on looking him over announced that no further application of radium was necessary and that his cancer was absolutely cured.

On his return to Asbury to-day, Mr. Patterson, who had been averse to discussing his ailment theretofore, called several of his friends into his office, including newspaper men, and said to them:

"Boys, you can cut loose the story. I'm cured."

His tongue was still somewhat discolored and of a brownish tinge, and the flesh thereof was a bit hard and stiff as a result of the radium burns, but he said Dr. Kelly had assured him this would wear off presently, leaving the tongue in normal condition. The impediment in his speech was slight yesterday, and this, too, he said, would wear away as the effects of the radium burns faded out.

Mr. Patterson is serving his second term as City Solicitor. He is about 50 years old, is married, and has one son, George Patterson.

## OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

### Some of the Passengers on Four Steamships—The Arrivals.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day and some of those booked to leave on them are:

KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA (Hamburg)—Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Ahnelt, Mrs. J. Abercrombie Burden, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Block, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Bry, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Carstairs, A. C. Collins, Mrs. W. Dexter, Mrs. Cora A. Dana, Miss C. A. Dana, Miss H. M. Tomsworth, Miss Helen Frank, Mrs. W. F. Garrison, Count Valentine Henkel-Donnersmarck, Mr. and Mrs. M. Hilder, Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Martin, Dorothy M. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel K. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. T. E. Moore, Baroness Virginia Podmaneczky, Charles H. Ruddock, Mrs. F. M. Seller, Mrs. E. T. H. Talmadge, Mrs. C. W. Wood, Dr. and Mrs. Walter Wickes, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Woolworth, and Mrs. Otto Young.

BALTIC (Liverpool)—Mrs. E. S. Allard, D. Elliott Alves, A. H. Annan, Capt. T. S. Baldwin, Henry Douglas, J. H. Emerson, Mrs. W. T. Ferris, Miss Merand Gulness, Dr. and Mrs. J. A. Irwin, H. G. Lambert, A. F. Langdon, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Lindsay, J. H. Lord, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Mills, Mrs. H. Murray, H. T. Parker, Mr. and Mrs. Stuart Patterson, Miss Ada Rehan, Lord Rothdale, Miss Leonora Sparkes, C. W. Stuart, Mr. and Mrs. J. Watts, and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wood.

IVERNIA (Naples)—Miss Agnes Alexander, Mrs. E. Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. E. O. Bartlett, Mrs. C. P. Bennett, Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Blakeslee, Mrs. Laura Bowen, J. A. Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. T. C. Cherry, Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Davenport, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Duvall, Miss L. M. Fulda, Dr. W. A. Haidy, the Rev. J. J. Kean, Mr. and Mrs. A. P. Kingsbury, Lieut. E. H. Lindsell, Mr. and Mrs. W. Horrick, S. Davis Page, and Mr. and Mrs. L. M. F. Scott.

ST. LOUIS (Southampton)—Prof. G. Bathne, H. N. Bentley, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson Butt, Mrs. H. Cumming, Mrs. Falk, Miss Ella Fraser, Mrs. O. G. Lee, C. Ludlow Livingston, United States Consul at Swansea; Miss Ada Mitchell, Mrs. R. M. Richardson, and Miss Ida Vivin.

Transatlantic liners arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

OLYMPIC (Southampton)—Capt. H. Akroyd, Joseph Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Armstrong, N. H. Bacon, Dover Barrett, T. G. Barrows, Gerard Beckman, Miss Cornelia A. Beckman, Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott Cannon, Percy Chubb, Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Chute, Mrs. J. W. Converse, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Coulson, H. P. Davison, Mr. and Mrs. George Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Finnucane, Mr. and Mrs. A. Houghton, Lady Johnstone, E. S. Jones, Mrs. D. King, Mrs. Charles Klein, Mrs. H. B. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. McGowan, Mrs. H. K. McHarg, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Montgomery, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Paterson, Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Rea, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Smathers, Mrs. C. R. Snowden, Miss Rosa Steele, Miss Kathryn Steele, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thaw, and Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Whitehouse.

TRENT, (Southampton via Panama.)—Miss A. M. Britwell, Miss K. Ballon, A. J. Cory, G. E. Dodds, J. E. Grice, Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Hope, A. S. Hodges, Mr. and Mrs. W. Morrison, Mrs. R. Mathews, D. D. Perry, G. E. Perkins, J. D. Stine, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Walker.

SEYDLITZ, (Bremen.)—Albert Broadley, Mrs. M. Frank, Miss Rosa Kay, J. Oswald, Miss Alice Pratt, Mr. and Mrs. H. Thompson, Mrs. Anna Wagner, N. Wagner.

### Their 50th Wedding Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Heinemann of 215 West Ninety-eighth Street will celebrate their fiftieth wedding anniversary to-morrow at their home. Mr. Heinemann is 78 years old, and was born in Hanover, Germany. Mrs. Heinemann is 72. They have three children.

### SPEIR—MORGAN.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Speir, of South Orange, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Sarah Edwards Schuyler Speir, to George O. Morgan, Jr., of Pittsburgh, Pa. Mr. Morgan was graduated from Princeton University, class of '13.

### Roelker Prize for A. F. Smithers.

Adelbert F. Smithers, a member of the senior class of Columbia University, was chosen to receive the Roelker Prize by his classmates yesterday. The prize is annually awarded to the student in the senior class most worthy of distinction both in scholarship and fellowship. Smithers has been editor in chief of The Columbia Spectator during the academic year just closing, and is one of the most popular students on Morningside Heights.

## CAMPAIGN TO GET $100,000.

### Society for Promotion of Industrial Education Seeks Fund.

A campaign to raise $100,000 by May 15 was started yesterday by the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education at a luncheon at the Midday Club, 25 Broad Street. It was announced that $4,000 had been pledged, $2,000 by the Manhattan Trade School, $1,000 by the National Metal Trades Association, and $1,000 by George Coffing Warner. The luncheons will be held each day during the campaign and reports made.

A letter was received from Secretary Redfield of the Department of Commerce, President of the society.

"Our industries cry out for trained workers," he wrote. "This subject affects both the home and the factory, making both the employer and the employe more efficient and prosperous, and strengthens every investment in industry."

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, wrote that "financial support given this organization will further the best educational interests of the people."

Other letters were from W. B. Wilson, Secretary of the Department of Labor; P. P. Claxton, Director of Education of the Department of the Interior, and David Snedden, Commissioner of the Massachusetts Board of Education.

The headquarters of the society are at 140 West Forty-second Street. The Campaign Committee comprises J. W. Lieb, Chairman; R. Fulton Cutting, Lionel Sutro, George Coffing Warner, Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer, Mrs. Lindsay Van Rensselaer, V. Everit Macy, Felix M. Warburg, Frederic B. Pratt, Miss Virginia Potter, and Miss Isabel Ely Lord.

## SOCIETY GIRL DEACONESS.

### Miss Dahlgren to be Set Apart in Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

An interesting ceremony will take place this forenoon at 11:30 o'clock in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine when Miss Romola Dahlgren, a member of one of Newport's pioneer families, will be set apart as a deaconess by Bishop James De Wolf Perry of Rhode Island.

Miss Dahlgren is the daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Paul Dahlgren and is a granddaughter of the late Rear Admiral Dahlgren, U. S. N. She has been popular in the social circles of Newport, New York, and Europe, but always devoting part of her time to philanthropic work. She was born in Rome, where her father at the time was United States Consul General, and for that reason was christened Romola. She has been studying for the work at the Deaconess Home in this city.

Many of Miss Dahlgren's Newport friends will witness the ceremony. The Rev. Ernest M. Stires, rector of St. Thomas's Church, will present her to Bishop Perry. Her maternal grandfather was the late Rev. Dr. Morgan, for many years rector of St. Thomas's. The Rev. Stanley C. Hughes, rector of Trinity Church at Newport, will also be in attendance.

Miss Dahlgren is to be assigned to her field of labors in Rhode Island under the direction of Bishop Perry.

### Philharmonic Society's Next Season

The Philharmonic Society, Josef Stransky, conductor, has announced for its seventy-third season of 1914-1915, twelve Thursday evening and Sunday afternoon concerts and sixteen Friday afternoon concerts in its regular season at Carnegie Hall, and two for young people at Aeolian Hall, with Kitty Cheatham as soloist. The first concert will occur on Thursday evening, Oct. 29. Present subscribers can retain their seats up to Sept. 30, and on Oct. 5 the general sale of subscriptions opens at Carnegie Hall. Among the soloists already engaged are Lucrezia Bori, Alma Gluck, Lucille Weingartner-Marcel, Julia Culp, Pasquale Amato, Fritz Kreisler, Efrem Zimbalist, Arrigo Serato, Jacques Thibaud, Ferruclo Busoni, Ossip Gabrilowitsch, Carl Freidberg, Ernesto Consolo, Eleanor Spencer, and Germaine Schnitzer.

### City Orchestra's Last Free Concert.

The last free concert of the series given by the City Orchestra will take place this evening in the Great Hall of City College under the auspices of the Board of Education. A chorus of 500 singers picked from Mount Morris, Wadleigh, De Witt Clinton, and Washington Irving High Schools will sing under the direction of Dr. Frank Rix. The City Orchestra, increased to sixty players, will perform under the direction of Dr. Henry T. Fleck, and the soloist will be Mrs. Edith Chapman Goold. President Churchill will make an address. The hall will be open to the public after 7:30 o'clock.

### "Great Diamond Robbery" in Films.

"The Great Diamond Robbery," a moving-picture play made by Herbert Hall Winslow from the drama of that name, is the feature attraction at the New York Theatre. In the cast of the film drama are Margaret Dale, Charles Ross, Elita Proctor Otis, Wallace Eddinger, and Robert E. Graham. The film was produced by the Playgoers Film Company.

## THEATRICAL NOTES.

Charles B. Dillingham has entirely recovered from his recent illness and, with Mrs. Dillingham, will sail for Europe on Saturday.

Vivian Rushmore has been engaged by Sawyer and company for Charles Klein's new play "The Money Makers."

The two hundred and fiftieth performance of "To-Day" will take place at the Forty-eighth Street Theatre to-morrow night.

The Shuberts announce that they have obtained the American rights of "The Sloping Path," which was produced in London a few nights ago. The arrangement was made with Mr. Chalow at Liverpool.

More than two hundred members of the Workers' Amusement Club attended the performance of "A Pair of Sixes" in H. H. Frazee's Longacre Theatre last night.

By cable yesterday from Brussels arrangements were completed whereby Delita Del Oro and her six performing cows will be one of the features on Hammerstein's Roof Garden when it opens the week of June 1.

Yesterday was Albany and Troy Day at the New York Hippodrome, when nearly 1,000 excursionists enjoyed "H. M. S. Pinafore." The Citizen's Line and the Hippodrome management have arranged for another "Pinafore" excursion next Wednesday. The steamer Trojan will bring the party down the river Tuesday night and return northward at 6 o'clock Wednesday evening.

An interpretation of "Peg o' My Heart" will be given in the Myrtle Room, Waldorf Astoria, Friday evening, by Miss Martha Lee Robinson, a young Southern girl from Fort Smith, now living at Forest Hills Gardens. Miss Mary Dan Harbeson and Miss Josephine K. Robinson will sing Irish songs with Miss Olive Robertson as accompanist.

The initial presentation of "A Regular Feller," in which Lord Dangan and company will appear, will be made this afternoon at Keith's Union Square Theatre. The sketch was written by Thomas J. Gray, and the music composed by Raymond Walker. The production was staged by John Emerson of the Charles Frohman staff.

F. Ziegfeld, Jr., has completed the cast for the 1914 edition of the "Ziegfeld Follies." When the revue is presented at the New Amsterdam Theatre June 1, the following entertainers will participate: Leon Errol, Vera Michelena, Cecilia Wright, Ed. Wynn, Louise Meyers, C. Morton Horne, Stella Chatelaine, Gertrude Vanderbilt, George McKay, Cora Tracy, Anna Pennington, J. Bernard Dyllyn, Herbert Clifton, Kay Laurell, Peter Swift, Charles Scribner, and Bert A. Williams.

The Friars have purchased a block of seats for the performance of "The Beauty Shop" on Monday evening, May 18, when more than 200 members of the Monastery, under the guidance of Abbot John Rumsey, will "pilgrim" to the Astor Theatre and pay their respects to Brother Raymond Hitchcock.

A. H. Sawyer will present at the Comedy Theatre this afternoon a first view of the moving picture play, "The Lightning Conductor." The three stars in the production are William Elliott, Walter Hale, and Dustin Farnum, and others in the cast are Helen Bertram and Rosina Henley. The film was made by the Hefco Company in England, Switzerland, France, and Italy.

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

General Ballington Booth thanks "J. Z." for $10 for the Volunteer Work.

# WOMEN DEPLORE ATTACK ON MITCHEL

### Suffragists Write to the Mayor in Apology, Calling Mrs. Blatch Tactless.

### REPUDIATE HER REMARKS

### Anna Maxwell Jones Says Mrs. Blatch Represents Merely a Wing of the Woman's Party.

Some of the woman suffragists who were present in Carnegie Hall last Saturday night when Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch criticised Mayor Mitchel for his speech on woman suffrage have written to the Mayor expressing regret at the incident, in some instances referring to Mrs. Blatch's speech as "discourteous" and "tactless." This is one of the letters:

Law Offices of Wood & Wood,
2 Rector Street, New York, May 6, 1914.
The Hon. John Purroy Mitchel, City Hall, City.

My Dear Mayor Mitchel: I beg to assure you in the unfortunate controversy between yourself and the Woman's Political Union that neither this organization nor its President represents the sentiment of the suffragists at large. They appear to be oblivious of the right of the individual to express himself freely.

With deep regret for their discourtesy, I am very sincerely yours,
HARRIET M. JOHNSTON-WOOD.

Miss Clara T. MacChesney wrote as follows:

Hotel Chelsea, May 5, 1914.

Hon. John Purroy Mitchel.

Dear Sir: You may never read this letter, but it gives me satisfaction to write you that I am a member of the Woman's Political Union; that I sat in a front seat at the meeting in Carnegie Hall Saturday evening; that I heard every word of your speech, and that I most emphatically deplore the tactless, discourteous speech made then and afterward by Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch. Other suffragists as well as myself were very indignant at her rudeness.

Please do not think that all suffragists are of the same opinion about your address or have the manners of the President of the Woman's Political Union. Very truly yours,
CLARA T. MacCHESNEY.

Miss Anna Maxwell Jones, leader of the Woman's Suffrage Party of the Twentieth Election District of the Fifteenth Assembly District, wrote this letter:

The Chelsea, West Twenty-third Street,
May 5, 1914.

The Hon. John Purroy Mitchel:

My Dear Sir: Please do not think that Mrs. Blatch's criticism voiced the sentiments of many of the suffragists at Carnegie Hall. She represents merely one wing of our party somewhat affected by English militantism. Your remarks simply applied to the exceptional woman. We think the ballot will help up all in reaching a higher level in civic matters.

You were the guest of honor and we regret that all courtesy was not shown you. We all appreciate the conscientious work you are doing and wish you godspeed.

Sincerely yours,
(MISS) ANNA MAXWELL JONES.

Mayor Mitchel declined to comment on the letters.

## J. M. MITCHELL TO ISLAND.

### Former Cotton Broker Gets Six Months on Non-Support Charge.

James Murray Mitchell, formerly head of the stockbrokerage firm of Mitchell & Co., which was suspended by the New York Cotton Exchange in March, 1913, for non-payment of debts, was sent to Blackwell's Island yesterday by Magistrate Harris of the Domestic Relations Court for failure to support his wife. His term is six months.

## WON'T TRUST SCHOOL BOARD

### Alderman Curran Wants Equivalent for Fire Headquarters.

The proposal to turn over the old Fire Headquarters building in East Sixty-seventh Street to the Board of Education to be used by the Bureau of Public Lectures and the Bureau of Physical Training came before the Sinking Fund Commissioners yesterday and was opposed by Alderman Henry H. Curran. Fire Headquarters is soon to move to the Municipal Building and Chamberlain Bruere thought the Board of Education should get the old building.

"I am opposed to giving the building to the Board of Education unless we get some property for it," said Alderman Curran.

## WRIT HALTS DINH GILLY.

### Baritone, Served at Pier, Has to Pay Judgment of $911.56.

Dinh Gilly, the baritone of the Metropolitan Opera House, was just leaving for Europe on the French liner France yesterday morning when he was stopped by Deputy Sheriffs McDonnell and Zeltner with a warrant for his arrest on a judgment for $911.56, which was obtained by the American Musical News Service from Judge Schmuck of the City Court. George C. Turner was named as the personal creditor.

After a long argument, in which the singer said that the company had not done anything for him, he paid the amount to Emory C. Weller, attorney for Turner, on the pier, as he was obliged to leave for London to sing at the Covent Garden Opera House.

## WIFE SUES R. S. MASTERTON

### Asking Separation, She Accuses Realty Man of Cruelty.

Mrs. Kate S. Masterton has sued Robert S. Masterton, a real estate dealer of this city and Schenectady, for a separation on the ground of cruel treatment. Mr. and Mrs. Masterton were married in the Church of the Heavenly Rest on Oct. 21, 1875. They have four childden, all of whom are adults. In her complaint Mrs. Masterton alleged that her husband began his ill treatment of her about a year after their wedding day.

## MUSIC NOTES.

Dr. J. Fred Wolle, conductor of the Bethlehem (Penn.) Bach Festival, has announced that for the first day's programme on May 29 the soloists will be Mrs. Helen Boise Hunsicker and Lucy Brickenstein, sopranos; Miss Maude Sproule, contralto; Nicholas Douty, tenor, and Horatio Connell, bass.

Rubin Goldmark's Trio in D minor was given with the composer at the piano in a concert at the Benjamin School for Girls yesterday. Assisting him were Mrs. Vera Fonaroff, violinist, and Lillian Littlehales, 'cellist. Mrs. Adele Laeis Baldwin sang and Ruth Squire was heard at the piano.

The Blind Men's Improvement Club of New York will give its annual concert in aid of the sick and general fund at Aeolian Hall Friday evening. Those taking part will be Mrs. Edith Chapman Goold, soprano; Edwin Grasse, violinist; Rollo F. Maitland, organist; William Resnikoff, baritone; Dr. Clinton Williams and Louis Furman, pianists, and Guy Hunter, pianologist.

Hans Merz will give his last recital of German lieder at the Waldorf on Monday evening. The programme includes five songs from Brueckler's "Trompeter von Saekkingen." N. Valentine Peavey will assist at the piano.

A Spanish tenor, M. Tricario, made his first appearance with the Zuro Opera Company at the Grand Theatre last night, singing Rhadames in "Aida."




Carlsbad Sprudel Salt
recommended for ailments
Liver, Stom

# RESCUE 14 MORE OF COLUMBIAN'S MEN

## Second Boat, with Burned Steamer's Captain Picked Up by the Manhattan.

## 4 DEAD, 19 STILL MISSING

### Several Vessels Engaged in Search —Story of Tragedy Wirelessed by Liner Franconia's Captain.

BOSTON, May 6.—Search by several steamships in the waters south of Sable Island to-day and to-night had failed up to a late hour to add to the list of 27 known survivors of the burned liner Columbian. The total of known dead remained at 4.

Somewhere in or near the westbound transatlantic steamship lane probably is a small boat with the chief and second officers and 17 men of the crew. At midnight seventy-two hours had elapsed since the boat cast off from the blazing steamer. Its crew left hurriedly, with little food or water, and some of the men suffering from burns. This boat was still the object of search to-night.

Occupants of the two other boats which put off from the Columbian were safely aboard other vessels. The steamer Manhattan, bound for Antwerp, picked up Capt. John McDonald and thirteen men to-day. The Cunard liner Franconia, which has on board thirteen other survivors, will land them here to-morrow morning.

### 14 SAVED BY THE MANHATTAN.

#### Story of Disaster Told in Message from Franconia's Captain.

The news of the finding of the Captain's boat and the rescue of fourteen more survivors of the burned steamship Columbian was received yesterday morning in a wireless message sent to Sanderson & Son, the agents of the Phoenix Line, from Capt. Lazell of the Manhattan. The message was dated May 6, and was sent via the Sable Island Marconi station. It read:

At 5:45 A. M., Greenwich meantime, this morning, in latitude 41.19 north, longitude 59.35 west, we picked up boat containing fourteen survivors of the steamship Columbian, Captain, chief engineer, two officers, and one Marconi operator among those rescued. One engineer killed in explosion and one man drowned leaving ship. We are still searching for other boats.

In response to a message sent to him by Archibald McClay Pentz, a partner in the firm of Sanderson & Son, to get further details of the survivors he had on board, Capt. Lazell sent another dispatch late in the afternoon, which read:

Wednesday morning picked up Columbian's boat, with McDonald, the master; A. Quick and M. Milo, officers; C. Roberts, chief engineer; N. R. Burke, the Marconi operator, and Abel, Connor, Von Randow, Russell, Windhousen, Butcher, Mann, and Elton, totaling thirteen. Ekline, the donkeyman, was drowned, and D. Millar, second engineer, was killed aboard Columbian. C. J. Smith, fifth engineer, who was injured aboard the Columbian, died subsequently in the boat. Still searching for third boat, with nineteen men. McDonald says he left ship at 12:30 A. M. Monday in three boats. Ship on fire fore and aft. (Signed) LAZELL.

Mr. Pentz said it was very probable that the missing boat had been picked up by some fishing vessel or coasting steamer which was not equipped with wireless apparatus, and the survivors might be heard from at any moment.

A message was received from Capt. Mendus of the American Line steamer Haverford, dated 6 o'clock last night, which read:

Have searched everywhere in vicinity where No. 1 and No. 2 lifeboats were picked up, also where Columbian was abandoned. Sorry to say saw nothing of No. 3 boat nor of Columbian. Several steamers still searching.

Out of the Columbian's crew of 50 all told, one was killed by the explosion on board, two, the fifth engineer and chief steward, died in the boats, and one was drowned. Thirteen survivors were rescued by the Franconia and 14 by the steamer Manhattan, which leaves 19 to be accounted for, according to Capt. McDonald who is on board the Manhattan bound for Antwerp.

In his dispatch sent yesterday afternoon Capt. McDonald gave the following brief account of the disaster:

The fire broke out at midnight Sunday in No. 1 hatch. The alarm was immediately given and the hose was turned into the burning hatch. A terrific explosion occurred a few minutes afterward which burst all the hatches and the skylight, wrecked the engine room and destroyed the Marconi equipment. The crew left the Columbia at 12:30 o'clock in the three small boats. The ship was then a mass of flames fore and aft. The fifth engineer died in the boat and the second engineer was killed in the first explosion while the donkeyman was drowned in making one of the boats.

#### Capt. Miller's Story.

In answer to a request from the company's agents, Capt. D. S. Miller of the Franconia sent the following dispatch by Marconi wireless of the rescue of the thirteen survivors and their thrilling narative related to him yesterday morning after the men had recovered a little from the hardships they had undergone:

S. S. FRANCONIA, via Sable Island, May 6.—Received wireless from steamer Georgic, May 6, 12:24 A. M.: "Seydlitz passed in 41.27 N., 59.07 W., large steamer burning all over. Hull high out of water; foremast and funnel gone. No people on board." At the same time a wireless from Sable Island requesting me to identify steamer should I pass close. At 1:15 P. M. got message from the Associated Press, Boston: "Great alarm over Seydlitz. Report of big ocean liner afire. Rescue by Franconia. Please send brief dispatch." At that time rescue story not true.

On receipt of Georgic message I changed my course to cross given position of burning steamer. Arrived there 8 P. M. Could discover no trace of vessel, but decided, owing to false report and fearing influence on other possible rescuing steamers, to encircle position at six miles. At 8:30 P. M. sighted boat on starboard bow. Being already prepared the occupants thereof were taken on board in a few minutes. A heavy swell was running at the time, so took precaution of putting out my seaboat to cover their embarkation.

The boat contained thirteen men and a corpse lying awash in the bottom of boat. The survivors had used trousers leg from the corpse on end of boathook as distress signal. Survivors in a state of extreme exhaustion and mental collapse. Some had been burned by fire. They state that they had been adrift for forty hours. Six men were put under doctor's care in the hospital, and others had brandy and soup, were bathed in hot water and put to bed, when immediately they fell asleep.

Little information can be obtained of them. The carpenter said that the steamer was the Columbian, sailing from Antwerp, and about 12,000 tons register. He was asleep, but heard the alarm of fire. Was coming along the deck, and had arrived about midships when explosion occurred under his feet which blew him overboard. He was later picked up by boat.

The lamptrimmer's son states his father was coming forward calling for him when deck blew up and lamptrimmer fell into burning hold. Quartermaster says Capt. McDonald, chief engineer, and chief officer and several others were getting third boat off when big explosion took place. Does not know if Captain and boat were saved. Second officer got away with about 24 men ten minutes before boat that we picked up. All agree that fire started midnight Sunday; cause unknown. Fire first reported by outlook man who saw smoke coming up hatch. Half hour later whole ship forward and amidships in flames with constant violent explosions. Wireless apparatus wrecked.

We are carrying to Boston remains of chief steward who was frightfully injured by explosions and was delirious soon after boat got away. He died on Tuesday at mid-day. Our doctor certifies death due to shock and exposure. After picking up boat I made another detour, searching for other boats, and deeply regret could not find them, but many other steamers hastened to scene of disaster and trust, if not already picked up, following steamers will rescue them. Have Marconied all ships "Look out for two missing boats," and received replies from Manhattan, Haverford, and Marengo. MILLER.

#### The Rescued on the Franconia.

The names and positions of those rescued and now on board the Franconia, as furnished to the Cunard agents here by Capt. Miller, are:

ABELNICK, A., quartermaster.
BRANTIK, ARTHUR, able seaman.
CONNOR, THOMAS, able seaman.
CORDONES, ANTHONY, fireman.
DROHAN, JAMES, fireman.
ELAS, ANTON, carpenter.
IVERSON, IVER, Boatswain's mate.
JENSEN, JENS, quartermaster.
LEI, JURI, able seaman.
PRYNZ, UNGUST, quartermaster.
ROTHER, BENNETT, fireman.
SCHRIBORN, GUSTAF, donkeyman.
WEDEKUND, FRANK, messroom steward.

Mr. Pentz said yesterday afternoon that he had not received a copy of the manifest of the Columbian, and therefore did not know whether she had any explosives on board, but did not believe there were any. Since the Volturno disaster the owners of the Phoenix Line had refused to carry certain cargoes which were of an inflammable nature. The steamer carried about 1,800 tons of cargo, he said, instead of her full capacity which was 7,000 tons.

In shipping circles it was said yesterday that certain dangerous cargoes were carried in freight steamers, including chemicals of an explosive nature that were not allowed to be shipped on passenger steamers, and most of these cargoes came from Antwerp or Rotterdam.

Capt. Hagenmeyer of the North German Lloyd liner Seydlitz, which arrived from Bremen yesterday afternoon, said there were no signs of any boats on the horizon when he sighted the burning derelict at noon on Monday in lat. 41.27 N. and long. 51.07 W., about 300 miles south of Cape Race.

"The Columbian was burned almost to the water line," said the Captain. "There was much smoke that it was difficult to distinguish anything. I saw no lifeboats and could see nothing through the telescope on the water line. I stood by and cruised about for five hours and then continued to New York. On my way the wireless operator sent out messages to all steamers outgoing to keep a bright lookout for the boats. Pictures of the wreck were taken by the photographer of the Seydlitz."

Capt. Hagenmeyer was decorated recently for his share in the rescue of the passengers and crew of the steamer Volturno, which was burned at sea last October.

## TEXANS GIVE FLAG TO SHIP.

### Lone Star Women See Silk Banner Raised on Their Dreadnought.

When the dreadnought Texas slipped from her dry dock at the Brooklyn Navy Yard late yesterday afternon a new silk flag was snapping from the staff at her stern. It was the gift of the Texas Club of New York City, and the ceremonies which attended tis presentation yesterday afternoon interrupted for a time the preparations of the men to get the vessel ready to leave the dock.

The flag was presented to the battleship at 2 o'clock in the afternon by a committee headed by Mrs. W. J. Harding. It was a few minutes before the hour when the Adjutant's call sounded and the divisions began to form on deck. As the assembly call sounded the work stopped, the sound of hammering and the shouting of orders ceased, and the men slipped into their blue jackets and lined the rails.

Capt. A. W. Grant and his staff stood at the port quarter and welcomed the visitors as they came on deck. With Mrs. Harding were Mrs. J. R. Potts, Mrs. A. F. Hancock. Mrs. W. M. Hazelton, Mrs. S. A. Foot, and Mrs. J. C. Parkes of the flag committee. Just before the flag at the taffrail was lowered preparatory to raising the new one another flag was run up to the peak.

Capt. Grant welcomed the visitors and in a few words introduced them to his staff. Then the party moved aft, and Mrs. Harding, in the name of the Texas Club, presented the flag. The Captain responded. He said there was no "white bunting" on the Texas, and assured the Texas Club that the flag would always be highly prized and zealously defended.

The flag was then passed to Chief Quartermaster Desser, who bent it to the halliards. As it went fluttering aloft the band broke into "The Star-Spangled Banner" and the marines presented arms.

The flag is of silk, nine by eighteen feet, and it will fly on the battleship when she goes into active commission.

Following the presentation the men went back to their work. There followed a reception to the club by the officers of the ship, and until late in the afternoon the vessel was crowded with fair visitors, who looked over the ship and kept the officers not engaged in actual duties busy telling what this and that was for.

The Texas will proceed to Newport News for coal, and there await sailing orders. It is understood that she will join the American ships at Vera Cruz.

A rumor was current some weeks ago that the silver service presented to the old Texas, which is now aground in Chesapeake Bay after being used as a target, had disappeared. Capt. Grant ordered an investigation, and reported yesterday that the silver has been at the Philadelphia yard since it was removed from the old Texas. It is to be burnished, and, with new silver bought with subscriptions from Texas school children, is to be presented to the new ship.

Originally it was planned for the new dreadnought to visit Texas soon after she was launched. She will be sent to Texas as soon as practicable, it was said yesterday, and will be the centre of a celebration at which the Governor will present the silver.

## ARRESTS IN SULLIVAN CASE.

### "Big Tim's" Executors to be Seized in Tangle Over Inventory.

Lawrence Mulligan and Patrick H. Sullivan, "Big Tim" Sullivan's executors, who delayed filing an inventory of the Sullivan estate, are to be arrested this afternoon. Saul E. Rogers, attorney for William Fox, was by no means pleased with the papers purporting to be an inventory which were filed on Tuesday. On the ground that they were not an inventory in the true sense of the word, and threw no valuable light on "Big Tim's" possessions, Mr. Rogers last night obtained an extension of the order of arrest signed on Monday by Surrogate Cohalan.

Justice Lehman, in the Supreme Court, appointed Saul J. Baron receiver in the suit brought by Abraham Erlanger for the foreclosure of a mortgage on the Dewey Theatre, in East Fourteenth Street, and the Savoy, in West Thirty-fourth Street. The suit was directed against Sullivan and Mulligan as executors. Besides the two theatres, the proceedings covers a tenement in the rear of the Dewey Theatre, in Thirteenth Street. Mr. Erlanger's claim, including interest, amounts to about $75,000. Besides this mortgage there are other liens. Against the Dewey Theatre the liens amount to $206,671, and against the Savoy $294,453.

Herman D. Nessler, a real estate expert, reported that the Dewey produced rentals ranging from $35,000 to $40,000 a year, and the Savoy rental was $28,500. His report said that if the property should be sold under foreclosure the Dewey would bring about $250,000, and the Savoy, in which the Sullivan estate has only a half interest, would sell for about $200,000.

# HENNESSY REPORTS GOOD TIMES ABROAD

## After Six Weeks in England and Ireland, He Tells of Unaccountable Boom.

## ALL LOOK TO ROOSEVELT

### British Opinion Makes Colonel the Coming Man—London Policemen Honest.

John A. Hennessy returned yesterday on the Olympic from a six weeks' vacation in England and Ireland. He looked much better than when he went away. He was accompanied by his wife and daughter and said he would take a holiday in the country before starting to work again.

On the deck of the liner Mr. Hennessy told the reporters that Theodore Roosevelt was regarded as the coming man by the English. "They believe," he said, "that in some way the Colonel will get a strong hold upon public affairs after he returns from South America."

As to business conditions in England Mr. Hennessy said he had been surprised at the great prosperity there. Manufacturers had all the orders they could fill, and the laboring classes were striking for more pay.

"I talked with registators, merchants, and others," he went on, "but none of them seemed to have any definite reason to offer for the prosperity, but it was there. When I left England you could buy or sell anything.

"There is an idea that the good times over there are due to the new tariff in this country, but I have no reason to believe that is so."

When asked if there was any grafting among the police in London Mr. Hennessy replied that the London police were the most honest men in the world. "Harry F. Doyle and I," he said, "went out with a list of perplexing questions and put them to a 'bobby.' He went to all sorts of trouble to give us information, and finally hailed a cab and rode part of the way on the step to see that we were driven to the right place. When I offered him a gratuity for his trouble he felt hurt and refused it."

Mr. Hennessy said he bought a special extra of an evening newspaper that the boys were selling by hundreds in the streets of London to find out that all the excitement was over the running of a horse race. A paragraph about the attempt to shoot Mayor Mitchel was hidden in an obscure corner, he said.

Mr. Hennessy said he thought Police Commissioner Woods was the right man in the right place.

## 20 TUGS MOVE THE OLYMPIC

### Many Pet Dogs Brought from Europe on the Liner.

It required twenty tugs pushing and pulling for an hour yesterday to get the big White Star liner Olympic into her berth owing to a strong tide.

The liner brought over many pet dogs. One was a bull terrier owned by H. A. Richardson. Miss Virginia Smathers brought over two prize Pomeranians. One weighed two and three-quarter pounds and the other two and one-half. She said that the lighter of the two, "Tonkey," had won thirty-nine prizes at shows. She was traveling with her father, E. E. Smathers, of 804 West Seventy-fifth Street.

Miss Kathryn Steele, daughter of Charles Steele, a partner in the banking firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., returned from a visit to her sister the Countess of Greze.

### Flushing Women Elect Officers.

Mrs. E. A. MacDougall was elected President of the Good Citizenship League, composed of society women of Flushing, L. I., yesterday. The other officers elected were: Mrs. Clinton B. Smith, Vice-President; Mrs. E. M. Corry, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Ralph H. Chambers, Corresponding Secretary; Mrs. E. V. Daly, Treasurer; Mrs. J. H. Chapin and Mrs. B. F. O'Connor, Directors.

### FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Further information may be obtained from the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, Washington, D. C., and at the branch office, 315 Custom House, by giving the number referred to.

13,024. LOCOMOTIVES.—An Am. Consular officer reports that a railroad will be constructed shortly between two points in his district and upon the completion of the work the company will purchase two locomotives of eight tons weight. There are grades on the line of 4½ per cent., and the trains will be of thirty to forty tons burden. The company wishes to receive illustrated literature and quotations from American locomotive manufacturers.

13,025. PROVISIONS AND CANNED MEATS.—A foreign business firm wishes to receive quotations from Am. dealers in groceries, canned meats, lard, and canned fruits.

13,026. SEWING MACHINES, ADDING MACHINES, BEDS, AND CORSETS.—A commercial house which has been handling Am. merchandise for several years and formerly dealt in sewing machines, is now anxious to secure the local representation for some large Am. mfr. who is willing to furnish a sewing machine bearing name to be supplied by the firm. The firm states that it would probably order 100 machines at a time and would like to receive offers from manufacturers in U. S. as soon as possible. The demand is for a medium-priced machine. The same firm requests catalogues of adding machines to be operated by hand, brass beds, and corsets.

13,027. HOSPITAL SUPPLIES.—An Am. Consul in a South American country reports that according to local newspaper dispatches a contract has been awarded for the construction of a charity hospital which is to cost about $640,000.

13,028. BICYCLES, PHONOGRAPHS, SEWING MACHINES, AND TYPEWRITERS.—A foreign business firm doing a considerable business in bicycles desires to add an Am. bicycle to its stock. Catalogues are requested of a bicycle that could be sold at $35 to $50. A line of Am. phonographs selling from $12 to $20 and sewing machines at $30 to $60 would also interest this firm. One of the cheaper grades of American typewriters would also find a good market, and this firm is seeking an agency from a mfr. of machines that could be installed for $60.

13,029. AUTOMOBILES.—A report from an Am. Consular officer states that there are at present six or seven automobiles in use in a city of his district. They are of European make and have given only fair satisfaction on account of their weight. The roads are rough in certain sections and the life of tires on this type of car is very short. A light Am. car would undoubtedly give better results, and as the company is already interested in them it is suggested that Am. manufacturers offer two or three cars, quoting prices, if possible, cost, insurance, freight, city of destination, and explaining the advantages possessed by light cars for such localities.

13,030. WELL DRILLS AND CEMENT-BLOCK MACHINERY.—A foreign firm is in the market for a machine for drilling on land, in which water is found from 300 to 400 yards below the surface. The firm is also interested in Am. machinery for making cement blocks, having imported a few through European agents. Owing to the excessive cost, caused by the repeated transhipments of freight charges, and middlemen's commissions, the firm wishes to become connected with mfrs. in the U. S. with the object of importing direct. There are no industries of this kind to be found in operation, and it is the intention of the firm to start a factory for making cement bricks, ornamental blocks, and small mosaic pieces for flooring.

### BUSINESS NOTES.

Arthur Letts, a well-known dry goods merchant of Los Angeles, and President of the National Retail Dry Goods Association, is expected to arrive in this city a week or 15 for a stay of several weeks. While here he will preside at the meetings of the Executive Committee of the association.

There will be a meeting of the Directors of the Syracuse Trading Company to-day at 1 Walker Street.

Abrams & Wranlow, resident buyers of 19 Fifth Avenue, have handled the business of the Fifth Avenue Importing Company, which has gone into the hands of a receiver.

# BUSINESS WORLD

### COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday..3¼@4 per cent. for the best names.
Tuesday....3¼@4 per cent. " " "
The quotation is for six months' paper.

***

### Handkerchiefs a Little Slow.

The handkerchief business that has been about completed for Fall is reported to be fair, but manufacturers state that the industry has been suffering from depression for some time. To add to this rather discouraging condition, prospects are not generally considered as good. Little change is noted in the staple lines.

***

### The French Potato Crop.

According to Consul W. H. Schulz, who is stationed at Nantes, France, figures just made public by the French Department of Agriculture show a falling off in the 1913 potato crop of that country of 84,884,268 pounds, as compared with the yield of the year before. The total crop for 1913 is placed at 295,669,098 pounds. Throughout France there were 3,748,556 acres of land devoted to the potato crop in that year. Department statistics show that the potato acreage in France is on the decline, as well as the crops themselves.

***

### Green for Neckwear.

Men's neckwear manufacturers are now engaged in completing their Fall sample lines and salesmen will take to the road in a few weeks. A change from the bright and flashy effects sold for the Spring and Summer is expected to take place for the next season. Wide knots and wide goods will prevail, it is said, and green is looked upon to be the favored color. One of the prominent factors in the trade reports that his production is considerably in excess of the usual amount in the between season period.

***

### Buckle for College Men.

A novelty that has been successfully introduced among college men by one of the largest belt suspender and garter concerns with a branch in this city, consists of a buckle on which is inscribed the purchaser's alma mater. The lower classmen have taken to the idea with such enthusiasm, it is said, that it is becoming increasingly difficult for the manufacturers to keep up with orders. The field that the college world offers to the enterprising creator of fads is only beginning to be appreciated.

***

### Glove Business Satisfactory.

Fall orders in the glove trade are practically all in now and the results as viewed by manufacturers are considered very satisfactory. During the past season there has been a falling off in the demand for cape goods but on the other hand sales of mochas have increased. One of the largest houses reports that the industry has been active ever since the first of the year. Good business has been done on a novelty glaced effect in ivory or putty color. The tendency in women's gloves for Fall seems to be for long silk goods.

***

### Gray Goods Trading Dull.

Trading was small in the local gray goods market yesterday, the best sales being made on 38½-inch 64-56s at 4¾ cents. Some odd sales were also made of the following goods, which are all 38½ inches wide: 64-52s at 4½ cents, 60-48s at 4¼ cents, and 64-60s at 4⅞ cents. Most of the sales made on printcloths were for nearby delivery. Narrow goods remained quiet, but steady, on the basis of 3¼ cents for 27-inch 64-60s. Of the other constructions of gray goods offered, the day's best business was done on lace cloths and 40-inch lawns. On the whole, the market showed no further signs of weakness.

***

### About Heavy Packing Cases.

Complaint has reached the office of the National Retail Dry Goods Association to the effect that some members on the Pacific Coast, as well as other merchants in that part of the country, are being forced by the wholesalers from whom they buy to pay unnecessarily large freight charges because of the heavy cases in which the purchased goods are shipped. This expenditure is said to run into very large figures annually. In an effort to combat the practice, Secretary F. Colburn Pinkham of the association has prepared a list of well-known wholesale trade associations in the East and will take up the matter with them. He plans also to have a committee from the association meet with a committee from the wholesalers's association in an effort to solve the problem. Failing to obtain concerted action on the part of the wholesale trade organizations, the retail association will take the matter up individually with the members of the former bodies.

***

### Retail Buying Active.

Yesterday was an active day with the big retailers in this city, and, in at least one instance, the day's business was said to compare favorably with any previous day this Spring. Seasonable merchandise of all sorts seemed to be in active demand at the counters. In one of the retail stores the women's neckwear department was so crowded that it resembled the bargain counter rush, which has done so much to help the jokesmiths make their living. The significant thing concerning this crowd was that there was no special sale on. Some nice business was done in the dress and underwear departments also, the customers apparently being glad of the chance to lay aside Winter raiment. In the wholesale market there was a brighter feeling also, though the business done there during the day did not show any real improvement. Better trading is anticipated during the balance of the week, however, for the warmer weather will give the buyers cause to place the duplicate orders which have been so long in coming this season.

***

### Men's Corset Demand Growing.

One of the most significant features of the corset trade at the moment is the noticeable increase in the demand for men's corsets, or, as they are more truthfully known, belts. Most of this demand comes from physicians or from heavy men who are ordered by physicians to get these garments for physical reasons. The main object of them is to give support in needed places, and their beautifying qualities are for the most part overlooked. In women's corsets, the manufacturers are trying hard to figure out just what the style trend for Fall will be. There seems to be a general opinion that the average corset will be cut higher in the bust for Fall than has been the case the last few seasons, but there is considerable of a split on whether they will be cut shorter in the skirt to make up for the addition at the top. There is also some dispute regarding the amount of the shaping in at the waist the really fashionable corset will have, though it is conceded that the more or less straight lines of recent seasons will be somewhat modified. In some quarters the opinion is expressed that the new Fall corset will contain more and heavier boning than is being used at the present time.

## Business Notices.

40 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

MANUFACTURER — PUBLISHER—ADVERTISING AGENCY, can you honestly say that you are "satisfied" with the administration of every department of your business? Do you know why you lost prospects while your competitors fill orders? If not, take advantage of my thirty-five years' valuable experience in manufacturing, merchandising, salesmanship, advertising, and printing. Telephone 861M West Brighton for appointment or address Executive, P. 280 Times Annex.

Wash skirts, $10 to $27 a dozen; the materials are thoroughly WATER SHRUNK before being made up; send for sample dozen. Torrey-Epstein Co., Dept. A, 109 Kingston St., Boston, Mass.

We discount outstanding accounts, very low rates; confidential. Nassau Finance, 119 Nassau.

For sale, up-to-date plant, suitable for waists and dresses. Address Box N 222 Times Downtown.

Salesman wishes side line ladies' or children's wear; up-State. F 64 Times.

Salesmanship (ladies'.) All wool, $24.50. B. Andrews, 4 West 20th St.

Rubber packing at 20th cents. Manhattan Rubber Manufacturing Co., 100 West Broadway.

## WOOL AND COTTON.

### Outlook for Fabrics of These Materials Is Improving.

*Special to The New York Times.*

BOSTON, Mass., May 6.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say to-morrow:

"The unexpected strength developed in cross-breds at the current series of London sales has caused no little comment both here and abroad. It was fully anticipated that fine wools would show an advance, but no one expected that cross-breds would more than hold their own or would they have been surprised to see a slight recession in price from the closing quotations of the previous sales.

"There has been somewhat more activity in the district than for several months past, although the sales are smaller than the normal average, amounting to 1,800,000 pounds for the week. The market is extremely firm, and dealers are confident that prices will remain on the same level for some time to come, if they do not show slight advances. Early wools are now coming forward, and in the majority of instances are eagerly sought for by manufacturers, so that dealers have had no opportunity to accumulate stocks of any grade. Fine and fine medium scoured wools are particularly scarce, it being estimated that there are not over 300 bags of these to be found in the entire district.

"The men's wear market is rather inactive at present, as the initial orders have all been placed, and it is as yet too early to receive duplicates in any volume. Worsteds, which apparently are to be the feature of the market, judging from the amount of initial business accomplished, have been superseded to a considerable extent by woolens, so that many woolen mills which were not busy during the first few weeks of the season are now obliged to operate their machinery on a double time basis in order to care for the volume of orders now on hand.

"The hosiery and underwear market is somewhat improved, and while a few take a pessimistic view of conditions, the general outlook is much more hopeful. Weather conditions, to which the depression in the hosiery and underwear business has been largely due, are looking more favorable, and the appearance of more seasonable weather in many sections has had a beneficial effect, duplicates coming forward in fair volume.

"There is much complaint from worsted and woolen yarn spinners relative to the high prices they are obliged to pay for raw material; 2-40, ½ bloods, which have been in good demand for some time past, are now quoted at 97½ cents, and spinners state that, even at this figure, they do not show a legitimate profit. Knitting yarns for the sweater trade are not particularly active, but the underwear end of the knitting trade is considerably improved. There is a feeling prevalent that an improvement in cotton yarns is close at hand, though dealers complain that it is difficult to make sales at profitable prices."

## APPEAL IN THE BULB CASE.

### The Duty on Christmas Tree Decorations Is in Question.

The fight to hamper importations of fancy electric light bulbs from Germany is to be transferred to the United States Court of Customs Appeals at Washington, according to instructions received from the Treasury Department by Assistant Attorney General Wemple in charge of the Government's tariff litigation. The bulbs in question are colored, represent 24 varieties of fruit and are used principally for Christmas tree decoration.

The Board of General Appraisers in March sustained the contention of A. Wolff & Co., of this city, that the articles are entitled to entry under the tariff law, at 45 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for manufacturers of metal. Collector Malone assessed the goods at 60 per cent. ad valorem, as blown glassware. At the trial before the lower customs tribunal, the importers summoned witnesses who gave data showing that the cost of the metal parts of the bulbs exceeds the glass portion. A decision for the protestants was made.

In the Wolff case, which will be made a test before the court, it is probable that the Government will insist that the bulbs be held dutiable as blown glass irrespective of the values of the different parts. It was said yesterday that large electrical manufacturing concerns here fear the German competition in the bulbs, and desire the higher duty imposed by the Collector affirmed.

# ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—Akron D. G. Co.; Mr. Glass, jobs silk dresses; 15 E. 26th.
ANN ARBOR, Mich.—Mack & Co.; C. J. Hutzel, cloaks, suits; Latham.
AURORA, Ill.—F. E. Royston & Co.; D. E. Royston, clothing; Navarre.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss M. Bass, 3dkfs., ladies' neckwear, embroideries; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Moritz Witz & Co.; M. Witz, cotton goods; Breslin.
BALTIMORE—Joel Gutman & Co.; Miss M. Butler, gloves; 200 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Baltimore Bargain House; H. A. Richards, carpets, rugs; 954 4th Av.
BALTIMORE—Hochschild, Kohn & Co.; J. W. Waldorf, house furn. goods; 220 5th Av.
BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; J. T. McWheeney, cloaks, suits; 214 Church.
BERWICK, Penn.—Berwick Stores Co.; W. C. Garrison, general mdse.; 16 E. 33d.
BIRMINGHAM—Johnson & McCoy; A. Johnson, furn. goods; Herald Square.
BOSTON—W. Filene's Sons Co.; Mr. Sheffield, misses', children's coats; Mrs. Phillips, dresses, costumes; Mr. Bennett, basement, men's, boys' hats; C. E. Bradley, ladies', children's knit underwear, hosiery, gloves, men's, boys' furn. goods; 116 W. 32.
BOSTON—R. H. Stearns & Co.; C. H. Hansen, linens; 45 E. 17.
BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; Miss K. Haukap, neckwear, hdkfs.; 60 W. 33d.
BOSTON—A. Shuman & Co.; Wm. F. Maher, boys' clothing; Prince George.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; C. E. Stock, cloaks, suits, waists, dresses; Miss Ross, ready-to-wear; 214 Church.
BUFFALO—L. L. Bergar, waists, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; R. B. Adam, director; 2 Walker.
BUFFALO—"Hamlin's"; F. E. Flint, cloaks, suits; 116 W. 32d.
BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; W. D. Kent, carpets, rugs; 214 Church.
BUTLER, Penn.; J. L. Cohn, women's, children's garments; 15 E. 26th.
CHICAGO—Sears, Roebuck & Co.; G. H. Kettlewell, men's hats, caps, gloves; 488 Broadway.
CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; Miss Weathered, costumes; Miss Bargh, representing; 104 Worth.
CHICAGO—Charles A. Stevens & Brothers; Miss B. Aschelm, misses' coats, suits; 46 East 22d.
CHICAGO—G. F. Komiss & Co.; G. F. Komiss, jobs moire silk coats; 116 W. 27.
CLEVELAND—Ballin, Tyroler, jobs coats, suits; Miss E. Cohen, suits, coats; 71 W. 23.
CLEVELAND—Higbee Co.; F. Schnebly, hosiery, gloves, knit underwear, furnishing goods; 214 Church.
CLEVELAND—May Co.; H. M. Marose, dress goods, silks; 37 W. 26.
CLEVELAND—Fried, Fuller & Kohn; S. M. Kohn, cloakings; Claridge.
COLUMBUS, Ohio—M. J. Federman; Koch Melancon, jobs cloaks, suits, dresses; 15 E. 26th.
ELMIRA—N. J. Thompson & Co.; M. D. Thompson, dress goods; Collingwood.
FREMONT, Ohio—J. Joseph's Son; B. Joseph, dry goods; 1,161 Bwy.
GRAND RAPIDS—R. Currie Smith, ready-to-wear; 69 5th Av.
GREENSBORO, N. C.; Ellis Stone & Co.; W. H. Stone, general mdse.; Wallick's.
HARTFORD—Brown, Thompson & Co.; G. A. Gay, director; 2 Walker.
LANCASTER—Hager & Bro.; E. B. Snyder, clothing; 75 Spring.
LONDONDERRY, Md.; D. R. Sloan & Co.; D. Sloan, carpets; Navarra.
LONDON, Eng.—Selfridge & Co.; H. G. Selfridge, general mdse., men's, women's ready-to-wear; 16 E. 18th; Plaza.
LOUISVILLE—H. J. Gutman & Co.; Miss M. Ritz, ladies wear; 1,261 B'way.
LOUISVILLE—J. Bacon & Sons; O. M. Billings, general mdse.; 214 Church.
MANCHESTER, N. H.—L. M. Folsom, notions, furnishing goods; Broztell.
NEW HAVEN—E. Malley Co.; G. S. Reeder, cloaks, suits, waists; 60 W. 33d.
NEW HAVEN—F. A. Corbin, woolens; Collingwood.
PADUCAH—E. Guthrie Co.; R. B. Guthrie, domestics, silks, notions, cloaks; 31 Union Square.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; A. G. Cornish, muslin underwear; Waldorf-Astoria.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; J. Leslie, wash goods; Broadway and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—John Wanamaker; O. M. Gaiser, hosiery, underwear; B'way and 10th.
PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; B. Marks, dress goods; B'way and 32d.
PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenberg & Co.; Miss C. Callinan, petticoats; 1,261 B'way.
PITTSBURGH—W. & H. Walker; J. D. Sacks, coats, dressing sacques, house dresses, muslin underwear, children's dresses, balmacaans, mackinaws, pile fabrics; 200 5th Av., Room 1,110.
PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; H. H. Lanewine, waists, laces, hdkfs., knit goods, umbrellas; 43 Leonard.
PITTSBURGH—H. M. Bash's Sons; H. Bash, jobs children's dresses, kimonos, waists, cotton petticoats; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann Department Store; C. Kline, cotton goods; H. Edgecomb, men's, boys' hats; 200 5th Av.
PITTSBURGH—Kreiger Mfg. Co.; M. Kreiger, clothing; Albert.
PORTLAND, Ore.—Olds, Wortman & King; J. Wheeler, upholstery goods, carpets, rugs; 432 4 Av.
PROVIDENCE — Callender, McAuslan & Troup Co.; W. Callender, director; 2 Walker.
READING—H. H. Baum's Sons; W. Bash, jobs childrens dresses, kimonos, waists, cotton petticoats; 200 5th Av.
READING—Dives, Pomeroy, & Stewart; G. B. Pomeroy, director; 2 Walker.
ROME, Ga.—Lanham & Sons Co.; J. H. Lanham, cloaks, suits, waists, laces, furn. goods, hosiery, notions, ribbons; Herald Sq.
ROME, N. Y.—E. Bacon Co.; G. E. Bacon, notions; 215 4th Av.
SALEM, Mass.—Almy, Bigelow & Washburn; W. K. Bigelow, director; 2 Walker.
SAN FRANCISCO—Davis-Schonwasser Co.; S. A. Davis, general mdse.; 383 4th Av.; Park Ave.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Meekins, Packard & Wheat; C. H. Chessman, dress goods; 78 Spring.
SPRINGFIELD, Mass.—Forbes & Wallace; A. B. Wallace, director; 2 Walker.
ST. LOUIS—B. Nugent & Bro., Dry Goods Co.; S. Silverthorne, notions, fancy goods, silverware, leather goods, toys, stationery; 31 Union Sq.
ST. LOUIS—Addison Cloak and Suit Co.; S. Gliston, wash garments; 135 W. 23.
ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; Miss G. E. Gumbiner, dresses, costumes; 37 W. 26th.
ST. PAUL—McPherson & Langford; W. R. Langford, women's ready-to-wear; Woodward.
SYRACUSE—Hunter-Tuppen Co.; H. A. Cochrane, carpets, rugs; 221 4th Av.
TAMPA, Fla.—L. L. Taylor; general mdse.; Marlborough.
TROY—Hall, Hartwell & Co.; F. A. Hartwell, collars, cuffs; 56 Franklin; Park Ave.
UTICA—F. W. Sessions Millinery Co.; J. V. Clement, millinery, silks, ribbons; 621 B'way.
WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lothrop; H. Barschikies, silks, velvets; J. H. Sisman, ladies' cloaks, suits, waists; 334 4th Av.
WASHINGTON—M. Goldenberg; G. H. Goldenberg, linings; 15 W. 26th; Grand.
WORCESTER—Denholm & McKay Co.; L. C. Brown, director; 2 Walker.
WORCESTER—Jasper Bros.; B. Jasper, woolens; Broadway Central.


**500 Balmacaans**

In all kinds of materials $3.00
to select from, at
LOUIS W. LAPIDUS,
12 West 27th St.

**NEW YORK CLOTH SPONGING CO.**

Not a Member of any trust or combination.
211 WEST 20TH STREET.

**HOSIERY.** Walk Ever, guaranteed, and Wearless Silk Hosiery—wide assortment all colors—prompt delivery.
H. P. FRIEDMAN & CO., 200 Broadway.
No Connection with Any Other House.

**Balmacaan & Golfine Coats at $3.50**
LOUIS GERSTEN & CO.,
Immediate Delivery. 15 West 34th.


## AUTOPRESS CO

RESORTS.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

15 Minutes from Herald Square.

FOREST HILLS INN

New Fireproof Hotel

Attractive, convenient; Tennis Courts; Squash Court, Pool and Billiard Room.

Moderate Rates.

Under same management as The Hall, Glen Cove, L. I., and (formerly) Nicholas Fish Mansion, New York City. Take Long Island (Electric) R. R. at Pennsylvania Station; 13 minutes to Forest Hills, L. I.

FOREST HILLS INN,
FOREST HILLS, L. I.

For further information or booklet, inquire on property, or at New York Office, 47 West 34th St., Room 716.

Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York.

Garden City Hotel

GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND

One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel luxury seldom found. Automobiling, aviation, golfing, riding, driving, polo, tennis. Beautiful new ballroom, superior orchestra. All rooms with private bath and every modern convenience. Special rates to bachelors. Shower baths and large swimming pool adjoining. 18 miles from New York. Frequent electric train service. 35 minutes to New Penn. Station or Wall St. A HANDSOME NEW A LA CARTE RESTAURANT. Cuisine and Service unsurpassed, with exceptionally moderate prices.

J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

DIRECTLY ON THE OCEAN
40 Minutes from Wall St.

Edgemere Club Hotel

EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND

OPENS JUNE 25

Private Bathing Beach. Ideal Suites of Rooms with Baths. Tennis, Golf, Boating.

The Club is open for inspection every Saturday and Sunday.

For Club Membership and Rates address

ELMER E. MATTHEWS, Manager
Booking Office, 1180 Broadway, cor. 28th St.
Telephone Madison Square—4748

THE HALL, Glen Cove, L. I.

Within commuting distance of New York. Private beach. No mosquitoes. Tennis, golf, boating, bathing, fishing. Large wing absolutely fireproof. Private baths. Opens June 13th. References. Tel. 256 Glen Cove.

NEW YORK—Fisher's Island.

Mansion House

Fisher's Island, N. Y.

off New London, Conn.

OPENS IN MAY.

ALWAYS COOL

Seashore and Country.

SOUND and OCEAN Boating, bathing, fine roads; golf, tennis; orchestra; very accessible.

Large addition; many suites with bath.

EXCLUSIVE PATRONAGE.

A most desirable place to spend the Summer. Absolutely healthful; excellent water. We raise our own vegetables, milk, cream and poultry.

Diet kitchen for young children. Certified milk.

WM. F. INGOLD, Manager.
18 W. 25th, at B'way. Phone Mad.—2666.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

GEDNEY FARM HOTEL

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y.

Every City Comfort. Every Country Charm. Now Open.

Situated 300 feet above sea level, 22 miles from New York, fast electric train service. Golf, Tennis, Polo, Salt Water Bathing, Coaching Parties, (Liberty coach.) Swimming pool, billiards, bowling, ballroom, grill. Rates and booklet on request. Under personal direction of

J. A. SHERRARD, Proprietor,
Telephone White Plains 2300.

NEW YORK—Catskill Mountains.

"Most Modern Equipped Hotel in the Catskills."

"New" GRAND HOTEL

CATSKILL MOUNTAINS. Altitude 2,500 ft. Opens June 25. New Management.

15 to 20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Scenery unequalled. Hay fever and mosquitoes unknown. Perfect sanitary and hygienic conditions. Cuisine and service the standard of excellence. Superior grill and ratskeller. Reasonable prices. Magnificent Ball Room; perfect dancing floor. Symphony orchestra; dancing afternoon and evening; lady and gentleman instructors. Free daily entertainments; prizes awarded. Golf, tennis, billiard, pool, bowling tournaments. Special rates for families. Transients $4 a day and up.

HARRISON & SONS, Prop. Tel. Col. 3320. At Hotel Ansonia, Broadway & 73d St., N. Y.

NEW YORK—Lake Mahopac.

Dean House

LAKE MAHOPAC, PUTNAM CO., N. Y.,

OPENS JUNE 18T.

Old-established Summer Resort, pleasantly located, commodious lawns, running to lake; fine shade trees. Good Accommodations for Automobiles. Booklet. A. H. DEAN, Proprietor.

NEW YORK—Cooperstown.

O-TE-SA-GA

ON OTSEGO LAKE, Cooperstown, N. Y.

Booking Office, 1 West 72d St., New York. SEE THIS COLUMN SUNDAYS.

NEW YORK—Westchester County.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE,

VALHALLA, WESTCHESTER CO., N. Y.

A Health Resort in the REAL COUNTRY. 45 minutes from 42d St., 500 feet elevation; 10 minutes from station. Rates $3 and up. Booklet.

PENNSYLVANIA—Shawnee-on-Delaware.

BUCKWOOD INN

Fireproof Home of the

SHAWNEE GOLF COURSE

Address Shawnee-on-Delaware, Pa., or 248 Fifth Ave., New York. Tel. Mad. Sq. 9230.

OPENS JUNE 6.

PENNSYLVANIA.—Mount Pocono.

MOUNT PLEASANT HOUSE

MOUNT POCONO, PENNA.

Enlarged, modernized. Private baths, bells, gas, orchestra, dancing. FREE GARAGE. Opens June 20th. Booklet. For road map and rates address W. T. & H. M. LEECH.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN.—Where you can catch trout. Greatly enlarged; rooms en suite with bath. Garage, saddle horses. All amusements. Now open. Booklet. Cresco station Lack. R. R. W. J. & M. D. PRICE.

NEW JERSEY—Chatham.

FAIRVIEW HOUSE,

Chatham, Morris Co., N. J.; over 7 acres in lawns and gardens; all amusements; capacity 150; reasonable terms; booklet. J. E. Bowersox.

# ANTI-TRUST BILL REPORTED TO HOUSE

## Judiciary Committee Says It Has Handled the Subject with "Dispassionate Fairness."

## DEBATE LIKELY NEXT WEEK

### Consideration of Other Measures to be Expedited in Accordance with the President's Wish.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Hastened by President Wilson's expressed desire that Congress should adjourn "about July 1," the majority members of the House Judiciary Committee to-day formally reported to the House the Clayton Anti-Trust bill, which is destined to give legislative expression to views contained in one of the President's messages. The bill itself was made public several days ago. Consideration in the House will be expedited by a special rule.

The report is an exhaustive analysis of the anti-trust measure, section by section. The introductory remarks, however, endeavored to show that there was little antagonism encountered by the committee and that for this reason the committee was enabled to deal with the subject with "dispassionate fairness."

"Prudent, thoughtful, patriotic men," the report says, "seem to be agreed that the bill as proposed will go far to bring about business readjustments with as few, as slight, as easy and simple changes as the object sought will permit of."

Chairman Clayton, in submitting the report to the House, indicated that an effort would be made to have it considered next week. He conferred with Chairman Henry of the Rules Committee, and the latter called a meeting of his committee for to-morrow to consider a plan to report a blanket rule with the object of making privileged the Anti-Trust bill, the Covington Interstate Trade Commission bill, and the measure to regulate railway stock and bond issues. All of these are on the programme that President Wilson wishes to see enacted before the session ends.

Each of the twenty-four sections of the Anti-Trust bill are explained in detail in the report. With reference to price discrimination the report says:

In the past it has been a most common practice of great and powerful combinations engaged in commerce—notably the Standard Oil Company and the American Tobacco Company, and others of less notoriety, but of great influence—to lower prices of their commodities, oftentimes below the cost of production in certain communities and sections where they had competition, with the intent to destroy and make unprofitable the business of their competitors and with the ultimate purpose in view of thereby acquiring a monopoly in the particular locality or section in which the discriminating price is made.

Every concern that engages in this evil practice must of necessity recoup its losses in the particular communities or sections where their commodities are sold below cost or without a fair profit by raising the price of this same class of commodities above their fair market value in other sections or communities.

Such a system of practice is so manifestly unfair and unjust, not only to competitors who are directly injured thereby, but to the general public, that your committee is strongly of the opinion that the present anti-trust laws ought to be supplemented by making this particular form of discrimination a specific offense under the law when practiced by those engaged in commerce.

It is pointed out that the section relating to exclusive contracts has been interpreted.

"It does not prohibit or forbid exclusive agencies," says the report. "It prohibits the tying contract between the manufacturer and the dealer by purchase or lease, whereby the latter agrees as a condition of his contract not to deal in or use the commodities of the competitor of the rival of the seller or lessor—a contract which obligates the dealer to surrender a right which every dealer should enjoy, namely, to handle and manufacture goods or wares."

The report has the following to say on the general subject of interlocking Directorates:

The idea that there are only a few men in any of our great corporations and industries who are capable of handling the affairs of the same is contrary to the spirit of our institutions. From an economic point of view, it is not possible that one individual, however capable, acting as a director in fifty corporations, can render as efficient and valuable advice in directing the affairs of the several corporations under his control as can fifty capable men acting as single directors and devoting their entire time to directing the affairs of one of such corporations.

As the President has well said in his message, the adoption of the provisions of this section will bring new men, new energies, new spirit of initiative, and new blood into the management of our business enterprises. It will open the field of industrial development and origination to scores of men who have been obliged to serve when their abilities entitled them to direct. It will immensely hearten the young men coming on and will greatly enrich the business activities of the whole country.

## HEAR UNTERMYER ON TRUSTS.

### New Yorker Before Senate Committee Urges a Broader Bill.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Samuel Untermyer of New York, to-day suggested to the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce several detailed amendments to the Trust bill drafted by the subcommittee of eight. Most of Mr. Untermyer's amendments were based on his view that the bill's restrictions should apply not only to incorporated organizations in commerce, but also to individual partnerships and other comparatively informal combinations tending to restrain trade.

"The bill does not seem to include unincorporated combinations," said Mr. Untermyer. "There are hundreds of that sort of combination to one that is incorporated. Perhaps it would be better to use the language of the anti-trust act."

Mr. Untermyer suggested that the proposed trade commission be authorized to investigate relations of corporations to individuals and partnerships in commerce. He also suggested that the commission should be allowed to make recommendations as a Master in Chancery in private suits as well as in equity cases brought by the Attorney General.

The committee was interested in Mr. Untermyer's suggestion that the bill's "provisions should not apply to small corporations."

"That would be an unnecessary impediment to small business," said Mr. Untermyer. "I think the House limitation of $5,000,000 is too high. I think the limit should be $1,000,000 capital, or $2,000,000 gross business or assets.

"This bill is far better than anything proposed before at this session. But its prohibition of interlocking Directors strikes at the symptom and not at the disease. The real object, of course, is to forbid interlocking control. I would suggest that an arbitrary limit of 10 per cent. be taken and that a corporation be excluded from interstate commerce that has a stockholder controlling 10 per cent. of its stock and also controlling 10 per cent. of the stock of a competitor. Many railroads now are controlled by not more than 10 per cent. stock ownership."

"If 10 per cent. controls the stock," asked Senator Robinson of Arkansas, "why do you take that as a limit?"

"I would make 10 per cent. the prohibitive limit," said Mr. Untermyer, "and let the commission pass on the propriety of smaller common holdings."

Mr. Untermyer intimated that he thought the bill went too far in the direction of compelling competition. He said plainly that he looked forward to a time when a law would be enacted permitting even competing companies to go before the commission and arrange for a merger. He told the Senators that they should not force corporations to compete to the point of ruin.

When combinations were permitted, said Mr. Untermyer, minority stockholders could be protected by the institution of cumulative voting. He said that the minority stockholders of railroads taken over by larger lines controlling them should be protected by a provision requiring the absorbing company to take over all the physical assets. This, he said, would give the minority holders a fair return for their property's value.

### F. J. Jerome, Lake Shore Director.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 6.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore Railroad was held here today. The only change in the Directorate was the election of Frank J. Jerome, head of the legal department, to succeed J. Pierpont Morgan, resigned. Re-elected Directors are James Stillman, George F. Baker, and W. Seward Webb.

### Radium Corporation Formed.

The Radium Therapy Corporation was incorporated yesterday at Albany with a capital of $1,500,000. W. J. and Schuyler Schieffelin and K. B. Osgood Field are named as the incorporators, and 645 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Field's address, as the place of business. None of the incorporators was willing to give out any information last night except that the corporation is for the manufacture of an entirely new radium product and not associated with any institution now in existence.

### Weather in Cotton and Grain States

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Forecast:

N. Car., S. Car., Ga., Fla., Ala., Miss., La., and E. Tex.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; light to moderate variable winds.

W. Tex., Ark., Tenn., Ky., Utah, S. Dak., Neb., Kan., Okla., Mo.—Fair Thur. and Fri.

Ohio and Ind.—Fair Thur. and Fri.; moderate variable winds, mostly west.

Ill.—Fair Thur.; Fri. fair, cooler; moderate to fresh winds.

Lower Mich.—Fair in s., cloudy in n. Thur.; Fri. fair; moderate to fresh west winds.

Upper Mich.—Unsettled Thur.; Fri. fair; moderate to fresh variable winds.

Wis.—Fair, cooler in s., cloudy in n. Thur.; Fri. fair; moderate to fresh variable winds.

Minn.—Cloudy Thur.; Fri. fair; moderate to fresh variable winds, mostly west.

Iowa—Fair, cooler Thur.; Fri. fair.

N. Dak.—Cloudy Thur.; Fri. fair.

NEW JERSEY—Spring Lake.

New Essex & Sussex Hotel and Cottages

David B. Plumer, Mgr.

Spring Lake Beach, N. J.

Nearer better on the Jersey Coast. Cottage system opens June 16. The New Hotel opens July 1st.

New York Representative,
FRANK T. KEATING,
569 Fifth Av. Telephone 8654 Murray Hill, or Plaza Hotel.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

Hotel Dennis

ATLANTIC CITY

Situated directly on the ocean front, and with its appointments and equipments make it an Ideal Seaside Home. Capacity 600. Always Open.

WALTER J. BUZBY.

ALAMAC HOTEL

Ocean front, in the heart of Atlantic City. Absolutely fireproof. Family and Transient. American and European Plans. Hot and cold sea water baths. Capacity 400. Restaurant: grill; garage. MACK LATZ & CO.

HOTEL RUDOLF

On the ocean front. Sea and fresh water baths; running water in rooms. Orchestra and afternoon and evening dancing.

ATLANTIC CITY.—Handsomely furnished 18-room cottage, 2 baths, for Summer season, starting immediately. 219 Pacific Av. ALSO 8-room apartment, attractively furnished, for Easter month. One block from Steel Pier. Reasonable. Apply 219 Pacific Av.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, etc. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL ELLIS.

Marlborough-Blenheim

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

Leading High-class Moderate Rate Hotel.

Albemarle Virginia Av., near Beach; elevator; private baths; French chefs; evening dinners. Special Spring rates $2 up diy.; $9 up wkly. Booklet. J. F. COPE.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL In The PINES

Lakewood, New Jersey.

A delightful location for Winter visitors. Equable and invigorating climate.

Ninety minutes from New York via C. R. R. of N. J.

Superior roads and facilities for automobile parties.

All seasonable outdoor amusements.

FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager.

NEW ENGLAND—Maine.

Maine's Most Pleasant Resort

PEERLESS POLAND

Secure accommodations for the coming season at the attractive

SUMMIT SPRING HOTEL

Every convenience for comfort known to patrons of HIGH-GRADE RESORTS. Outside Rooms. Private Baths. Unexcelled Table.

WORLD-RENOWNED SPRING WATER

Nine-hole Golf Course, Tennis, etc., etc.

A. C. BROOKS, Proprietor
Illustrated booklet on application.

Bar Harbor, Me.

THE LOUISBURG

Opens July 1st. Every modern comfort. ONE OF MAINE'S LEADING RESORTS. With seashore and country combined. Noted for Cuisine & Service. All out-of-door recreations available. GARAGE FACILITIES. Under personal direction of L. C. Prior, N. Y. Office, 1,180 B'way. Tel. Mad. Sq. 4748.

NEW ENGLAND—Massachusetts.

IN THE BERKSHIRES

RED LION INN

Stockbridge, Mass.

NOW OPEN.

SEASON 1914.

ALLEN T. TREADWAY, Prop.

HOTEL VENDOME

Commonwealth Ave., Boston.

Distinguished for its clientele, appointments and location. Attractive for permanent and transient guests, and most convenient for automobile parties.

C. H. GREENLEAF & CO.

# SIGNED AT $5 A DAY CHECKS OF MILLIONS

## "Dummy" Treasurer Richards of Steamship Line So Testifies in New Haven Inquiry.

## BILLARD HAD NEWSPAPER

### Railroad Lent to Pay Dividends to Itself—Hemingway Can't Tell What His $2,000,000 Check Was For.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Some of the inside details of the organization of the Metropolitan Steamship Company of New Jersey were revealed to-day when the Interstate Commerce Commission resumed its inquiry into the affairs of the New Haven Railroad and its subsidiaries.

Grover C. Richards of Portland, Me., told how he acted as "dummy" Treasurer for the company when it was formed. He testified to going to New York at the request of Waren D. Chase of Hartford, Conn., and there signing two checks totaling $3,000,000 without knowing what they were for and without asking. This was on March 5, 1910, and Richards said he remained in New York about two weeks receiving $5 a day and his expenses and signing various papers about which he had no clear remembrance.

James D. Brown, an examiner for the commission, told of entries on the books of the New Haven between July 1, 1912, and Dec. 1, 1913, of payments for "work in connection with legislation," special legal service, and advertising. He found that the New England Navigation Company, in June, 1911, had borrowed from the New Haven $2,625,000 on its demand note; on June 12, 1912, it had borrowed $2,000,000 also from the New Haven on its demand note.

"What did it do with this money?" inquired Chief Counsel Folk.

"It loaned $1,000,000 to the Hartford & New York Railroad, on the latter's demand note; $325,000 to the Housatonic Power Company on its demand note, and $546,143 to other of its subsidiaries, which later it received back in the form of dividends from those companies. It then paid to the New Haven large sums in dividends."

### Paid for Its Own Dividends.

"The general result of this operation was, then, that the New Haven loaned money to the New England Navigation Company with which to pay that company's dividends to the New Haven?" suggested Mr. Folk.

"That was the effect of the transaction," Mr. Brown replied.

The same sort of transaction—"manipulations"—they were called by Mr. Folk—were gone trough with in the early Summer of 1912. It amounted, according to the testimony, of changing money from one pocket to another, with the result only of making a showing of "earned dividends."

Mr. Brown further said that last December one obligation of the New England Navigation Company to the New Haven for $2,100,000 and another for $2,000,000, "remained unpaid."

"Then the entire result of these transactions," said Mr. Folk, "was to enable the New England Navigation Company and its subsidiaries to make a showing of paying dividends, the money with which to pay them being New Haven money?"

"That is the situation," replied Mr. Brown.

Warren D. Chase, corroborating some of the statements made by Richards, described himself as a "business man and lawyer," of Hartford, and indicated that he had been active in the organization of various companies. He said he formed the Metropolitan Steamship Company at the request of E. D. Robbins, attorney for the New Haven Road, but explained that it was a matter in which Mr. Robbins was interested personally, and that it did not concern the New Haven.

Some of the questions put by Chief Counsel Folk for the Commission, Mr. Chase refused to answer on the ground that to do so would be to violate confidential relations between lawyer and client. Later he partially receded from this stand and replied to some of the queries. His answer frequently was "I don't recall." He said that whatever Richards did was at his (Chase's) instance. He did not remember, he said, why he had selected Richards to act as Treasurer. He was closely questioned as to where the $8,000,000 came from, but averred that he was unable to recollect.

### Hemingway's Memory Fails Also.

Samuel Hemingway, President of the Second National Bank of New Haven, and former Treasurer of the Billard Company, who was on the stand last week, was recalled and asked about a $69,000 check mentioned by Richards as having been signed by him, but could throw no light on the matter. A question put to him which at first was objected to by Homer Cummings, his attorney, brought forth the statement that the Billard Company was interested in a large New England newspaper to the extent of $400,000.

Mr. Hemingway told of the purchase by the Billard Company of bonds of the Eastern Steamship Company for $1,700,000. These, he said, were bought from former Gov. Hill of Maine. The arrangements, Mr. Hemingway thought, were made by Mr. Robbins, but his memory again was indistinct. He then told how, as the result of a verbal agreement with former President Mellen, the Billard Company bought 13,007 shares of New Haven stock from the New England Navigation Company for $2,000,000.

"We took the shares at 153," said Mr. Hemingway, "and gave Mr. Billard's demand note for them. Mr. Mellen's idea was to work the stock on the market and advance the price and also reduce the Navigation Company's holdings. There was a verbal understanding that we were to sell back at the same price. Soon after we got the stock the price went down, and when it reached 137½ we sold back to the Navigation Company at 153."

"So this transaction was to boost New Haven stock on the market?" asked Mr. Folk.

"Yes, it was."

"If the stock had gone up to 175, say, what would the Billard Company have done with the surplus?"

"Oh, I think this would have been given to the New Haven Road," replied Mr. Hemingway.

The witness said he could not remember being in the Bank of the Manhattan Company in connection with the oraganization of the Metropolitan Steamship Company, and had no recollection of the $5,000,000 checks. Mr. Richards was then requested to stand up, and Mr. Hemingway was asked if he recalled seeing him at the bank. He said he could not.

Did you have anything to do with the formation of the Metropolitan Company?" Hemingway was asked.

"Not that I can recall."

### Recalls in Part a Billard Loan.

He remembered that the Billard Company borrowed $1,500,000 from the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, and then loaned it to another company, but had forgotten the name of the latter. This matter was taken up at a meeting, he said, attended by himself, Billard, Robbins, and a representative of the company in question.

Mr. Folk showed the witness a check for $2,000,000 made out to the Billard Company and indorsed by Hemingway. It was dated March 1, 1911, and was from the New England Navigation Company.

"What was this for?"

"It looks as if it might have been loan, but I cannot remember anything about it."

"You write checks for $2,000,000 and can't recollect what they were for?"

"It seems to be so in this case," answered Mr. Hemingway, as a laugh went around the room.

Mr. Chase testified that he organized the New England Investment and Securities Company for Mr. Robbins and the Chilmark Company for himself. The latter, he said, holds 14,300 shares of the Metropolitan company, which, he added, were not bought with money of the New Haven or any subsidiary.

Mr. Chase probably will be recalled to the stand later.

## COMMODITIES MARKETS.

### WHEAT.

The session ruled steady, closing net unchanged to ¼c higher. The Liverpool market was firm.

In the local cash market No. 2 hard Winter wheat was quoted at $1.02¼, cost, insurance, and freight, New York; No. 2 red, $1.03½, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive; No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.01¾, free on board afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, $1.02¼, free on board afloat.

NEW YORK PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 1.02½ | 1.02¼ | 1.02¼ | 1.02 | 98¼ |
| July | .94 11-16 | 94 9-16 | 94¾ | 94¾ | 97¼ |
| September | .. | .. | 92¾ | 92½ | 96⅝ |

CHICAGO PRICES.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 93⅝ | 93¼ | 93⅝ | 93⅝ | 88⅞ |
| July | 85⅝ | 85½ | 85⅝ | 85⅝ | 89⅜ |
| September | 84⅝ | 84⅝ | 84⅝ | 84⅝ | 89⅛ |

### CORN.

At the outset there was a slight decline, but the market rallied and closed firm at ⅝c net higher to ½c lower. In the local cash market No. 3 yellow corn was quoted at 77¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, to arrive.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 66⅝ | 66 | 66⅝ | 66¼ | 54⅝ |
| July | 66⅝ | 66 | 66¼ | 66¼ | 55⅝ |
| September. | 65⅝ | 65¼ | 65⅝ | 65⅝ | 56⅜ |

### OATS.

The oats market was moderately active and prices were steady, closing at ⅛@¼c net higher. The local cash market was quiet; standard white being quoted at 44@44½c; No. 2, 44½@45c; No. 3, 43½@44c; No. 4, 43@43½c; ordinary clipped, 42@45½c; fancy clipped white, 45@46½c, all elevator. RYE.—Market steady; No. 2 Western, 69¼c, cost, insurance, and freight, New York, export.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 37⅝ | 35⅞ |
| July | 37¼ | 37¼ | 37¼ | 37⅜ | 34⅞ |
| September. | 35⅛ | 35⅛ | 35⅛ | 35⅛ | 34⅞ |

### PROVISIONS.

A steady tone prevailed in the provision market. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 18,000; estimated for Thursday, 17,000. Kansas City received 8,000 and Omaha 9,500.

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKETS.

| Lard— | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. | Last Year. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| July | 10.17 | 10.12 | 10.17 | 10.10 | 10.75 |
| September | 10.35 | 10.30 | 10.35 | 10.27 | 10.80 |
| Ribs— | | | | | |
| July | 11.20 | 11.12 | 11.20 | 11.10 | 10.97 |
| September | 11.52 | 11.50 | 11.52 | 11.22 | 10.82 |
| Pork— | | | | | |
| July | 20.05 | 19.90 | 20.05 | 19.85 | 19.30 |
| September | 20.10 | 19.97 | 20.10 | 19.95 | 19.12 |

### COTTONSEED OIL.

The cottonseed oil market showed a heavier tone, and prices at the close were 7 to 12 points net lower.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Spot | .. | .. | 7.32@7.36 | 7.36 |
| July | 7.32 | 7.32 | 7.36@7.37 | 7.37 |
| June | 7.42 | 7.42 | 7.40@7.42 | 7.47 |
| July | 7.55 | 7.46 | 7.46@7.47 | 7.55 |
| August | 7.63 | 7.56 | 7.56@7.57 | 7.64 |
| September | 7.65 | 7.65 | 7.58@7.61 | 7.68 |
| October | 7.22 | 7.22 | 7.15@7.20 | 7.26 |
| December | .. | .. | 6.65@6.88 | 6.75 |
| December | .. | .. | 6.64@6.75 | 6.65 |

### COTTON.

Cotton prices steadied after a rather sharp setback, and closed steady, net 8 points higher to 2 points lower.

Southern spot markets as officially reported were ¼c lower to ⅛c higher; generally unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet and unchanged at 12.90c for middling upland.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 12.56 | 12.48 | 12.54@12.55 | 12.47 |
| June | .. | .. | 12.42@12.45 | 12.35 |
| July | 12.26 | 12.18 | 12.25@12.26 | 12.17 |
| August | 12.11 | 12.03 | 12.06@12.10 | 12.03 |
| September | .. | .. | 11.77@11.78 | 11.77 |
| October | 11.67 | 11.60 | 11.63@11.64 | 11.63 |
| December | 11.69 | 11.62 | 11.64@11.65 | 11.65 |
| January | 11.62 | 11.55 | 11.58@11.60 | 11.59 |
| March | 11.69 | 11.66 | 11.67@11.69 | 11.66 |
| April | 12.04 | 12.00 | 11.99@12.01 | 12.02 |

### COFFEE.

Final quotations were 1 point net higher to 2 points lower. The early European cables were easy, but during the day a steadier tone developed, and at the close the Havre market was ¼ franc lower and Hamburg was net unchanged to ⅛ pfennig decline.

The local spot market was unchanged, with Rio 7s quoted at 8¾c.

The range of contract prices was as follows:

| | High. | Low. | Close. | Prev. Close. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| May | 8.46 | 8.45 | 8.44@8.45 | 8.46 |
| June | .. | .. | 8.50@8.52 | 8.52 |
| July | .. | .. | 8.60@8.62 | 8.60 |
| August | .. | .. | 8.69@8.71 | 8.69 |
| September | 8.82 | 8.78 | 8.78@8.80 | 8.79 |
| October | .. | .. | 8.89@8.98 | 8.88 |
| November | .. | .. | 8.94@8.96 | 8.93 |
| December | 9.04 | 9.01 | 9.01@9.02 | 9.00 |
| January | .. | .. | 9.07@9.09 | 9.06 |
| February | .. | .. | 9.13@9.15 | 9.12 |
| March | 9.28 | 9.20 | 9.20@9.21 | 9.19 |
| April | .. | .. | 9.26@9.27 | 9.25 |

### BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 11,454 packages. Enough demand to hold the market steady to firm on the higher grades of creamery. Creamery, extras, 26@26½c; firsts, 24@25¼c; seconds, 22@23½c; thirds, 21½@22c; held, firsts, 21¼@23c; seconds, 19¼@21c; thirds, 18@19c; State dairy, finest, 25@25¼c; good to prime, 22@24¼c; common to fair, 18@21c; process, extras, 20@21c; firsts, 19@19½c; lower grades, 15@17c; imitation creamery: firsts, 18¼@19c; ladles, current make, firsts, 18c; seconds, 17@17½c; lower grades, 15@16c; packing stock, held, current make, No. 2, 16@16½c; lower grades, 14@15½c.

EGGS.—Receipts yesterday, 59,185 cases, domestic. Imports, 120 dozen cases. Trade is quiet. Fresh gathered, extras, dozen, 22@22½c; storage, packed, firsts, 21@21½c; regular packed, firsts, 20½@21c; seconds, 20@20¼c; thirds and poorer, 19@19½c; No. 1 dirties, 19¼@19½c; No. 2 dirties, 18½@19c; checks, good to prime, dry, 18½@19c; undergrades, 16½@18c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fine to fancy, 23c; gathered whites, fine to finest, 22¼c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, whites, fair to good, 21½@22c; Western, gathered whites, 21@21¼c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery browns, 22@22½c; gathered brown and mixed colors, 21@22c; duck eggs, state and nearby, Indian runner, 24@25c; Baltimore, selected, 22@23c; Western, 20@22c; Tennessee, and other good Southern, 19@21c; far Southern, 17@19c.

## BUSINESS TROUBLES.

### In Town.

R. E. COOPER GOWN COMPANY, INC., A petition has been filed against the R. E. Cooper Gown Company, Inc., 2,381 Broadway, by these creditors: A. Schwartz & Co., $662; Schwartzretch & Goodman Company, $106, and Crown Embroidery Works, $46. The company made an assignment on Tuesday to Harry Osterman. Liabilities, $15,000; assets, $10,000.

ARTHEMISE & CO.—Richard R. Ridge and Arthemise S. Ridge, doing business as Arthemise & Co., dealers in millinery, at 68 West Forty-fifth Street, have filed a petition with liabilities $994, and assets $8.01.

LOUIS BARON, liquor dealer, of 40 West 116th Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $5,843 and no assets.

WILLIAM SEIDMAN, salesman, of 891 Tiffany Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $2,040 and no assets.

JOSEF GETTINGER, tailor, of 85 Pitt Street, has filed a petition with liabilities $4,283 and assets $139.

ROSARIO LAURA, roofer, at Rye, N. Y., has filed a petition with liabilities $3,177 and no assets.

WILLIAM E. COLES of 219 East Sixty-ninth Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $1,123 and no assets.

JOHN W. O'BRIEN of 419 East 187th Street has filed a petition, with liabilities of $2,596 and no assets.

JACOB FISHMAN, legging maker of 171 Avenue A, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $180 and no assets.

ROBERT M. ZUCKER, manufacturer of women's hats at 4 Washington Place, has filed schedules, which show liabilities of $18,334 and assets of $10,696. Among the creditors are the Union Exchange National Bank, $7,500 and the Manhattan Leasing Company, $3,960, unexpired lease.

CHARLES LATCHINIAN, grocer, at 430 West Fifty-fifth Street and 377 Brook Avenue, has filed schedules, which show liabilities of $6,548 and assets of $2,893.

W. J. DAWES & CO.—Judge Mayer has appointed William P. Lawlor receiver for W. J. Dawes & Co., distributors, of 110 West Fortieth Street, with authority to carry on business ten days. Mr. Lawlor was appointed receiver for the corporation of the same name and address on April 20.

AUTO PRESS COMPANY.—Judge Mayer appointed Morris D. Kopple and J. Van Vechten Olcott receivers for the Auto Press Company, manufacturer of printing presses, with offices at 95 Madison Avenue, and a plant at College Point, Long Island, in an equity suit, brought by Charles A. Ferguson of Ridgewood, a creditor. The receivership bond was fixed at $30,000. The assets on Dec. 31 were $656,494. Liabilities now are for merchandise and notes, $48,000; outstanding bonds, $446,800, and customers notes under discount, amount not stated. The company was incorporated on Jan. 17, 1907, with capital stock $300,000, which was afterward increased to $2,000,000, of which $2,495,665 has been issued.

## MASONS HEAR REPORTS.

### Grand Lodge Increases Appropriation for Employment Bureau Work.

The reports of various committees were read yesterday at the second session of the one hundred and thirty-third annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Free and Accepted Masons in Masonic Hall, Twenty-fourth Street near Sixth Avenue. An increased appropriation was provided for carrying on the work of the Employment Bureau, and action taken establishing interrelationship with the Grand Lodges of Queensland and the Philippine Islands. A telegram of condolence was sent to the Grand Chaplain, the Rev. George R. Van De Water, rector of St. Andrew's Church, who is ill in the German Hospital.

Two thousand Masons, among them Grand Master Charles Smith, Deputy Grand Master George Freifeld, and Grand High Priest Arthur Warren, attended the reception and ball of Pacific Lodge at the Biltmore last evening. There was an entertainment in which a number of actors took part, including Raymond Hitchcock, Edna Aug, Ed Wynn, Billie Taylor, Phil and Nettie Peters, and Mme. Heloise de Pastori.

Officers of the Grand Lodge will be elected at to-day's session.

## JUDGMENTS.

These judgments were filed yesterday in New York County, the first name being that of the debtor:

Abelow, Joshua—J. Silberberg et al., $244.
Allshouse, Charles H.—D. Parmer, costs, $109.
Anstey, H. Lee—United States Mortgage and Trust Co., $3,309.
Barnett, Barney—G. Bushell, $250.
Byrnes, Horace D.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co., $189.
Bradford, Samuel D.—Clement National Bank, $136.
Blumenfield, Hannah—H. Malgood et al., $105.
Bradford, Samuel D.—E. N. Dickerson, $18,485.
Carroll, James—T. B. Bowen, $500.
Clark, Frank A.—A. Greenberger et al., $169.
Cohn, Samuel—B. Rothstadt et al., $112.
Crowe, James J.—W. F. Mattes, costs, $108.
Cooper, William A.—E. Palmer, $615.
Cooke, Francis E.—W. L. Collins, $2,010.
Cushing, Harry C., Jr.—R. B. Ellison et al., $297.
Corner, John O. and William M. Cooper—Ajax Grieb Rubber Co., $164.
Cooper, Harry B.—Mosley Hotel Co., $267.
Clingen, John J.—V. Cerabone Construction Co., $267.
Chobol, Isaac—M. A. Gerard, $114.
De Rosa, Leopold A.—E. Nilson et al., $110.
Duryea, Jesse—M. Y. Ritchie, $623.
Ehrlich, Max, and David Meyer—E. Karger et al., $129.
Ettinger, Samuel—M. Cohen, $113.
Egidi, Rioldph—Faissole Auto Co., Inc., $379.
Feiber, Isaac J.—Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., $164.
Fleming, John F.—Brunner Mfg. Co., $102.
Franklin, William—C. Nurnberg, $371.
Friedman, Adolph—C. R. Hurd et al., $163.
Galant, Nathan, Jacob Goldstein, and Nathan Gordon—R. Anderson et al., $232.
Gerdes, Richard—Lytle Brush, $178.
Gierlando, Sam and Pietro Gandolfo—People, &c., $2,000.
Hammerstein, Harry—Chesebro Whitman Co., $136.
Hopkins, Arthur—F. D. Babcock, $126.
Harvey, J. Clarence—V. G. C. Harvey, $1,743.
Hyams, Joseph N.—B. Hyams, costs, $157.
Haebler, E. Theo—G. C. Van Tuyl, Jr., Supt. Banks, costs, $104.
Hoffman, Edward N.—Same, cost

**Public Utility Bonds**
Yielding
**6¼% Income.**

*This issue has the following attractive features:*

1. The company issuing the bonds is controlled by UNITED GAS IMPROVEMENT CO.
2. The sinking fund will retire the whole issue before maturity.
3. The company operates under a perpetual franchise.
4. Serves a population of 150,000 people.

*Call or write for details.*

**Plympton, Gardiner & Co**
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
26 EXCHANGE PLACE, NEW YORK

**The Time To Invest**
is when sound securities are selling at particularly attractive prices.

We can offer at present a bond safeguarded in many different ways at a price to yield 6%. In addition, convertible privileges which are optional after May 1, 1916, will permit the bondholder to receive even larger returns.

*Full information may be had by sending for Circular 121*

**Hodenpyl, Hardy & Co.**
BANKERS
14 Wall Street, New York

**Harris, Forbes & Co**
Pine Street, Corner William
NEW YORK
Government, Municipal, Railroad and Public Utility **Bonds for Investment**
Harris Trust and Savings Bank
Bond Department
Chicago
N. W. Harris & Company
Incorporated
Boston

Our
**May Bond Circular**
describes a variety of carefully selected Municipal, Railroad and Public Utility
**Bonds to Yield 4.10% to 6%**
Present prices are exceedingly attractive, being in many instances 10% below those prevailing in normal times.
*Send for May Bond Circular.*
**N. W. Halsey & Co.**
49 Wall Street, New York
Philadelphia Chicago San Francisco

**Mortgage Bonds**
and
**Preferred Stocks**
issued by successful Public Service Corporations which have been financed by us, and which operate in substantial and growing cities.
**Bertron, Griscom & Co.**
40 Wall Street
New York
Philadelphia Paris, France

**Henry Clews & Co.**
BANKERS
11, 13, 15, 17 AND 19 BROAD ST.
MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.
STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold for investors, also carried on liberal terms. Banking accounts received subject to check at sight. Interest paid on daily balances.
**LETTERS OF CREDIT**
Issued, available the world over.

**E. & C. Randolph**
Members New York Stock Exchange,
111 Broadway, New York.
Bond and Open Market Securities Department
T. F. SHIELDS, Mgr.
Dealers in Investment and Other Securities of the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

**"Best Values"**
in high grade investment securities.
*Send for copy.*
**Eastman, Dillon & Co.**
Members New York Stock Exchange
71 Broadway New York

**Wm. A. Read & Co.**
**Investment Bonds**
Nassau & Cedar Sts., New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London


# FINANCIAL MARKETS

## Trading Drags as Prices Go a Little Lower—Position of the Steel Trade.

The momentum of trading was much reduced yesterday. Price changes were irregular, but the prevailing tendency was reactionary. The general level of quotations again showed a net loss, but it was a small one. The most conspicuous single feature of the market, however, was the strength displayed by Rock Island collateral trust 4s, which for some days have been recovering from the depression caused by the first impressions produced by the estimate said to have been placed on the road's financial requirements by the railroad expert who examined the property in behalf of the bondholders' committee. The Street's assumption for the last couple of days has been that ways will be found to meet the more essential of the road's requirements without providing at this time as much as the sum named in that report. The forward movement of the past two days has been connected with this assumption.

The further considerable contraction in the volume of dealings was even more indicative of the present mood of the financial community than was the further moderate fall in the general level of prices. The more confident tone which has come to prevail in Wall Street sentiment has regard to expected events of favorable import which still lie, however, somewhat far in the future, and the present attitude is best described perhaps as one of waiting hopefully future developments. That is a first step on the way from discouragement to active optimism. Some of the Mexican news of the day was of cautionary import, although nothing has as yet occurred to preclude hope in the successful outcome of the plan for the peaceful settlement of the points at issue between ourselves and Mexico. So far as the bearing of this matter on the financial situation is concerned, it is probably true that some striking event of clearly significant importance would be needed to bring the Mexican question to the forefront again among the factors influencing stock market and general financial sentiment.

The recent drift of news from the steel trade had hardly prepared one for the showing in the matter of iron production made in yesterday's report by The Iron Age on the pig iron output for April. It showed an average daily production of 75,665 tons for that month, which was less than 100 tons under the March figures. This shows how tenaciously the iron trade held to the improvement which began to show after the turn of the year, notwithstanding the known falling off in incoming orders. The Iron Age points out, however, that the active capacity of the furnaces in blast at the beginning of this month is a truer index of existing conditions than is the bare record of the April production. Toward the end of that month a number of furnaces went out of blast, and those active on May 1 had a daily capacity of only 71,000 tons compared with 76,111 tons on April 1. The unfilled order statement of the Steel Corporation to be issued at the end of the week is expected to show a decrease, and it is known that new orders are now running substantially short of current production. This condition very naturally finds reflection in such a decline in the rate of pig iron production as is shown by the May 1 figures. At the same time both The Iron Age and The Iron Trade Review find ground for the statement that some little betterment has occurred in some quarters of the industry. The railroads have contributed a little to the new business taken during the past week, but the volume of this buying was far below normal. This is one feature of the steel trade which it is believed would be speedily changed for the better in the event of a rate decision satisfactory to the railroads.

### MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

| | High. | Low. | Last. | Ren'l. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| On call | 2 | 1¾ | 1¾ | 2 |
| A year ago | 3 | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| Since Jan. 1 | 10 | 1½ | .. | .. |
| Same period 1913. | 7 | 2 | .. | .. |

| | 60 days. | 4 mos. | 6 mos. |
|---|---|---|---|
| On time | 2½@2¾ | 3 | 3@3¼ |
| Commercial paper (prime bills) | .... | 3¼@3¾ | 3½@4 |

| | Exchanges. | Balances. |
|---|---|---|
| Clearings | $316,173,083 | $16,846,108 |
| Sub-Treasury debit bal. | ..... | 1,375,478 |
| Banks lose since Friday | ..... | $2,124,000 |

**Rates Abroad.**

| | Discount. | Money. | Check on London. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Berlin | 2½ | 3⅜ | 20m47pf. |
| Paris | 2½ | .. | 25f. 15½c |
| London | 2@2½ | 1¼@1½ | ..... |

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE.**

The range for demand sterling was:

| | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Yesterday | $4.8775 | $4.8770 | $4.8770 |
| A year ago | 4.8670 | 4.8660 | 4.8665 |
| Since Jan. 1 | 4.8775 | 4.8535 | ..... |
| Same period 1913. | 4.8790 | 4.8570 | ..... |

Foreign exchange closing rates were:

| | Demand. | Cable. |
|---|---|---|
| London | $4.8770 | $4.8795 |
| Paris | 5.15⅝—1-16 | 5.15⅝—1-16 |
| Berlin | 95¼+1-64 | 95 5-16+1-32 |
| Switzerland | 5.16¼—1-32 | 5.15⅝—1-32 |
| Holland | .40.32 | 40.35 |
| Belgium | 5.18¾—1-32 | 5.18⅛—1-32 |

**Bankers' Time Bills.**

| | 60 days. | 90 days. |
|---|---|---|
| London | $4.85⅛ | $4.84¼ |
| Paris | 5.18⅛ | 5.19⅜ |
| Berlin | 94⅞ | 94⅝ |

**Bankers' Commercial Bills.**

| | 60 days. | 90 days. |
|---|---|---|
| London | $4.84⅜ | $4.83⅝ |
| Paris | 5.18—1-16 | 5.20—1-32 |
| Berlin | 94⅝ | 94 9-16—1-32 |
| Amsterdam | .40.03 | 39.91 |

**Domestic Rates.**

Rates on New York were:

| | Prem. | | Prem. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chicago | 15c | San Francisco. | 10c |
| St. Louis | 20c | Montreal | 31¼c |
| Boston | Par | St. Paul | 50c |

**BAR SILVER QUOTATIONS.**

London, 27⅛d. per ounce, off 1-16d.; New York, 59c., off ⅛c.

**NEW YORK CITY BONDS.**

| | Yesterday. Bid. | Asked. | Tuesday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 4½s..March, 1964 | 101⅝ | 101⅞ | 101⅝ | 101⅞ |
| 4½s..March, 1963 | 106⅞ | 107 | 106⅞ | 107 |
| 4½s..May, 1957 | 106⅝ | 107 | 106⅝ | 107 |
| 4½s..Nov., 1957 | 106⅜ | 107 | 106⅜ | 107 |
| 4½s..May, 1917 | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 101⅛ | 101⅜ |
| 4½s..Nov., 1917 | 101⅛ | 102 | 101⅛ | 102 |
| 4½s..Mar., 1930-60 | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 101⅛ | 101⅜ |
| 4½s..Mar., 1962 | 101⅜ | 101⅞ | 101⅜ | 101⅞ |
| 4s..Sept., 1960 | 101⅛ | 101⅜ | 101⅛ | 101⅜ |
| 4s..May, 1959 | 97⅛ | 98⅛ | 97⅛ | 98 |
| 4s..Nov., 1958 | 97⅛ | 98⅛ | 97⅛ | 98 |
| 4s..May, 1957 | 97⅛ | 98⅛ | 97⅛ | 98 |
| 4s..Nov., 1956 | 97⅛ | 98 | 97⅛ | 97⅜ |
| 4s..Nov., 1955 | 97⅛ | 98 | 97⅛ | 97⅜ |
| 4s..Nov., 1938 | 97⅛ | 98½ | 97⅛ | 98½ |
| 4s..1918-1919 | 99⅜ | .. | 99⅜ | .. |
| 3½s..Nov., 1954-55 | 87¼ | 88 | 87¼ | 88 |
| 3½s..May, 1954 | 87¼ | 88 | 87¼ | 88 |
| 3½s..1950-1954 | 86⅞ | 87½ | 86⅞ | 87⅜ |

**THE TREASURY STATEMENT.**

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Receipts and expenditures:

| | May 5. | Month. | Fiscal Y'r. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Customs | $800,402 | $3,238,867 | $251,013,374 |
| Int. rev. ord. | 811,408 | 8,004,053 | 280,252,784 |
| Corp. & inc. t. | 68,208 | 253,234 | 6,854,700 |
| Miscellaneous | 126,172 | 730,200 | 44,279,800 |
| Total rcts. | 1,806,191 | 7,827,028 | 562,400,750 |
| Expenditures | 1,323,711 | 8,924,278 | 397,845,488 |
| Surplus | 482,480 | ..... | ..... |
| Deficit | ..... | 1,097,250 | 38,444,738 |

**PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.**

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

# TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

**Raising Money for Rock Island.**

It is expected that the two committees representing stockholders and bondholders of the Rock Island will meet again to-day with the Chairman and President of the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Railway to discuss the needs of the property in the light of the widely divergent reports made by Mr. Schumacher and Mr. McKenna. It is understood that the two reports agree in a general way on the main necessities of the road, but the McKenna estimates, which were made up for the bondholders, contemplated making a better railroad out of Rock Island than traffic in the Middle West would support, in the opinion of the shareholders. The security holders are in no mood to raise $55,000,000 to rehabilitate the property on Pennsylvania standards; they aim to do what is absolutely essential now, and, no matter what the experts say, they will have to cut the garment to fit the cloth. That is to say, if the reorganizers cannot see their way clear to raising more than $30,000,000, it is likely that estimates of the road's needs will be scaled down to that figure.

***

**Sale of Hudson Companies' Stock.**

At auction yesterday 200 shares of Hudson Companies 7 per cent. dumulative preferred stock sold at $5 a share. Of this issue $16,000,000 is outstanding, but it has never paid a dividend, and there appears little likelihood of any dividends for some time to come. The Hudson Companies is the holding company for the Hudson & Manhattan Railroad, and controls the Greeley Square Realty Company, whose building at Thirty-third Street and Broadway is leased by Gimbel Brothers.

***

**In Need of a Shock.**

Depression is more contagious than optimism, for it requires less will power to do nothing than to act on one's convictions when they call for motion. The financial district has had few happy days in months, and the average broker's mind has been so numbed by stagnation that it would require a big shock to enable him to throw off his lethargy for good. That is why the occasional pieces of favorable news that have come to hand lately have had only a part of the helpful effect counted upon. When a man has not been making office expenses for several weeks he finds it hard to get excited over a favorable weather report, or another day without an open war with Mexico. The season is particularly favorable to this form of weariness, which gets in its work in that uncertain period between the departure of Winter and the arrival of Spring. One of the surest harbingers of approaching warm weather was seen yesterday in the arrival of an automobile with three suffragettes at the corner of Wall and Broad Streets.

***

**Express Package Income Smaller.**

The express companies look to the traffic in heavy packages for the major part of their revenue, and the check on general business has worked to curtail forwarding operations in bulky matter. To increase the pressure exerted on earnings by this factor, express men say, has come a substantial increase in shipments of small packages which were handled by the parcel post and came back to the express companies because the rates of the latter for certain parcels were reduced below the parcel post charges. Considerable business in packages of light weight is being done at a loss. In April at least one of the four express concerns handled daily much more traffic than in the same month last year, and earned a substantially smaller amount in doing so. The leading factor in the decline was the receipt of 12 cents less on the average for every package handled than in the preceding April.

***

**Goldfield Livens Up.**

From the Nevada mining districts comes news that Goldfield has assumed a far livelier aspect since Jan. 1 than in any equal period since the boom collapsed seven years ago. Several moderate strikes have been made and many miners have returned to the scene of their endeavors in the days when Goldfield was the leading gold "camp" on the continent. A mine owner who appeared in the financial district yesterday said that no return of the early, excited days is expected, but efforts are being put forth to increase Goldfield's output largely in the next year.

***

**Renewing Mexican Mining.**

Mining men who have spent years in northern Mexico maintain that many soldiers in both armies would quickly return to their old places with the copper companies if hostilities were ended. The companies stand ready to take advantage of a change in conditions, and it was announced yesterday that the Greene-Cananea Company had renewed operations after a week's shut down. The American Smelting & Refining Company, it was said, would hold off a little longer, until the situation appeared less clouded, although conditions were considerably improved over those of a few weeks ago.

***

**Tennessee Bond Sale.**

The result of an offering being made by the State of Tennessee of $9,401,000 4 per cent. bonds will be awaited with a great deal of interest by bond dealers. The State last year was forced by high money rates to meet a maturing bond issue with funds raised from the sale of one-year 5 per cent. notes, and the new bonds are being marketed to refund the note issue. Under the law the securities may not be disposed of at a price less than par. With high-class municipal 4s, such as those of this city and Baltimore, selling on a 4.10 to 4.15 interest basis, bond men consider Tennessee's offering as a test of the investment market just at this time. Bids will be opened on May 20.

# OUTSIDE SECURITIES

## Oil Stocks Weaken Further in the Early Trading, but Rally Later.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 73,500 shares of stocks and $14,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 11,040; oils, 3,654, and mining, 58,806. The range of prices in all issues in which transactions were reported was:

INDUSTRIALS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 900 | B.-A. T., new | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |
| 200 | B.-A. T., old | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ | 22⅝ |
| 100 | Manhat. Tr | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ | ⅞ |
| 120 | Max. Motors | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ |
| 210 | Max. M. 1 pf. | 40½ | 40½ | 39½ | 39⅝ |
| 40 | Max. M. 2 pf. | 14⅝ | 15⅛ | 14⅝ | 15⅛ |
| 200 | Nat. C. & S. | 49 | 50 | 49 | 50 |
| 100 | N. C. & S. pf. | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 450 | Puebla S.&R. | 2 | 2¼ | 2 | 2¼ |
| 6,000 | Riker & H | 9⅜ | 9⅜ | 9⅛ | 9⅛ |
| 210 | Savoy Oil | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 10 | Stewart Sp. | 48⅜ | 48⅜ | 48⅜ | 48⅜ |
| 200 | Tob. Prod. pf. | 83½ | 84½ | 83½ | 84½ |
| 200 | U.C.S.C. of A. | 87½ | 87½ | 87¼ | 87¼ |
| 2,000 | U. P. S. Cor. | 4⅞ | 4⅞ | 4⅝ | 4⅞ |
| 100 | Way. O. & G. | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Ch'ge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,200 | Anglo-Am. Oil | 16¾ | 16 | 16⅝ | .. |
| 5 | Atlantic Ref. | 635 | 630 | 635 | + 5 |
| 40 | Buckeye P. L. | 141 | 140 | 141 | + 1 |
| 10 | Continent. Oil | 224 | 224 | 224 | − 1 |
| 12 | Cres. Pipe L. | 52 | 52 | 52 | .. |
| 5 | Galena-Sig. Oil | 180 | 180 | 180 | .. |
| 50 | Ind. Pipe Line | 142 | 141 | 142 | + 8 |
| 20 | Nat. Transit | 40 | 40 | 40 | .. |
| 5 | N. Y. Transit | 272 | 272 | 272 | − 8 |
| 800 | Ohio Oil | 180 | 168 | 177 | + 3 |
| 145 | Prairie O.& G. | 464 | 445 | 462 | − 3 |
| 64 | Solar Refin'g | 315 | 295 | 315 | + 3 |
| 20 | South. Pipe L. | 226 | 222 | 226 | + 8 |
| 50 | So. Penn. Oil | 304 | 290 | 299 | + 4 |
| 400 | Std. Oil, (Cal.) | 310 | 298 | 307 | + 2 |
| 40 | Std. Oil, (Ind.) | 474 | 462 | 471 | + 8 |
| 5 | Std. Oil, (Kan.) | 448 | 448 | 448 | + 7 |
| 125 | Std. Oil, (N. J.) | 418 | 413 | 417 | + 3 |
| 525 | Std. Oil, (N. Y.) | 224 | 215 | 222 | + 3 |
| 50 | Union Tank L. | 86 | 85 | 86 | − 1 |
| 70 | Vacuum Oil | 226 | 221 | 226 | + 1 |

MISCELLANEOUS RIGHTS.

| Sales. | | Open. | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Union P. rts. | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ | 29½ |
| 1,500 | U. C. S. rts. | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ | 3⅜ |

MINING STOCKS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1,000 | *Atlanta | 21 | 21 | 21 | 21 |
| 100 | *Beaver Con. | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 |
| 400 | Boston Mon. | 8⅞ | 9 | 8⅞ | 8⅞ |
| 400 | Braden Cop. | 7⅞ | 8 | 7⅞ | 8 |
| 600 | Buf. Mines | 1⅛ | 1 5-16 | 1⅛ | 1 5-16 |
| 100 | Butte-N. Y. | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ | ⅜ |
| 300 | C. C. C. w. i. | 2½ | 2 9-16 | 2½ | 2 9-16 |
| 3,600 | C. C. & S. | 8½ | 7 | 8½ | 8½ |
| 500 | Cop. Mines | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ |
| 100 | *Caribou Cob. | 69 | 69 | 69 | 69 |
| 700 | Crown Res. | 1 5-16 | 1 7-16 | 1 5-16 | 1 7-16 |
| 100 | Goldf'd Con. | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 | 1 7-16 |
| 500 | *Gold Key | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| *1,000 | Goldf. Merg. | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| 200 | Gold Hill M. | 11-16 | 11-16 | 11-16 | 11-16 |
| 1,000 | Gr.-Cananea | 32 | 34 | 32 | 34 |
| 700 | Kerr Lake | 4 7-16 | 4 9-16 | 4 7-16 | 4½ |
| 200 | La R. Consol. | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ |
| 800 | McKinley-D | 62 | 64 | 62 | 63 |
| 700 | Mines of Am. | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ | 2⅜ |
| 10,200 | Nevada Hills | 33 | 40 | 33 | 38 |
| 225 | Nip. Mines | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 4,000 | North Star | 30½ | 31 | 30 | 30 |
| 1,500 | *Oro | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| 500 | Pac. Smelters | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ | ⅛ |
| 1,000 | Stand. S.-L. | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ | 1⅜ |
| 2,200 | Stewart Min. | 1¼ | 1 1-16 | 1¼ | 1¼ |
| 200 | S. M. t. ctfs. | 1 3-16 | 1 5-16 | 1 3-16 | 1 5-16 |
| 5,100 | Tonopah E. | 2 11-16 | 2 11-16 | 2 9-16 | 2 9-16 |
| 3,200 | Ton. Jim B. | 1.00 | 1.03 | 99 | 1.03 |
| 10,000 | *Ton. Merger | 61 | 61 | 60 | 60 |
| 600 | *Tonopah Mid. | 33 | 33 | 32½ | 32¾ |
| 100 | Ton. Mining | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6¼ |
| 150 | Ton. of Nev. | 6½ | 6½ | 6⅜ | 6⅜ |
| 631 | Ton. Res. E. | 16 | 17½ | 16 | 17½ |
| 100 | Tuolumne | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 4,800 | West E. Con. | 90 | 92 | 89 | 89 |
| 1,500 | *West E. Ext. | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $13,000 | C. P. 6% nts. | 103⅜ | 103⅜ | 103½ | 103¼ |
| 1,000 | Cuban new 5s | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 |

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

**STANDARD OIL STOCKS.**

| | Wednesday. Bid. | Asked. | Tuesday. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Anglo-Am. Oil | 16½ | 17 | 16¾ | 17 |
| Atlantic Refining | 635 | 645 | 630 | 640 |
| Borne-Scrymser | 280 | 290 | 280 | 290 |
| Buckeye Pipe Line | 140 | 143 | 139 | 142 |
| Chesebrough Mfg | 670 | 680 | 670 | 680 |
| Colonial Oil | 95 | 105 | 95 | 105 |
| Continental Oil | 224 | 227 | 220 | 225 |
| Crescent Pipe Line | 50 | 55 | 50 | 55 |
| Cumberland Pipe Line | 54 | 58 | 54 | 58 |
| Eureka Pipe Line | 265 | 275 | 260 | 270 |
| Galena-Signal Oil | 179 | 182 | 179 | 182 |
| Galena-Signal Oil pf | 140 | 143 | 140 | 143 |
| Indiana Pipe Lines | 138 | 142 | 135 | 140 |
| National Transit | 40 | 42 | 40 | 42 |
| New York Transit | 270 | 280 | 270 | 280 |
| Northern Pipe Line | 115 | 120 | 115 | 120 |
| Ohio Oil | 176 | 178 | 173 | 175 |
| Prairie Oil & Gas | 460 | 465 | 460 | 465 |
| Solar Refining | 305 | 315 | 315 | 325 |
| Southern Pipe Line | 224 | 227 | 224 | 228 |
| South. Penn. Oil | 297 | 302 | 292 | 297 |
| S. W. Penn. P. L. | 142 | 145 | 142 | 145 |
| Standard Oil (Cal.) | 307 | 309 | 305 | 308 |
| Standard Oil (Ind.) | 465 | 475 | 455 | 465 |
| Standard Oil (Kan.) | 450 | 460 | 455 | 465 |
| Standard Oil (Ky.) | 270 | 280 | 270 | 280 |
| Standard Oil (Neb.) | 385 | 395 | 385 | 395 |
| Standard Oil (N. J.) | 415 | 417 | 413 | 416 |
| Standard Oil (N. Y.) | 222 | 224 | 218 | 220 |
| Standard Oil (Ohio) | 405 | 415 | 405 | 415 |
| Swan & Finch | 195 | 205 | 195 | 205 |
| Union Tank Line | 86 | 88 | 85 | 88 |
| Vacuum Oil | 225 | 230 | 220 | 225 |
| Washington Oil | 45 | 50 | 45 | 50 |
| Waters-Pierce Oil | 3,200 | .. | 3,200 | .. |

**TOBACCO STOCKS.**

| | May 6. Bid. | Asked. | May 5. Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| American Cigar | 136 | 140 | 136 | 140 |
| American Cigar pf. | 99 | 100 | 99 | 100 |
| Am. Mach. & Fdy. | 84 | 88 | 84 | 89 |
| British-Am., new | 22½ | 22⅝ | 22½ | 22⅝ |
| Conley Foil | 275 | 295 | 275 | 295 |
| Johnson Tin & M. | 125 | 175 | 125 | 175 |
| J. S. Young | 130 | 137 | 130 | 137 |
| MacA. & Forbes | 185 | 190 | 185 | 190 |
| MacA. & Forbes pf. | 98 | 99½ | 97 | 99 |
| Porto Rico-Am. Tob. | 248 | 255 | 248 | 253 |
| P. R.-Am. 6% scrip. | 130 | 138 | 130 | 138 |
| R. J. Reynolds | 265 | 275 | 265 | 275 |
| R. J. Reyn. 6% scrip. | 101 | 103 | 101 | 103 |
| Tobacco Products pf. | 83½ | 86 | 82¼ | 84½ |
| United Cigar Stores | 87 | 88 | 87½ | 88½ |
| Un. Cigar Stores pf. | 111 | 113 | 111 | 115 |
| Un Prof. Sharing Co. | 4⅝ | 4⅞ | 4½ | 4⅝ |

**PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.**

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| American Light & Traction | 345 | 350 |
| American Light & Traction pf. | 106½ | 108½ |
| Adirondack Electric Power | 10 | 12 |
| Adirondack Electric Power pf. | 44 | 46 |
| American Gas & Electric | 80 | 84 |
| American Gas & Electric pf. | 47 | *49 |
| American Power & Light | 3 | 4 |
| American Power & Light pf. | 81⅛ | 83 |
| American Public Utilities | 45 | 50 |
| American Public Utilities pf. | 72 | 75 |
| Appalachian Power Co. | 8 | 10 |
| Appalachian Power Co. pf. | 20 | 25 |
| Arizona Power Co. | 5 | 10 |
| Arizona Power Co. pf. | 30 | 38 |
| Arizona Power Co. 1st 6s, '53 | 80 | 85 |
| Bangor Ry. & Electric Co. | 50 | 54 |
| Bangor Ry. & Electric Co. pf. | 117 | 119 |
| Cities Service | 87 | 90 |
| Cities Service pf. | 72 | 74 |
| Colorado Power Co. | 15 | 17 |
| Colorado Power Co. pf. | 85 | 90 |
| Commonwealth P. R. & L. | 59 | 61 |
| Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf. | 80 | 81 |
| Consumers Power Co. | 90 | 95 |
| Cumberland County P. & L. | 50 | 55 |
| Cumberland County P. & L. pf. | 96¾ | 97¼ |
| Denver Gas & Elec. gen. 5s | 91 | 93 |
| Electric Bond Detroit pf. | 67 | 70 |
| Electric Bond & Share Co. pf. | 98½ | 100 |
| Empire District Electric 5s | 75 | 80 |
| Empire District Electric pf. | 75 | 78 |
| Federal Light & Traction | 20 | 22 |
| Federal Light & Traction pf. | 70 | 71 |
| Gas & Electric Securities | 110 | 125 |
| Gas & Electric Securities pf. | 85 | 90 |
| General Gas & Electric | 3 | 6 |
| General Gas & Electric pf. | 50 | 60 |
| Great Western P. 1st 5s, '46 | 81 | 83 |
| Lincoln Gas & Electric | 80 | 84 |
| Mobile Electric 1st 5s, '46 | 88½ | 90 |
| Northern Ontario Light & P. | 15 | 22 |
| Northern Ontario Light & P. pf. | 60 | 64 |
| Northern States Power | 17 | 19 |
| Northern States Power pf. | 74 | 77 |
| Ozark Power & Water | 30 | 35 |
| Pacific Gas & Electric | 37 | 39 |
| Pacific Gas & Electric pf. | 78 | 81 |
| Portland Ry. Light & Power | 50 | 52 |
| Republic Ry. & Light Co. | 15 | 18 |
| Republic Ry. & Light Co. pf. | 68 | 71 |
| Southern California Edison | 83½ | 85½ |
| Southern California Edison pf. | 97 | 99 |
| Standard Gas & Electric | 6 | 7½ |
| Standard Gas & Electric pf. | 24 | 26 |
| Tennessee Ry., Light & Power | 15 | 16 |
| Tennessee Ry., Light & Power pf. | 69 | 71 |
| The East St. Louis & Sub. | 20 | 23 |
| The East St. Louis & Sub. pf. | 60 | 63 |
| United Light & Rys. | 73 | 76 |
| United Light & Rys. 1st pf. | 75 | 78 |
| United Light & Rys. 2d pf. | 70 | 73 |
| United Utilities Co. | 22 | 30 |
| United Utilities Co. pf. | 97½ | 101 |
| Utah Securities | 16½ | 17¼ |
| Western Power | 16 | 17 |
| Western Power pf. | 56 | 57 |

*Ex dividend.

**Copper Range Co. Earned a Deficit.**

The Copper Range Consolidated Company reports net income in the fiscal year ended Dec. 31 of $490,536, as compared with $1,692,566 in the preceding year and $804,560 in 1911. This company was adversely affected by the prolonged strike in the Lake Superior region. The average price received for copper was 14.89 cents a pound, against 16.16 cents in 1912. A deficit of $598,962 resulted from the year's operations after paying $1,084,498 in dividends.

**MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.**

SAN FRANCISCO.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Alpha Con. | .10 | Kentucky Con. | .01 |
| Andes | .02 | Mexican | .99 |
| Belcher | .35 | Occidental Con. | .68 |
| Best & Belcher | .03 | Ophir | .13 |
| Caledonia | .47 | Overman | .13 |
| Challenge Con. | .01 | Potosi | .01 |
| Chollar | .03 | Savage | .09 |
| Con. Cal. & Va. | .09 | Seg. Belcher | .03 |
| Con. Imperial | .01 | Sierra Nevada | .05 |
| Crown Point | .28 | Union Con. | .08 |
| Gould & Curry | .01 | Utah Con. | .01 |
| Hale & Norcross | .02 | Yellow Jacket | .17 |
| Julia | .01 | | |

TONOPAH.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Jim Butler | .01 | Comb. Fraction | .07 |
| McNamara | .03 | D'field Daisy | .06 |
| Midway | .03 | D'field Bl. B. | .03 |
| Mizpah Exten. | .38 | Florence | .63 |
| Montana | .88 | G'field Con. M. | 1.40 |
| North Star | .30 | G'field Merger | .14 |
| Rescue Eula | .17 | Jumbo Exten. | .24 |
| Tonopah Exten. | 2.52½ | Lone Star | .01 |
| Tonopah Merger | .59 | Silver Pick | .05 |
| West End | .88 | Vernal | .06 |
| | | Nevada Hills | .35 |
| GOLDFIELD. | | Round Mountain | .28 |
| Atlanta | .21 | MANHATTAN. | |
| Booth | .07 | Manhattan Con. | .65 |
| C. O. D. | .05 | Man. Big Four | .07 |

COLORADO.

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Dr. J'pot | 3⅝ | 6¼ | Jackpot | 6 | 6½ |
| El Paso | .190 | 224 | McKinney | 44¼ | 50 |
| Elkton | 44 | 44½ | Old Gold | 1 | 2 |
| Findlay | 3 | 2¼ | Portland | .105 | 108 |
| Gold Dol. | 3 | 4¼ | Vindicator | 94½ | 95¼ |
| Isabella | 11⅜ | 13 | R. B. H. | 8¼ | 9 |

# STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

**BALTIMORE.**

STOCKS.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 100 | Cigar Mach. Corp. | 1¾ | 1¾ | 1¾ |
| 56 | Commercial Credit | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| 7 | Commer. Credit pf. | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| 22 | Con. Coal | 92½ | 92½ | 92½ |
| 48 | Con. Power | 103¾ | 103 | 103¾ |
| 10 | Elkhorn Fuel | 19 | 19 | 19 |
| 50 | Fairmont Gas | 30½ | 30½ | 30½ |
| 17 | Fidelity & Deposit | 150½ | 150 | 150 |
| 200 | Houston Oil ctfs. | 14⅜ | 14⅜ | 14⅜ |
| 55 | Merch.-Mech. Bank | 32 | 31¾ | 32 |
| 62 | United Rys. & Elec. | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ |

BONDS.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| $2,000 | Chicago Rys. 1st 5s | 98½ | 98½ | 98½ |
| 5,000 | City B. 4s, '58, W.L. | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | .. |
| 16,000 | City B. 4s, '61, S. L. | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | 97⅝ |
| 5,000 | City B. 4s, '62 | 97⅝ | 97⅝ | 97⅝ |
| 1,000 | City & S.(Wash.) 5s | 101¼ | 101¼ | 101¼ |
| 3,000 | Con. Coal ref. 4½s | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90¼ |
| 2,000 | Con. Coal 6s | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ |
| 50 | Ga., Caro. & Nor. 5s | 103 | 103 | 103 |
| 1,000 | Norf. & P. Trac. 5s | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| 3,000 | Southbound 5s | 105⅝ | 105⅝ | 105⅝ |
| 9,000 | Un. R. & E. 1st 4s | 83½ | 83⅜ | 83½ |
| 18,000 | Un. R. & E. inc. 4s | 65 | 64⅝ | 64⅞ |
| 1,000 | Un. R. & E. fdg. 5s | 86⅝ | 86⅝ | 86⅝ |
| 500 | Un. R. & E. fdg. 5s | 87 | 87 | 87 |

**BOSTON.**

MINING.

| Sales. | | High. | Low. | Last. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 5 | Ahmeek | 267 | 267 | 267 |
| 45 | Algomah | 99c. | 99c. | 99c. |
| 10 | Allouez | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| 450 | American Zinc | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| 175 | Arizona Com. | 4⅜ | 4⅜ | 4⅜ |
| 575 | Butte-Bal. | 2⅜ | 2¼ | 2¼ |
| 1,692 | Butte & Superior | 37¼ | 36¾ | 36¾ |
| 205 | Calumet & Arizona | 65 | 64½ | 65 |
| 1 | Calumet & Hecla | 425 | 425 | 425 |
| 60 | Centennial | 17 | 16½ | 17 |
| 34 | Franklin | 5 | 4¾ | 4¾ |
| 145 | Granby | 80⅝ | 80 | 80½ |
| 1,190 | Island Creek | 50½ | 49 | 50 |
| 23 | Island Creek pf. | 86 | 85 | 85 |
| 25 | Keweenaw | 2¾ | 2¾ | 2¾ |
| 255 | Lake | 6½ | 6½ | 6½ |
| 85 | Mass. Con. | 4¾ | 4¼ | 4¾ |
| 185 | Mayflower | 4½ | 4¼ | 4½ |
| 80 | Mohawk | 45 | 44½ | 45 |
| 1,650 | New Arcadian | 6⅜ | 6 | 6⅛ |
| 115 | North Butte | 26⅛ | 26 | 26⅛ |
| 100 | North Lake | 1½ | 1½ | 1½ |
| 10 | Old Dominion | 47½ | 47½ | 47½ |
| 120 | Pond Creek | 17½ | 17 | 17½ |
| 125 | Shattuck | 24 | 23½ | 24 |
| 10 | Superior & Boston | 1⅞ | 1⅞ | 1⅞ |
| 25 | Superior Copper | 28½ | 28 | 28¼ |
| 5 | Tamarack | 35¼ | 35¼ | 35¼ |
| 100 | Union Cop. Land | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 180 | U. S. Smelting | 35⅜ | 35 | 35 |
| 110 | U. S. Smelting pf. | 45⅜ | 45½ | 45½ |
| 20 | Utah Con. | 10½ | 10½ | 10½ |
| 20 | Victoria | 2 9-16 | 2 9-16 | 2 

**PARTIAL PAYMENT PLANNING**

You can save $5 a month—or more.

Plan to.

Invest it at once. You may on our Partial Payment Plan.

Send for Booklet 13, "Partial Payment Plan."

**John Muir & Co.**
SPECIALISTS IN
**Odd Lots**
Members New York Stock Exchange
MAIN OFFICE, 74 BROADWAY, N. Y.
Branches
424 St. & B'way—Longacre Building, N. Y.
125th St. & 7th Av.—Hotel Theresa, N. Y.
Nat'l State Bank Building—Newark, N. J.

**TOBEY & KIRK**
**Will Buy**
Am. Teleg. & Cable.
Am. Water Works & Elect.
Brooklyn Boro. Gas 1st 5s
Celluloid Co.
Hocking Valley Products 5s
Kewaunee, Green Bay & Wn. 5s
Mohawk Valley Co.
Singer Mfg. Co.
J. B. Stetson Common
Trenton Potteries Pfd.
U. S. Metal Products Pfd.
**Will Sell**
Am. Chicle Common
Am. District Teleg. of N. J.
Am. Druggists' Syndicate
H. B. Claflin Com.
Harper Bros. Pfd.
Int'l Educ. Pub. Com. & Pfd.
Nat'l Silk Dyeing Com. & Pfd.
Otis Elevator Co. Pfd.
Park & Tilford 6s
Phoenix Silk Mfg. Com.
Safety Car Heating & Lighting

**Steel Bonds**
that are safe, easily marketable and yield large returns. We have on hand several lots that will show handsome profits if bought at current 'hard times' prices.
**H. Duncan Bulkley**
One Wall St. 'Phone Rector 8166.

**FISK & ROBINSON**
26 Exchange Place New York
Government Bonds
N. Y. State and City Issues
Investment Securities

SPECIALISTS IN
**National Cloak & Suit Co.,**
**EHRICH & DREYFUS**
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
Broad 2145 25 Broad St.

**Wanted**
Niles-Bement-Pond Com.
Inter. Silver Com.
Standard Screw Pfd. "B"
So. Porto Rico Sugar Pfd.
Sheffield-Farms S. D. Co. Com.
**HOTCHKIN & CO.**
84 Pine St., New York. Phone 3580 John. 53 State St., Boston, Mass. Private Phone to Boston.

**Stand. Oil of New York**
*Special Letter on this stock mailed on request.*
**Harold Dickerson & Co.**
52 Broadway, N. Y. Phone 3854-5 Broad.
Inquiries Invited.

ESTABLISHED 1894
**Ford, Bacon & Davis**
Engineers
ACT AS
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
CONSTRUCTING ENGINEERS
OPERATING MANAGERS
OF PUBLIC UTILITIES
PROPERTIES FINANCED
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
NEW ORLEANS SAN FRANCISCO

**BANK EXAMINATIONS**
Audits and examinations of Accounts. Appraisals of values of Land, Buildings and Machinery. Reports and recommendations on economies in Factory Operations. Financial and Cost Systems of Account.
**THE AUDIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK**
Auditing. Appraising. Efficiency. Systems.
165 Broadway, N.Y. 39 So. La Salle St., Chicago.

**SAFETY FIRST**
Is a good rule to follow. Our Circular No. 529 enumerates several investment stocks yielding large returns and profitably affected by the Mexican situation.
*Copies mailed free on request.*
**HARVEY A. WILLIS & CO.**
(Established 1901.)
32 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

**6% Mortgages**
GUARANTEED TAX-EXEMPT
ON IMPROVED NEW YORK CITY REAL ESTATE
KINGS COUNTY MORTGAGE CO.
185 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**Real Estate Appraisals**
furnished on property located in certain selected cities of the South and West, as well as in New York City and vicinity.
**United States Mortgage & Trust Company**
B'way at 72d St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Av.


# NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1914.

| | Stocks, (Shares.) |
|---|---|
| Total sales May 6, 1914 | 178,515 |
| Same day last year | 300,323 |
| Total year to date | 30,731,068 |
| Same period last year | 32,792,969 |
| Average closing price 50 stocks, with day's net change | 68.32 —.13 |
| Same day last year | 70.50 +.25 |

| | High. | | Low. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| This year's range | 73.20 | Jan. 31 | 65.24 | Apr. 25 |
| Same period last year | 79.10 | Jan. 9 | 69.45 | May 1 |
| Range year 1913 | 79.10 | Jan. 9 | 63.09 | June 10 |

| Closing Bid. | Ask. | Sales. | | First. | High. | Low. | Last. | Net Chge. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 26⅞ | 27⅛ | 2,810 | Alaska Gold Mines | 27 | 27⅜ | 27 | 27 | + ⅛ |
| 72⅜ | 72⅞ | 10,870 | Amalgamated Cop | 72½ | 72⅞ | 72¾ | 72¾ | ... |
| 20½ | 21 | 100 | Am. Beet Sugar | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | 20¾ | — ⅝ |
| 30⅞ | 31 | 1,700 | Am. Can | 26⅞ | 27½ | 26⅞ | 27 | — ⅛ |
| 89⅝ | 90¾ | 10 | Am. Can pf | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 | ... |
| 48⅝ | 49 | 25 | Am. Car & Fdry | 48⅜ | 48⅜ | 48⅜ | 48⅜ | ... |
| 29 | 33 | 100 | Am. Cities | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | —8½ |
| 30⅝ | 31 | 1,500 | Am. Ice Securities | 30¾ | 31½ | 30¾ | 30¾ | — ½ |
| 9½ | 10½ | 100 | Am. Linseed | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | ... |
| 30⅞ | 31⅞ | 200 | Am. Locomotive | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31¼ | 31½ | + ⅛ |
| 62 | 62⅞ | 1,950 | Am. Smelt. & Ref | 62½ | 62⅝ | 62 | 62 | — ⅝ |
| 100¾ | 101 | 100 | Am. Smelt. & R. pf | 101¼ | 101½ | 101⅛ | 101⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 157⅛ | 158 | 200 | Am. Snuff | 157 | 157⅞ | 157 | 157⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 31 | 31¼ | 200 | Am. Steel Fdries | 31¼ | 31½ | 31⅛ | 31⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 121½ | 122⅛ | 600 | Am. Teleph. & Tel | 121⅛ | 122⅛ | 121¾ | 122⅛ | + ⅛ |
| 220 | 225 | 200 | Am. Tobacco | 226 | 226 | 225 | 225 | —3½ |
| 32⅝ | 32¾ | 2,200 | Anaconda Cop. Co | 33 | 33 | 32⅝ | 32⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 95 | 95⅛ | 600 | Atch., Top. & S. F | 95 | 95½ | 95 | 95⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 100 | 100⅝ | 100 | Atch., T. & S. F. pf | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ | 100¼ | — ⅛ |
| 121 | 121¼ | 400 | Atlantic Coast Line | 121¼ | 121¼ | 121¼ | 121¼ | + ½ |
| 91 | 91¼ | 300 | Baltimore & Ohio | 90⅜ | 91 | 90⅜ | 91 | + ⅛ |
| 40⅜ | 41⅛ | 800 | Bethlehem Steel | 40⅜ | 41¼ | 40⅜ | 41 | + ¼ |
| 92¼ | 92⅜ | 5,900 | Biklyn Rapid Tran | 92⅜ | 93 | 92¼ | 92⅜ | ... |
| 87¼ | 88 | 100 | Brown Shoe pf | 90½ | 90¼ | 90¼ | 90½ | ... |
| 25¾ | 28 | 100 | Butterick Co | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | 26½ | — ½ |
| 21 | 22 | 210 | California Petrol'm | 21¾ | 21⅞ | 20⅝ | 20⅝ | —1⅝ |
| 58 | 60 | 900 | California Pet. pf | 59 | 59 | 59 | 59 | —1 |
| 192⅞ | 193 | 6,400 | Canadian Pacific | 192⅞ | 193 | 192¼ | 193 | + ¼ |
| 80 | 82½ | 100 | Case (J. I.) Co. pf | 82 | 82 | 82 | 82 | — ½ |
| 35½ | 35½ | 4,000 | Central Leather Co | 35½ | 35⅞ | 35½ | 35½ | ... |
| 99⅜ | 100¾ | 100 | Cent. Leather Co.pf | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | 100½ | ... |
| 52⅞ | 53 | 2,400 | Chesapeake & Ohio | 53⅞ | 54 | 52⅝ | 52⅝ | —1⅝ |
| 98½ | 98⅝ | 500 | Chi., Mil. & St. P | 98⅝ | 99 | 98⅜ | 98⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 132½ | 133½ | 100 | Chi. & Northwest | 133⅜ | 133⅜ | 133⅜ | 133⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 40½ | 40⅝ | 4,200 | Chino Copper | 39⅝ | 40⅞ | 39⅝ | 40⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 27 | 27⅜ | 300 | Col. Fuel & Iron | 27½ | 27½ | 27½ | 27½ | + ½ |
| 132 | 133 | 100 | Consolidated Gas | 132 | 132 | 132 | 132 | — ½ |
| 9⅜ | 9½ | 600 | Corn Products Ref | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | 9½ | — ⅛ |
| 112½ | 114 | 10 | Detroit Edison Co | 113 | 113 | 113 | 113 | ... |
| 14½ | 15⅜ | 100 | Distillers' Secur | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | — ⅛ |
| 28⅛ | 28⅝ | 2,700 | Erie | 28¼ | 28⅝ | 28¼ | 28⅝ | ... |
| 43⅛ | 43⅞ | 200 | Erie 1st pf | 43½ | 43⅝ | 43⅛ | 43⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 146 | 147 | 400 | General Electric | 146¾ | 147 | 146¾ | 147 | + ½ |
| 90⅜ | 92 | 100 | General Motors pf | 91½ | 91½ | 91½ | 91½ | — ½ |
| 26¼ | 26½ | 100 | Goodrich (B. F.) Co | 26½ | 26½ | 26¼ | 26½ | — ⅛ |
| 122⅜ | 123 | 2,100 | Great Northern pf | 122⅝ | 123¼ | 122⅝ | 122⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 52⅜ | 53 | 300 | Guggenheim Explor | 53 | 53 | 53 | 53 | — ⅛ |
| 112 | 118 | 50 | Homestake Mining | 115 | 115 | 155 | 155 | ... |
| 14⅜ | 14⅞ | 1,300 | Inter.-Met. v. tr.rcts | 15 | 15 | 14⅜ | 14⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 62½ | 62⅝ | 5,700 | Inter.-Met. pf | 62¾ | 63⅜ | 62½ | 62½ | — ½ |
| 105⅜ | 106 | 400 | Int. Harvester, N. J. | 105 | 105½ | 103 | 105½ | + ⅛ |
| 103¼ | 105 | 100 | Int. Harvester Corp. | 104 | 104 | 104 | 106 | +1 |
| 6½ | 7⅛ | 100 | Int. Steam Pump | 6¼ | 6¼ | 6½ | 6½ | — ⅛ |
| 24½ | 25 | 200 | Kan. City Southern | 25¼ | 25½ | 25 | 25 | — ⅛ |
| 59¼ | 60 | 100 | Kan. City South. pf | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | + ¼ |
| 139¼ | 139½ | 2,500 | Lehigh Valley | 139 | 139½ | 138⅞ | 139¼ | + ⅛ |
| 215 | 220 | 100 | Liggett & Myers | 214 | 214 | 214 | 214 | —4 |
| 116⅛ | 117⅛ | 100 | Liggett & Myers pf | 116 | 116 | 116 | 116 | ... |
| 113 | ... | 100 | Lorll., (P.) Co. pf | 114 | 114 | 114 | 114 | +1 |
| 133⅜ | 134⅜ | 100 | Louis. & Nash | 134⅜ | 134⅜ | 134⅜ | 134⅜ | — ⅛ |
| 60¼ | 60⅝ | 600 | May Dept. Stores | 59½ | 60¼ | 59½ | 60½ | +1½ |
| 2¼ | 3 | 300 | Mercantile Marine | 2½ | 2¼ | 2¼ | 2¼ | — ⅛ |
| 8⅝ | 9¼ | 100 | Mer. Marine pf | 9½ | 9¼ | 9¼ | 9¼ | — ⅛ |
| 56½ | 57 | 1,000 | Mexican Petroleum | 56½ | 57½ | 55⅝ | 56⅝ | —1⅝ |
| 21½ | 21⅞ | 400 | Miami Copper | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | 21⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 122⅞ | 124 | 467 | M., St. P. & S. S. M | 122⅞ | 122⅞ | 122⅞ | 122⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 16⅜ | 16½ | 400 | Mo., Kan. & Texas | 16½ | 16½ | 16¼ | 16¼ | — ⅛ |
| 20¼ | 20½ | 14,500 | Missouri Pacific | 20½ | 20⅝ | 19⅝ | 20⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 14 | 14¼ | 1,800 | Nevada Con. Cop | 13⅞ | 14 | 13⅞ | 14 | ... |
| 92⅞ | 93 | 3,410 | N. Y. Central | 92⅜ | 93¼ | 92⅜ | 93⅛ | ... |
| 69 | 69¼ | 800 | N. Y., N. H. & H | 69¼ | 69¼ | 68⅞ | 69 | — ⅛ |
| 102½ | 103⅞ | 200 | Norfolk & Western | 103⅝ | 103⅝ | 103⅜ | 103⅝ | — ¼ |
| 75½ | 76 | 100 | North American | 75⅞ | 75⅞ | 75⅞ | 75⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 109⅝ | 109⅞ | 3,100 | Northern Pacific | 110 | 110⅝ | 109⅝ | 109⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 110⅝ | 110⅞ | 400 | Penn. R. R. | 111 | 111 | 110⅝ | 110⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 42½ | 43 | 178 | Pressed Steel Car | 42½ | 42½ | 42¼ | 42¼ | — ¼ |
| 153½ | 154 | 100 | Pullman Co. | 153½ | 153½ | 153½ | 153½ | —1 |
| 27⅞ | 28 | 200 | Railway Steel Sp | 27½ | 27⅞ | 27½ | 27⅞ | ... |
| 20⅞ | 21 | 1,800 | Ray Con. Copper | 21 | 21 | 20⅞ | 20⅞ | — ⅛ |
| 165 | 165¼ | 33,900 | Reading | 164⅝ | 165⅝ | 164⅝ | 165½ | + ¼ |
| 85 | 85⅜ | 100 | Rep. Iron & S. pf | 85½ | 85½ | 85⅜ | 85⅜ | + ¼ |
| 3⅜ | 3½ | 400 | Rock Island Co | 3¼ | 3½ | 3¼ | 3½ | + ⅛ |
| 4⅜ | 5 | 800 | Rock Island Co. pf | 4⅝ | 5 | 4⅝ | 4⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 19¼ | 19⅝ | 300 | Seab. Air Line | 19⅛ | 19⅝ | 19⅛ | 19⅛ | — ⅛ |
| 54 | 54¼ | 200 | Seab. Air Line pf | 54¼ | 54¼ | 54¼ | 54¼ | + ¼ |
| 124 | 124½ | 20 | Sears, R. & Co. pf | 124 | 124 | 124 | 124 | ... |
| 91⅝ | 91⅞ | 3,200 | Southern Pacific | 91⅝ | 91⅞ | 91⅝ | 91⅝ | — ⅛ |
| 99 | 99½ | 100 | So. Pacific t. | 99⅛ | 99⅜ | 99⅛ | 99¼ | ... |
| 79 | 79½ | 100 | So. Railway pf. ext. | 79 | 79 | 79 | 79 | ... |
| 32⅜ | 33⅜ | 200 | Studebaker Co | 32¼ | 32¼ | 32¼ | 32¼ | + ⅛ |
| 142 | 145 | 100 | Texas Co | 143 | 143 | 143 | 143 | ... |
| 15½ | 15⅝ | 100 | Texas & Pacific | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | 15½ | ... |
| 41¼ | 41½ | 350 | Third Avenue | 41⅛ | 41⅞ | 41⅛ | 41⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 5¼ | 6 | 100 | Union B. & P. Co | 5⅞ | 5½ | 5⅞ | 5½ | + ⅛ |
| 155⅞ | 156 | 14,200 | Union Pacific | 155⅞ | 156⅛ | 155½ | 155⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 83 | 83¾ | 100 | Union Pacific pf | 83¼ | 83¼ | 83¼ | 83¼ | + ⅛ |
| 98 | 100⅞ | 5 | Un. Dry Goods pf | 98 | 98 | 98 | 98 | ... |
| 9½ | 10⅜ | 50 | U. S. C. I. P. & F | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | ... |
| 58½ | 58⅞ | 200 | U. S. Rubber | 58 | 58¼ | 58 | 58¼ | + ⅛ |
| 102½ | 102⅞ | 200 | U. S. Rub. 1st pf | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | 102⅞ | + ⅛ |
| 59⅜ | 59½ | 21,100 | U. S. Steel | 59½ | 59⅝ | 59⅜ | 59½ | — ⅛ |
| 108 | 108⅜ | 100 | U. S. Steel pf | 108¼ | 108¼ | 108¼ | 108¼ | ... |
| 54⅞ | 55 | 3,000 | Utah Copper | 54⅝ | 55 | 54⅝ | 55 | ... |
| 3½ | 4 | 400 | Wabash pf | 3½ | 3⅝ | 3½ | 3⅝ | + ⅛ |
| 25 | 27 | 100 | Western Maryland | 25⅞ | 25⅞ | 25⅞ | 27 | —1½ |
| 61⅞ | 62 | 200 | Western Union Tel | 61⅞ | 61⅞ | 61⅞ | 61⅞ | — ⅞ |
| 74⅞ | 74⅝ | 900 | Westingh. E. & M | 74¾ | 74½ | 74¼ | 74⅜ | ... |
| 41¼ | 44 | 100 | Wisconsin Central | 41 | 41 | 41 | 41 | ... |
| 98⅝ | 98½ | 800 | Woolw., (F.W.,) Co | 98 | 98½ | 98 | 98½ | +2 |

# BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 2s, r, 1930 | 98¼ | 97¼ | Pan 2s, r, 1938 | 96½ | ... |
| 2s, c, 1930 | 96½ | 98 | Pan 2s, r, 1961 | 100 | 102 |
| 2s, r, 1918 | 101 | 102 | Pan 2s, c, 1961 | 100 | 102 |
| 2s, c, 1918 | 101 | 102 | | | |
| 4s, r, 1925 | 109 | 110½ | | | |
| 4s, c, 1925 | 100½ | .. | | | |
| Pan 2s, r, 1936 | 96¼ | .. | | | |

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

| | Bid. | Asked. | | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Adams Ex. | 98 | 103 | Insp C C. | 17 | 17½ |
| Allis-Chal. | 10 | 11 | Int Agric., 5 | 8½ | .. |
| Do pf | 41 | 42 | Do pf | 13 | 25 |
| Am Ag C. | 122¾ | 124½ | Int H Cor pf | 116 | .. |
| Do pf | 93 | 94 | Int H Cor pf | 114½ | .. |
| A B S pf | 66 | 70 | Int Paper | 9 | 9¾ |
| A B S & Fdy | 87 | 89 | Do pf | 35½ | 36½ |
| Do pf | 132½ | 138 | Int St P pf | 20 | 20½ |
| A C & F pf | 117 | 118 | Iowa Cent. | 6 | 7 |
| Am Cit pf | 62 | 64¾ | Do pf | 13 | 19 |
| Am Coal | 85 | 100 | K C, Ft S & M pf | 74 | 77 |
| Am C Fr | 84 | 85½ | Kayser (J) & Co | 88 | 90 |
| Do pf | 102 | 103 | Kayser (J) Do pf | 105 | 106 |
| Am Cot O. | 39 | 41 | Lea Mfg | 45 | 50 |
| Do pf | 96 | 99 | Leal Gas | 96 | 98 |
| Am Ex | 101 | 103 | L S E & W | 5¾ | 8 |
| A H & L | 4 | 4½ | Do pf | 16 | 20 |
| Do pf | 20 | 21 | Long Isl'd | 28 | 34 |
| Am L pf | 28 | 30 | L-W Bis | 30½ | 33 |
| A Loc pf | 95 | 100 | Do 1st pf | .. | 103 |
| Am Malt | 6½ | 7½ | Do 2d pf | .. | 92½ |
| Do pf | 43 | 45 | Lorill Co | 171 | 174 |
| A S pf, B | 81 | 83 | M'kay Cos. | 78½ | 80½ |
| Am Sm pf | 103 | 104 | Do pf | 67 | 69 |
| Am S Ref | 101½ | 104 | Man Elev | 130¾ | 132 |
| Do pf | 112 | 114 | M Dep Sts pf | 98 | 100¾ |
| A T & C | 57½ | 60 | Mex F pf | 67⅜ | 78 |
| Am T pf | 106 | 106½ | Mich Cent | .. | 190 |
| Am Wool | 15 | 17¼ | M & St L | 12 | 13 |
| Do pf | 75½ | 78 | Do pf | 28 | 32 |
| A W P pf | 12 | 14 | M, St P & S S M pf | 140 | .. |
| Assets R | 15 | 20 | Do 1 l | 78 | 85 |
| Baldi Loc | 46 | 47½ | Mo, K & T pf | 33¼ | 40 |
| Do pf | 107¾ | 108 | M P 1st pf | 103 | .. |
| B & O pf | 80⅞ | 81½ | Mon Pow | 46¾ | 48¾ |
| Batop M | ⅝ | ¾ | Do pf | 101¼ | 102 |
| Bath S pf | 83½ | 84¾ | M Wd pf | 106 | 113 |
| Br Sh Co | 45 | 50 | N C & St L | 135 | 140¾ |
| B Un G | 125½ | 128 | Nat Bis | 128 | 130 |
| Bruns Ter | 6½ | 7½ | Nat Enam | 108 | 110 |
| B, R & P | 108⅜ | 113½ | Do pf | 75 | 86 |
| Do pf | 116¼ | 135 | Nat Lead | 43¼ | 47½ |
| Canada Sc | .. | 99 | Do pf | 104½ | 109 |
| C R R of N J | 300 | 325 | Nat Rys of M pf | 26 | 33 |
| C & S A pf | 105½ | 107 | New Orl Pac | 10 | 11 |
| Chi & Alt | 9 | 9¾ | N O & Gt So | .. | .. |
| Do pf | 11¾ | 18 | Nor Am Co | 125 | 130 |
| Chi Gt W | 12½ | 12¾ | Nor Pac | 110 | 110¼ |
| Do pf | 32½ | 33 | Nor Sec | 125 | 130 |
| C, I & L pf | 50 | 80 | Ohio Cities Gas | 104 | 114½ |
| C, M & St Paul pf | 134½ | 136¼ | Ohio Fuel Supply | 170 | 180 |
| Chi St P, M & Om | 125 | 130 | Oklahoma Prod | 130 | 140 |
| Do pf | 139 | 145 | Oregon Short L | 22 | 25 |
| C, C, C & St L | 22 | 35 | Pac Coast | 51¼ | 62½ |
| Do pf | 51¼ | 62½ | Do 1st pf | 92 | 96½ |
| Cluett-P | 99 | 99½ | Do 2d pf | 66 | 75 |
| Do pf | 101¼ | 102½ | N Y Dock | 5 | 20 |
| Col F & I pf | 125 | .. | Do pf | .. | 26 |
| Col & So | 23 | 23½ | N Y, O & W | 25¾ | 26½ |
| Do 1st pf | 40 | 44 | Nor So | 26 | 28 |
| Do 2d pf | 31 | 35 | N Y S & W | 87¼ | .. |
| Corn P R pf | 65 | 68 | Nor So | 26 | 32 |
| Cruz Carp | 70 | 80 | N & W pf | 89 | .. |
| Cub-Am S | .. | 30 | N O T & Light | 60 | 66 |
| Do pf | .. | 84 | Ont Min | 2¼ | 3 |
| D & Co pf | 93⅞ | 94¼ | Pabst B pf | 98 | 102 |
| Del & H | 149½ | 152¼ | Pac Coast | 75 | 90 |
| L & W | 399½ | 407 | Do 1st pf | 80 | 95 |
| D & R G | 11¾ | 13 | Do 2d pf | 90 | 96 |
| Do pf | 19 | 23 | Pac Mail | 24 | 24½ |
| D M & Pt | 3 | 7 | P & T & T | 28 | 29 |
| Det & M | 85 | .. | Do pf | 87 | 90½ |
| Do pf | 85 | .. | Peo G L | 120 | 121 |
| Det U R | .. | 71 | Peo & E | 5 | 10 |
| D, S S & A | 4 | 5 | Pett-Mull | 20 | 27 |
| Do pf | 3 | 11 | De 1st pf | .. | 90 |
| Erie 2d pf | 36 | 37 | Phelps-D | 170 | .. |
| F M & S | 7 | 17 | Philа. Co | 79 | 84 |
| Do pf | 32 | 35 | Do 6 p c pf | 84 | 90 |
| Gen Chem | 160 | 175 | P, C, C & St L | 80 | 89 |
| Do pf | 106½ | 110 | Do pf | 95 | 100 |
| Gen Mot | 75 | 78½ | Pitts Coal | 20 | 20½ |
| G'drich (B F) Co | 80⅝ | 90½ | Do pf | 80½ | 85 |
| Gt N Ore ctfs | 31¾ | 32 | Pitts S pf | 83 | 88 |
| Helme (G W) Co | 150 | 165 | Pr Pd Car pf | 101 | 102½ |
| Do pf | 108 | 112 | Public S | 111 | 113½ |
| Hock Val | 135 | 136 | Quicksilver | 1¾ | 2 |
| Ill Cent | 109 | 112 | R Signal | 5¾ | 5¾ |
| Inger-R | 110 | .. | Ry St Spr pf | 92 | 96½ |
| Do pf | 93 | .. | Rdg 1st pf | 88¾ | 89 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 88 | 89 |
| | | | R I & S | 22¾ | 23 |
| | | | Rumely (M) Co | .. | 3¾ |
| | | | Do pf | 26 | 28 |
| | | | St L & S Fran | 2¼ | 2¾ |
| | | | Do 1st pf | 7 | 12 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 3½ | 4 |
| | | | St L & S F, C & E | 2 | 10 |
| | | | Do pf | 25 | 35 |
| | | | St L S W | 21 | 22 |
| | | | Do pf | .. | 59 |
| | | | Sears-R | 183 | 187½ |
| | | | S-S S & I | 27 | 30 |
| | | | Do pf | 86 | .. |
| | | | So P R S pf | 65 | 66 |
| | | | So Ry | 24½ | 24¾ |
| | | | So Ry M & O ctfs | 71 | 85 |
| | | | Stand M | 37½ | 39¼ |
| | | | Do pf | 62 | 65 |
| | | | Studeb Co pf | 86 | 88 |
| | | | Tenn Cop | 34½ | 34½ |
| | | | T P L Tr | 98 | 105 |
| | | | T, St L & West | 7 | 10 |
| | | | Do pf | 14 | 17 |
| | | | T C R T | 104¾ | 105¼ |
| | | | Do pf | 135¼ | .. |
| | | | Twin Type | 75 | 80¼ |
| | | | Do pf | 108 | 112 |
| | | | U B & P pf | 21 | 22¼ |
| | | | Un Cig M | 46 | 47 |
| | | | Do pf | 101¾ | 103 |
| | | | Un Dr G | 80 | 86½ |
| | | | U S Rys Inv | 15½ | 17 |
| | | | Do pf | 42½ | 43½ |
| | | | U S C I P pf | 39 | 40 |
| | | | U S Exp | 72 | 76 |
| | | | U S Ind A | 15 | 30 |
| | | | Do pf | 82 | 85 |
| | | | U S R & Imp | 60¼ | 62 |
| | | | Va-Car Ch | 26¼ | 27 |
| | | | Do pf | 98 | 99 |
| | | | Va L C & Coke pf | 42 | 51 |
| | | | Va R & P | 50 | 51 |
| | | | Do pf | 94 | .. |
| | | | Vul Det | 8 | 11 |
| | | | Do pf | 20 | 35 |
| | | | Wabash | 1 | 1¼ |
| | | | W F Exp | 86 | 89 |
| | | | W Md pf | 45 | 57 |
| | | | W U & M pf | 120 | 123 |
| | | | Wstn Md | 34½ | 35 |
| | | | Wstm-B | 215 | 300 |
| | | | Do pf | 110 | 120 |
| | | | W & L E | 4 | 4½ |
| | | | Do 1st pf | 15 | 17 |
| | | | Do 2d pf | 8 | 9 |
| | | | W'w'th (F W) pf | 116 | 117 |

## SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, by Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

$47,000 Mexican National Packing Company, Limited, temporary 6 per cent. first and special mortgage gold bonds, due 1931, registered certificates exchangeable for engraved bonds, 83¾.

2 shares the Mackey Company preferred, $100 each, 67.

Right, title, and interest of trustee in the following, viz.:

Outstanding book accounts aggregating $18,-709.68, $216.

112 shares Ardsley Hall second mortgage 6 per cent. bond, 10,000 shares La Chevia Mining Company, 20,000 shares Jennie Blanch Gold Mining Company, $48.

15 shares Nassau Trust Company of Brooklyn, $100 each.

$1,000 Chamber of Commerce of New York non-cumulative income bond, 8.

24 shares Gold Car Heating and Lighting Company, $100 each, 50.

9 shares Canadian Gold Car Heating and Lighting Company, $100 each, 50.

900 shares United Copper Company preferred certificates of deposit, second assessment paid, 1¼.

122 shares Kansas City Viaduct and Terminal Railway Company voting trust certificate, $100 each, $20 lot.

200 shares Chicago, Terre Haute & Southeastern Railway Company voting trust certificate, 1¾.

10 shares Western Pacific Railroad, $100 each, 4.

20 shares Nassau National Bank of Brooklyn, $100 each, 210½.

10 shares German-American Insurance Company, $100 each, 505-505½.

10 shares Mechanics and Metals National Bank, $100 each, 240½.

$12,500 Isabel Golf Club first mortgage 4 per cent. bonds, due 1925; interest April and October, $500 each.

1,000 shares Standard Motor Construction Company, $10 each, $75 lot.

227 shares Empire Trust Company, $100 each, 291.

$500 bond and first mortgage made by Henry Eschenfelder and Lillian C., his wife, to Frida Horkimer, recorded Jan. 29, 1910, due Jan. 27, 1918, at 6 per cent. interest, covering property at northeast corner of Lawrence, Boulevard and Third Street, Bayside, Town of Flushing, Long Island, plot 50 by 117 feet, $480.

$25,000 Jamaica Estates 6 per cent. mortgage registered gold bonds, due Sept. 1, 1917; $25,000 Jamaica Estates 6 per cent. mortgage registered gold bonds, due April 4, 1920, $15,-650.

$8,000 Lindsay Water Company first and refunding 5 per cent. mortgage bonds, due June 1, 1929; December, 1913, and subsequent coupons attached, 20.

200 shares Hudson Companies 7 per cent. preferred stock, 5.

$2,000 American Trust Company (Seattle, Wash.) 6 per cent. mortgage bonds, due April 1, 1915; April 22, 1913, and subsequent coupons attached, 10.

24 shares the Fibro License Company, $100 each; $3,000 the Bridgeport & Danbury Electric Railway Company 5 per cent. debenture bonds, $100 lot.

$4,000 Valley Stream Development Company 6 per cent. gold registered bonds, due July 1, 1920; interest March and September, $200 each, $160 lot.

100 shares 24 West Thirty-third Street, $100 each, $100 lot.

# $15,000,000 MOVED IN ARMORED AUTO

## Nassau Bank's Gold, Currency, and Securities Taken to the Irving National.

## ROUTE LINED WITH GUARDS

### Hold-Up Policy for $500,000 Protected Its Removal—Consolidation Plans Now Complete.

Without attracting any attention from passers by, $15,000,000 worth of securities, gold, silver, and banknotes were moved last night from the National Nassau Bank of New York at Beekman and Nassau Streets to the Irving National Bank in the Woolworth Building. The Directors of the two banks had just previously completed the final details of their consolidation.

The officers of the two banks took as few chances in moving the valuables as they could. No notice of the step was given, even to the employes of the banks, until a very short time before the actual removal of the money and securities was made.

The moving began at 8 o'clock, but it was not until 6 o'clock that the United States Fidelity and Guaranty Company of 49 Cedar Street was asked to write a messenger hold-up policy covering the time required for the removal. The policy, the second largest of its kind ever written, was for $500,000.

An armored automobile with a landaulet body built of reinforced steel, owned by the Irving National Bank, was used to convey the money and securities from one bank to the other. Half a dozen guards armed with rifles rode in the car, and a dozen more stood nearby for the loading and unloading of the valuables. Beekman Street, Park Row, and Broadway, between the banks, were lined with private detectives.

Probably not one person of the many who saw the armored automobile dash from one bank to the other suspected that it contained $15,000,000 in valuables, or that the men who lined the curb along its route were heavily armed detectives stationed there to prevent an attack upon it.

By the terms of the merger of the two banks all the business of the National Nassau will be conducted under the name of the Irving National Bank at the Irving's offices in the Woolworth Building. All of the officers and the entire clerical force of the Nassau, as well as a number of its Directors, will join the Irving's organization.

Both banks have been identified with commercial interests solely, and the policy of the consolidated bank will be to continue along strictly commercial lines as an independent mercantile institution. The last statement of the condition of the Irving National Bank shows deposits of $48,381,678, total assets of $68,619,013, and capital and surplus of $7,000,000. The deposits of the National Nassau, according to its last statement, were about $14,000,000 and total assets more than $15,000,000. These combined assets of over $70,000,000 place the Irving in the front rank of commercial banks.

# BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

| | |
|---|---|
| Total sales May 6, 1914 | $2,156,000 |
| Same day last year | 2,082,000 |
| Total year to date | 284,981,500 |
| Same period last year | 209,062,000 |
| Average closing price 40 bonds, with day's net change | 87.45 +.05 |
| Same day last year | 89.06 +.12 |

| | High. | | Low. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| This year's range to date | 89.42 | Feb. 4 | 86.40 | Jan. 3 |
| Same period last year | 92.31 | Jan. 10 | 88.70 | Apr. 30 |
| Range year 1913 | 92.31 | Jan. 10 | 85.45 | Dec. 18 |

| | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Argentine Gov. 5s | | 12,000 | 97⅛ | H & Man adj inc 5s | | Nor Pacific 3s | |
| 1,000 | 95 | 1,000 | 97⅜ | 10,000 | 81½ | 1,000 | 67⅞ |
| City of Tokio 5s | | 4,000 | 97¼ | 1st & ref 5s, Series A | | 3,000 | 67¼ |
| 5,000 | 85 | 11,000 | 97⅛ | 2,000 | 83½ | Oreg S L 1st 6s | |
| 2,000 | 84½ | Ill Div 3½s | | Indiana Steel 5s | | 1,000 | 110½ |
| 1,000 | 84⅛ | 4,000 | 85½ | 3,000 | 101½ | gtd ref 4s | |
| Jap Gov 4½s, ster | | C & Erie 1st 5s | | Insp Con C'cv 6s | | 7,000 | 91½ |
| 3,000 | 86⅜ | 5,000 | 106⅜ | 19,000 | 99 | Penn conv 3½s | |
| 2d Series | | Chi Gt Westn 4s | | 500 | 99½ | 24,000 | 99 |
| 4,000 | 86 | 7,000 | 73½ | Inter-Met 4½s | | Penn Co gtd 3½s, 1916 | |
| 2,500 | 86 | Chi, Mil & St P | | 3,000 | 77⅞ | 2,000 | 98 |
| 500 | 86¼ | gen 4½s | | 14,000 | 77⅞ | Penn cv 3½s | |
| 2,000 | 85⅞ | 7,000 | 103 | 9,000 | 77⅞ | 5,000 | 101⅛ |
| ster loan | | conv 4½s | | 24,000 | 77⅞ | Providence Sec Co deb 4s | |
| 3,000 | 75⅞ | 20,000 | 101⅛ | 1,000 | 78 | 2,000 | 60 |
| N Y State 4s, 1962 | | W & M Div 5s | | 38,000 | 78 | Reading gen 4s | |
| 1,000 | 101⅛ | 5,000 | 104⅜ | 11,000 | 77⅞ | 1,000 | 94¾ |
| N Y Canal 4½s | | C & N W gen 3½s | | 1,000 | 77⅞ | St L & S F R R gen 5s, Tr Co ctfs | |
| 1,000 | 101⅛ | 2,000 | 83 | 8,000 | 77⅞ | 15,000

## THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 6.—The storm that was over the Middle Atlantic States Tuesday night passed rapidly northeastward, and is now central near Nova Scotia and moving toward the Grand Banks. It has been followed by fair weather throughout the East, although there were rains Tuesday night in the North Atlantic States and the Ohio Valley.

Rains have also occurred along the northern border from Upper Michigan to North Dakota. In other parts of the country the weather remained generally fair.

Temperature continues near or about normal throughout the East and South and on the Pacific Slope, while low temperatures are again reported from the Northwest.

Indications are that the weather will continue generally fair, without decided temperature changes, over all parts of the country during Thursday and Friday.

Winds along the North and Middle Atlantic Coasts Thursday and Friday will be light to moderate, variable, but mostly west; South Atlantic Coast, light, variable.

FORECASTS TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, New England, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday and Friday; light, variable winds.

Western New York—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; moderate, variable winds, mostly west.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

| | 1913. | 1914. | | 1913. | 1914. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| 3 A. M. | 62 | 50 | 4 P. M. | 70 | 72 |
| 6 A. M. | 62 | 52 | 6 P. M. | 76 | 74 |
| 9 A. M. | 66 | 57 | 9 P. M. | 70 | 67 |
| 12 M | 81 | 67 | 11 P. M. | 70 | 67 |

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 62; for the corresponding date last year it was 70; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 56.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 56; at 8 P. M. it was 69. Maximum temperature, 74 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum, 50 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 91 per cent. at 8 A. M., 37 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.57 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.74 inches.

## FIRE RECORD.

| A. M. | | Loss. |
|---|---|---|
| 1:40 | Opposite 759 Lex. Av.; new subway. | Slight |
| 4:30 | 64 E. 4 St.; Tapilow Bros. | $1,000 |
| 5:05 | 82 Av. D; A. Gottlieb. | None |
| P. M. | | |
| 2:15 | 129 W. 65 St.; not given. | $20 |
| 2:45 | 825 W. 11 St.; Rebecca Menda. | $15 |
| 3:50 | 1,476 Seabury Pl.; Jacob Becker. | Slight |
| 3:45 | 4 E. 110 St.; Joseph Silverman. | Slight |
| 4:15 | 324 1 Av.; Jos. Schlilel. | Slight |
| 4:30 | 508 E. 117 St.; Benj. Adler. | Slight |
| 4:45 | 927 2 Av.; Foreman & Sullivan. | Slight |
| 6:15 | 62 Amsterdam Av.; E. V. Soote. | $100 |
| 7:30 | 11 Water St.; Central Glass Co. | Slight |
| 7:50 | 185 Division St.; Russian Tea Co. | Slight |
| 9:00 | 712 5 Av.; not given. | Slight |
| 9:35 | 632 E. 11 St.; Abe Zwirly. | Slight |
| 9:40 | 527 Lex. Av.; A. Rasmussen. | Slight |
| 9:55 | 401 W. 56 St.; Jno. Burke. | Slight |
| 10:05 | 124 Broome St.; A. Stiegel. | Slight |
| 10:25 | 2,059 Lex. Av.; University Printing Company. | Slight |
| 10:40 | 54 W. 22 St.; N. Black. | $300 |
| 11:58 | 9 Cherry St.; Mary Healey. | $300 |

Through an error in transmission the police on May 5 reported a fire in the bookbinding plant of B. Bernstein, 64 Grand Street. The fire was at that address, but on the floor occupied by another firm.

## WILLS FOR PROBATE.

BETTS, CORA F., (Apr. 25;) $7,000 personalty, to Dudley Betts, brother.

CHARNLEY, CONSTANCE, (Apr. 22;) more than $5,000 personalty; about $1,000 to Smith College; about $4,000 to Bertha J. Lucas, friend.

DECKER, ELIZABETH, (Mar. 6;) about $1,300 personalty; $100 to May Stacks; specific bequests of uncomputed value to Frances Moore, cousin; Mr. Moore, John Ziegler, Mrs. M. E. Drew, Dorothy Sexton, granddniece, and Catherine Decker and Cornelia Graham, nieces.

GREENFIELD, RUTH ADELAIDE, (Apr. 8, 1914;) $450 realty and $516 personalty, to Frank E. Hansell, son.

KAVANAGH, DUDLEY, (Mar. 12;) more than $400 personalty to Emily C. Kavanagh, wife, now deceased.

MANN, CHARLES, (Apr. 30;) more than $5,000 each of realty and personalty; $500 to the Bethlahem Orphan and Half Orphan Asylum at College Point, Queens; about $500 and life estate in one-seventh of residuary estate to Louisa Mann, wife; income from one-seventh of residuary estate each to C. Edward, Walter, Louis, and Raymond Mann, sons, and Clara and Alma Mann, daughters.

MINGLE, ROSANNA, (Apr. 22;) more than $5,000 personalty in uncomputed amounts to Harry B. Mingle, son, and Bertha M. Lewis and Elizabeth M. Cannon, daughters.

RAPHAEL, DAVID, (Apr. 30;) $4,000 personalty; $5 and proceeds from Workmen's Circle benefit to Bertha Raphael, wife; residue in equal shares to Oscar S. Raphael, son, and Sarah, Rebecca, and Alice Raphael, daughters.

REYNOLDS, ELIZABETH, (May 3;) more than $1,000 personalty to Elizabeth B. Hart, niece.

SCHOR, MOSES, (Feb. 6;) $500 personalty to Frantz and Dora Schoenfeld, friends.

SMITH, MARY H., (Mar. 18;) more than $10,000 each of realty and personalty; more than $20,000 each to Clarence and Everett Smith, sons, and Ethel S. Dana and Mabel W. Cromwell, daughters.

## EDUCATION NOTES.

The Committee on Evening High and Elementary Schools of the Teachers' Training Council will meet on the afternoon of May 14.

The girl pupils of Public School 155, Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, have organized an athletic association.

"A Message from Mars" will be given by the De Witt Clinton High School Dramatic Society in the Washington Irving High School auditorium on May 9.

P. E. Spaulding, City Superintendent of Schools at Newton, Mass., has been elected City Superintendent of Schools in Minneapolis. He had been mentioned for Associate City Superintendent of New York to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of Edward L. Stevens.

A meeting of the Young Men Teachers' Association will be held this evening in the Twenty-seventh Regiment Building.

The Alumni Association of Public School 25, the Bronx, will meet to-morrow evening in the school assembly room.

The examination for license as substitute teacher in the elementary schools on Tuesday was taken by 187 candidates.

### LEGAL NOTICES.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court, Part I. thereof, held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in City Hall Park, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of April, 1914: Present—Hon. Vernon M. Davis, Justice.—In the matter of the application of the GREENHUT SIEGEL COOPER CO. for authority to change its name to "J. B. GREENHUT CO., INC., formerly GREENHUT SIEGEL COOPER CO."

Upon reading the petition of the Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co., a domestic stock corporation, duly verified by Joseph B. Greenhut, its President, wherein said petitioner prays for an order authorizing it to assume another corporate name, to wit, the name "J. B. Greenhut Co., Inc., formerly Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co.,"; and upon filing the certificate of the Secretary of State annexed thereto, certifying that the name which such corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other domestic corporation or a name which he deems so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive, upon filing proof that a copy of the petition herein and of the notice of motion were duly filed with the Secretary of State, and upon filing due proof by affidavits showing that notice of the presentation of said petition has been duly published once in each week for three successive weeks in The New York Times and The New York Law Journal, daily newspapers, published in the City and County of New York, in which county such corporation has its business office, and the court being satisfied by said petition, and by the affidavits and certificate presented therewith, that the petition is true, and that there is no reasonable objection to the change of name proposed, and that the petition has been duly authorized, and that notice of the presentation of the petition, as required by law, has been made;

Now, on motion of Rose & Paskus, attorneys for the said petitioner, no one opposing it, it is

Ordered, that said petition be and the same hereby is granted, and that the petitioner herein, the Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co., be and it hereby is authorized to assume another corporate name, to wit, the name "J. B. Greenhut Co., formerly Greenhut Siegel Cooper Co., Incorporated," on and after the 18th day of May, 1914, and it is further ordered and directed that this order be entered, and the papers on which it is granted be filed, within ten days from the date hereof, in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, the county in which the certificate of incorporation of said corporation is filed, and that a certified copy of this order, within ten days after the entry thereof, be filed in the office of the Secretary of State, and further, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in The New York Evening Sun and New York Times, newspapers in the County of New York, beginning within ten days after the entry hereof.

Enter,

V. M. D.,

J. S. C.

### SURROGATE NOTICES.

JACOBSEN, ANNA.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Anna Jacobsen, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, the office of De Forest Brothers, No. 30 Broad Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 17th day of May next. Dated New York, the 16th day of November, 1913. FREDERIC B. MORLOC, Executor. DE FOREST BROTHERS, Attorneys for Executor, 30 Broad Street, New York City, N. Y.

## ESTATES APPRAISED.

BURDSALL, IRENE, (April 19, 1913;) net estate, $200,851; bank, $6,709; household and personal effects, $2,363; notes, $3,656; stocks and bonds, $195,187; bonds, $7,000 3 Av. R. R., $5,000 N. Y. Central, $2,000 N. Y., N. H. & H., $5,000 B. & O., $10,000 N. Y. Rys. Co., $5,000 Erie R. R., $5,000 St. Louis, Iron Mt. & Sou. Ry., $3,000 Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co., $5,000 Am. Dock & Improvement Co., $12,000 Toledo, Peoria & Western Ry. Co., $13,000 Guanajuato Reduction & Mines Co., $16,000 Wabash, $3,000 3 Av. Ry. Co., $5,000 Chic., Rock Id. & Pac. Ry., $5,000 Kanawha & Mich. Ry. Co., $5,000 Kansas City, Ft. Scott & Memphis Ry. Co., $5,000 Mil., Lake Shore & Western Ry., $10,000 Chic. & Eastern Ill. R. R., $5,000 East Tenn., Virg. & Ga. Ry. Co., $5,000 Corn Products Ref. Co., $5,000 Ann Arbor R. R., $5,000 Kings County Elevated R. R., $5,000 Chic. & Nor. R. R., $10,000 N. Y. Gas & Elec. Light, Heat & Power Co., $3,000 N. Y. Dock Co., $3,000 Atchison; stocks, 10 E. & O., 32 Erie, 70 Penn. R. R., 66 N. Y., N. H. & H., 41 At. Coast Line R. R., 6 C. & O., 15 Sou. Ry., 25 Col. & Sou., 15 Seaboard Air Line Ry., 12 3 Av. Ry., 40 6 Av. Ry., 10 Pratt & Whitney Co. pf., 95 Trenton Potteries Co.

GRONEMANN, IDA, (Feb. 23, 1910;) net estate, $46,536; $1,000 each to the Carl Weiss Ass'n and the hospital at Waldkirch $500 each to St. Francis's Hospital, St. Joseph's Hospital, Odd Fellows' Home for Children, and the Home for German Freemasons; $200 to Eintract Singing Society; cash rec'd, $16,000; bank, $1,077; bond and mtge., $12,040; note, $500; insurance, $58; stock, $5,450; rec'd from estate of Carl Weiss, her father, $14,150; jewelry, $259; furniture, $300.

HOFFMAN, JULIUS, (March 18, 1913;) net estate, $13,842; bank, $15,746; personal, $219.

LAPHAM, JOHN J., (Feb. 11, 1911;) gross estate, $3,804,500; net estate, $3,188,287; one-half int. 114 E. 66 St., $22,500; one-half int. vacant land on Spuyten Duyvil Parkway, Bronx, $7,500; one-half int. in vacant land in Netherland Av., Bronx, $1,500; one-half int. in other vacant land in the Bronx, $15,500; total realty less dower, $39,761; bank, $14,758; clothing, $1,000; autos, $500; notes, $218,363; stocks and bonds, $3,177,819; int. in H. G. Lapham & Co., $352,286; bonds, $88,500 Cent. Leather, $78,000 U. S. Leather Co., $82,000 Am.-Hawaiian Steamship Co., $51,000; Producers Oil Co., $10,000 Sou. Pac.; stocks, 3,000 Am. Copper, 250 Am. Smelters Securities Corporation, 1,000 Am. Sm. & Ref. Co., 800 Am. Sugar Ref. Co., 100 Am. Tobacco, 1,000 Anaconda Copper, 400 B'klyn Rapid Transit Co., 3,788 Cent. Leather com., 915 Cent. Leather pf., 639 Chi. & Northwestern R. R. com, 400 Col. Fuel & Iron Co., 600 Missouri, Kan. & Texas pf., 800 Nat'l Lead com., 8,870 Texas Co., 500 U. S. Realty & Improvement Co., 280 Holland Trust Co., 10 Importers & Traders Nat'l Bank, 1,000 Midland Securities Co. of Maine, 923 Producers Oil Co., 306 Sou. Trust Co., 12 Western Nat'l Bank.

LAPSLEY, HOWARD, (Sept. 28, 1913;) net estate, $320,355; bank, $4,389; personal, $400; notes, $101,467; stockcs and bonds, $220,708; int. in Howard Lapsley & Co., $1,096; bonds, $15,000 Chic., Rock Id. & Pac. R. R., $25,000 U. S. Steel, $10,000 Westinghouse Elec. & Mfg. Co., $23,000 Montreal Tramways & Power Co., $25,000 Mortgage Bond Co., $10,000 B. & M. R. R.; stocks, 400 Atchison pf., 300 Chic., Ind. & St. Louis R. R., 400 Reading.

LELAND, MINNIE L., (Dec. 9, 1913;) net estate, $8,814; 12 acres at Good Ground, L. I., $3,000; bank, $984; jewelry and personal, $1,557; stocks, $6,575.

SMITH, JOSEPHINE, (Dec. 4, 1913;) net estate, $7,986; bank, $284; bonds and mtgcs., $8,200; household effects, $30.

WOODRUFF, ISAAC O., (July 12, 1913;) net estate, $7,243; 152 W. 78 St., $26,000, (mtge. $20,500;) bank, $1,571; acc'ts receivable, $553; furniture and fixtures, $150; stock in trade, $725; furniture, jewelry, and silverware, $306; 350 shares Telepost Co. stock, $175; int. in bus. of I. O. Woodruff & Co., dealers in proprietary remedies, at 259 William St., $618.

## THE CIVIL SERVICE.

### City.

Applications for Trade Inspector will be received up to May 15.

An examination has been ordered for resident physician, Grade 2. The salary is $1,200 a year. There are two vacancies in the Correction Department. The minimum age is twenty-one years. The last examination was held on Oct. 29, 1913. There were seventeen candidates, of whom four passed. The list is exhausted.

### United States.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces for June 8 an open competitive examination for Superintendent of cereal field station, for men only, in the Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, for service in the Pacific Northwest, at a salary ranging from $1,800 to $2,000 a year. The duties will include personal supervision of experiments in testing and improving cereals, the direction of the labor employed at the field station, and keeping a general oversight of the time and equipment of the force. Competitors will not be assembled for examination, but will be rated on general education and technical training, practical experience and fitness, practical form problems, and thesis. An educational training equivalent to a four-year high school course and at least three years' experience in the growing of cereals are prerequisites. Applicants must have reached their twenty-fifth but not their forty-fifth birthday. Further information may be obtained from the United States Civil Service Commission, Washington.

## NEW INCORPORATIONS.

*Special to The New York Times.*

ALBANY, May 6.—Incorporated to-day: Radium Therapy Corpn., 170 Bway., mine and Manufacture minerals and metals, especially radium, and their products, $1,500,000; W. J. and S. Schieffelin, W. B. Osgood Field, 645 5 Av.

United Diamond Works, Millbrook, precious stones, $400,000; L. M. Scheuer, H. L. Naughton, E. B. Myers, 59 Wall St.

52d St. & Seventh Av. Co., hotels, restaurants, liquor dealers, theatres, $20,000; A. A. Kelley, H. S. Stewart, H. H. Nieman, 220 Bway.

Ebner & Whaling, Webster, coal, fruits, farm produce, feed, mills, $20,000; D. E. Whaling, Rossetta, and J. Ebner, Webster.

Hudson Investing Co., realty, $5,000; E. F. Roehm, M. Pollinger, F. F. French, 870 E. 162 St.

Buschen Hotel Co., $10,000; J. Bauer, C. Linke, Mathilde Buschen, 154 Vermilya Av.

Plaza Stores, Cedarhurst, realty, $5,000; G. W. Foren, S. E. Harris, C. A. Johnson, Inwood.

Improved Belting Co., Buffalo, $5,000; H. W. Willis, J. N. Whitcomb, J. J. Lenahan.

Henderson Transportation Co., Watertown, motor vehicles, $5,000; R. W. and L. Butterfield, J. Nellis.

I. D. Wolfson, Inc., neckwear, $10,000; W. Jacobs, Isador D. Wolfson, N. Waxman, 346 Bway.

Geo. S. Carll & Co., ladies' clothing, $10,000; E. A. Pollack, J. I. Liner, B. S. Catts, 29 Bway.

South Third St. Bldg. Crpn., Brooklyn, realty, $10,000; G. J. Brown, Nathan Feldman, H. I. Halprin, 217 Havemeyer St., Brooklyn.

Walter B. Stark, Inc., advertising, $10,000; H. F. Doris, Maud B. Smith, W. B. Stark, 200 5 Av.

Wm. L. Flanagan Crpn., Poughkeepsie, realty, $30,000; P. G. Tighe, W. L. and D. C. Flanagan, Hampton Farms, Poughkeepsie.

Four Hundred and Six West Thirty First St. Co., engineering, construction, $10,000; W. J. Hughes, M. and A. T. Campbell, 459 W. 22 St.

Stobaugh-Lamont-Carroll, N. Y. C., contracting, engineering, $5,000; I. A. Lamont, C. J. Carroll, C. H. Stobaugh, Englewood, N. J.

Temple Bar Cafe & Restaurant; T. J. Molloy, E. Schumann, A. Steyres, 44 Court St., Bklyn.

Jacob A. Zimmerman & Son, contracting, constrn., brokerage, $110,000; W. H. Jeffers, A. L. Rose, G. A. Zimmerman, 505 5 Av.

Westland Amusement Crpn., $130,000; N. A. Smyth, C. S. Flanders, J. A. Highlands, 6 E. 45 St.

University Film, $10,000; A. L. Rosenburg, C. L. Brookheim, J. Sullivan, 1,086 W. 47 St.

Onondaga Trading Co., Syracuse, paper mfr., metals, burlaps, junk, $25,000; R. and L. Shulman, H. C. Cohen.

E. W. Foley Contracting Crpn., $100,000; M. V. Dorney, E. W. Foley, W. S. Menden, Hotel St. George, Bklyn.

Federal Share Crpn., Rochester, bonds, stocks, securities, realty, $250,000; R. I. Englehart, J. S. Fitch, H. Satterlee.

Union Photoplay Co., $100,000; S. G. Rains, W. W. Young, C. R. Macauley, 225 5 Av.

Capital increases: J. N. Adams & Co., New York, $5,000 to $750,000; Onondaga Co., Niagara Falls, $200,000 to $300,000; Silvex Co., N. Y., $100,000 to $200,000; Rockland Light & Power Co., Nyack, $500,000 to $800,000.

Capital reduction: Kopf-Engel Co., N. Y., $40,000 to $20,000.

Authorization: Syndicate Film Crpn., Dover, Del., $500,000; A. E. Jones, 71 W. 23 St.

Voluntary dissolution: Star Excelsior Co., Chateauxay; French-American Bakery & Lunch Room Co., N. Y.; Yuengst Patent Brick & Furnace Co., Maspeth; Robert Hill Construction Co., N. Y.

### New Jersey Charters.

*Special to The New York Times.*

TRENTON, May 6.—Charters filed to-day: Gross Realty Co., Jersey City, $100,000; George Grossmar, C. E. Hendrickson, Jersey City; S. D. Baldwin, Hackensack.

United Mattress & Manufacturing Co., Newark, $100,000; I. W. Brainen, W. E. Brodenshaw, Newark; W. L. Brunyate, Orange; Barney Meyers, N. Y. C.

Modern Building Co., Jersey City, $25,000; S. H. Rabine, Wm. Byron, Edward Byron, Jersey City.

Northern Amusement Co., Orange, $35,000; Harry Delaney, F. T. Ealand, J. M. Hoeing, Newark.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

## SHIPPING AND MAILS.

### Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:54 | Sun sets..7:01 | Moon sets..3:13

THE TIDES.

| | High Water. A.M. | High Water. P.M. | Low Water. A.M. | Low Water. P.M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Sandy Hook | 5:11 | 5:37 | 11:20 | 11:59 |
| Governors Island | 5:30 | 5:59 | 11:52 | 12:00 |
| Hell Gate | 7:20 | 7:49 | 1:27 | 1:35 |

### Arrived—Wednesday, May 6.

SS Olympic, Southampton, April 29.
SS Neckar, Bremen, April 24.
SS Seydlitz, Bremen, April 25.
SS Venezia, Lisbon, April 23.
SS Prinz Joachim, Colon, April 28.
SS Carzilla, Nuevitas, April 22.
SS Havana, Havana, May 2.
SS Trent, Kingston, May 1.
SS Parsamon, Philadelphia, May 2.
SS Commewijne, Trinidad, April 25.
SS America, Philadelphia, May 5.
SS Pawnee, Philadelphia, May 5.
SS El Alba, Galveston, April 30.

### Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Wells City | Swansea | May | 1 |
| Czar | Libau | April | 24 |
| California | Rio Janeiro | April | 17 |
| Patria | Gibraltar | April | 28 |
| Chicago | Havre | April | 29 |
| Erny | Palermo | April | 23 |
| Europa | Palermo | April | 25 |
| Pennsylvania | Hamburg | April | 25 |
| Antilles | New Orleans | May | 2 |
| Oscar II | Christiansand | April | 25 |
| Santa Marta | Kingston | May | 2 |

DUE TO-MORROW.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Dania | Copenhagen | April | 25 |
| Galileo | Hull | April | 28 |
| El Sud | Galveston | May | 2 |
| Zulia | Mayaguez | May | 2 |
| Gregory | Barbados | April | 30 |

DUE SATURDAY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Adriatic | Liverpool | April | 30 |
| Imperator | Hamburg | May | 1 |
| Lorraine | Havre | May | 2 |
| St. Paul | Southampton | May | 2 |
| Canning | Manchester | April | 24 |
| Iroquois | London | April | 27 |
| Vandyck | Rio Janeiro | April | 21 |
| Katherine Park | Tyne | April | 25 |
| Colorado | Key West | May | 5 |
| Prinz Der Nederlander | St. Marc | May | 2 |
| Mayaro | Port Spain | May | 2 |

### Outgoing Steamships.

SAIL TO-DAY.

| | Mails Close. | Vessels Sail |
|---|---|---|
| Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, Hamburg | 4:30 A.M. | 8:00 A.M. |
| St. Louis, Southampton | 6:30 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| Ivernia, Madeira | 9:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Allemania, Ingua | 1:00 P.M. | 4:00 P.M. |
| Campanello, Rotterdam | — | 1:00 P.M. |
| Baltic, Liverpool | — | 12:00 M. |
| El Cid, Galveston | — | 12:00 M. |
| City of St. Louis, Savannah | — | 3:00 P.M. |

SAIL TO-MORROW.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Florizel, St. John's | 7:30 A.M. | 11:00 A.M. |
| Parima, St. Thomas | 11:30 A.M. | 2:00 P.M. |
| Commewijne, Trinidad | 11:30 A.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Manzanillo, Santiago | — | 12:00 M. |
| Lenape, Jacksonville | — | 1:00 P.M. |

SAIL SATURDAY.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Olympic, Southampton | 6:30 A.M. | 10:00 A.M. |
| Coamo, San Juan | 9:00 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Pastores, Jamaica | 9:30 A.M. | 12:00 M. |
| Havana, Havana | 10:00 A.M. | 1:00 P.M. |
| Pr. Joachim, Jamaica | 10:00 A.M. | 2:00 P.M. |
| Panama, Colon | 11:30 A.M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Nicaria, Rio Janeiro | 12:00 M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Eastern Prince, Argentina | 12:00 M. | 3:00 P.M. |
| Highland Harris, Argentina | 5:30 A.M. | 7:00 A.M. |
| Vauban, Bahia | 5:30 A.M. | 9:00 A.M. |
| Cameronia, Glasgow | — | 12:00 M. |
| Kroonland, Antwerp | — | 10:00 A.M. |
| Minnewanka, London | — | 9:30 A.M. |
| Napoli, Naples | — | 11:00 A.M. |
| Venezia, Marseilles | — | 3:00 P.M. |
| Chicago, Havre | — | 3:00 P.M. |
| Pres. Grant, Hamburg | — | 11:00 A.M. |
| Seydlitz, Bremen | — | 10:00 A.M. |
| Trent, Jamaica | — | 1:00 P.M. |
| Comus, New Orleans | — | 12:00 M. |
| El Oriente, Galveston | — | 12:00 M. |
| Borinquen, San Juan | — | 12:00 M. |
| San Jacinto, Galveston | — | 1:00 P.M. |
| Lampasas, Tampa | — | 1:00 P.M. |
| Huron, Jacksonville | — | 1:00 P.M. |
| City of Savannah, Savannah | — | 3:00 P.M. |

### By Marconi Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., MAY 6.

SS Patria, Marseilles to New York, was 270 miles E. at 7 P. M.; due 7th, afternoon. Fabre Line.

SS Czar, Libau to New York, was 308 miles E. at 5 A. M.; due 7th, forenoon. Russian-American Line.

SS Pennsylvania, Hamburg to New York, was 311 miles E. at 8 A. M.; due 7th, forenoon. Hamburg-American Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP.

SS Commewijne, Trinidad to New York, was 160 miles S. E. at 2 A. M.

SS City of Savannah, Savannah to New York, was 98 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS Comet, Port Arthur to New York, was 204 miles W. of Tortugas at noon.

SS El Occidente, Galveston to New York, was 227 miles E. of Galveston Bar at noon.

SS Zulia, Mayaguez to New York, was 436 miles S. at noon.

SS Vandyck, Barbados to New York, was 480 miles S. at 3 P. M.

SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, was 227 miles S. at noon.

SS Huron, Jacksonville to New York, was 66 miles N. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at 7 P. M.

SS Santa Marta, Santa Marta to New York, was 300 miles S. at 8 P. M.

SS Momus, New Orleans to New York, crossed Mississippi Pilot Bar at 4 P. M.

SS Perfection, Sabine to New York, was 284 miles S. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS El Sud, Galveston to New York, was 253 miles S. W. of Diamond Shoals Lightship at noon.

SS Lampasas, Galveston to New York, was 65 miles N. of Jupiter at noon.

SS Prinz Sigismund, Colon to New York, was 1,020 miles S. at noon.

## Foreign Ports.

### Arrived.

SS Splendor, at Algiers, May 2.
SS Louisiane, at Bordeaux, May 3.
SS Falls City, at Hobart, May 4.
SS Royal Prince, at Malta, May 6.
SS Madonna, at Naples, May 6.
SS Etonian, at Antwerp, May 5.
SS Bovic, at Liverpool, May 6.
SS Araxes, at Oran, May 6.
SS Croton Hall, at Antofogasta, May 4.
SS Saxonia, at Naples, May 6.
SS Dwinsk, at Libau, May 1.
SS Berlin, at Naples, May 6.

### Sailed.

SS Kronprinzessin Cecilie, from Southampton, May 6.
SS Laconia, from Naples, May 5.
SS Boveric, from Manila, May 4.
SS Lower Range, from Port Natal, May 5.
SS New York, from Southampton, May 6.
SS Ultonia, from Flume, May 5.
SS Craster Hall, from Rio Janeiro, May 3.
SS Lux, from Barcelona, May 4.
SS River Delaware, from Batoum, May 4.
SS Frederick VIII., from Copenhagen, May 4.
SS Argentina, from Flume, May 2.
SS Ultonia, from Trieste, May 6.
SS Narragansett, from London, May 6.
SS Karonga, from Oran, May 6.
SS Danube, from Southampton, May 6.

### Passed.

SS Graf Waldersee, New York for Hamburg, passed Lizard.
SS Ambria, for New York from Shanghai, passed Gibraltar.
SS American, New York for Antwerp, passed Lizard.

### Transpacific Mails.

These mails close at 6:30 P. M.:
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia (except West) and specially addressed mail for New Zealand (via San Francisco)—Sonoma ..... May 7
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Manoa.. May 7
Japan, Korea, and China, (specially addressed only,) via Seattle—Mexico Maru ..... May 7
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, (except West,) via Vancouver—Niagara..... May 8
Japan, Korea, and China (specially addressed only) (via Seattle)—Teucer ..... May 8
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of Asia ..... May 9

### Pacific Mails.

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates—Hongkong, April 7; Manila, April 10; Yokohama, April 19, and Honolulu, April 29—which arrived at San Francisco per steamer Nippon Maru, were dispatched east on May 5, and are due in New York on the morning of Sunday, May 10.

### Transatlantic Parcel Post Mails.

Germany—Close at 5 P. M. May 11, SS Kronprinz Wilhelm.
Austria—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 7, SS Ivernia.
Belgium—Close at 5 P. M. May 8, SS Kroonland.
Hungary—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 7, SS Ivernia.
Netherlands—Close at 5 P. M. May 11, SS Noordam.
Sweden and Denmark—Close at 11:30 A. M. May 15, SS Oscar II.
Italy—Close at 9:30 A. M. May 7, SS Ivernia.

### Post Office Notice.

Postmaster Morgan announces that a parcel post convention has been concluded between the United States and Greece, to take effect May 9, 1914, and that parcel post packages for destinations in Greece will be admitted on and after that date to the parcel post mails for Greece made up in and dispatched from this country.

Circulars containing full information regarding the postal rates and conditions applicable to parcels for Greece may be obtained at the General Post Office or at any station thereof.

For Latest Shipping See Page 1.

## THE UNITED SERVICE.

### Army Orders.

*Special to The New York Times.*

WASHINGTON, May 6.—Capt. J. L. De Witt, Q. M. C., to Galveston, Texas, as asst. to Depot Q. M.

Orders April 23, relieving 2d Lt. R. D. Newman, 11 Cav., from duty at the Mil. Acad. and directing him to proceed to join his regiment, revoked.

1st Lt. T. L. Crystal, 5 Inf., to detached, and 1st Lt. G. A. Lynch, Inf., from detached.

A board of officers, Maj. H. G. Shaw, M. C.; Capt. R. F. McMillan, C. A. C.; Capt. J. R. McKnight, M. C.; 1st Lt. E. Reybold, C. A. C., and 2d Lt. E. B. Dennis, C. A. C., is appointed to meet at Ft. Banks, Mass., May 19, to conduct examination of applicants for commissions in volunteer forces.

Orders April 18, relieving 1st Lt. C. H. Muller, 11 Cav., from duty at the Penn. Mil. Acad. at Chester and directing him to join his regiment, revoked.

Leaves: Capt. T. T. Frissell, 11 Inf., 3 mos. extension; Lt. Col. D. B. Devore, Adjt. Gen., 2 mos.; Capt. D. P. Townshend, Porto Rico Regt. of Inf., 3 days, and 2d Lt. H. H. Zornig, C. A. C., 1 mo.

### Navy Orders.

Com. W. D. Brotherton, Boston, Mass., May 20, to Asiatic Station, via June transport.

Com. G. E. Gelm, commissioned from Feb. 13.

Lt. Com. E. H. Delany, command the Culgoa, to Nav. Hosp., Wash'n, sick.

Lt. Com. W. N. Vernon, commissioned from Feb. 13.

Lt. G. E. Davis, commissioned from Feb. 21.

Jr. Lt. S. M. Kraus, commissioned from June 6, 1913.

Med. Insp. N. J. Blackwood, commissioned from Sept. 29, 1913.

Asst. Surg. H. M. Stenhouse, M. R. C., and Asst. Surg. W. A. Stoops, M. R. C., commissioned from April 4, 1914.

Pay Insp. Joseph Fyffe, det. Mare Island, Cal., to await orders.

Paymaster R. Nicholson, det. Puget Sound, Wash., to the West Virginia.

P. A. Paymaster S. L. Bethea, Charleston, S. C., continue treatment.

Boa'n T. L. McKenna, rec. ship, New York, to treatment Nav. Hosp.

Bos'n J. Atley, Boston, to the Ranger.

Gunner H. Jorgensen, the West Virginia, to the Milwaukee.

Gunner F. G. Keyes, the Milwaukee, to the West Virginia.

### Marine Corps.

Maj. H. C. Reisinger, A. P. M., to Pay Office, San Francisco; Capts. Puryear, A. Q. M., and T. Holcomb, Jr., and 1st Lts. D. M. Randall, W. T. Bevan, R. E. Adams, to Marine Barracks, Mare Island, Cal.

1st Lts. F. B. Garrett and A. E. Randall, det. Marine Detachment, American Legation, Peking, to the U. S.

### Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Paul Jones, at La Paz; Cleveland, at Guaymas; Salem, at Vera Cruz; Yankton, at New Orleans; Chattanooga, at Sandiego; Brutus, at Norfolk Yard; Intrepid, and Just, at Mare Island, and the Galveston, at Shanghai.

Sailed—Washington, off Key West, for Puerto Plata; Albany, Hull, and Lawrence, Mazatlan, for La Paz; Cyclops, Tampico, for New Orleans and Hampton Roads; Ozark, Hampton Roads, for Key West; Solace, Vera Cruz, for New York via Key West; Cummings, Vera Cruz, for Tampico; Ammen, Vera Cruz, for Galveston, via Lobos Islands and Tampico.

## POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

### Police Department.

Transfers: Patrol. C. A. Picco, 43 Prect., to Det Div., designated as Act. Det. Sergt., second grade; George Kohler, 65 Prect., to Marine Div.; M. J. Rogers, 151 Prect., to Marine Div.; C. D. Bebensee, 165 Prect., to Marine Div.

Assignments, temporary: Patrol. Peter Voelbel, 36 Prect., and T. J. Duffy, 148 Prect., to Comr.'s office for 10 days; Charles Hansman, 65 Prect., and A. C. Hoffman, 173 Prect., to 16 Insp. Dist. for 15 days. To Det. Div.: W. B. Kirk, 14 Prect., for 5 days; C. E. Hooker, 43 Prect, for 10 days; W. L. Ihnken, 80 Prect., and W. C. Hilderbrandt, 81 Prect., for 5 days; Charles Eason, 149 Prect., for 5 days; T. J. Weber, 168 Prect., for 5 days; Act. Det. Sergts. (first grade) Richard Oliver and J. A. Watson, 2 Prect., to Manhattan Headquarters for 10 days; Act. Det. Sergts. (second grade) Stephen Birmingham, 5 Prect.; S. P. Gorman, 29 Prect., and R. A. Fennelly, 157 Prect., to Manhattan Headquarters for 10 days; Herman Meyer, 63 Prect., to Manhattan Headquarters for 5 days.

Leaves without pay: Patrol. J. J. Hamilton, 22 Prect., 1 day; I. R. Glandel, 154 Prect., 1 day.

Resigned: Patrol. J. J. O'Brien, 1 Prect., on May 5.

Annual vacation periods are: For a commanding officer or the head of a bureau or squad, 30 days; for a Lieutenant or an assistant to the chief of an administrative office or bureau, 16 days; for a Sergeant, 15 days; for a patrolman or a matron, 14 days; for any other civilian or clerical employe, 14 days; for any other department employe, 10 days.

Not more than one Lieutenant, one Sergeant, and one matron from a precinct, or not more than two patrolmen from a squad, or one employe of the steamer Patrol, while it is in commission, shall be granted vacations during the same time. Vacations of patrolmen in precincts must be contnued successively without interruption until completed.

### Fire Department.

Joseph Perry, appointed an automobile engine man in the Telegraph Bureau for 15 days.

Employed as laborers: Julius Belzner,

# COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

## FEDERAL.

### Supreme Court.

Charles L. Wilson of N. Y. C. admitted to practice.

207—Silas A. Gilson, appel't, vs. USA.—Submitted.

375—Clarence H. Venner, appel't, vs. Chicago City Ry. Co. et al.—Continued.

376—The Brown Shoe Co., pl'ff in error, vs. C. Ross Hume, Trustee, &c.—Dismissed, with costs.

380—Nathaniel W. Bowe et al, pl'ffs in error, vs. Elizabeth S. Scott et al.—Death of Nathaniel W. Bowe, one of the pl'ffs in error, suggested, and the appearance of Emma Lewis Bowe, executrix of the last will and testament of deceased, filed and entered; 360—Emma Lewis Bowe, executrix, &c., et al., pl'ffs in error, vs. Elizabeth S. Scott et al.—Argument commenced.

361—Arthur L. Selig, pl'ff in error, vs. Charles E. Hamilton, as receiver, &c.—Argued.

Call for May 7: Nos. 750, 367, 368, 370, 372, (and 373,) 374, 377, 379, 381, and 384.

### Circuit Court of Appeals.

Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M.

Chaloner<Sherman. Bates<Un Shoe Mach. In re Scofield Co. Actiesia C. Ingrid<C RR of N J. Miscia Einure<Hamilton Co. Elmore<Hamilton Co. In re Hollins. | Thomas Towboat Co<Scow Louise. McGuire<Thomas Towboat Co. Erickson<Gallagher In re Lathrop Haskins Co. In re Leavitt & Grant.

### Southern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Martin, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Jury calendar: Amy Hay<Leh Val RR. Werner<A W Nesbitt. Same<same.

DISTRICT COURT—Smith, J.—At 10 A. M. Admiralty.

No German Lloyd<SS La Lorraine. French Line<SS W Wilhelm. O'Boyle<Tug F Y Robertson. Packard<Tug S A Carpenter. | Same<Tug F Y Robertson. Colonial Nav<Ferry b't America. Herrman<French Line Cornell Stbt<SS Tyr. Tweedie Trading<USA

### Eastern District.

The Common Law Calendar will be called in Room 323, Post Office Building, Brooklyn, on May 11, at 10:30. Trials will commence on May 13 at 10:30 A. M.

The calendar of Admiralty causes will be called in the District Court, Room 323, on May 20, at 10 A. M., and causes will be set down for a specific day for trial during the term. Notes of issue, in cases of new issues, must be filed with the Clerk on or before May 16.

MOTION CALENDAR—Chatfield, J., at 10 A. M. Piel<Martin Evans. Lovel-McConnell Mfg<Oriental Rubber.

NATURALIZATION CALENDAR—Veeder, J., at 9:30.

## STATE.

### Court of Appeals.

DAY CALENDAR. Haule<Con Pk Brew. Unterberg<Elder. Sander<Garfinkel. Reschke<Syracuse, L S & N R Co. | Rock<NY C RR. Richardson<Mt Vernon. Godley<Crandall & Godley Co. Moran<NY State Rys.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Ingraham, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Dowling, and Hotchkiss, JJ. Enumerated motions.

People<Fein. Wagner<Van Schaick. Schaffer<Miller. | Langstroth<J C Turner. Fox<B & O RR. Pearse<Nat'l Lead.

APPELLATE TERM—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Blanchard, J.—Litigated motions, at 10:30 A. M.

In re Mullen. Baylis<Eberhardt. Adler<McCormick. Wood<Durham. Tropauer<Tropauer. In re Nas Elec RR. Spear<Wachtel. Sussman<Hershfield. Grubart<I R T. Dwyer<same. Srynes<same. Trone<Todd. Sheehan<Willard. Osterwald<M R L B'd'g. Schoenberg & Co<Hall. Kenney<Int R T. Panny<Herde. Am Locomotive<Casmento. Quinlan<Deckermann. Hulst<Epstein. Malea<Knapp. Demarest<Clifford. People ex rel Gulotta<Sons of Italy. Halsey<Halsey. In re Cullen. Hughes<Fisher. Douglas<Goldberg. Geo R Read & Co<Hadden. Goelet<Shoninger Bros Hirsch<Consumers Co. Taylor Packing<Bolithe. Same<same. Turnbull<Biel. Warburg<28 & 7 Av Rlty. Menser<Kirschbaum. Shapiro<Cohen. Lang Con<Aufrecht. Hommecker<Tuteranicky. Same<same. MacDonald<same. Same<same. Sorwood<same. Gross<Gross. Von Jenny<Elrado. Young<Woap. Sullivan<Jennings. Von Jenny<Elrado. Randall<Kelley. Zipkin<Zipkin. | Weisner<Weisner. Pelham<Pelham, Jr. Zipkin<Zipkin. Killeen<Hatton. Brauer<Lawrence. Emigrant Ind Sav B'k<same. Schutzberger<Schutzberger. In re Dailey. Emmet<Sanitary Water Steel Co. Selden<Sniffen. Fairbanks Co<Smith. Kahn<Mahler Co. Mail<Seligman. Caldero<Kamenstein. NY Life<Paterno Bros Smith<Carey. Goeltz<Goeltz. Rosenberg<Jacobson. In re CNY (E 237 St) Cohen<Hirsh. Jacobson<Jacobson. Gen'l Accid't F & L<Kelly. Orlando<Orlando. Westen<Watts. Shmilowitz<Custen. In re H Maimin. W'tminster Presb Ch<Trustees of Presby. In re Stein. County Hold'g<Unico Realty. Peck<Nehring. Sutton<Dupont. VonDrann<Reinhardt. Humbert<Humbert. Hammerstein<Trentini Abrams<Abrams. Fasathory<Cort. Same<same. Clarke<Turner. Baker<Fuller. Klesewetter<Wood. Borenstein<London. Gluck<same. Lawrence<Gerken. Ancher<Ancher. Schmid<Neuberger. Zurich<Gans. Samuel Kaplan & Bros<Ellis.

PART I.—Lehman, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

PART II.—Page, J.—At 10:15 A. M. Motions:

Piesen<Mitchell. Same<same. Penfield<Mc Vern Tr. In re W 151st St. Salpaugh<Salpaugh. Gustafson<Gustafson. O'Brien<O'Brien. Priscia<Priscia. Silberfeld<Albro. Sulzberger<Difeneddo. Lemmert<Lemmert. In re 151st St. Katz<Katz. Preferred causes: Farley<Sloss. Same<Beckmann. Same<Wendelken. Ancher<Ancher. Hayes<Mithaus. Mommer<Hayes. General calendar: Penfield<Mc Vern Tr. Rieser<C N Y. Stephens<Stephens. Copeland<Copeland. Ernst<Gerdam. Jarmulowsky<In'al R. Martino<Metuchen R. Elliott<Doherty. Baker<Fuller. Weil<Rosenthal. Siegel<Corvan Co. Schum<Schum. Schenkman<Schenkman. Friedrich<Ivanhoe. Platow Flinn<Am Mtr Co.

PART IV., Ford, J., case on; V., Erlanger, J., case on: VII., Philbin, J., case on.

TRIAL TERMS—Part II., Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Doull Miller & Co<Durham. | Anderson<Anderson. Clear.

PART III.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Gibbons<NY No day calendar. C & R RR.

PART IV.—Delaney, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Goldstein<C Y & B RR Cauley<Bradley Con. Benz Auto<Froelich. Bennett<Lloyd Mfg. Magdesko<Washburn Wire. Case on.

Oshrin<Shapiro. Tripler<Fairchild. Kravits<C RR of NJ. Nassberg<Berliant. Same<same. Hoergel<Linch. Donegan<Shares.

PART V.—Weeks, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Jermyn<Searing & EmpireTr. No day calendar.

PART VI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Golden<NY, N H RR. Bushel<NY Rys. Same<Same. All<Bradley Const Co. Weiss<Frank.

PART VII.—Adjourned until May 18.

PART VIII.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Brown<Improv'd Prop Corp. Doran<Levering & G. Peters<Speedwell Con Case on. Oleynek<Lesser. Nicholas<Weld.

PART IX.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Andrews<Gardiner. Cinque <L'Araldo Ital Wall<Morton. Guinan<J T Brady. Case on.

PART X.—Adjourned until May 18.

PART XI.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Abrahams<NY Rys. Epstein<Wanamaker. Pfeiffer<Orbach. Case on.

PART XII.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Frankel<CNY. Kane<Golde. Gibbs<Conroy Bros. Victorito<McQuade Co. Sysclare<CNY. Case on. Des Verney<Holbrook, Cabot & B. Rauch<Hinkle Iron. Samm<Wennemer Bros, Inc.

PART XIII.—Adjourned until May 18.

PART XIV.—Davis, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Merreshoff<Am & Br Mfg. Co. Wallman<Rothschild. Marshall<Tiffany & Co. Lawson<Ward. Dowe<N Y Yacht, &c. Collins<N Y Tel Co. Potter<H P Wr't & Co. Bisbee<Naval Ins. | M. Levi<same. Aron<W Indies Trad. Hastings Pav't<Donovan. Hennessy<Schmidt. Dittenhoefer<Sheehan. Somerville<Read. Beach<Am Palace C. Clean.

PART XV.—Giegerich, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Fox<Hirschfeld. Rinaldi<Opera House Garage. Rattray<Hazard. Rosenberg<Hamilton. | Rity, &c. Dunn<Wackes. CNY<Union News. Clear.

PART XVI.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Friedberg<Haffen. Riverside Bk<Auto Import Co. Russell<Auto Print. Bradley Con<Mass Bonding & Ins Co. N J Terra Cotta Co<F & L Bldg Co. Kline Bros<Ottawa Fire Ins Co. Kline Bros<Ins Co<Montgomery Mutual Fire Ins Co. Marquise<Norfolk F Ins Corp. Hanes<Eh Val Struc. | Higgins<Jac Everard's Brew. Rosenfeld<Jacobs. Farley<Fleischman. Kingsway Const Co<Met Ry Co. Krauss & Co<Fulton Metal Co. Lincoln<Franklin Hat Goldberg<Phillips. Saliman<Schulze. Keddie<Simpson. N Y Art Pub<Mason Henry Press. Clear.

PART XVII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Middleton<Spreckles. Zak<Simpson. Clear.

PART XVIII.—Gavegan, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Case on—Fay<Purcell. Case on—Bway Trust <De Marco.

### Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, Estates: Alice Sharp, Edmund Dickas. Proofs of wills probats: Ernst Schmidt, Mary C Smith, Mary C Depierriss, William Gaskell, Joanna Cons. Louis Fruhling, TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. No day calendar

### City Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Lynch J.—Litigated motions—At 10 A. M.

Greenhut-Siegel C< Harris. Edberg<Ehrman. Yellow Taxicab<Myers Rala<Friedman Bros. Benjamin<Brownstein. Levuns<Phillips. Stoddard<De Loca. Strouse<Strouse. Hogan<Shef'd Farms. Bernstein<Yaube. Ocurcok<Hanlein. Levine<Schwartz. Louis Mayer<same. Kaplan<Harris. Patro<Werner. Needgebow<Mattus. Bluckstein<Eichelb'm. Benenson<Benenson.

SPECIAL TERM—Part II.—Schmuck, J.—Ex parte business—At 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERM.—Part I.—McAvoy, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Hublitz<Willett. Wiselaski<W Side Ldy Kricheldinker<Baebe. Canfield<L Sonneborn Sons. Kriegel<Brodsky. Kolodney<Linch. Schwallan<Qualer. Rubin<Adler. Carroll<Dunne. Zaocardi<NY Rys. Mecklowitz<Prost. Shapiro<Roth. Shifrin<Sanders & Barnat. Lyon<Glaeckner. Bklyn Firepf, &c<Gallagher. Snid<Ebbs. Willensky<Harris. Sollinger<I R T. Same<same. Erkens<Schwarz. O'Brien<Coffey. Katz<N Y Rys. Prince<same. Gaynor<same. Pincus<Lichtenstein. Rohrlick<Kane. Wolpin<same. N'thern Pk<Frankel.

PART II.—La Fetra, J.—At 10 A. M.

Keller<Horowitz Dress Co. Fine<Texas & Pac. Lissner<Rau. Lytton<Bloom. Sochman<Sliverman. Tullman<Barnett. Roseman<Benquiart. Case<Waydell. Crulkshank<Stilassny. Schmidt<Vetter. Gardner<Leichtman. Stultz Bros<Munnichs Gaynor<Int Met Nov De Raismes<Birdsall Goldberg<Cantor. Public Bank<Kibetzer Pub. Mercy<Liberty Storage Met Trust Co<Arnold. Hannigan<Henning. Case on.

PART III., O'Dwyer, J., case on; IV., Finelite, J., case on; N., Green, J., case on; VI., Ransom, J., case on; IX., Delehanty, J., case on; VIII., Smith, J., case on.

### Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Dickinson<Kidd—James H. Hyde. Dickinson<Lewis H. Hyde. Walker<Hochdorf—George E. Weller. Steckler<Wolf—Albert R. Lesinsky. Kneeland<Steward (4)—S. Morrell Banner.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J. Condit<Okum—Maurice Geodman. Tax Lien Co.<Williams—Charles B. Dana. Harding<Coulan—Warren Leslie.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. Underhill<Valk—Gilbert H. Montague. Hendricks<Flumefradds—Philip J. McCook. Harper<Delany—Augustine R. McMahon. Lawyers M't'ge Co.<Mills—Charles H. Murray. Lawyers M't'ge Co.<Mills—Benjamin Jackson. Matter of Simpson—Phoenix Ingraham.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J. Vom Hafe<Glassen—Lester Lazarus.

### Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Philbin, J. Alexander Robb<Ann Errett—Walter C. Wyman.

SUPREME COURT—Lehman, J. Joseph L. Graf<Bonwit Alexander—H. Pincus. Henry Bruer<Otto Loreen—Lamar Hardy. Samuel Seideman<Herman B. Grassman—M. F. Mulverhill. Gustav Lange<Jacob Smalls (3)—Charles Lippman.

SUPREME COURT—Blanchard, J. John Fitzgerald<Magnetite Mining Co.—Charles W. Hall.

## KINGS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Jenks, Burr, Rich, Stapleton, Putnam, JJ.—Enumerated day calendar.

Gallagher<Fidelity & Casualty. Timmons<Am Mfg. In re Watson. In re same. In re Uffleck. Smith<Richm'd RR. In re Ball. Eckert<Truman. Murphy<Yonkers B'k. Archer<Archer. Rosenthal<Peterson. Connell<Jankelson. Bauer<Montague. | Leopold<Heymann. Johnson<Richm'd RR. Same<same. In re Duffy. Mills<NY, NH RR. Whitney<Brenack. Hamilton<Shneider. Kaplan<Feinstein. Zeichner<Katz. Goodliffe<Ehrhart. Nassau Cottage<Ests of Long Beach. Mossman<NY, NH RR

SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Manning, J.—Litigated motions:

Tetu<Tetu. Sweeney<Couch. Reidy<Terrence. Rideout<C R R of NJ Empire Trust Co<Coleman. In re Foster Av. Seifter<Am Bond'g. Frankel, E<Frankel, A In re Cumberland St & Carlton Av. MacLaurin<Morse D. Murtha<same. In re E 95 St, (Antekeil.) McGarry, G<McGarry, J Stephan Bldg<Burkard Tritzscher. Reimer<Parkhill et al Goldberg<Harvey. | Shewan<Lipshitz et al Cervadora<Home Title Hoefle<Am L'dry. M. Judson<Edwards. MacRae<MacRae. Eagle Sav Bk<L'd Lindheimer et al. Sheridan<Sutor. In re Tow, (Morrow et al.) Warhoftig<Nash et al Mela<Waterbury. Petekofsky<Pollessier et al. L. Baumann Co<Baumann Furniture. Carlin<Meyer. Bell<Terminal W'h'se Strazdas<Am Sug Ref

PART II.—Kapper, J.—Ex parte business.

Undefended divorce calendar: Fiance<Fiance. Handel<Handel. Hurd<Hurd. Bernardo<Bernardo. Goldstein<Goldstein. Harrison<Harrison. Mairs (inf)<Mairs. Roth<Roth. Wilson<Wilson. Bell<Bell. Travaglia<Travaglia. Penn<Penn. | Fonda<Fonda. Pfohlmaun (inf)<Pfohlmaun. Smith<Smith. Muller<Muller. Heylig<Heylig. Kassman<Kassman. Polhemus<Pelhemus. Mole<Mole. Reinck<Reinick. Fralick<Fralick. Zaccone<Zaccone. Shannon<Shannon. Webster<Webster.

PART III.—Kelby J.—Trials.

Stevens<Stevens. Waterbury<Waterbury Leydet<Leydet. Seaquist<Seaquist. Harris<Harris. Levy<Levy. Lafkowitz<Klauber. O'Rourke<O'Rourke. Moresco<Moresco. Bast<Price. Finnigan<Forsyth. Millar<Millar. Brotherhood Caltrain<Caltrani M A Soc. Baron<Dali E Ill Co. Albin<Albin. Roberts<Schiffer-decker. | MacGeorge<MacGeorge Scheidel<Scheidel. Rokeach & Sons<Eagle Oil. Jensen<Jensen. Rohde<Roselk Oys. Auer<Hub Bld Co. Cosenso<Josenzo. Heslin<Hagan. Beach<Beach. Sweeney<Sweeney. Shillito<Shillito. Marinelli<Horn. Nagel<Nagel. Dietz<Dietz. K of L<Dime Sav Bk.

Reserved Calendar—The following cases, if marked ready, will be passed for the day; no cause will be sent down for days upon the call:

Wheeler<Zirinsky. Rapaglia<Rapaglia. Imperato<Imperato. Friedman<Friedman. Goldberg<Miner. Novinsky<Novinsky. McKinny<Sylvester. Salerno<Salerno. Abrahamson<C br'son. Carey<McKenna. Sonn Bros<Duffy. Kotlowitz<Hanselm'n. Albert<Stutzky. Fraser<Fraser. Mayer<Bear Bros. | Browd<Browd. Kranin<Kranin. Silfferlen<Silfferlen. Gallow<Galloway. Miller<Miller. Elliott<Elliott. Farrell<Judge. Levi Bros<Berlin. MacSaveny<Hazelw'd. Wills<Wills. Germain<CNY. O'Callaghan<Norwegian Trinity Church. Sookue<Sookue. Rollins<Hopcroft. Argus<Oceanside Inn. | Morgan<Chicachee. Birch<Valcolm. Clark<Bombaci. Theles<Goss. Stevens<Anderson. Theles<Trohn. Sherwood<Wright. Dewseon-Burke<Barton. Andrews. Bennett<Husted. Grove<Rodgers. Sledzenski<Dunwoodis Club. Shoulouski<Fed Sugar Ref. McIntosh<Catella. Dellacerce<T A Gillespie. Mariotta<McMullen. Moore<Broaker. Mannion<St Rosa C C. Nash<Moore. Rupp<Rupp. Shepard<Shepard. Feinberg<Ratner. Nash<Zimmer. Highest number reached, 1,068. | Macfarland<Knox Hat Shannon<Shannon. Stern<Sohnen. Taylor<Quinn. Brand<Brand. Ahlstrom<Ahlstrom. Mayer<Hp'snarling. Kennedy<Edison E Ill. Marlow<I R T. Bienstock<Bliss Co. Yekniunas<NY Bottle McBride<NY Rys. Fitzpatrick<CNY. Denny<NY Tel Co. Thompson<Clinton Carpet. Hewell<D, L & W RR Kennedy<Kline Rlty. O'Neill<B H RR. Palmer<Caputo. Barr<Barr. Glickman & Co< Brenner. McEvoy<CNY. Coles<Requa. Baptiste<B H RR. Allen<De Marrais. De Lappe<Withington. Erwin<Seed. Schmitz-Weitkus< Weitkus-Schmitz.

These causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day.

Freiman<Motor Taxi. Pressman<Weiss. Hilton<O'Neill. Lockomowitz<Bates et al. Schwann<Albert. Wolf<Bradley Con Sherlock<Nassau RR. Cappisilla<CI & B RR Collins<B H RR. Kiley<CI & B RR. Anderson<Post & McC Bricka<McGuiness. Sheridan<Sutor. Muratore<B H RR. White<Holb'k, C & R Israel<Goldman. Gaudet<B H RR. Jennings<Nassau RR. Kalmanson<CNY. McKee<B H RR. Hawkins<White Co. Muhlenbruch<Pat'rm'n Conran<Driscoll. Peach & an<Rty Assts Furlong<Roberts et al. Schwartz<Wanamaker & Brown. Highest number reached, 8518. | McCloskey<Buckler & CNY. Bixby & Co. Dubovitz<Nassau RR. Meruk<CNY. Klusiok<So Pac Co. Inzinsky<Levy. Hart R & R. Buono<Atl Steved. Rosenberg<B H R R. Kresner<Dworetsky et al. Boyson<B, Q Co & S RR. Ostroff<Progress M P. Waldbaum<Gurian. Sullivan<Hait. Weisz<Weinberg Pap. Jacobs<C I & S RR. Jones<B H R R. Canavan<Hayes. Cohen<Biblical Inst'n. Payer<Greenwood. Bayme<Ward Bread. O'Grady<Schnabel et al. Holmes<Levin.

### Surrogate's Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Ketcham, S.

Wills of: Margaret Murphy, Catherine Hart, William Banolf, Simon Goldstein Margaret McCaffery, Ed Kelly, Patrick Summers, Adele Burroughs, John Wille, | Accts. in estates: Margret Mazzinie, Mary Ireland, Michael Morgan, John Murphy, Paul Buttner, E. R. Corwin, Anna M. Helmer, Elizabeth Paul, John Springsteen. Estate of J. Dohnel.

CONTESTED CALENDAR. Wills of: Max Kraut, | Caroline Neubut, Mary A. Carroll.

### County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part IV.—Roy, J.

Romanik<Lawrenowicz. Bowden<B H R R. Cone<same. Duffy<same. Brown<same. Butler<same. Martin<Nas El R R. Reserve calendar marked ready and passed until Monday, May 11, 1914. | Schroeder<Bloca. Thelada<Union Ry. Charambura<Tripler. Halle<Silver Const. Carpet<Pitts Cont. Obendorfer<Piser & Co. Franconi<Noconti. Ohlweiller<H L Holbert. Leary<Brooks. Brooks<Heubner. Klasoffsky<Shenk. Karelch<Dickson. Gargullo<I T Co. Langan<N Y Confect. Same<same. Bergovoy<N Y Rys. Gritz<Linch. Hintze<Conn Cab. Coogan<N Y Rys. Waldorf<Kallman. Torn<Netherlands-Am S N. Meyer<Weisberger. Stegeman<Puretz. Cummins<Hedden Con O'Leary<Newgarden. Zahn<Saal. Case on.

### BRONX COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Motions: Mishel<Mishel. Farley<Guigliano. DeWerth<Mount. Scheuerman<Bernheimer. | Graham<Graham. Freemorgen<Col Wax Prod Co. In re Matthews. Ziegel<Reale.

SPECIAL TERM—Trials—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M. Case on—Wasserman< Bronx Home News. | No day calendar.

### Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

### County Court.

CHAMBERS—Gibbs, J.—At 10 A. M. Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—At 10 A. M. No day calendar.

### Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Brady, J. Jones<Inter-City Land & Securities Co—J. Philip Van Kirk. Jung<Senler—Willoughby B Dobbs.

### WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

DAY CALENDAR—Morschauser, Keogh, JJ. —At 9:45 A. M.

Burt<Richards. Rosenthal<Sladen Wks Fletcher<NY, NH RR Bunclarieneo<Steinehart & Dennis. Schoonmaker<PittsCon McKibbon<Phila & R RR. Frederickson<N Rochelle Coal. Winkler<Swackhamer. Gardner<NY, NH RR. Nichtern<West St Ry. Gardella<Pitts Con. McMahon<Miller.

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Willson<W Plains. Nicoletto<Whitridge. Maher<Gants. Totaro<NY, NH RR. Union Stove<Ruth Rty Nugent<Wiffler. Dunn<Standard Gas. Edwards<NY, NH RR. Arbutino<Pitts Con. Garretty<Un Ry. McLevy<NYC RR. D'Allesra<Hearn C. Condit<NY, NH RR. Eddery<I R T. Cautant<Int RT. Johnson<West St Ry. Tirrell<Steele. Jacoby<Lynch. Millette<NY, W & B Ry. Obermeyer & Liebmann<Weinberg. Highest number reached, 865. | Miller Milling Co< Fuchs. Falco<NY, NH RR. Chubardoff<Concourse Bldg. Stainach Hards<Same. Grogan<Maxwell Bris. Goodhart<Hasbrouck. West Co Brew<Mc-Andrews. Bennett<Husted. Grove<Rodgers. Sledzenski<Dunwoodis Club. Shoulouski<Fed Sugar Ref. McIntosh<Catella. Dellacerce<T A Gillespie. Mariotta<McMullen.

### County Court.

DAY CALENDAR.—Platt, J.

Wilbur Lumber< Nadisch & W. La Bar<Quartararo. Malcolm<Glasier. Westchester Inv Co< NYC RR. Lollobridge<Winston. Cammano<Mangini. Young<Schneider. | Morgan<Chicachee. Birch<Valcolm. Clark<Bombaci. Theles<Goss. Stevens<Anderson. Theles<Trohn. Sherwood<Wright. Dewseon-Burke<Barton.

The civil calendar will be resumed on Monday, May 25.

### QUEENS COUNTY.

### Supreme Court.

TRIAL TERM—Garretson, J.—At 10 A. M.

Mahlstedt<B U E RR. Roecke<same. Stelzer<Weil. Schantz<Newtown Gas et al, (2 acts.) Walter<B H R R. Marshall<C T Stern. Highest number reached, 500. | Bohn<Jackson. Henkel<Wolff. Augustin<B, Q Co & S RR. Voegel<same. Bulger<Neuschler, (inquest.)

These causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Gonenbusky<Nat Sug Ref. Glebner, as admx<D P Leahy Rlty. Morse<Cohen. Moscowitz<Stafford R & P. Highest number reached, 500. | Schott, as admx<U S Printing. Rock<B H R R. Gertel<Hartung. Smith<N Y & Q E L

## PRIVATE SCHOOL DIRECTORY.

DE LA SALLE INSTITUTE.—A school of character for young men and boys. Central Park South.

### INSTRUCTION.

**THE GROFF SCHOOL**
Boys and Young Men. Boarding and Day Pupils. The Pleasant School for Individual Attention.
By individual attention and the constant supervision of study hours, the Groff School enables its students to accomplish more in one year than is usually done in two. No grades to retard the brilliant or discourage the backward pupil. Prepares for Regents and college. Exclusive location. Boarding facilities unexcelled. 259 W. 75th St. Tel. 744 Col.

**The Brown School of Tutoring**
241 West 75th St. Phone Col. 8394.
Founded 1906. Boarding and Day School. Separate Buildings. Prepares for schools and colleges. Examinations. POSITIVELY ONLY ONE PUPIL AT A TIME WITH A TEACHER. Pupils taught how to study. Study supervision. Fifteen teachers, each having had at least 13 years of experience. PERSONAL INTERVIEWS WELCOMED. "A School with an Atmosphere of Work."

**ST. MARTHA'S**
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, (Episcopal,)
Bronxville, N. Y.
Three Years' Course. Specialty of SEWING, DRESSMAKING & GARDENING.

## BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH SCHAPP, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above-named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated Sept. 29, 1913, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 8, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 6, 1914.

## LAWYER HELD FOR FRAUD.

### Samuel L. Frooks Indicted with Mother on Conspiracy Charge.

Samuel L. Frooks, a lawyer, living at 225 Christie Street with an office at 80 Maiden Lane, was held without bail yesterday for extradition to New Jersey by Magistrate Campbell in the Tombs Court. Frooks and his mother, Mrs. Rosa Frooks, are under indictment by the Hudson County Grand Jury charged with conspiracy to defraud the estate of Mrs. Mary Cavanaugh out of property and a bank account of $8,000.

Frooks's arrest was brought about yesterday after two weeks' search. According to the police, Frooks lives in Bayonne, N. J., and his house was watched after the finding of the indictments, but neither Mrs. Frooks nor her son was to be found. Tuesday night Misses Dorothy and Jeznatta Frooks, Frooks's sisters, complained to Robert S. Hudspeth, the Hudson County prosecutor, of the presence of the detectives.

Yesterday noon Lieut. Collins and Detectives Brown and Mayers were stationed at Broadway and Maiden Lane when they saw Frooks approach. He was placed under arrest and brought to the District Attorney's office, where Assistant District Attorney Richter of the Appeal Bureau took charge of the extradition arrangements.

"This whole affair is a frame-up," Frooks said in court. "There are proceedings now pending in the Supreme Court in this country. We are not going to stand for having thousands of dollars taken away from us."

Two years ago Lewis Frooks, the father, who is 60 years old, was convicted on a charge of fraud preferred by Mrs. Gus Ruhlin, widow of the prizefighter. She alleged that she had given Frooks $8,000 to invest for her. When she got no return she went to court. Sentence was suspended because of Frooks advanced age. He promised to make restitution, according to Mrs. Ruhlin, but she says he never paid the entire debt.

## GIBSON'S ACCOUNT SCOUTED

### Judge Swan Tells Prisoner He Believes Receipts Were Faked.

Burton W. Gibson, who was convicted last week of grand larency in connection with the estate of Rosa Menschik Szabo, for whose murder Gibson was twice tried, had a hearing yesterday before Judge Swann, who is to sentence him next week. Gibson presented an account in which it appeared that he paid $7,000 to Petronelli Menschick, Mrs. Szabo's mother.

"I am only doing what I wanted to a year and a half ago," Gibson said. "I felt that it would be dangerous to make these disclosures in advance of my trial for murder, because witnesses for the prosecution have charged me first with one thing and then with another."

"All I want to know," said Judge Swann, "is what you did with the money."

"I have information," Gibson replied, "that the District Attorney has in the House of Detention a witness who poses as Petronelli Menschick. She is the woman who received the money. I knew her for years as Mrs. Menschick and Mrs. Szabo presented her to me as her mother."

"I have been told that there is such a woman," Judge Swann said, "and that you offered her money to sign the papers. She disappeared. I don't believe you paid the money to her. These are apparently fake receipts."

The hearing will go on to-day.

### Weler to Improve Leavitt Park.

John E. Weler, who was recently appointed Park Commissioner for Queens, announced yesterday that he would bend his efforts toward improvements to Leavitt Park, a hitherto undeveloped tract in the residential section of Flushing. Mr. Weler purposes to lay out tennis courts and two baseball diamonds. The high school has recently been deprived of the use of the former baseball ground.

## BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 19,142.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FREDERICK H. MILLS, trading as the HAMLIN SUPPLY CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1914, the said Frederick H. Mills, trading as the Hamlin Supply Company, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 32 Beaver St., City and County of New York, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1914, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 6, 1914.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SUPERIOR GLASS CO., Bankrupt. —No. 19,370.

Notice is hereby given that Superior Glass Co., bankrupt, has filed its petition, dated May 5th, 1914, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 18th, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Dated May 5th, 1914.

NO. 18,520.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New York.— MAX FLETCHER, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that the above named bankrupt has filed his petition, dated April 6, 1914, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 8, 1914, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 6, 1914.

## BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In the matter of SAM KASS, Bankrupt.

Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, sells Wednesday, May 13th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M. at No. 36d Grand Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, assets of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of a general line of millinery, trimmed and untrimmed hats, ribbons, plumes, braids, flowers, various ornaments, furniture and fixtures. Open for inspection May 11th and 12th from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

SAMUEL H. LUMMIS, Receiver, 486 Broadway, New York City.

OLOOTT, GRUBER, GONYNGE & McMANUS, Attorneys for the Receiver, 170 Broadway, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SINGAR & WEIBEL, Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 14th, 1914, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 152 West 21st St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, silks, manufactured coats and suits, machinery, two motors, typewriter, safe, cutting machine, fixtures, &c.

CHARLES L. BROOKHEIM, Receiver, SAMUEL S. BRESLIN, Attorney for Receiver, 120 Broadway, New York.

# THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

## B. N. Duke Buys $1,300,000 Apartment House Near Central Park—Loft Zone Deals—$1,000,000 Department Store Sale in Newark—Brooklyn and Suburban Market—Many Business Leases.

Benjamin N. Duke, who has recently made some large investments in uptown apartment houses, furnished another evidence of his confidence in that class of Manhattan property yesterday by purchasing the new twelve-story structure on the southwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Fifty-eighth Street, within a block of Central Park. The house is one of the best of the many fine apartments in that locality, and was opened last Fall. It was erected by the Paterno Construction Company, of which Dr. Charles V. Paterno is President, and has been held by that company at $1,300,000. The building is well rented, showing a rent roll of $125,000. It occupies a plot 100.5 by 100 feet, and adjoins the Osborne apartment on the northwest corner of Fifty-seventh Street. The deal was closed by A. C. and L. A. Marks. Dr. Paterno was represented in the negotiations by Stoddard & Marks, attorneys.

Mr. Duke's former noteworthy purchases were also made from Dr. Paterno, including the twelve-story Marc Anthony and Prince Humbert apartments on the south side of 110th Street, Cathedral Parkway, between Broadway and Amsterdam Avenue, and the fourteen-story Paterno building on the northeast corner of Ri

# REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

### Manhattan.

AV C, 175, w s, 23.8 ft s of 11th St, 23.8x 65; William Lustgarten to William Lustgarten & Co., Inc., 68 William St, ½ part, March 30; attorney, August Weymann, 68 William St ..... $1

BIRMINGHAM ST, 2-6, —x—; Birmingham St, 10-16, —x—; Madison St, 139 to 141, —x—; Joseph B. Cotter to Rebelle Holding Co., 30 East 42d St, May 4; attorney, E. M. Krulewitch, 30 East 42d St ..... $100

BROADWAY, s w corner of 179th St, 103x 103.6x92.6x148.10; Donald Robertson Co. to 700 West 179th Street Corporation, 15 East 40th St, (mtg $350,000,) all liens, April 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $100

BROOME ST, n e corner of Mangin St, 50x 75; Progress Holding Co. to Arthur G. Schaffner, 1,307 Dean St, Brooklyn, (mtg $37,000,) April 24 ..... $1

CARMINE ST, n w s, 75 ft n e of Bleecker St, 43x70x irregular x100; Charles R. Farnolo to Anthony F. Scala, 656 East 176th St, (mtg $41,000,) May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $100

COLUMBIA ST, e s, 70 ft n of Rivington St, 30x25; Anna K. Schuchmann to Otylle V. Schuchmann, Main St, Fort Lee, N. J., May 6, (mtg. $5,000); attorney, Charles Buerman Realty Co., 507 Grand St. ..... $1

DELANCEY ST, 40, n s, 50 ft e of Forsyth St, 25.2x100; Florence V. Bayles and others, heirs of Joseph R. Rowland, to Samuel Grosner, 1,361 Madison Av, and others, quitclaim, March 9; attorney, Max Miller, 135 Broadway ..... $1

SAME PROPERTY; Royal W. Howland, heir of Joseph R. Howland, to same, quitclaim, March 9; attorney same ..... $1

LENOX AV, n e corner of 120th St, 21x80; Henry von Minden to Eraminda von Minden, 109 Park Av, Orange, N. J., (mtg. $16,000,) all liens, April 23 ..... $100

MADISON AV, 1,929, s e corner of 124th St, 20.6x80, (foreclose April 28); John Lotito, ref., to Rosetta Hart, 180 Broad St, Charleston, S. C., May 1; attorney, M. S. Hart, 27 Cedar St ..... $12,000

STANTON ST, 364, n s corner of Lewis St, 25x75; Mark Rosenthal and others, executors, &c., of Barned Cohen, to Bernard Galinski, 26 West 120th St, (2d mtg $4,500, 1st mtg —, all liens, May 5; attorney, David Galenski, 299 Broadway ..... $1

WALL ST, 114; Jones Lane, 4-6; Front St, 261; Vesey St, 96-98; Vesey St, 110; Pier 28, East River, extending from South St into river, land under water, and land under water in front of 162-164 South St, which the late Joshua Jones was entitled to at time of his death; Frederic O. Spedden to Union Trust Co. of New York, 80 Broadway, all right, title, and insurance which Bertram de N. Cruger had on April 22, 1904; C. A. G., all liens, Jan. 20, 1911; attorneys, Miller, K., L. & L., 80 Broadway. $1

1ST AV, w s, 63.5 ft n of 100th St, 37.6x100; Timothy A. Leary, referee, to George C. Koble, 118 East 54th St, April 22; attorneys, Roosevelt & K., 44 Wall St. ..... $35,000

1ST AV, 2,109-11, —x—; Joseph B. Cotter to Rebelle Holding Co., 30 East 42d St, May 4; attorney, E. M. Krulewitch, 30 East 42d St ..... $100

2D AV, s w corner of 122d St, 37.6x100; David J. Daly to Bernard Goodman, 17 East 95th St, May 1, (mtg $49,000;) attorneys, Spelr & B., 52 Wall St ..... $100

3D AV, n e corner of 74th St, 22.2x71; Philip J. Curry to Hugh P. Skelly, 24 West 83d St, (mtg. $15,000,) all liens, May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $1

5TH AV, e s, 66.11 ft s of 70th St, 30x75; Lawyers Realty Co. to Mary B. Jennings, Fairfield, Conn., May 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway ..... $100

6TH AV, s e corner of 19th St, 25.5x90; Dennis P. and Daisy L. Dowd, St., to Katherine M. Dowd, 14 Morningside Av, 1-5 part, a. t., party to 1st part, retains life estate, all liens, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $100

6TH ST, s s, 412.3 ft e of Avenue B, 21.9x 97.6; Jacob Udkowitz to Sarah Ehrenreich, 1,301 Fulton St, May 1; attorneys, Condon & D., 55 Liberty St ..... $1

10TH ST, 34 and 36 East, s s, 222.3 ft e of University Place, 92.3x51.6x irregular; Bonvit Realty Co to Braender Building and Construction Co., 315 4th Av, 1-2, and s, May 1; attorneys, Wilson, B. & W., 48 Wall St. $1

18TH ST, 513 East, n s, 158 ft e of Av A, 37.6x103.3; Tommaso Rao to Diana Rao, 513 East 13th St, ½ part, a. t., all liens, May 4; attorney, E. M. Vickers, 192 Broadway ..... $100

21ST ST, s s, 295 ft w of 5th Av, 25x92; Robert A. B. Dayton, executor of Frank J. Ransom to Peter H. Newman, 530 West 159th St, April 27; attorney, B. V. Daly, 32 Nassau St ..... $100

SAME PROPERTY; Peter H. Newman to Lewis A. Mitchell, 59 West 76th St, (mtg $18,000,) April 27; attorney, same ..... $1

61ST ST, s s, 225 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.5; Jacob M. Weiss to Annie Zimmerman, 295 7th St, June 18, 1913; attorney, Joseph Bressman, 247 East 3d St ..... $1

63D ST, 35-37 West, n s, 125 ft w of Central Park West, 150x100.5; Sarah S. Davidson to West Sixty-third Street Realty Co., 1,029 East 163d St, (mtg $276,000,) May 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway ..... $100

64TH ST, 120 East, s s, 143.10 ft w of Lexington Av, 27x102.2; Charles Gulden to Edward M. James, 97 Hamilton Place, all liens, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $100

SAME PROPERTY; Edward M. James to Surrey Realty Co., 299 Madison Av, (mtg $30,000,) all liens, May 6; attorney, same ..... $100

96TH ST, s s, 233.9 ft e of Park Av, strip 63 2-3x102.2; Mary A. C. Riley, widow, heir of Thomas F. Riley, to Charles Gulden, 318 West 102d St, quitclaim, Jan. 29; attorneys, Deyo & B., 111 Broadway ..... $100

SAME PROPERTY; Charles Gulden to Edward M. James, 97 Hamilton Place, quitclaim, May 6; attorneys, same ..... $100

SAME PROPERTY; Edward M. James to Surrey Realty Co., 299 Madison Av, quitclaim, May 6; attorneys, same ..... $100

SAME PROPERTY; Morgan J. O'Brien to United States Trust Co. of New York, executors, &c., of Herman Wronkow, to same, Feb. 11; attorneys, Stewart & Shearer, 45 Wall St ..... $54

101ST ST, 327 East, n s, 225.6 ft w of 1st Av, 28.6x100.11; Benjamin J. Well to Annie Dehm, 807 East 170th St, b. and s., all liens, May 5; attorney, Robert E. Bergman, 148th St and 3d Av ..... $100

118TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Manhattan Av, 100x100.11; Acme Realty Co. to Marie Schwarz, 871 Tiffany St, (mtg $146,000,) all liens, April 30; attorneys, Reed & P., 233 Broadway ..... $100

144TH ST, s s, 47.6 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17.6x99.11; Bertha Baum to Pauline Baum, 160 West 96th St, Oct. 19, 1912, (mtg $10,000;) attorney, Eugene Cohn, 74 Broadway. $1

### Bronx.

BROOK AV, 350, e s, 25x100; John Schreyer to John F. Schreyer, Aug. 2, 1907; attorney, Mrs. Florence Lawrence, 590 Mott Av ..... $1

EAGLE AV, n e corner of 156th St, 94x112.5; Louis M. Ebling Brewing Co., 760 St. Ann's Av, Jan. 3; attorney, E. Cohn, 74 Broadway ..... $1

FREEMAN ST, s s, 48 ft w of Chisholm St, 24x75; Charles E. Moore, referee, to Otto Manss, 2,790 Creston Av, May 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $6,125

FOX ST, s s, 100 ft e of St. John's Av, 80x 100; Henry Morgenthau to Mack Construction Co., Inc., 957 Hoe Av, May 6; attorney, Max Stern, 64 Wall St ..... $1

FULTON ST, s e s, 25 ft s w of De Milt Av, 25x— to White Plains Boulevard; White Plains Boulevard, s w corner of De Milt Av, —x—; Henry Blumenberg to Frieda Blumenberg, 222 South 9th St, Brooklyn, 1-5 part, March 14; attorney, J. H. Conway, County Clerk's office, New York County. $1

HEATH AV, 2,917, s s, 11.11.90 ft e of Jonn J. O'Brien, referee, to Cordelia Nelson, 103 West 120th St, May 6; attorney, B. W. B. Brown, 52 Wall St ..... $4,600

SAME PROPERTY; James Griswold Wentz to same, quitclaim, May 2; same attorney. $1

LOTS 19, Block 36, map of Morris Park; Frank T. Langley to William E. Hennessy, 26 Storrie St, Amsterdam, N. Y., (mtg $500;) attorney, J. H. Dealy, 51 East Main St, Amsterdam, N. Y. ..... $1

LOT 73, map of William O. Giles; Ellsworth L. Mills to Everett Harrison, Montclair, N. J., (mtg $5,500,) Jan. 7; attorney, F. P. Huddy, 41 Park Row. $1

LOTS 13 to 16 and 223, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum; Fremont Realty Co. to Leopold Salamon, 1,791 Lexington Av, (mtg $3,088,) April 28; attorney, E. N. Polak, 587 Tremont Av ..... $100

LOT 90, map of Bronx Terrace; Alfred Raffaely to Calogero Mule, 905 2d Av, (mtg $300,) Feb. 2; attorney, C. Mule, 905 2d Av. $500

LOT 356, map of Wakefield; Kate N. Godfrey to George H. Janss, 1,057 Hoe Av, May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $100

SAME PROPERTY; Alice M. Thipps, executrix, to Kate N. Godfrey, 804 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn ..... $25

LOTS 70 and 71, map of Pugsley estate; also Lots 258 and 259, map of Gleason property; Henrietta Shotten to George A. Devine, 1,251 Taylor Av, May 4; attorney, G. A. Devine, 1,241 Taylor Av. ..... $1

LOT 124, map of Joseph Husson, Clason Point; Margaret A. Haggerty to Molly E. Hutchinson, Alpine, N. J., April 25; attorney, E. J. Welch, 76 William St. ..... $100

LOTS 176 and 177, map of property of Monatiquot Real Estate Co., 50x114.10; Monatiquot Real Estate Co. to Thomas Gilday, 430 East 141st St, Sept. 12, 1910; attorney, W. Niles, 154 Nassau St. $1,300

LOT 126, map of Century Investing Co.;


### BUILDING MATERIAL.

FLOORS WITHOUT FLAWS.
(Registered.)
Before installing new floors, see us.
DIAMOND COMPOSITION FLOORS
are sanitary, fireproof, waterproof, and resilient. They possess the flexibility of wood, the stability of concrete, and the attractiveness of tiling. They are ideal for stores, offices, bathrooms, kitchen, etc. Send for estimate.
American Magnesia Cement Co., Inc.,
322 East 34th St., N. Y. Murray Hill 2728.

CHAS. H. GREENE & CO. Successors to
EDWARD CORNING CO.
BUILDERS
100 Wm. St. NEW YORK


Annie T. Morris to David Kaufman, 81 Avenue B, May 6, (mtg $1,950;) attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway ..... $100

SHEIL ST, s s, Lots 861 and 862, map of Laconia Park, 50x100; Theresa Fuchs to Joseph Fuchs, 2,011 Lexington Av, (mtg $450,) May 4; attorney, Joseph Fuchs, 2,011 Lexington Av ..... $1

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 287.5 ft s of 182d St, 45.10x135.10x44x123.2; Walter L. McCorkle, referee, to Church & Dwight Co., 27 Cedar St, May 4; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $36,000

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, w s, 802.11 ft s of Westchester Av, 138x139.10x158.1x133.11; Kellwood Realty Co. to Meyer Klein, 200 West 112th St, May 5, (mtg $282,500;) attorney Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway. $100

WENDOVER AV, w s, 154.5 ft e of Webster Av, 37.6x83.7x37.6x83.5; Daniel Augustus Realty Co., Inc., to Joseph G. Abramson, 920 St. John's Av, Aug. 20, 1913, (mtg $18,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

2D AV, s w corner of 10th St, 75x105, Wakefield; Solomon H. Elsler, referee, to George Lohrmann, 874 Morris Park Av, April 15, (mtg $5,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $3,600

135TH ST, 447 East, n s, 25x100; Fraser & Beran, Inc., to August Doering, 393 South 6th St, Brooklyn, May 5, (mtg $14,500;) attorneys, A. & H. Bloch, 99 Nassau St. $100

145TH ST, 330 to 334 East, s s, 50x100; Louis G. Friess and others, executors, to Thomas H. Roff, 106 Imlay St, Brooklyn, May 1; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway ..... $10,000

145TH ST, 330 to 334 East, s s, 50x100; Thomas H. Roff to Jacob Erdenbrecher, 2,699 Bryant Av, May 5; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway. $100

147TH ST, s e s, 375 ft e of Prospect Av, 50x 100; Melvin G. Palliser, referee, to Kabec Realty Co., 55 Liberty St, May 4; attorneys, Miller & B., 55 Liberty St. ..... $4,600

### SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

#### Manhattan.

AVENUE A, 109; Triborough Marble and Tile Works, Inc., against John Doe et al., Dec. 26, 1913 ..... $517

AVENUE A, s e corner of 7th St; same against same, Dec. 23, 1913 ..... $476

BROADWAY, 2,520; Otis Elevator Co. against Harry Schiff et al., Nov. 24, 1913 ..... $8,000

BROADWAY, n w corner of 94th St; Selig Rosenberg against West 82d Street Realty Co. et al., Nov. 24, 1913 ..... $4,800

BROADWAY, 2,741 to 2,747; Otis Elevator Co. against West 82d Street Co. et al., Nov. 24, 1913 ..... $2,000

WEST END AV, 924; Union Building Material Co. against West 82d Street Realty Co. et al., Nov. 28, 1913 ..... $180

WEST END AV, 355; McLaury Tile Co. against West 82d Street Co. et al., Dec. 25, 1913 ..... $3,847

WEST END AV, 924; Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co. against West 82d Street Realty Co. et al., Nov. 25, 1913 ..... $490

25TH ST, 11 West; Adin G. Pierce Co. against 11 West 25th Street Co. et al., Nov. 3, 1913 ..... $422

88TH ST, 165 East; Colwell Lead Co. against Katholischer Gesellen Verein et al., April 28, 1914 ..... $1,400

97TH ST, 47 West; Jacob Scheinwald against Mrs. Wilson et al., April 3, 1914, by deposit. $110

105TH ST, n s, whole front between Broadway and West End Av.; Mandel Stern against West 82d Street Realty Co. et al., Nov. 30, 1913 ..... $618

SAME PROPERTY; Joseph B. Friedlander Co. against same, Nov. 25, 1913 ..... $2,271

#### Bronx.

172D ST, w s, 150 ft s of Boston Road, 25x 100; Charles Kausen against Sole Realty Co., Inc., et al., March 5, 1914 ..... $106

### LIS PENDENS.

#### Manhattan.

MANHATTAN ST, 111; Albany Savings Bank against Edgar Construction Co. and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Tracey, Cooper & Townsend.

127TH ST, 2,824 East; Ida W. Innis against Francis P. A. McGowan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wells & Snedeker.

138TH ST, s s, between 1st and 2d Avs, Lot 54; Tax Lien Co. of N. Y. against Edgar S. Appleby and others, (amended foreclosure of tax lien;) attorney, A. Weymann.

61ST ST, 202 East; Greenwich Savings Bank against Jacques Weill and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, B. A. Sands.

122D ST, s s, 374.9 ft w of Lenox Av, 17.6x 100.11; N. Y. Life Insurance Co. against Fannie V. Malone and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. W. Hubbell.

#### Bronx.

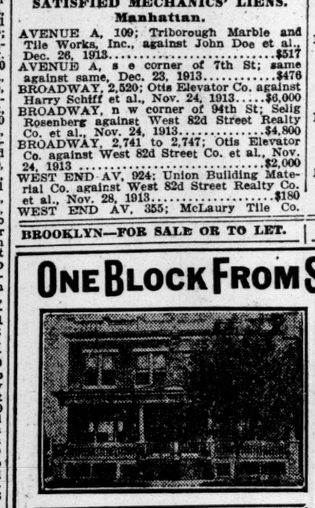
BRIGGS AV, n s, 150 ft e of 200th St, 50x100; Mosholu Parkway, n e corner of Hull Av, 119.6x105.8; Briggs Av, n s, 250 ft e of East 200th St, 100x110; Ida W. Innis against same, Dec. 23, 1913; Francis P. A. McGowan and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wells & Snedeker.

HOE AV, 1,200, and 975, 981, and 985 Home St; Hoe Realty Co. against First Preferred Realty Corporation and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Wise & Lichtenstein.

139TH ST, n s, 475 ft e of St. Ann's Av, 25x100; Robert C. Fulton and others against Mary E. Flynn and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Mare & Morrison.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.


## ONE BLOCK FROM SUBWAY STATION



Brick, 7 rooms, tiled bath

Present "L" service of 35 minutes will be cut in half by new Sea Beach Line, now nearing completion. Trains guaranteed to run next April. Values now rising, as in famous Bronx boom.

$6,000 HOUSE FOR $5,500

| | |
|---|---|
| First Mortgage at 5½ %.. | $3,250 |
| Second Mortgage at 6%, payable in installments of $100 per year..... | 1,750 |
| Cash on taking title (which need not all be paid at once) ..... | 500 |
| Total ..... | $5,500 |

After taking title, your carrying charges would be as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Interest on 1st Mortgage ..... | $178.75 |
| Interest on 2d Mortgage (1st year $105, last year $6), average interest for 17½ years ..... | 52.50 |
| Taxes, Water and Insurance ..... | 65.00 |
| Total ..... | $296.25 |

Average Monthly Cost Only $25

Before you buy real estate anywhere consult
ALCO BUILDING CO., 60A Liberty St., New York.
Telephone Cort. 2552.

New 1 & 2 Family, Stone & Brick
hardwood; $4,675 to $6,500; no assessments; will take single lot free and clear part payment. 376 Enfield St., Brooklyn. Rent 1-fam., $35; 2-fam., $22-$24. Fleer Bros. Write.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

TO-DAY at 14 VESEY ST.

M. MORGENTHAU JR. COMPANY, auctioneers, will sell at Public Auction several attractive parcels at their Special Sale at 12 o'clock noon in the Real Estate Salesroom.

These parcels are being offered at Executors' Partition and Voluntary sales. They include No. 65 West 52d Street, a fine 4-story private dwelling; the N. W. cor. Lexington Av. and 120th Street, choice vacant plot, 100x55, on the new subway line; the S. E. corner 188th Street and Willow Av., a corner plot of 9 lots one block from the new subway station, suitable for factory or tenements; 2 lots at East 198th Street, near the New Jerome Av. subway line; 2 lots at E. 234th and 235th Streets, near the 3d Av. "L" extension; a single lot on Washington Av., S. of 185th Street, and a 9th Av. block front near the 207th Street subway station in the Dyckman section.

Full particulars can be had of M. MORGENTHAU JR. COMPANY, auctioneers, at 95 Liberty Street, or at the Salesroom.

To-Day
at 12 o'clock noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St., New York City.
Special Sales Day
'Phone for particulars, or, better still, come to the sale.
744 Cortlandt. 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Joseph P. Day Auctioneer.

RYE-PORTCHESTER
Absolute Auction Sale
19 CHOICE VILLA PLOTS
of 4 to 21 acres each,
Wednesday, May 20,
at 12 o'clock noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey St
Bryan L. Kennelly, 156 Broadway.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Artistic New
Hollow Tile Dwelling
Half Timbered Effect
conveniently located on Abingdon Road. Many attractive features. Spanish tile roof, 11 large rooms and 3 baths, central hall, large massive fireplaces, etc. Plot 75 ft. by 125 ft. Reasonable price, convenient terms.
15 Minutes From Herald Square,
Via Penn-L. I. Electric Express Service.
Kew Gardens
Surrounding Kew Station.
In the beautiful Hills of Kew.
Many other new houses ready for occupancy from $9,500 to $22,500. We offer also villa plots of exceptional beauty on reasonable terms. Information on request from JOHN J. BRITTON, Marbridge Building, Broadway and 34th St., N. Y. Telephone Greeley 6250 and 5251. Representative at Kew Gardens office at Kew Station every day. Convenient trains to Kew: Leave Penn. Station, 33d St. and 7th Av., via L. I. R. R. Week Days—9:07, 10:18, 11:07 A. M., 12:28, 1:06 (Sat. only), 2:06, 3:00, 3:36, 4:08, 4:30, 5:00, 5:15, 5:37 P. M. Sundays—8:26, 9:46, 10:35, 11:18, 11:34 A. M.; 1:06, 2:08, 3:03, 4:15 P. M. Returning at frequent intervals.

REAL ESTATE.

BACK RENTS Collected
No Charge Unless Successful
STANDARD ADJUSTMENT CO.
Flatiron Building. Tel. 5534 Gramercy

ESTABLISHED 1857
DUFF & CONGER
REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT, SALES AND APPRAISALS
Madison Ave.—Corner 86th St.
TELEPHONE LENOX 6800

CRAFTSMAN HOME
Genuine Tapestry Brick, only $4,500; $300 down; $30 quarterly; something entirely different; souvenir Booklet "B" upon request. OTTO SINGER, 248 Kings Highway, Brooklyn. During Subway construction take West End "L," change to Sea Beach at 62d St. Phone Bath Beach 635.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

"If you want a little Bungalow
Where the red, red roses grow,
Where everything is sweet and cozy,
Just room enough for you and Rosy,"
I'VE GOT 'EM,
THE PRETTIEST CALIFORNIA
BUNGALOWS
YOU EVER LAID EYES ON.
Less than hour from City Hall, South Shore, Long Island, five minutes WALK from Station.
View of Bay and Close to
BATHING, BOATING & FISHING
All-year-round easy housekeeping homes. Steam heat, hardwood floors, and up-to-the-minute bathroom; room for fruit, garden, and chickens; fine porches, sidewalks, trees and shrubs.
$3500 to $4000
Small amount down, remainder same as rent.
ONLY THREE LEFT.
Want One? Well! Hurry Up!!
To obtain these prices, you must deal with me direct. H. J. McCord, Owner & Builder, World Building, New York.

Genuine Golden Opportunity
Merrick Road corner, "The Crossways," 25 miles out; overlooking bay; all the pleasure of the water; $15,000; elegant residence and grounds; suitable for home or business; 135 feet on the famous Merrick Road, 200 feet deep on Newbridge Road; house contains 14 rooms, 2 bathrooms; extra fine improvements; steam heat, gas; garage, maid's room; beautiful grounds, trees, plants; double tennis courts adjoining; verandas on all sides; house 74 feet deep; this property is worth $25,000 now for business. Write or call, Owner, A. B. McCORD, Bellmore, L. I. Phone 118 Wantaugh.

CHICKEN FARM.
$150 CASH WILL START YOU,
balance $3 weekly, will buy a poultry farm, with well-built house, 6 rooms; range and stationary tubs in kitchen; large, dry concrete cellar; in greatest poultry country; population 7,000; trolley and railroad; one hour from city; few minutes from station and beautiful harbor; healthy climate; good markets right in town; all kinds of factories; plenty of work all year; soil just suited for poultry and farming. Address Poultry, Box 58 Times Downtown.

FURNISHED HOUSE
ON
HUNTINGTON BAY.
6 bedrooms, 3 open fireplaces.
Very Attractive Location.
RENTAL, $1,000.
ROBERT CARTER, owner,
R. F. D. No. 2, Princeton, N. J.

Country Homes } For Sale or for rent } FURNISHED UNFURNISHED
North Shore Long Island,
OUR SPECIALTY
S. Osgood Pell & Co.
Tel. 5610 Bryant. 542 5th Ave., S. W. Cor. 45th St.

PRETTY BUNGALOW HOME
on 75,000 square feet of high, rich soil; house, 5 large rooms; big cement cellar under whole house; extra large living room; range and stationary tubs in kitchen; house well shaded; cedar grove; fine fruit; few minutes to depot and harbor; best of fishing, boating, &c.; an ideal home; will be sold at a sacrifice; must have $200 cash, balance $18 month. Address Seaman, 171 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

LONG ISLAND ACREAGE
for homes and profitable investment; 7 acre piece choice land, near Garden City; can divide also acre and half acre plots as well as single lots, on easy terms; write for free map or call in forenoon; brokers protected. B. W. Hitchcock, 25 Ann St., New York. In music store.

FOR SALE NEAR HICKSVILLE.
To close estate; plot 50x200; price, $265; cash, $5 and $3.50 per month; only 14 minutes' walk to station; 50 minutes to New York and Flatbush stations; high and clear; first-class place for a home; farming and chicken raising. Kennedy, 96 Times.

NORTH SHORE.
Great Neck to Huntington.
SALE OR RENT.
L'ECLUSE, WASHBURN & CO.,
18 East 34th St. Tel. Murray Hill 4030.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

FURNISHED HOUSES
for rent, season or year, Mount Vernon, Pelham Heights and other Westchester County Localities. $45 to $300 per month.
Cooley Realty Co., 39 Fourth St., Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Tel. 3464.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

100 Suburban Homes
3000 Building Lots
Now Owned by the Industrial Savings and Loan Company (In Liquidation) and New York Mortgage Company (In Liquidation.)
AT PRIVATE SALE BY
BANKING DEPARTMENT
STATE OF NEW YORK.
Properties are located in New Jersey, along the Palisades, about opposite Grant's Tomb, at Grantwood, Palisade, Morsemere, Leonia, Hudson Heights and Edgewater, all reached by trolleys within a five-cent-fare zone.
Present Prices Average About
50% of Former Prices
Reasonable Restrictions.
Title Guarantee Policies furnished free to purchasers.
70% and 75% of purchase price may remain upon bond and mortgage.
Liberal discounts for cash.
This is not a Real Estate Boom Proposition, but a straightforward effort to dispose of real estate quickly, relying upon bargain prices to produce quick results.
Offices at Grantwood, N. J., and Morsemere, N. J., and all of the properties may be reached from the Cortlandt, 42d, and 130th Street Ferries.
For full information, prices and terms of sale address
BENJ. D. HAIGHT,
Special Deputy Superintendent of Banks,
601 Times Bldg., New York.

ENGLISH MANOR HOUSE
LARGE PLOT
Magnificently appointed and built to endure; high, in healthiest nearby section. Express service; few minutes to station.
CONVENIENT TERMS
TO RESPONSIBLE PARTY
10 rooms, 3 tiled baths, huge verandas; artistic fireplaces throughout; electric light, gas, steam heat; hardwood trim and parquet floors, panelled walls, beam ceilings, finest hardware, every modern convenience. IN MOST BEAUTIFUL RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOOD. Cultured, congenial people; superb views; near tennis courts; few minutes to boat and country club house.
This is an opportunity to obtain a real bargain; will show by appointment and send photos on request. Address Attorney, F. O. B. 675, New York City.

SEND FOR A COPY OF OUR SUMMER HOME FOLDER
describing the many advantages of
Asbury Park
Wonderland of the North Jersey Coast. Fifty miles south of New York. The finest family resort in America. No mosquitoes. Address Municipal Information Bureau, 307 Boardwalk, Asbury Park, N. J.

WATER WITCH CLUB,
Highlands of Navesink, N. J.
A restricted colony of homes that has been successful for the last 15 years, situated on wooded hill, overlooking New York Bay and ocean; attractively furnished Houses for sale or to let; rents for season from $400 to $850; reached via Sandy Hook route. For particulars apply to E. C. POILLON, 103 Park Av. Phone 1850 Murray Hill.

Spring Lake Beach, N. J.
Large, New Ocean Front,
Handsomely Furnished Cottage.
All Modern Improvements.
7 Bath Rooms; Artesian Water.
S. E. URIE.

THIRTY MINUTES FROM TIMES SQUARE.
$10 Down, $5 monthly buys building lots, 25x120 ft.; 3 blocks station, with sewer, sidewalks, trees, water, gas, electric lights; high, dry, booming suburb, 7,000 pop.; clubs, churches, schools; 1c. fare. To sell lots will build your house at cost, raising $1,000 to $3,000, payable like rent. Call, write at once! BALDWIN & BOTTENUS, 34 West 33d St., N. Y.

CRANFORD, N. J. Fine residence in suitable for professional man or boarding house; 8 sleeping rooms and bath; 3 rooms and kitchen on first floor; all modern improvements; for sale or rent.
S. R. DROESCHER, Cranford, N. J.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

Fisher's Island, N. Y.
Superb Summer Villa; 18 rooms; newly furnished. Latest improvements and appointments; electricity, city water, private dock, bathhouses, tennis courts, large garden, stable; can be used as garage; quarters for gardener's family and coachman. Apply to W. F. INGOLD, Hotel Arlington, 18 W. 25th St., New York.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

FIVE NEW HOUSES
For RENT or SALE at
BRIARCLIFF MANOR,
Westchester County.
1 hour and 14 minutes from Grand Central; rental, $20 to $40 per month; sale price up to $6,500.
[illegible] 527 Fifth Avenue; 6526 Murray Hill.

A CHARMING COUNTRY SEAT.
Fifteen acres; stucco dwelling, 14 rooms; 8 bedrooms, 3 baths; all improvements; large stable, garage, other outbuildings; apple orchard, beautiful shade, shrubbery. Owner anxious to do business at once.
FOX REALTY COMPANY,
22 EAST 42D ST.

ALONG THE SOUND & HUDSON
and Throughout Westchester County,
PARTICULARLY BRONXVILLE, SCARSDALE, BRIARCLIFF, RYE, etc.
[illegible] 527 Fifth Ave., New York. Phone: 6526 Murray Hill.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y.
11-room cottage, situated on a terrace overlooking the Hudson River; hot water heat, comfortable and roomy; 3 minutes' walk from railroad station. Rent $540 per annum.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

DAVENPORT'S NECK, NEW ROCHELLE.
Now Ready for Inspection.
Four acres beautiful grounds, magnificent trees, abundant shrubbery, 10 room Colonial house, good outbuildings; Sound view; trolley convenient.
BARGAIN $23,000—Terms to Suit.
O'CONNOR & McCANN,
221 Huguenot St. (Tel. 604) New Rochelle, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Windows marked with circle indicate particularly desirable office and studio for rent on the Fifth Avenue front
Fifth Avenue Offices
at 46th Street
Windsor Arcade $600 to $3000.
Harris & Vaughan, Agents on Premises Telephone: 31 Murray Hill

Store and Upper Floors
Low Rent
Boot Makers, Tailors, Milliners, etc.
On Madison Ave., near 42d St.
NO LOCATION MORE ACCESSIBLE
Apply
304-8 Madison Ave., or
Room 1907, at No. 30 E. 42d St.

6 STORY LOFT BUILDING
25x80.
Permanent Light on All Sides.
Electric Elevator. Steam Heat.
Immediate Possession.
12th St., Near 3d Av.
J. EDGAR LEAYCRAFT & CO.
30 East 42d Street.

402 MADISON AVE.
Corner 47th Street.
Offices and Shops:
Office No. 1—Facing Ritz-Carlton Hotel..$1,200
Office No. 3..... 900
Office No. 5..... 900
Considering the service in this building the Rents are UNUSUALLY LOW.
Apply on premises, or of
S. Osgood Pell & Co.
S. W. Cor 45th St. 542 5th Ave., N. Y.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.
Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

410 Park Avenue
Corner 55th Street
12 rooms and 3 baths; 14 rooms and 4 baths. Special apartments—one to a floor—of 19 rooms and 8 baths, have seven master's chambers and seven servants' rooms. Elevators now running. Renting agent on premises.
Rents $4,000 to $11,000.
Booklet Mailed Upon Request
Estate Ogden Goelet, owner
9 West 17th St., Dept. 2.
Telephone 3460 Chelsea
Moore & Wyckoff, agents
546 Fifth Ave., Dept. 2.
Cor. 45th St. Telephone 1263 Bryant

MANHATTAN—West Side.

An Unusual Opportunity Is Offered on the Following Apartments, Giving Immediate Possession.
7 Rooms and 2 baths in the "MONTE VISTA," 464 Riverside Drive.
8 Rooms and 2 baths and 12 Rooms and 4 baths in the "COLOSSEUM," so. cor. 116th St. & Riverside Drive.
5, 6, 7 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths, at "THE REGNOR," 601 West 115th St., cor. Broadway.
3 and 6 Rooms and bath at the "LUCANIA," 235 W. 71st St., nr. B'way.
3, 4, 5 Rooms and bath at the "LUXONIA," 305 W. 72d nr. W. End Av.
The above houses are owned and managed by the original builders, assuring tenants the highest standard of service. Call at our office.
PATERNO BROS., 601 West 115th St.

155
Riverside Drive
CORNER 88TH ST.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF
Apartments of
7, 9 & 10 Rooms & 3 Baths
Extra large rooms, ample closets,
$1,800 to $3,750
to lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be arranged.
Apply Superintendent, on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

BRENTMORE
69th St. & Central Park West.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF APARTMENTS OF
7 Rooms & 2 Baths,
$2,250 & $2,750.
Extra large rooms, ample closets.
To Lease from October 1.
Immediate possession can be arranged.
Apply to Supt., on premises, or BING & BING, 119 West 40th St.

94th St. NEAR RIVERSIDE 314 315 321
BIG CONCESSIONS
High class elevator apts.; all improvements. Large, light rooms. 4, 5, 6, 7 rooms & bath, $42.50 to $79.50.
STRICTLY MILANO FIREPROOF
125-27 W. 58th St.; 7 large rooms and bath; extra maids' room & bath; all improvements; for lease now or Oct. 1st, $1,500-$1,700.
Broadway REMCO 98th Street

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

LOFTS AND APARTMENTS WANTED.
I SAVE MY CLIENTS MONEY IN MANAGEMENT; LET ME SHOW YOU HOW I DO IT.
S. KAUFMANN,
15 WILLIAM ST.
TEL. BROAD—1141.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—UNFURNISHED

ASTOR HOUSES
8-26 WEST 150TH ST.
Now Ready for Inspection.
Beautifully decorated, and with their spacious rooms, front porches, lawns, &c., are worth investigating; reasonable rents.
AGENT ON PREMISES OR
ROBERT LEVERA, 370 Lenox Av.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

57 WEST 58TH ST.
The Coronet
6-8-9-12 ROOMS, 2-3 BATHS
RENTS $1400 to $3600
Ten-story, fireproof building, separate passenger and service elevators, cold storage system, electric light, steam heat, telephone, mail chute, &c. Apply on premises, your own broker, or Harris & Vaughan, Agents, 569 Fifth Av. Tel. 31 Murray Hill.

West Side.
Above 110th St. and Washington Heights.

The Hillcrest
430 West 116th St. Facing Columbia University Grounds
Modern Elevator Apartments.
8-9 Large, Sunny Rooms & Baths
RENTS Parlors .....18x23
$1,500 to $1,800 Dining Rooms....14x19
Bedrooms .....14x16

8-Room Corner Apartment
ALL LIGHT, SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.
Suitable Physician or Family.
ALSO 7-room apartment, first floor, east. 6-room apart't

## Business Opportunities.

*Forty cents a line.*

Young man will invest several thousand in reliable concern, where services can be used as salesman; moderate expectations; references exchanged; bona fide. F 4 Times.

A dance hall in Greater New York on a profitable basis; would sell one-half or whole at an attractive price to capable party only; will show big return on investment. Address D. H., 100, 1,364 Broadway.

Partner wanted who is able to invest at least $5,000 capital in a well established and profitable manufacturing concern of straw and cloth hats; will stand every investigation. Write F 84 Times.

Concessions To Let.—All kinds amusements, including moving picture theatres, ballroom, restaurants, billiard parlors, cafe, lunch rooms, shooting gallery; splendid opportunity, Steeplechase Park, Rockaway Beach.

A well-known representative, who has a perfect knowledge of the fabric glove trade, wanted by a large manufacturer. Offers to be addressed under No. L. C. 4226, to Rudolf Mosse, Chemnitz, (Saxony.)

We want an active man with $1,500 to join us immediately. This chance is exceptional for the right man. Call to-day, 9 to 5, 47 West 34th St., Room 437.

Use your spare time to build up a mail order business of your own; we help you start for a share in profits; 27 opportunities; particulars free. Mutual Opportunities Exchange, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you have some capital and want a mail order article that every woman will buy, large profit, patented, too, we have it. For interview phone Greeley 8334, between 9 and 5.

Established Bronx real estate broker wants partner to help increase and extend business; must give services and purchase half interest; references exchanged. F 76 Times.

Wanted—Party with $5,000 to invest in moving picture film manufacturing; excellent opportunity for right party with cash. Manufacturer, F 58 Times.

Energetic young man, business ability; have small capital to invest healthy, established manufacturing business; partnership preferred. F 65 Times.

Great proposition for a man to invest from $25,000 to $50,000 with millinery manufacturer; will show big profit. Interview, Box M 158 Times.

Active or silent partner, with $5,000 cash, can have an interest in a Jersey development company; large profits; money secured. M. C., 157 East 47th St.

Beautifully furnished rooming house; immaculately clean; monthly profit $133. 163 West 71st St.

Will invest $5,000 and services; state full particulars before expecting interview. F 25 Times.

For Sale.—Private sanitarium, furnished; lower foothills Adirondacks. A. D. H. Kelsey, M. D.

Motion picture theatre, west side, for lease. Call Room 606, 1,480 Broadway.

## Business Notices

*Forty cents a line.*

Call, 'phone Barclay 5675; within fifteen minutes you will have in your place of business by the hour, day or week, experienced addressers, folders, multigraph operators, typewriters, compilers, messengers from The United States Addressing and Printing Co., 24-26 Murray St.

Multigraph letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $9; prompt. Phone Beekman 5350. G. R. Weatherford, 116 Nassau, Room 1018.

### Clothing.

Mme. Naftal buys fine evening, street, and dinner costumes, diamonds, jewelry, furs; highest cash value. 69 West 45th St. 'Phone 670 Bryant.

### Patent Attorneys.

Inventors with patentable ideas or patents for disposal, apply for substantial proposition to Alexander Denes, 125 E. 23d St., N.Y.

## Business Loans.

*Forty cents a line.*

Company makes loans on outstanding accounts, notes, mortgages. Security Finance Co., 135 Broadway

## Real Estate

*Thirty cents a line.*

### New Jersey—For Sale or to Let.

Ridgewood, N. J.—Thirty minutes from New York. I have built and offer two attractive, small houses; also few choice lots, upon which I will assist buyer seeking permanent home to finance and build. I have set out shade and fruit trees, hedges, bushes, and small fruits. These lots, being adjacent to my residence, will be restricted as to character of improvements. F. J. Hciderich, Accountant, 80 Broadway, New York, (Tel 4794 Rector,) and Ridgewood, N. J.

"EIGHT ACRES."

Old, old village homestead; the right kind of setting, even to the traditional wooded stream and gentle slope to setting sun. A farm house that remembers Washington awaits the remodeler's artistic touch. We have christened it just "Eight Acres." Would a photo interest you? S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

Just finished, 5 new cottages, six and seven rooms, handsome designs, well built, city improvements; high elevation; 7 minutes' walk from station; large plot; chicken run, &c.; small first payment; $20 month thereafter; particulars and free railroad tickets upon request. Home and Gardens Company, H. C. Lockwood, Agent, Woolworth Building.

BLOOMFIELD.—$4,500; easy terms; new house; four bedrooms, bath, living room; open fireplace; dining room, pantry, kitchen; entry and square hall; all improvements; gas range; water heater; parquet floors; shades; screens; lot 50x120. HERBERT A. GRIFFITH, builder, 27 Orchard St., Bloomfield.

Nature Lovers' Retreat.—Bungalow in cedars, overlooking Pequannock River; elevation 427 feet; mountain scenery; only 39 minutes, Lackawanna or Erie; commutation 13c.; contains 3 rooms, open fireplace, rustic cedar porch, 52 feet long; $650, easy terms. Address Unusual Value, 72 Times Downtown.

A bungalow of 10 rooms and two baths; the last word in comfort and convenience; charming setting among silver birch trees; large plot; 5 minutes' walk from express station; low price; comfortable terms; write for photo. S. S. Walstrum, Gordon & Forman, Ridgewood, N. J. Fone 555.

SUMMIT, N. J.—Beautiful old place; large residence, modernized; extensive grounds; location, surroundings exceptional; might consider exchange with private owner desiring establish residence, Summit, who has good, small income property; price, terms reasonable. Owner, 666 Springfield Av.

$2,400.—Beautiful new home; 6 rooms and bath; 7½-foot cellar; sewer connection and all improvements; hills of N. J.; 30 minutes from Times Sq.; 7c. fare; will sacrifice at $2,400; cost $2,800; $400 cash, then $20 monthly. Call, write, J. J., Room 1,101, 35 W. 32d St.

A charming house, built by day's work for owner; contains every convenience; 6 very large rooms, sleeping porch, gas kitchen, handsome bathroom; price $6,250; splendid transportation. H. House, Room 520, 1,328 Broadway, City.

Cranford.—New houses and bungalows, $100 cash, balance as rent; 6-7 rooms and bath; on large plots; sewer, gas, electricity, steam heat, hardwood floors, open fireplaces, sleeping porch; latest design; $3,000 up; near station; commutation 10½c. Th. Shaheen, Cranford, N. J.

A village home; 2 acres, 7-room house, city water, bath, other improvements, large brook, chickens, fruit, berries, asparagus, good neighborhood; convenient school, trolley. Frederick Tetor, Ridgewood, N. J.

A handsome new house, 8 large rooms, sanitary bathroom, kitchen; large plot; 45 minutes out; must sell this $8,000 place; price $7,150. J. F. Browne, Room 516, 47 West 34th St., City.

Bungalows and cottages, artistic, complete, 6 to 10 rooms; large plots; near station; best section of New Jersey; photographs on request. Smith-Singer Co., Ridgewood, N. J.

Westfield, N. J.—Handsome six-room semi-bungalow on large plot; high elevation; near station and trolley; $4,275; very easy terms. Milton R. Smith, Elmhurst, L. I.

### Real Estate for Exchange.

Choice parcels taken in exchange; will sell cheap for cash, subject to first mortgages only. 6-story apartment, Manhattan, all rented, $10,360 annually; 4-story apartment, Brooklyn, all rented, $3,168 annually; plot of lots, 55th St. station, New Utrecht Av.; "L" now building. Owner, Room 1,042, 47 West 34th St., New York.

### Real Estate—Out of City.

PORTABLE GARAGES, DWELLINGS, &c. KNAPP SYSTEM, 111 BROADWAY.

### Real Estate Wanted.

Attention, Property Owners.—Avoid annoyances, vacancies, losses by giving us agency and management of your property. William Bettmann, 2,232 7th Av. Phone 3323 Morningside.

Reliable builder wants a plot of lots with loan; references. Box 60 Times Downtown.

### City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

118th St., West.—Newly renovated 4-story house; extra baths and toilets; near Subway station; $1,500; concessions. J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 30 East 42d St.

### Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

**Other Real Estate Advertisements on Preceding Page.**

## Lost

*Thirty-five cents a line.*

LOST—Between Stern Brothers' and Shanley's Restaurant, West 42d St., gold butterfly pin, studded with small diamonds; reward. Kathryn Clements, 1,380 Nostrand Av., Highbridge, N. Y.

LOST—Some time Friday, a brown cardboard lawyer's wallet, containing important papers; also check upon which payment has been stopped. Kindly return to 38 West 75th St.; suitable reward.

LOST—May 5, between 5 and 6 P. M., on Broadway Subway express lady's black leather handbag, tan lining, $5 bill, keys, change, &c.; reward. Apt. 45, 2 St. Nicholas Place, (149th.)

LOST—May 5, solitaire diamond ring, between 14 Wall and Wall St. Subway station, uptown; means great deal to owner; liberal reward; no questions asked. Phone 1600 Rector. Miss Olson.

LOST—About 6 P. M., May 6th, on 6th Av. elevated at 33d St., memorandum book. Reward if returned to J. A. Sherman, 158 William St.

LOST—Sunday evening, near 18th and Beverley Road, lady's diamond ring; platinum Princess setting; small stones; reward. Miss Follansbee, 801 Ocean Av. Flatbush 9114W.

LOST—Between 27th St. and Madison Av. and Yonkers, from automobile, lady's white feather boa packed in pasteboard box; reward. 3 Day, 55 Madison Av.

LOST—Saturday, flexible diamond platinum bracelet, between 79th St. and Stern Bros.; liberal reward; no questions asked. Communicate by phone, Schuyler 4819.

LOST. — Saturday, flexible diamond platinum bracelet, between 70th St. and Stern Brothers'; liberal reward, no questions asked. Communicate by telephone Schuyler 4819.

LOST—May 2, white pearl pansy brooch; reward. Return Duffy Carney, Broadway, 7th St., northwest corner.

LOST—Tuesday evening, black scarf, embroidered in fine jet beads; $10 reward if returned to Wolcott Hotel.

LOST—Single diamond scroll Roman finished scarf pin, Bronx Park, May 3; reward. Kindly return W. M., 22 West 54th St.

LOST—On Saturday, possibly at Bronx Zoo, gold and black enamel locket; reward for return. 108 West 87th St.

LOST—Puppy, Japanese poodle, black and white, 4 months old. Dr. Fakomi, 182 High St., Brooklyn. Liberal reward.

LOST—Russian sable boa, 46th, between 5th and 6th Avs., Saturday morning; reward. Mrs. J. P. Donahue, 875 Park Av.

LOST—Diamond bar pin, eight stones, platinum setting; liberal reward. Kip, 105 East 53d.

LOST.—Amethyst and pearl pin, Sunday, 5th Av.; reward. Mrs. Allen, 161 Madison Av.

$50 REWARD

for diamond bar pin, 16 stones, lost Thursday afternoon, between 31st and 5th Av. and McCreery's. Return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

### Found.

FOUND—K. T. and O. E. S. ladies' emblem. Phone Bryant—518.

### Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Light dog, long hair; small dog, all white, except brown around ears; lost between 90th and 91st Sts., on Broadway, about noon Wednesday; reward. J. Nichthauser, 2,453 Broadway.

LOST—A black wire-haired Welsh terrier, with gray and tan markings;; License No. 11,782. Return for reward to 6 East 70th.

LOST—Small brown dog; license No. 11071; reward. A. Mosso, 234 West 26th St.

## Country Property

*Thirty cents a line.*

### To Let—Furnished.

IDEAL FURNISHED COTTAGES

to rent, near ocean and lake, for $350 to $1,800 season; bathing, sailing, golf, tennis, excellent train and mail service, good water, no mosquitos; write full particulars; trains met on notice. Crutchley & Co., Wainscott, L. I.

GREAT NECK.

New, large residence; magnificent view over Sound; private bathing beach; 8 bedrooms, bath, garage, garden; furnished; $1,500. M. T. Phillips. Telephone 248 W Great Neck.

For rent, furnished, bungalow camp, Atlantic Highlands, 4 rooms; gas, running water; very cool; overlooking bay; 8 minutes to station; $150 for season; bargain. Telephone Spring 3644.

Greenwich, Conn.—Tastefully furnished cottage; garage; sleeping porch; gardens; awninged porches; shaded lawns; hedges. Richardson, 3590 Rector.

Heart Catskill Mountains, 2,000 feet; fine location; nine rooms, bath, barn, piazzas, maple grove, good water, $175 season. St. John, 336 West 56th St., New York.

Nicely furnished house, North Broadway, Yonkers, by season or year. F 71 Times.

8-room house to let; furnished or unfurnished. W. Hess, Valley Cottage.

## To Let for Business Purposes.

*Thirty cents a line.*

EXPORT AND IMPORT RELATIONS WITH RUSSIA.

Director of a Russian firm, with offices in Odessa, Russia, who is here until May 16th, inst., desires to establish relations with American firms to represent them in the sale of their product throughout the Russian Empire; also to export from Russia to this country such articles as are desired here. Offers can be made by mail or in person to U. Litwak, 103 East 14th Street, New York City. Appointments by telephone, 4070 Stuyvesant, between 11 A. M. and 1 P. M., any day.

For Rent.—Salesroom; retail or light manufacturing; 42d St., 4 doors from Broadway; best location in New York; rent reasonable; advertising privilege worth price asked alone. Castle Co., 203 West 42d St.

Very desirable office to rent, 550 square feet, southeast corner Hudson Terminal Building; immediate possession. For further particulars, W. A. Pusch. Telephone 1741 Hamilton.

Furnished boarding house in Catskills; 16 bedrooms and bath; near railroad station. Call 6626R Prospect.

Basement, light, newly decorated, to rent, whole or part. 66 West 40th St.

Offices, light, clean, newly renovated; $15 up. Apply office, 109 Broad St.

## Boarders Wanted

*Twenty cents a line.*

### East Side.

5TH AV., 47 EAST.—Single room and suite, with bath; table board; reference.

9TH, 12 EAST, (near 5th Av.)—Attractive, airy rooms; parlor dining; reasonable.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent table.

84TH ST., 117-119 EAST. (Near Park Av.)—Desirable single, double rooms, board.

53D ST., 37-52 EAST.—Rooms, double, single; references; table board.

62D ST., 16 EAST.—Large and single rooms, suites; parlor dining; reasonable.

### West Side.

5TH AV., 40, (corner 11th.)—Desirable large, small rooms; excellent board; references.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Double, single, southern room; private bath; excellent table; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Double room; table guests; first-class.

57TH ST., 411 WEST. LA GRANGE.—Best value in city; accommodations, table unsurpassed; double, (board two,) $15; single, $7 upward; Southerners.

68TH ST, 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private bath; Southerners; telephone; reasonable.

71ST ST., 62 WEST.—Large rooms; private baths; electric light; exceptional board; reasonable.

72D, 111 TO 117 WEST.—Rooms, single and en suite; reasonable.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Single, double rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; good home; table; references.

76TH ST., 105 WEST.—Desirable, attractive, large, small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; phone.

76TH, 111 WEST.—Medium-sized, well-furnished front room; choice table; table guests.

76TH ST., 127-129 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; prices reasonable; table guests.

76TH ST., 248 WEST.—Desirable, spacious front room; also smaller room; excellent table; select.

76TH ST, 237-239 WEST.—FRONT ROOM, SINGLE ROOM; EXCELLENT TABLE.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Desirable large and small rooms; parlor dining; references.

77TH, 338 WEST.—Will give large, beautiful room overlooking Hudson, with board, to refined couple or gentlemen; best home cooking; Summer rates; table board.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Large, front room, bay window, suitable for two; private house.

77TH ST., 124 WEST.—Attractive double or single rooms, with lavatory; unusual house, table; ideal location; Summer rates.

78TH, 164 WEST.—Nicely furnished hall-room; excellent board; table guests.

79TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions" with large parlors, tearoom, and lounge; Southern cooking; white maid service; private telephone; booklet on request.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

## Boarders Wanted

*Twenty cents a line.*

### West Side.

79TH ST., (64 Riverside Drive.)—Large front rooms, overlooking Hudson; Southern cooking; Summer rates.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Attractive, comfortable room; electricity, excellent French cooking; table guests.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; high grade; Summer rates.

80TH ST., 106-108-110 WEST.—Riverside Drive, Central Park; cool, comfortable; a satisfactory home for refined people; new, high-type furnishings; pure food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; references.

80TH, 124 WEST.—Desirable rooms; electricity; generous table; special price Summer guests.

81ST, 129 WEST.—Large rooms; private bath; also small; extremely moderate; telephone.

82D ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable room; private bath; breakfast or table board. Schuyler 8297.

82D ST., 174 WEST. (The Little House.)—Two beautiful rooms, bath adjoining; ideal for Summer.

82D, 117 WEST.—Large, second floor; single or en suite; Summer terms; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST.—Open all Summer; special terms; business or permanent guests; transients; unsurpassed table; modern improvements; references.

86TH, 23 WEST.—Large, front room; also single room; board; high class.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Cosy parlor floor rooms; L; board optional; French cuisine.

94TH ST., 147 WEST.—Desirable rooms; quiet house; parlor dining room; telephone, electricity.

100D SUBWAY, (900 West End Av.)—Attractive rooms; fine home table guests; Summer prices.

105TH ST., 309 WEST.—Beautifully equipped, new private dwelling, overlooking Hudson; clean and airy; all rooms have running water; six beautiful bathrooms.

113TH, 560 WEST.—Large room, with or without private bath; excellent cuisine; reasonable.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Quiet and efficient service; Southern cooking; table guests accommodated; reasonable.

115TH ST., 604 WEST.—Attractive room; elevator apartment; exceptional meals; couple; business man. Peters.

122D, 156 WEST.—Hall room in refined house; home cooking; reference; moderate.

149TH, 544 WEST.—Room, $8; larger, $10; $15 for two; suite, with private bath, $20. Telephone 2757 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOTEL, 258-260 West 44th St., offers comfortably furnished rooms and board; moderate prices; quiet place for quiet people; special rate to permanent guests.

## Board Wanted

*Twenty cents a line.*

Young man and sister seek two desirable rooms with board; private family; references. N 206 Times Downtown.

## Country Board.

*Thirty cents a line.*

### Westchester County.

EDGEHILL INN, SPUYTEN DUYVIL, ON THE HUDSON.

An all-year-round home for a few guests; beautifully situated, combining country charm and city comfort; tennis, bowling, and billiards; convenient to riding paths, transit facilities, Subway and New York Central. Address Miss Mary Huntington.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, PARK HILL, YONKERS, N. Y.

Elevation 400 feet, 45 minutes Times Square; high-class cuisine; open all year; inspection invited. Tel. 2161 Yonkers.

W. E. ROBINSON, Manager.

4th St., 128 West, cor. 10th Av., Mt. Vernon, N. Y.—Large, single, or connecting rooms; all improvements, with board; handsome grounds; plenty shade trees, fruit, and flowers; a comfortable home; terms reasonable.

BEAUTIFUL HOME on Chester Hill; shade trees and veranda, cosy; commutation. 153 Prospect Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

### Staten Island.

PRIVATE FAMILY have large room, suitable for two gentlemen as paying guests; beautiful grounds; extensive sea views; bathing, tennis, riding, and golfing; near New York. "Staten Island," N 221 Times Downtown.

THE WILLOWS, Huguenot Park, one hour from Broadway; running water, electricity; excellent cuisine; bathing, boating, fishing, tennis; references.

### New York State.

Beautiful country residence, poultry, fruit farm; home comforts; modern apartments; mountain location; 90 miles; $9 to $12; booklet. Spindler, Lefever Falls, Ulster County.

### New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE LENOX MANOR.

A small hotel, new throughout; private baths; exceptional table; refined and homelike; special Spring rates. Phone 5075 Orange.

Room, with or without board, in Montclair, New Jersey; reasonable. Box B 17 Times Annex.

## Furnished Rooms

*Twenty cents a line.*

### East Side.

21ST, 137 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Single, en suite; breakfast served in rooms; also country board, Glenn Morris, L. I.; references.

34TH ST. AND 4TH AV., (at 13 Park Av.)—Large and small rooms; reasonable.

43D, 4 EAST.—Large light room for gentlemen only; permanent; references exchanged.

47TH ST., 145 EAST.—Nicely furnished, large front room; two gentlemen or couple.

55TH ST., 83 EAST.—Excellent large rooms, with running water; Summer rates.

72D, 178 EAST.—Large, small rooms; newly furnished and decorated; $3 up.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 580, (52d.)—Homelike rooms; bath; breakfast; scrupulously clean; references; select.

MADISON AV., 175.—Handsomely furnished large room; private bath; hall room; breakfast optional; references.

### West Side.

9TH, 41 WEST.—Large, pleasant front room, with connecting bath; modern conveniences, telephone.

9TH, 37 WEST.—Elegant, large, front room; private bath; moderate; also single.

19TH ST., 272 WEST.—Large furnished rooms, $3, $4; hot, cold running water. E. Doty.

25TH ST., 18 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; running water, steam, electric light, telephone, elevator; full hotel service; use adjoining bath; $7, $8, $9 week, one or two persons; rooms and suites with private bath, $10 week up; meals $8, $9 week; inspection invited; best value in New York.

83D, 40 WEST.—One room in attractive elevator apartment; privilege of kitchen; refined surroundings; near Riverside, Subway. Particulars, Lelands.

36TH ST., 58 WEST.—Well furnished; attractively reasonable; refined; convenient location. Phone Greeley 1297.

40TH, 66 WEST.—Small, sunny room, adjoining bath; high-class house; references required; bachelors.

47TH, 1 WEST.—Large, elegantly furnished room; private bath; steam, electricity, telephone; select.

47TH, 41 WEST.—Beautifully furnished second-floor front room, with private bath; select residence.

48TH ST., 65 WEST.—Small, sunny, newly furnished rooms, 2 baths on floor, in quiet residence; special rates over Summer.

53D ST., 57 WEST.—Double, single, southern room; private bath; excellent table; references.

53D ST., 62 WEST.—Exceptionally fine room, private bath; small room; in quiet home.

55TH, 49 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms, suite, with or without private baths; business men only; references.

55TH, 312 WEST.—Handsome large, small rooms, $2.50-$7; running water; telephone.

55TH, 106 WEST.—Attractive room in private apartment; refined surroundings. Apt. 2.

56TH ST., 55 WEST.—Attractive Summer rooms for business men; conveniences; references; call necessary. Plaza 1772.

57TH, 328 WEST.—Desirable rooms; also small suite; light housekeeping; all improvements.

57TH, 153 WEST.—Attractive room, with bath, shower; electricity; Summer rates; telephone.

58TH ST., 66 WEST.—Pleasant medium second story room; southern exposure; private house. Plaza 779.

58TH, 148 WEST.—Handsome large rooms; private baths; select location; references. Columbus 4943.

70TH ST., 184 WEST.—Nice, large room; bath; plenty hot water; Summer rates; reference.

70TH, 138 WEST.—Room; private bath; steam heat; electric light; gentleman.

70TH, 146 WEST.—Comfortable rooms, bath; private house; references; permanent.

71ST ST., 75 WEST.—Nice sunny suite, with small private family; Summer rates. Ekeland.

71ST ST., 168 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; immaculately clean; good home for refined people; also rear parlor suitable three.

## Furnished Rooms

*Twenty cents a line.*

### West Side.

71ST ST., 227 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; conveniences; near Subway express. Columbus 6618.

71ST, 280 WEST.—Large, double room; all conveniences; telephone; elevated and subway express stations.

72D, 266 WEST.—Large, medium, small rooms, near baths; refined surroundings; gentleman preferred; references.

72D, 111 to 117 WEST.—Will rent second floor to gentleman; bath and electric light.

73D ST., 255 WEST.—Beautiful, newly furnished rooms; very moderate; Summer rates; reference.

73D, 115 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; newly decorated; southern exposure; references.

73D ST., 164 WEST.—Large, connecting rooms; private bath; single or en suite.

73D, 173 WEST.

Desirable rooms; moderate; references.

74TH, 149 WEST.—Medium and single rooms, convenient to bath; reasonable; references.

76TH, 103 WEST.—Pleasant, large, small, neat rooms; private bath; reference; telephone.

76TH, 148 WEST.—Second floor, front room, for one; two gentlemen; electricity, telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Attractive rooms; one with private bath; breakfast; reasonable; references.

76TH ST., 174 WEST.—Single room, with board; references.

76TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; references.

77TH ST., 150 WEST.—Large, light room; Summer rates; reference. Telephone 4008 Schuyler.

77TH, 301 WEST.—Large, light, newly furnished rooms, single and double; convenient subway; breakfast. Tel. 9659 Schuyler.

771H, 100 WEST.—Desirable single room; all conveniences; gentlemen; references.

78TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large 2d floor front room; conveniences; twin beds; phone; private house.

78TH ST., 208 WEST.—Nicely furnished front rooms; board optional; moderate prices; phone.

78TH, 136 WEST.—Attractive, large rooms, for Summer; centrally located; $5-$9.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Delightful room, private bath; housekeeping privileges; Subway; Summer rates.

79TH ST., 225 WEST.—Desirable, small front room; also large room; private bath; reference.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Large, handsome room; private bath; also medium room; reasonable.

80TH, 122 WEST.—Gentlemen; large, cool, quiet room; all modern conveniences; references.

80 TH, 126 WEST.—One medium room; private wash room; nicely furnished; every convenience; reference.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished room; large, small; Summer rates; private house; telephone; references.

82D ST., 118 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, connecting private bath; reasonable; homelike; private house.

82D, 152 WEST.—Large, attractive room, suitable 2 or 3; abundant closet room; hot, cold water; convenient bath. 8750 Schuyler.

82D ST., 68 WEST.—Beautiful new rooms; private bath; positive cleanliness. Davis.

83D ST., 324 WEST.—Two charming rooms; single or en suite; private family; refined surroundings; near Riverside; meals optional; references. Wright.

84TH, 45 WEST.—Attractive rooms, large, medium; private baths; refined neighborhood; breakfast; references.

85TH, 120 WEST.—Private house, handsomely furnished; large room, private bath; also smaller room; suitable two; $4; reference.

85TH, 205 WEST.—Large, light, very desirable room; references. Barcus, Schuyler 5539.

86TH, 302 WEST.—Bachelor's suite, 3 rooms, private; continuous hot water; block Subway, West End Av.; special Summer rates.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Handsome large room, private family; gentleman; references.

89TH, 318 WEST, (Riverside.)—Desirable, attractive, airy single and double rooms; electricity; reasonable.

91ST, 74 WEST.—Large or small well-kept rooms; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

91ST, 149 WEST.—Large and hall room; "L," subway; board optional; telephone.

93D, 157 WEST.—Single rooms, running water; private family; references; gentlemen; convenient Subway.

94TH ST., 20 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; attractive back parlor; private bath; reference.

95TH ST., 139 WEST.—An attractive, spacious, homelike front room, with small family; southern exposure; exclusive surroundings; telephone; conveniences; private.

95TH ST., 19 WEST.—Attractive front, back parlor; floor, separate, suitable professional. Riverside 7363.

95TH ST., 310 WEST.—Two newly furnished rooms; sunshine, air, electricity, phone, elevator; gentlemen. Hallor.

96TH, 86 WEST.—Large, front room; running water; private house; table board.

98TH ST., 254 WEST.—Lady owning elegantly kept apartment will rent suite with bath, clubman or bachelor; also hall room. Apartment 7. 4248 Riverside.

99TH, 304 WEST.—Attractive front room; elevator apartment; near Riverside; reasonable. Tomlinson.

102D ST., 254 WEST.—Private house near Subway; attractive single room; adjoining bath.

103D ST., 122 WEST.—Very choice, light room and bath. Apartment 1.

106TH, 57 WEST, (Apt. 9.)—Exceptionally light, independent room. Riverside 9141. Armour.

109TH ST., 312 WEST.—Teacher having beautiful apartment overlooking Hudson will rent large or single airy room; seventh floor.

112TH ST., 509 WEST.—Scrupulously clean, outside room; woman only; Summer prices. Tessier.

112TH, 533 WEST.—Large, attractive, light room; Summer rate, $6; gentlemen. Morse.

118TH ST., 541 WEST, (Apt. 3.)—Two adjoining rooms, suitable two gentlemen; very desirable.

118TH, 400 WEST, (near Columbia University.)—Several excellent rooms; elevator, telephone, shower. Camp.

118TH ST., 418 WEST, (Apartment 21.)—Light, attractive room; southern; elevator; telephone; references.

118TH, 417 WEST.—Clean and attractive, double or single.

119TH, 121 WEST.—Elegant room, private bath; desirable neighborhood; refined house.

120TH ST., 423 WEST.—Large, well-furnished rooms; southern exposure; single, en suite. Apt. 83.

120TH ST., 423 WEST.—Beautiful housekeeping suite, new, high-class apartment house. Apartment 107.

121ST, 509 WEST.—Columbia grounds opposite; large living room, small kitchen, bath adjoining; beautifully furnished, complete housekeeping; single room also; restaurant; reception room. Yetman.

122D WEST (130 Claremont Av., opposite park.)—Large and small rooms, with morning sun; conveniences. Wells.

122D, 501 WEST.—Pleasant single front room, in apartment; $4 weekly. Beaman.

122D, 523 WEST.—Double and single rooms; also two-room suite. Sherman.

122D, 512 WEST.—Living room, bedroom, kitchen; modern elevator house. Apa. 62.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Choice outside room; also single one; refined home. Dana.

127TH, 812 WEST.—Front room, suitable two; high-class private house; references; phone.

128TH ST., 612 WEST.—Large front room, private bath; private house; suitable two gentlemen.

128TH St., 634 WEST.—For three gentlemen, strictly private house, near Riverside; rooms connecting, bath, electric light; handsome furnishing. Phone 4697 Audubon.

128TH, 646 WEST.—Homelike rooms, overlooking Riverside Drive and Hudson; private house; Subway.

171ST, 560 WEST.—Large, light room, with connecting bath, of unusual elegance; large closets; private dwelling; suitable two; $15 per week. Telephone Audubon 94J.

171ST, 560 WEST.—A large, light room; private dwelling; gentleman.

184TH ST., 601 WEST.—Outside room; quiet place for permanent, well-bred tenant. Apartment 5D.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST. (For Bachelors Only.)

Hotel and club conveniences at rooming house prices; new fireproof building; elevator, hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside rooms; single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $6 to $8.50 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 2,480 (Corner 113th).—Two ladies having 10-room apartment, will rent one or two attractive rooms, adjoining bath, to business man or woman. Vosburgh, Tel. 8903 Morningside.

CLAREMONT AV., 191.—Cool, attractive rooms in business woman's artistic elevator apartment.

PROMPT DELIVERY FREE.

Want advertisements for The New York Times received at American District Messenger offices in New York City at office rates.—Adv.

## Furnished Rooms

*Twenty cents a line.*

### West Side.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 54, (116th.)—Unusually attractive room, overlooking Park. Wise, apart. 31.

MORNINGSIDE DRIVE, 106.—Two outside rooms; all improvements; beautiful view. Apt. 91.

PRIVATE FAMILY will rent large room; handsome apartment. Reid, 65 West 70th.

RETIRED West Point musician will rent a large, neatly furnished room; phone, elevator, electricity; suitable two; Subway; absolute freedom; $6. 601 West 148th St. Kreamer.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (6F.)—Attractive large front room, near Grant's Tomb; breakfast optional. 9576W Morningside.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583, (137th Subway.)—Single rooms; high-class accommodations; hotel service. Apt. 34.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (80S.)—Select, private home will rent lovely, cool room. Phone Schuyler 5620.

WEST END AV., 611.—Delightful front room, electricity, running water; private family; 91st St. Subway; excellent location; references; Summer rates.

### Brooklyn.

ASSOCIATION CLUB BUILDING.—Rooms for young men; steam heat, electric lights, hot and cold water; telephone in each room; all finely furnished; elevator service; gymnasium, swimming pool, all kinds of baths; bowling alleys, billiard room, and all club privileges; rooms, $2.75 to $4 a week. Apply at once Bedford Branch Y. M. C. A., Bedford Av. and Monroe St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Unfurnished Rooms

*Twenty cents a line.*

58TH ST., 64 EAST.—Very attractive large, light room, with bath adjoining; hot and cold running water; plenty of closet room; parquet floor and electric lights; convenient location.

## Help Wanted Female

*Twenty cents a line.*

AS FILING CLERK and double entry bookkeeper in law office; intelligent young woman; salary, $12. Address by mail, giving references and full particulars, H. B. P., Room 1,203, 41 Wall St.

A WOMAN, over 25, possessing more than ordinary tact and ability, to travel with and assist experienced woman in the interests of a child's course; advancement to manager if ability warrants; guarantee. Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

BY A LARGE CORPORATION, YOUNG WOMAN, WITH HIGH SCHOOL OR COLLEGE EDUCATION.

Experience as library reader desirable, but not necessary; permanent position; state age, education, and salary.

N 217 Times Downtown.

CHAMBERMAID.—Wanted, a young girl as chambermaid and waitress; two in family; for country; other girl employed as cook; willing to teach her. Call Mrs. T. H. Allen, 200 West 70th St.

COPYIST, first class, for millinery department; good salary, long season. M 157 Times.

GIMBEL BROTHERS, NEW YORK,

Require the services of experienced

SALESWOMEN for their WHITE GOODS SECTION.

Apply at Employment Office, fifth floor, 32d St. side.

GIRL for general housework; city reference. Apartment 8 E, 318 West 100th St.

GOVERNESS wanted to take care of two little boys, aged 6 and 8 years; one able to teach music and German preferred; no housework. Call or address Shannon, 1852 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

HOUSEWORK. — Wanted, competent, English-speaking girl for general housework; salary to be agreed upon. Dr. Friedman, 74 East 91st.

MODEL.—Refined, stylish young lady, 5 feet 7 inches tall or over, for part time only, to pose in costumes for fashion photographs. Apply Fashion Camera, 243 West 39th St.

SALESWOMEN.—Frederick Loeser & Co., Brooklyn, require a number of experienced saleswomen for their hosiery, shoes, cotton dress goods, and fine white fabrics. Apply to Superintendent, fourth floor, after 4 P. M.

SHOES.—Girl to make out tags in a shoe factory. 385 Jay St., Brooklyn, 2d floor.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, knowledge office routine; moderate salary at start; good opportunity. Room 2,002 Times Building. Call 9 A. M.

TWO EDUCATED LADIES, with good personality, for fine permanent position, salary, with the Educational Society.

TYPIST.—Expert report and statement typist wanted by large public accountants; also operator with experience in setting up statements and reports; must be accurate and capable of doing first-class work; state experience, references, and salary required. P 251 Times Downtown.

Instruction.

*Thirty cents a line.*

A SPECIAL COURSE FOR TRAINING SECRETARIES

at a reliable school. Registered and Inspected by the Regents of the University of the State of New York. Individual instruction; monthly payments. PRATT SCHOOL, 64 West 45th St. Known throughout the country for thorough work.

EARN $15 to $30 a Week.—Learn: Dressmaking, Designing, and Millinery; short, practical course; day and evening; we guarantee success; good positions; patterns cut to fit. McDowell's School, 47 West 42d St.

FILING AND INDEXING, professional instruction, special correspondence course. M. Hull, graduate cataloguer and indexer, 220 Broadway. 4968 Cortlandt.

MISS CONKLIN

Has removed her SECRETARIAL SCHOOL from 7 West 42d St. to the Commercial Engineers Building, 35-37 West 39th St.

## Help Wanted, Male

*Twenty cents a line.*

ABRAHAM & STRAUS, FULTON STREET, BROOKLYN.

MUSLIN DEPARTMENT.—Require a thoroughly experienced salesman for their Muslin Department. Apply in person or by mail to Superintendent.

ALSO

FUR WORKROOM.—Require several thoroughly experienced Fur Beaters. Apply to Superintendent, Subway Floor, East Building.

ACCOUNTANT, as junior assistant, wanted by large firm of public accountants; junior with auditing experience. Apply by letter, giving experience, references, and salary required. P 250 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING SOLICIT

# APPEAL TO WILSON IS COLORADO PLAN

## Progressives Want Sweeping Powers Given to Legislature to Deal with the Strike.

## OVER HEAD OF GOV. AMMONS

### Will Ask President to Urge Executive to Extend Call—Federal Officer Firm in Addressing Strikers.

*Special to The New York Times.*

DENVER, May 6.—The virtual refusal of Gov. Ammons late to-day to enlarge the scope of his call for the special session of the Legislature so as to include all questions involved in the strike disorders resulted in the forming of a vigorous programme by the Progressive Party members of the House.

Six Progressive Party members left the floor and went into caucus after the Governor had tacitly informed them that he would not issue a revised call. They agreed to give Gov. Ammons until to-morrow morning to change his mind, and then, if he still refused to grant their request, to send a telegram to President Wilson pointing out the necessity for a broader programme than is now before the Legislature, and urging the President to bring pressure to bear upon Gov. Ammons to go into the situation thoroughly.

The Progressive programme demands that the Legislature be given power for immediate arbitration of all matters in controversy. It demands changes in the State laws governing the leasing of coal properties so that the State may compel lessees, under pain of forfeiture of leases, to comply with all safety regulations to save lives in mines; that the State shall say who shall be employed in mines; that forfeiture of leases shall include forfeiture of improvements; that all present lessees who are proved guilty of violating State statutes for safety in mines shall be deprived of their rights, the report of the State Inspector in the last two years to decide this point; that the State shall reserve the right to fix the price of coal to consumers, making the price to cover the cost of mining, transportation, and sale, with a small profit to the operators, and declares that the present royalty of 10 cents per ton paid for coal mined on State lands is not enough.

The action taken by the Progressives followed the introduction of a resolution by Representative Persons of Colorado Springs providing that a new call be issued increasing the scope of the special session's power. Persons was elected Chairman of the caucus, which was held after it had been virtually announced that Gov. Ammons opposed such a proposition and that the standpat Democrats and old-line Republicans, who control both houses, would adhere to the Governor's wishes.

Just previous to the introduction of the Persons resolution a memorial was received in the Senate from the Denver Typographical Union, asking that impeachment proceedings be instituted against Gov. Ammons as a result of the Ludlow killings and the other tragedies in the coal strike section. Should the Progressives lose in their effort to go further into the situation, it was decided to-night that one of their number would introduce a resolution asking the Governor's impeachment.

The Progressive Party men expect the progressive Democrats and the progressive Republicans to rally to their aid. The telegram to President Wilson has been prepared, and is being held in abeyance merely to give Gov. Ammons one more chance to change his programme.

The Administration bill authorizing the Governor to close saloons in districts affected by strike disturbances was passed by the Senate to-day after the Judiciary Committee had amended the measure by changing the word "disturbance" to "riot" as the condition under which the act was to be invoked and by fixing severe penalties for violation.

A plan to levy an income tax to meet the expenses of the militia in the strike zone was initiated to-day. A bill, introduced in both Senate and House, would levy a graduated tax on the incomes of persons, firms, and corporations. The tax to continue only until the militia bills were paid.

The report of the committee of women which investigated the Ludlow killings, and a resolution prepared by Senator Tierney denouncing the administration and asking that the State seize and operate the coal mines, were postponed until to-morrow.

The bill providing for a State constabulary seems doomed to defeat despite the fact that the Ammons forces are in control. On the other hand, the provision for a constitutional amendment providing for a compulsory arbitration law apparently has a good chance to pass. This project has been espoused enthusiastically by the progressives, backed by the labor leaders.

## STRAIGHT TALK TO STRIKERS.

### President Must Be Obeyed, Says Holbrook—First Sign of Animosity.

TRINIDAD, May 6.—The programme of disarmament in the Southern Colorado strike zone was practically announced to-day by Major W. A. Holbrook in behalf of Col. James Lockett, commanding the United States troops in the district. Mine officials to-night were notified that the disarming of their guards would be begun to-morrow. They replied that their men were ready to surrender their arms just as soon as they had received actual physical protection by the presence of Federal troops on company property. Accordingly detachments were placed at Aguilar, Hastings, Delagua, Tabasco, Berwind, and Forbes, in Las Animas County, and arrangements were making for the dispatch of troops to other mine properties throughout the State.

When the guns have been obtained from the mine guards the commanding officer of the Federal troops will issue a proclamation calling on individual strikers and citizens of Trinidad to deliver their weapons to the Federal authorities, and then the police and county officers will be disarmed, leaving no weapons in possession of persons not in the direct service of the United States.

William Diamond, union leader, speaking to a mass meeting of strikers at Starkville to-day attended by 300 men, declared that a shipment of 300 high-power rifles and 60,000 rounds of ammunition en route from New York to the United Mine Workers of America would be turned over to the Federal troops immediately on the arrival of the consignment. The strikers themselves, neither at Starkville nor at the San Rafael camp, where a mass meeting of 200 strikers also was held, gave any indication of their intention to give up their arms.

"When the United States speaks," said Major Holbrook in addressing the strikers at the San Rafael Camp, "it is a matter of serious moment. The President of the United States must be obeyed. We have soldiers and officers here to see that his command is obeyed. We do not want to nor do we intend to shoot you men. Killing is a terrible thing but if we must do it, then we will. We must have order. It makes no difference whether you wipe out Col. Lockett and myself, other will come to take our places.

"There is no country in the world that can obtain a larger army than the United States, though its regular standing army is small. And I dare say that upon a demand from the President there would be no men quicker than you to answer that call to duty. Now the President has called, and it is your duty to repair to your respective abodes in peace and good order. Every man among you who was not working in the mines at Trinidad when the strike came is not living at his abode, and he should leave at once."

"And I want you men who have buried your rifles and guns in the hills upon our coming to go and get them and bring them to us. I have the most friendly feeling for you men, but I insist—kindly now—that you give up your arms. I have ordered my officers and soldiers to abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors, and I have asked the Mayor to see that all saloons in this district are closed so that you men may always keep cool control of yourselves, and when you come to me to be in your right senses and not fired by intoxicants.

"I have waited until now to address you because I realize it would be a difficult task to make you see the matter in the light which we want you to see it. You could not have done so while struggling under the heat of what you called the injustice of the last two weeks, and I want to assure you again that the arms which you give to the Government will be kept by us, not given out again, until the United States Government determines what disposition to make of them. Your union and you each will be given a receipt for the arms, and you will know what becomes of them."

To-day, for the first time since the arrival of the troops, animosity was shown toward them by the strikers, according to one Major. The Quartermaster Sergeant stationed at Forbes with two troops of the Eleventh Cavalry reported that the farmer from whom he had been purchasing supplies was warned by strikers to sell no more produce to the army. The farmer refused milk, butter and eggs when the Sergeant sent for them to-day.

The Lieutenant in command of the detachment immediately sent to the strikers' tent colony at Forbes and demanded an explanation. He got none, but informed the strikers that the United States army would buy supplies wherever it chose, and a guard was placed on the property of the farmer.

Late to-day the third squadron of the Eleventh Cavalry from Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., composed of Companies I, K, L, and M, numbering about 200 men, arrived after having been delayed by washouts in Oklahoma. They were under command of Major Howse.

## THIEF CAUGHT ACROSS SEA.

### "Friend" Who Fled with Austrian's Money Detected by Cable.

John Chinevic, an Austrian laborer, working for a contracting firm in the West, was injured while at work, receiving a compound fracture of one leg and loss of the fingers of one hand. The firm employing him settled with him for $1,200, and also engaged a fellow-countryman to see him safely home to his wife and five children in Austria. They were allowed $600 extra for the expense of the trip. The $1,200 was changed into a check.

They arrived in New York and stopped at a cheap hotel near the steamship pier. When they appeared at the steamer the next morning the ship's surgeon refused to accept the injured man because his hand needed further dressing, so he was sent to Bellevue. The friend accompanied him to the hospital and left, with the understanding that he would stay in the hotel for a week or so, until they should be able to sail together.

After a few days the patient, who could speak no English, began to worry and could not be coaxed to eat. The head nurse sent for one of the social workers, who, through an interpreter, learned that his anxiety was due to the fact that his friend had not come back to see him. She went immediately to the hotel for further inquiry. She found that the friend had sailed on a White Star steamer on the very day he had left the patient in the hospital. He had taken everything except the patient's original steamship ticket.

The Social Worker went at once to the White Star Line office and there verified the fact that the friend had sailed. The steamer was due at Plymouth that very afternoon and at Southampton the following morning. The White Star officials became interested and at once sent a cable to the purser, directing him to demand the check and the Austrian's cash. The Austrian Consul was seen. He immediately sent an assistant to the hospital with an interpreter who could speak the patient's dialect, and found out that the check had been made payable only at the office in the patient's home town. The Consul immediately cabled over to that office to stop payment and to have the Austrian arrested should be attempt to collect the money. A telegram was also sent to the Western town to stop payment on the check.

A little later a message was received from the steamship company, saying that the $1,200 was on its way back to New York. The Austrian's money was not recovered. The purser had accused the Austrian of the theft. He had denied the charge, but a search revealed the money hidden under a bulging porous plaster on his back. When this news came the patient's spirits rose. He improved sufficiently to sail for home in two or three weeks, this time under the care of the Ocean Travelers' Society.

## VOYAGE MAY LAST FOR LIFE.

### Sick Sailor Not Welcomed in Any Port.

The Royal Mail steamer Trent, Capt. Richard Hayes, got in from Kingston, Jamaica, yesterday with a passenger who may become a permanent guest of the boat.

He is Antonio Barros, and the immigration authorities fear he may become a public charge because of ill health. Barros has his first citizenship papers. He shipped here on the schooner Gladys, and was put ashore, sick, at Savannah Le Mar. The United States Consul at Kingston put him aboard the Trent after the Jamaica authorities had refused him asylum. He was taken to Ellis Island, but is expected back to-day by Purser Watson of the Trent.


EACH PAIR OF GENUINE CANTY'S
C ★ G
PARIS
BEARS THESE MARKS
*SEE U.S. PAT. OFF.*
GUYOT
TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF.
SUSPENDERS
Standard Style (cotton)
50¢ a pair
Full Dress silk weaves
$1.00, $1.25, $1.50 and more
AT ALL RELIABLE STORES


# BROADWAY UPROAR OVER 'MOVIE' SCARE

## Crowd Sees "Robber" Hurl Stone Through Window to Get $7,500 on Display.

## DOUGHERTY KNOCKED OUT

### Former Police Official, "Registering" a Fall in Studio Drama, Becomes an Unconscious Hero.

George S. Dougherty, former Deputy Police Commissioner, was unconscious for seven minutes yesterday after a fall in a motion picture studio at 217 East Twenty-fourth Street. A large plate-glass show window in Broadway, behind which 7,500 silver dollars were heaped, was smashed with a rock about the same time.

Both incidents soon will be pictured on screens for the entertainment of the patrons of motion picture houses here and there.

Mr. Dougherty is the "hero" in a motion picture play to be produced by the Nonpareil Feature Film Company, which had rented the Ruby Studio for rehearsals.

When a "bomb" exploded Mr. Dougherty "registered" one fall according to instructions. But he was an amateur in the acting business and he was conscientious, so, when he fell, he fell honestly—and he didn't get up. His head bumped the floor too hard. Seven minutes later Dr. Morris of Bellevue Hospital was asking him if he felt all right. At the same time ten policemen were keeping in check outside a crowd of persons who had heard that Mr. Dougherty had been killed by an explosion.

The window-smashing act was done in front of a tailor shop in Broadway, near Thirty-eighth Street, in which a newspaper is displaying $7,500 to be given away as prize money. It was at the busy noon hour when a rough-looking individual, who might have been an anarchist, a member of the I. W. W., or just a plain burglar, hurled a large stone through the window.

Crash! Immediately that part of Broadway was in an uproar. Excited persons ran to the broken window from all directions. Real policemen and movie detectives joined in capturing the window smasher and in keeping the crowd away from the real dollars.

## PICKS NEW JERSEY BISHOP.

### Episcopal Convention Chooses Dr. Brent, Now in Philippines.

*Special to The New York Times.*

TRENTON, N. J., May 6.—Having gained consistently since yesterday, when a trial ballot was taken, the Right Rev. Charles Henry Brent, D. D., American Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Philippines since 1901, was elected Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of New Jersey at the annual convention of the diocese in St. Michael's Church here to-day.

Four official ballots were necessary, the successful candidate having to receive a concurrent majority of the ninety clerical and the seventy-two lay votes. Dr. Brent got seventy clerical votes and sixty-one lay ballots.

There is doubt whether Bishop Brent will accept the office. He is in Manila, and since his name has been presented in the convention, not a word has been received from him. As far as can be learned he did not authorize any one to present his name.

These deputies to the Provincial Synod were elected: The Rev. Thomas A. Conover, Bernardsville; the Rev. William Dutton Dale, Rumson, and Archdeacon Shepherd of this city.

The Rev. Dr. James Stoddard of Mount Holly, the Rev. Charles M. Perkins of Vineland, the Rev. Alfred B. Baker of Princeton, and the Rev. Dr. Hamilton Schuyler of this city were elected members of the Standing Committee, which, during a vacancy in the episcopal office, serves as the ecclesiastical authority.

## WOMAN WRITER IN HOSPITAL

### Taken Raving from Room in Which She Had Locked Herself.

Mrs. Blanche Avery, 27 years old, said to be a writer for magazines, was taken to Polyclinic Hospital last night from her rooms at 36 West Seventieth Street for observation. According to Mrs. Brandt, who conducts a rooming house at that number, the young woman had been in her room for three days working on a manuscript.

She locked the door last night and later was heard raving about. Patrolman Michaels of the West Forty-seventh Street Station and a surgeon from the hospital broke into the room. They found Mrs. Avery with her hair dishevelled and her clothing disarranged. Her condition was brought about by overwork the surgeon believed. Her husband, S. Avery, is in Washington, D. C.


About
Wallach
Furnishings.

TIME and again we have told you about the superlative value of our Hart, Schaffner & Marx clothes and how they offer more for your money than any others in New York.

The same is true of our Furnishing Goods. Every article we have, was chosen with an eye to value as well as style—so that here you will find shirts, gloves, neckwear, underwear, hosiery, belts, in fact everything a man wears but shoes, carrying with them the Wallach guarantee of satisfaction and distinguished by the Wallach Standard of Style

Wallach Bros.
246-8 W. 125th St.
3d Av. cor. 122d St.
B'way at 29th St.
647 Eighth Ave.


## DR. VERNEY ADMITS CRIME.

### Confesses Assault When Confronted by Mrs. Mannheim.

A man, who, the police, say is the "Dr. Arthur Verney" wanted for an assault upon Mrs. Johanna Mannheim at her home at 43 West Ninety-second Street early last Sunday morning, was arrested at 10 o'clock last night by Detective Donnelly at Broadway and Fiftieth Street.

The police also have a complaint that "Dr. Verney" pawned diamonds worth $773 which he got on April 22 from W. H. Shiman & Co., importers, of 71 Nassau Street.

The man arrested gave his address as the St. James Hotel, in West Forty-fifth Street, and said he had not been away from the city. A hypodermic needle was found in his pocket.

The detectives say that "Dr. Verney" was known as Dr. Archie Goldstone and Dr. Goldstein, and that in the rogues' gallery his picture is No. 24,677. He was arrested on March 27, 1912, on the charge of stealing a pocketbook from Edward Cuddihy of 644 Lexington Avenue. Judge O'Sullivan, on July 24, 1912, sentenced him to Sing Sing for two and one-half years. On his release he decided to renew Mrs. Mannheim's acquaintance.

The detectives questioned Dr. Verney for half an hour at the West Forty-seventh Street Station but he refused to admit that he had committed an assault. Then they took him to the hospital to face Mrs. Mannheim. When she was confronted by the prisoner she raised herself on her elbow and pointing to him said:

"Yes, that's the scoundrel. I hope they'll sentence him to prison for life."

Dr. Verney wilted as if he had been struck. He confessed that he had assaulted Mrs. Mannheim, saying that he had drunk a lot of whisky Saturday night, and didn't know what he had done. He also admitted that he had used morphine. He denied, however, that he was implicated in the robbery of the Mannheim home or that he knew the servant Yetta.


Get In On This!
280 Mill Ends Left
Worth $25 to $40, Now $20

It's hardly believable that so good a suit could be made for $20. You will be surprised and delighted at the variety of imported and domestic patterns. And we guarantee absolute fit, finish and satisfaction. Sale on 2nd floor.

Suit to Measure, $20

Broadway & 9th St. Arnheim



HIPPODROME
6 Av., 43-44. Daily Mat. 2:15. Best Seats $1. Evs. 8:15
A Wonderful Production of PINAFORE

WINTER GARDEN Broadway & 50th. Mats. To-day, Best Orch. Seats $1 and $1.50. Greatest of all Winter Garden Shows, Whirl of the World. Sunday Nights Concert. Best Bill in New York.

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, nr. Broadway. Evenings 8:20. A New Comedy The Charm of Isabel Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:20.

44th St. Thea., nr. B'way. Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Spring Prices: Balc. 50c.; Mezz. $1; Or. $1.50-$2. Low Fields, Prop. THE MIDNIGHT GIRL With George Macfarlane.

Mae Murray's Folies Marigny | Atop 44th St. Thea. | Tel. 7017 Bryant. Restaurant-Dancing. Mae Murray & Clifton Webb, Jack Mason & Lois Whitney. Every Eve. at 11, incl. Sunday. Adm. Free.

LYRIC 42d, W. of B'way. Sat. May 9, 2 P. M. Beg'g BATTLE OF TORREON
And Other Vivid Fighting Scenes Photographed UNDER FIRE By Special Contract with GEN'L VILLA
With Extra Pictures of Villa's Early Life.

SHUBERT THEATRE, 44th, West of B'way. Evenings at 8:15. $1.50 Mat. To-morrow at 2:15. SAM Bernard | Deslys GABY in The Belle of Bond Street.

39TH ST. THEATRE, nr. B'way. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. ONE LONG UNBROKEN LAUGH
Too Many Cooks
"Fresh in idea, novel in form, and full of good fun."—Louis V. De Foe, World.

PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. 200TH PERFORMANCE MAY 25. THE THINGS THAT COUNT
If you liked "Grumpy" you will love this charming, perfectly acted play.

BOOTH Theatre, 45th, West of B'way. Evs. 8:15 $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. ONLY THRILL IN TOWN PANTHEA Olga Petrova.....Panthea George Nash.....The Baron Milton Sills.....The Composer "Sensational Play."—Acton Davies, Eve. Sun.

LITTLE 44th St., West of Broadway. Evs. at 8:45. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. WINTHROP AMES presents GRACE GEORGE
Isabel Irving, Zelda Sears, Sydney Booth, Conway Tearle, Ferdinand Gottschalk
THE TRUTH by CLYDE FITCH
All Seats at All Performances $2.00.

CASINO B'way & 39th St. Evs. 8:15. 6TH MONTH Mats. Wed. & Sat. High Jinks
LONGEST RUN of any MUSICAL COMEDY. With Stella Mayhew and Tom Lewis.

46TH ST. Thea. Eve. 8:20. Mats. To-day and Sat. 250TH TIME TO-DAY MATINEE TO-DAY TO-NIGHT $1.50.
KITTY COMEDY THEA., 41st St., Near Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Tues. & Sat. 2:20. MacKAY

CORT 48th St., East of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. Laurette Taylor LAST 4 WEEKS "PEG O' MY HEART"

COHAN & HARRIS' ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20. "Riotously Joyous."—Eve. Mail.
Raymond Hitchcock IN HIS NEW MUSICAL PLAY "The Beauty Shop"

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Wed. & Sat. 2:15. THE YELLOW TICKET

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. A PAIR OF SIXES

BRONX OPERA HOUSE, 149th St., E. of 3 Av. 25c to $1. Sat. Mat. 25-50-75c. HENRY W. SAVAGE'S Production of EVERYWOMAN

B. F. KEITH'S New York Theatres
COLONIAL DAILY MAT. 25c. | 12 ALL STAR FEATURES
ALHAMBRA DAILY MAT. 25c | Curtain 1:45 & 7:45.
Palace B'way & 47th St. 2000 Mat. Seats, 50c. FRITZI SCHEFF, JOSEPH SANTLEY, PLATOV & GLASER, & HARRY LAUDER in Singing & Talking Pcts.
Republic W. 42d St. Daily at 1.30, 3:30, 7:30, 9:30. 10c-15c-25c. "Protect Us!" A Frank Treatment of Prevailing Sex Evils.

STRAND B'way, 47th St. Continuous 12 noon to midnight. 10-15-25c. "THE SEA WOLF" Strand Orch. & Specialties. Nt. Wk. "House of Temperley"

GARDEN Theatre, Madison Ave. & 27th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Evs. 8:15. WM. FARNUM in THE SHEPHERD KING.

EDEN Kinemacolor Daily. Extra Attraction. WORLD IN WAX. 13 West 23d St. near 6 Ave. Last Week Positively.



NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
These theatres have no dealings with THE TYSON CO. The best seats can be obtained at Box Offices.

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th Street. Closed this week for rehearsals. NEXT MONDAY. SEATS TO-DAY. Limited number of performances. JOHN DREW ETHEL BARRYMORE in VICTORIEN SARDOU'S Comedy, A SCRAP OF PAPER

HUDSON West 44th St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Evs. 8.30. A Detective Comedy of Laughs and Thrills—THE Dummy

KNICKERBOCKER, B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wednesday & Saturday 2:20. JULIAN ELTINGE in his great success | THE CRINOLINE GIRL

New Amsterdam W. 42d St., near B'way. Henry W. Savage offers "Musical Delight of the Season." SARI. Evs. at 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:20.

LIBERTY 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. MISS ANGLIN In "LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN" "Current Hit of the Town."—Evs. Mail.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20. Laughs Mystery Melodrama Thrills 7 KEYS TO BALDPATE Cohan's BEST PLAY

GEO. COHAN'S B'way & 42d St. Evs. 8:15. M. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Potash & Perlmutter

GLOBE B'way & 46th St. Daily, 2:30 & 8:30. All Seats Reserved. 25c. & 50c. UNIVERSAL MOTION PICTURES Present ANNETTE KELLERMANN in NEPTUNE'S DAUGHTER

GRAND 23 St., 8 Ave. "EXCUSE ME" 25c-$1 Mat. Sat.

FULTON 46th St., Just West of Broadway. TWICE DAILY, 2:30 & 8.30. 25c. & 50c. Every seat reserved. WEBB'S ELECTRICAL PICTURES ONE HOUR VAUDEVILLE. ONE HOUR OPERA.

FRI. EVE., MAY 22. SAT. MAT., MAY 23. Metropolitan OPERA HOUSE. Lambs' ALL STAR Gambol
PUBLIC AUCTION SALE
OF SEATS AND BOXES FOR THE FIRST PERFORMANCE WILL TAKE PLACE AT THE Hudson Theatre, Tuesday, May 12, AT 3:30 P. M.
AUCTIONEERS—De Wolf Hopper, Raymond Hitchcock, Wilton Lackaye, Wm. Collier, Augustus Thomas, William Courtleigh, Julian Eltinge, Digby Bell, Thos. A. Wise, Macklyn Arbuckle, Douglas Fairbanks, W. H. Crane, John Philip Sousa, and other prominent Lambs.

MADISON SQ. GARDEN LAST 3 DAYS. Aft. 2:15. Nights, 8:15. Indian Village Opens 1 & 7. MILLER BROS. & EDWARD ARLINGTON'S 101 RANCH REAL WILD WEST. Admission 25c & 50c. Best Reserved Seats, With Seats 75c., $1, $1.50. Pop. Price Mats., 25c. to $1. Reg. Prices Sat. Box Seats—Aft., $1.50; Nights, $2.50, at Mad. Sq. Garden, Wanamaker's and Gimbel's Stores.

Carnegie Lyceum. 57th St. & 7th Ave. Charles' Dickens' David Copperfield In Motion Pictures. For a Limited Engagement—Twice Daily, Mats. 3.00 (25c & 50c. except Sat. & Sun.) Evs. 8:30. (35, 50, 75 & $1.)

CARNEGIE HALL, SAT. EVG., May 9th. THE INTERCOLLEGIATE GLEE CLUB MEET
The participating colleges will be Harvard, Columbia, Dartmouth, Pennsylvania. Boxes, $20 and $25. Tickets, 50 cts. to $2.00. At box office; also H. E. Johnston's office, 1,451 B'way.

Proctor's 5TH AVE., B'way, 28th St. 11 to 11 Daily 10c-15c Up. TO-DAY, FRI. & SAT. MARY PICKFORD in "HEARTS ADRIFT." John Bunny in a new comedy. Other Film & Vaudeville Features: Big Sunday Concerts. 15 STAR ACTS 15. 23d ST. 58th ST. 125th ST. Vaudeville De Luxe & Photo Plays.

CANDLER THEATRE, 42D ST., WEST OF B'WAY. Opening TO-NIGHT at 8:15. Mr. GEORGE KLEINE (Producer of "Quo Vadis") presents His Latest Photo-Dramatic Success. ANTONY and CLEOPATRA. DAILY 2:15 and 8:15, (incl. SUNDAY). 25 & 50c.

VITAGRAPH Broadway & 44th St. 2:30 & 8:30 P. M. Mr. Barnes of N. Y.; Love, Luck & Gasoline & Pictures of Army. Silent Comedy at 8:30.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th Burlesque Mat. To-day. BILLY WATSON in KRAUSMEYER'S ALLEY.

HAMMERSTEIN'S—24 Big Acts. Red Slave of Niagara, Blossom Seeley, Belle Baker, Ada Overton Walker, Princess Zalloh, Roberts Morgan Trouie & 20 other acts.

MURRAY HILL. Evs. 8:15. BURLESQUE. Mat. To-day. The HONEYMOON GIRLS.



SHANLEY'S
Broadway—43rd to 44th Street
The Outgrowth of a Popular Demand
Superior Six-Course Luncheon, 75¢ (Music)
Cabaret Extraordinaire
Twenty Acts Every Evening 7 to 1
Restaurant also in the Shopping Zone—Broadway 29th-30th St.



HOTEL BERKLEY
170 W. 74th St.
CORNER OF AMSTERDAM AV.
APARTMENTS
Unfurnished by the year.
RENTALS FROM $600 ANNUM.
RESTAURANT A LA CARTE.

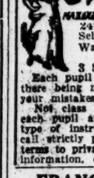
"Let's Have Luncheon at Churchill's Today"—
is now a favorite message from large numbers of New York's smartest women to one another.
Inaugurated Monday noon, with instantaneous success; our
Special Luncheon 75¢
(Twelve to Two)
has set a new standard in restaurant service in view of its superiority for the price. A la carte service of the same excellence as prevails at night is also offered for luncheon.
Luncheon guests are cordially invited to make use of our Ballroom for dancing.
With the elite they have won surprising popularity—our
Afternoon Tea Dances
For Dinner and After Theatre Supper in a la carte service, Churchill's popularity with the discriminating is such as to need no extended mention. Of equal popularity is our Special Dinner, six to nine, $1.25.
"Unapproached in cleverness" is the unanimous opinion of our CABARET UNIQUE—Twenty Entertainers—Every Evening—seven to one.
Opened only Monday night, Churchill's Ballroom has become the favorite rendezvous of the elite for dancing. Miss Edna Chase and Enrico Muris, whose brilliant dancing has delighted guests, will continue to supervise the Ballroom.
CHURCHILL'S
MORE THAN A RESTAURANT—A BROADWAY INSTITUTION
BROADWAY AT 49TH STREET
TEL. 5175 BRYANT BANQUET HALLS



21 Years at This Address MEANS Something.
Modern Dances
Trot, Tango, Hesitation, Maxixe, One-Step.
The unparalleled success of this school is due solely to the interest Mr. Remey personally takes in every pupil. Private Lessons Without Appointment Daily from 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.
ALL STEPS
Correctly Interpreted, Properly Taught—Quickly Learned, by the REMEY Method.
6 PRIVATE LESSONS $5.
Entirely separate floor for Private Lessons. Expert lady and gentlemen instructors.
Waltz, Two-Step, etc., guaranteed for $5. 4 class lessons, $1.
REMEY School for DANCING
915 8th Ave., (at 54th St.)
No Branches. Only One Address.
Phones 4557 and 4684 Columbus.
Send for large FREE Illustrated Booklet.

8 Strictly Private Lessons. Results Assured. $5
Why Pay More?
when you can procure, at this greatly reduced rate, the most efficient and expert instruction, in the beautiful ballrooms of
Wm. L. Loew, Jr.,
2,700 B'way, cor. 103d St. Telephone.
Maxixe, Half and Half, Hesitation Waltz, One-Step, Tango and all Society's Modern Dances.
10 A. M. to 10 P. M.




MANSFIELD STUDIOS.
MUSIC
247 West 42d St. Bryant 4674
Select, not a public dance hall. Est. 1904.
Waltz, two-step, one-step, hesitation, maxixe, etc., taught by experts.
3 Strictly Private Lessons, $5.00.
Each pupil has a private room with instructor, there being no one to laugh at you or criticize your mistakes. 8 Group Lessons, $6.00.
Non-class lessons. Each room has 4 pupils; each pupil an individual instructor; this is the type of instruction that the majority of schools call strictly private. No public classes. Special terms to private classes of four or more. Further information, call, write or 'phone.



FRANCES WARE STUDIOS
HARRY LAMBERT PAMELA BROWN
PAUL NEWELL WARE
14 EAST 40TH STREET.
Gavotte, Maxixe, Tango, etc. Summer Rates—Maxixe, Monday and Friday evenings, $2 lesson; One-Step and Hesitation, Wednesday and Thursday evenings, $1 lesson.
Phone for reservation, Murray Hill 2176.



The ROTH STUDIO.
REFINED DANCING.
Private lessons in modern society dances. Lady and gentleman instructors. 208 WEST 72.



Just a Step Off Times Square to
DANSE DE LUXE
250 W. 42nd St. Dancing Afternoons and Evenings, incl. Sunday. Contest Nights Mondays and Thursdays. Handsome Cups. Orch. late of Palais de Danse. Refreshments served.



MAXIXE——TANGO
ONE STEP, HESITATION AND ALL MODERN DANCES TAUGHT PRIVATELY FROM 10 TO 10.
PROF. A. ALBERT SAATO,
Broadway, 86th to 87th St. Tel. 6435 Schuyler.



Louise Morgan Studios
150 WEST 57TH ST.,
2 doors east of Carnegie Hall.
Instruction In All the Latest Parisian Dances.
Tel. 540 Columbus.



MODERN DANCES
Exclusive Private Instruction.
MISS E. M. FARR,
Phone Schuyler 9959. 301 West 77th St.



SIMS STUDIO
of MODERN DANSE.
Suite 1144-1146 Aeolian Hall.
Private Instruction only. Newest Tango, Maxixe, Hesitation, One-Step, &c.
Phone 5566 Bryant.



DONOVAN'S 304 West 59th St. Modern Dances
Trot, Tango, Maxixe, One-Step, Hesitation, and all latest steps quickly taught. Private lessons $1. Open 10 A. M. to 11 P. M.



6 LESSONS FOR $2.00.
B'way and 146th St. REMENYI'S 162 East 86th St.
Maxixe, Tango, One-Step, Hesitation, etc.



MORGAN D. STERN STUDIOS,
"Where Society receives its Dance tuition."
Col. 7144. Broadway & 57th St.



Miss Lewis EXCLUSIVE STUDIO Miss Bobby Burns
Murray Hill 883. 13 Park Ave., nr. 34th St.



Jardin de Danse | 8:30 P.M. to 2 A.M.
Matinee Teas Sats. ONLY
STAR FEATURE WEEK
REUNITED—FAMOUS AND FASCINATING
Heavenly Twins Rozsika & Yansci Dolly Broadway's Biggest Overnight Sensation.
In Marvelous Dances with C. SEBASTIAN.
OTHER STARS & NOVELTIES.



BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
DE KALB De Kalb Avenue and Broadway. Telephone 4900 Bushwick.
ADOLF PHILIPP'S COMPANY
TO-NIGHT IN "EINE JUGENDSUENDE"
Bargain Mats. Wed. and Sat., 25c. and 50c. Evening Prices, 25c. to $1.
Next Week—Big Spectacular Production GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER
ACADEMY OF MUSIC (Brooklyn Institute) 1 W'k Only. Twice Daily, 3:30 & 8:15
The Photo Play Sensation.
VICTOR HUGO'S "LES MISERABLES"
MATINEES, 25c. UP; NIGHTS, 35c. UP.
MAJESTIC Matinee To-day. Last Matinee Saturday. GUY BATES POST in OMAR THE TENTMAKER.

Hotel Blackstone
A New Fireproof Exclusive Apartment Hotel,
58th St., bet. Madison & Park Aves
Located in Best Residential Section.
Suites of 1, 2 & 3 Rooms with Bath;
ALL LARGE AND LIGHT.
At Attractive Rentals.
MANAGER ON PREMISES.



Miss Joan Sawyer's Persian Garden, B'way at 50th St. | TEA PALM | Phone 1260 Columbus. Entrance on 50th St. DE DANSE
Dancing Nightly by Miss Sawyer & Quentin Tod. Tea Dansants Saturday Afts. 4:30 to 6:30.
Special Prize Contests for the Joan Sawyer Cup. Friday Evening, May 8. Gentlemen.



IT'S HALF AN HOUR'S RIDE BUT A THOUSAND MILES AWAY
LITTLE HUNGARY
255-257 EAST HOUSTON STREET
8TH AND 14TH ST. CROSSTOWN CARS RIGHT TO THE DOOR
Where Tasty Food and Good Cheer Combine to Make a Place for Cosmopolitan New York to Dine
SPECIAL DINNER $1.50 WITH THREE HUNGARIAN WINES SERVED DIRECT FROM CASKS.
GYPSY BAND——DANCING——ELABORATE CABARET



The Famous German Restaurant
HOFBRAUHAUS
Broadway and 30th Street



The Biggest Dancing Contest of the Season
B'WAY AT 43D ST. WALLICK'S SPECIAL 50c. LUNCHEON 12:30 TO 2:30
TWO CONTESTS, FRIDAY MAY 8, NON-WINNERS
EIGHT BEAUTIFUL PRIZES.
DANCING UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF MR. AND MRS. D'ORE



REISENWEBER'S
COLUMBUS CIRCLE AND 58TH ST.
DINNER, $1.00 (Every Eve. 6 to 9) Maryland Dinner, $1.25
Mr. Sloane & Miss Field in Dances Nightly at 10:30.
AFTERNOON TEA DANCES DANCING 4 P. M. TO CLOSING



RECTOR'S ORIGINAL ARGENTINE TANGO
BY LA PALARICA—SOUTH AMERICAN DANCERS.
20 Other High-Class Artists.
48th St., Broadway & 7th Ave. BEST Restaurant Service in handsomest dining room in N. Y.